GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN FEDERAL BOARD OF REVENUE (REVENUE DIVISION)

**INCOME TAX MANUAL** 

**PART I** 

# **INCOME TAX ORDINANCE, 2001**

AMENDED UPTO 30<sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2023

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F.No.2(1)/2001—Pub.— The following Ordinance promulgated by the President is hereby published for general information:—

### AN

#### ORDINANCE

#### To consolidate and amend the law relating to income tax

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to income tax and to provide for matters ancillary thereto or connected therewith;

WHEREAS the President is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary to take immediate action;

NOW, THEREFORE, in pursuance of the Proclamation of Emergency of the fourteenth day of October, 1999, and the Provisional Constitution Order No. 1 of 1999, read with Provisional Constitutional Amendment Order No. 9 of 1999, and in exercise of all powers enabling him in that behalf, the President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

## CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

**1.** Short title, extent and commencement.—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

- (2) It extends to the whole of Pakistan.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Federal Government may, by notification in official Gazette, appoint\*.

2. **Definitions.** — In this Ordinance, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context —

(1) "accumulated profits" in relation to <sup>1</sup>[distribution or payment of] a dividend, <sup>2</sup>[include] —

Vide notification S.R.O.381(I)/2002 dated 15.06.2002 the Federal Government appointed the first day of July, 2002 on which the Ordinance shall come into force.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "includes" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

- (b) for the purposes of <sup>1</sup>[sub-clauses (a), (b) and (e) of clause (19)"] all profits of the company including income and gains of a trust up to the date of such distribution or such payment, as the case may be; and
- (c) for the purposes of <sup>2</sup>[sub-clause (c) of clause (19)], includes all profits of the company including income and gains of a trust up to the date of its liquidation;

<sup>3</sup>[(1A) "active taxpayer' list" means the list instituted by the Board under Section 181A and includes such list issued by the Azad Jammu and Kashmir Central Board of Revenue or Gilgit-Baltistan Council Board of Revenue;]

- <sup>4</sup>[<sup>5</sup>(1B) "amalgamation" means the merger of one or more banking companies or non-banking financial institutions, <sup>6</sup>[or insurance companies,] <sup>7</sup>[or companies owning and managing industrial undertakings] <sup>8</sup>[or companies engaged in providing services and not being a trading company or companies] in either case <sup>9</sup>[at least one of them] being a public company, or a company incorporated under any law, other than <sup>10</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], for the time being in force, (the company or companies which so merge being referred to as the "amalgamating company" or companies and the company with which they merge or which is formed as a result of merger, as the "amalgamated company") in such manner that –
  - (a) the assets of the amalgamating company or companies immediately before the amalgamation become the assets of the amalgamated company by virtue of the amalgamation, otherwise than by purchase of such assets by the amalgamated

(a)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clauses (a), (d) and (e) of sub-section (20) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (c) of sub-section (20) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause 1A inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>1A renumbered by 1B by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

company or as a result of distribution of such assets to the amalgamated company after the winding up of the amalgamating company or companies; <sup>1</sup>[and]

- (b) the liabilities of the amalgamating company or companies immediately before the amalgamation become the liabilities of the amalgamated company by virtue of the amalgamation <sup>2</sup>[.]
- <sup>3</sup>[]
- <sup>4</sup>[(2) "Appellate Tribunal" means the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue established under section 130;]
- (3) "approved gratuity fund" means a gratuity fund approved by the Commissioner in accordance with Part III of the Sixth Schedule;
- <sup>5</sup>[(3A) "Approved Annuity Plan" means an Annuity Plan approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 and offered by a Life Insurance Company registered with the SECP under Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000);]
- <sup>6</sup>[(3B) "Approved Income Payment Plan" means an Income Payment Plan approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 and offered by a Pension Fund Manager registered with the SECP under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(3C) "Approved Pension Fund" means Pension Fund approved by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, and managed by a Pension

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The semi-colon and word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Clause (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (c) read as follows: -

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) the scheme of amalgamation is approved by the State Bank of Pakistan or by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on or before thirtieth day of June, 2006;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. Clause (2) before substitution by the Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) "Appellate Tribunal" means the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue established under section 130;".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

Fund Manager registered with the SECP under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005;]

- <sup>1</sup>[(3D) "Approved Employment Pension or Annuity Scheme" means any employment related retirement scheme approved under this Ordinance, which makes periodical payment to a beneficiary *i.e.* pension or annuity such as approved superannuation fund, public sector pension scheme and Employees Old-Age Benefit Scheme;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(3E) "Approved Occupational Savings Scheme" means any approved gratuity fund or recognized provident fund;]
  - (4) "approved superannuation fund" means a superannuation fund, or any part of a superannuation fund, approved by the Commissioner in accordance with Part II of the Sixth Schedule;
- <sup>3</sup>[(5) "assessment" includes <sup>4</sup>[provisional assessment,] re-assessment and amended assessment and the cognate expressions shall be construed accordingly;]
- <sup>5</sup>[(5A) "assessment year" means assessment year as defined in the repealed Ordinance;]
- <sup>6</sup>[(5B) "asset management company" means an asset management company as defined in the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2007;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(5C) "assets move" means the transfer of an offshore asset to an unspecified jurisdiction by or on behalf of a person who owns,

- "(5) "assessment" means
  - (a) an assessment referred to in section 120;
  - (b) an assessment raised under section 121;
  - (c) an amended assessment under section 122;
  - (d) a demand for an amount due under sections 141, 142, 143 and 144; or
  - (e) an assessment of penalty under section 190;".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (5B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (5B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5B) "assets management company" means a company registered under the Assets Management companies Rules, 1995;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (5C) inserted by Finance Act, 2019

possesses, controls or is the beneficial owner of such offshore assets for the purpose of tax evasion;]

- (6) "association of persons" means an association of persons as defined in section 80;
- (7) "banking company" means a banking company as defined in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962) and includes anybody corporate which transacts the business of banking in Pakistan;

<sup>1</sup>[(7A) "beneficial owner" means a natural person who –

- ultimately owns or controls a Company or association of persons, whether directly or indirectly, through at least twenty five percent shares or voting rights; or
- (b) exercise ultimate effective control, through direct or indirect means, over the company or association of persons including control over the finances or decisions or other affairs of the company or association of persons;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(8) "Board" means the Central Board of Revenue established under the Central Board of Revenue Act, 1924 (IV of 1924), and on the commencement of Federal Board of Revenue Act, 2007, the Federal Board of Revenue established under section 3 thereof;
  - (9) "bonus shares" includes bonus units in a unit trust;
  - (10) "business" includes any trade, commerce, manufacture, profession, vocation or adventure or concern in the nature of trade, commerce, manufacture, profession or vocation, but does not include employment;
  - <sup>3</sup>[(10A) "business bank account" means a bank account utilized by the taxpayer for business transaction declared to the Commissioner through original or modified registration form prescribed under section 181;]
- (11)] "capital asset" means a capital asset as defined in section 37;
- <sup>4</sup>[(11A) "charitable purpose" includes relief of the poor, education, medical relief and the advancement of any other object of general public utility;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (7A) Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clauses (8), (9), (10) and (11) re-numbered as clauses (9), (10), (11) and (8) respectively by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (10A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

- <sup>1</sup>[(11B) "Chief Commissioner" means a person appointed as Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue under section 208 and includes a Regional Commissioner of Income Tax and a Director-General of Income Tax and Sales Tax;]
  - <sup>2</sup>[(11C) "Collective Investment Scheme" shall have the same meanings as are assigned under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003;]
    - (12) "company" means a company as defined in section 80;
  - <sup>3</sup>[(13) "Commissioner" means a person appointed as Commissioner Inland Revenue under section 208 and includes any other authority vested with all or any of the powers and functions of the Commissioner;]
- <sup>4</sup>[(13A) "Commissioner (Appeals)" means a person appointed as Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) under section 208;]
- <sup>5</sup>[(13AA) concealment of income includes
  - (a) the suppression of any item of receipt liable to tax in whole or in part, or failure to disclose income chargeable to tax;
  - (b) claiming any deduction or any expenditure not actually incurred;
  - (c) any act referred to in sub-section (1) of section 111; and

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

- "(13) Commissioner" means a person appointed as Commissioner Inland Revenue under section 208, and includes any other authority vested with all or any of the powers and functions of the Commissioner,".
- <sup>4</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted Clause (13A) read as follows:
  - "(13A) "Commissioner (Appeals)" means a person appointed as Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) under section 208;
- <sup>5</sup> New clause (13AA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted clause (11B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(11B) "Chief Commissioner" means a person appointed as Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue under section 208 and includes a Regional Commissioner of Income Tax and a Director-General of Income Tax and Sales Tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted Clause (13) read as follows:

(d) claiming of any income or receipt as exempt which is otherwise taxable.

*Explanation.*- For removal of doubt it is clarified that none of the aforementioned acts would constitute concealment of income unless it is proved that taxpayer has knowingly and willfully committed these acts;]

- <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[(13AB)] "consumer goods" means goods that are consumed by the end consumer rather than used in the production of another good;"]
- <sup>3</sup>[(13B) "Contribution to an Approved Pension Fund" means contribution as defined in rule 2(j) of the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005<sup>4</sup>[];]
  - (14) "co-operative society" means a co-operative society registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1925 (VII of 1925) or under any other law for the time being in force in Pakistan for the registration of cooperative societies;
  - (15) "debt" means any amount owing, including accounts payable and the amounts owing under promissory notes, bills of exchange, debentures, securities, bonds or other financial instruments;
  - (16) "deductible allowance" means an allowance that is deductible from total income under Part IX of Chapter III;
  - (17) "depreciable asset" means a depreciable asset as defined in section 22;
  - <sup>5</sup>[17A. "Developmental REIT Scheme" means Developmental REIT Scheme as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015;]
  - <sup>6</sup>[(17B) "digital means" means digital payments and financial services including but not limited to— online portals or platforms for digital payments/receipts; online interbank fund transfer services; online bill or invoice presentment and payment services; over the Counter digital payment services or facilities; card payments using Point of Sale terminals, QR codes, mobile devices, ATMs, Kiosk or any other digital; payments enabled devices; or any other digital or online payment modes.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (13AA) re-numbered as clause (13AB) by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The comma and words ", but not exceeding five hundred thousand rupees in a tax year" omitted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (17B) Inserted through Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

- (18) "disposal" in relation to an asset, means a disposal as defined in section 75;
- <sup>1</sup>[(18A) "distributor" means a person appointed by a manufacturer, importer or any other person for a specified area to purchase goods from him for further supply;]
- (19) "dividend" includes ----
  - (a) any distribution by a company of accumulated profits to its shareholders, whether capitalised or not, if such distribution entails the release by the company to its shareholders of all or any part of the assets including money of the company;
  - (b) any distribution by a company, to its shareholders of debentures, debenture-stock or deposit certificate in any form, whether with or without profit, <sup>2</sup>[] to the extent to which the company possesses accumulated profits whether capitalised or not;
  - (c) any distribution made to the shareholders of a company on its liquidation, to the extent to which the distribution is attributable to the accumulated profits of the company immediately before its liquidation, whether capitalised or not;
  - (d) any distribution by a company to its shareholders on the reduction of its capital, to the extent to which the company possesses accumulated profits, whether such accumulated profits have been capitalised or not; <sup>3</sup>[]
  - (e) any payment by a private company <sup>4</sup>[as defined in the <sup>5</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)]] or trust of any sum (whether as representing a part of the assets of the company or trust, or otherwise) by way of advance or loan to a shareholder or any payment by any such company or trust on behalf, or for the individual benefit, of any such shareholder, to the extent to which the company or trust, in either case, possesses accumulated profits;<sup>6</sup>[or]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (18A) Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "and any distribution to its shareholders of shares by way of bonus or bonus shares", omitted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word 'or' omitted by Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word 'or' added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>1</sup>[(f) <sup>2</sup>[remittance of] after tax profit of a branch of a foreign company operating in Pakistan;]

but does not include ----

- a distribution made in accordance with <sup>3</sup>[sub-clause] (c) or (d) in respect of any share for full cash consideration, or redemption of debentures or debenture stock, where the holder of the share or debenture is not entitled in the event of liquidation to participate in the surplus assets;
- (ii) any advance or loan made to a shareholder by a company in the ordinary course of its business, where the lending of money is a substantial part of the business of the company; <sup>4</sup>[]
- (iii) any dividend paid by a company which is set off by the company against the whole or any part of any sum previously paid by it and treated as a dividend within the meaning of <sup>5</sup>[sub-clause] (e) to the extent to which it is so set off;<sup>6</sup>[and]
- <sup>7</sup>[(iv) remittance of after tax profit by a branch of Petroleum Exploration and Production (E&P) foreign company, operating in Pakistan.]
- <sup>8</sup>[(19A) "Eligible Person", for the purpose of Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, means an individual Pakistani who <sup>9</sup>[holds] a valid National Tax Number<sup>10</sup>[or Computerized National Identity Card<sup>11</sup>[or National

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "any" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted for "clause" by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "clause" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "and" inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "has obtained" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

Identity Card for Overseas Pakistanis] issued by the National Database and Registration Authority] <sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[:]]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that the total tax credit available for the contribution made to approved employment pension or annuity scheme and approved pension fund under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, should not exceed the limit prescribed or specified in section 63.]

- <sup>4</sup>[(19B) The expressions "addressee", "automated", "electronic", "electronic signature", "information", "information system", "originator" and "transaction", shall have the same meanings as are assigned to them in the Electronic Transactions Ordinance, 2002 (LI of 2002);]
- <sup>5</sup>[(19C) "electronic record" includes the contents of communications, transactions and procedures under this Ordinance, including attachments, annexes, enclosures, accounts, returns, statements, certificates, applications, forms, receipts, acknowledgements, notices, orders, judgments, approvals, notifications, circulars, rulings, documents and any other information associated with such communications, transactions and procedures, created, sent, forwarded, replied to, transmitted, distributed, broadcast, stored, held, copied, downloaded, displayed, viewed, read, or printed, by one or several electronic resources and any other information in electronic form;]
- <sup>6</sup>[(19D) "electronic resource" includes telecommunication systems, transmission devices, electronic video or audio equipment, encoding or decoding equipment, input, output or connecting devices, data processing or storage systems, computer systems, servers, networks and related computer programs, applications and software including databases, data warehouses and web portals as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time, for the purpose of creating electronic record;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(19E) "telecommunication system" includes a system for the conveyance, through the agency of electric, magnetic, electro-magnetic, electrochemical or electro-mechanical energy, of speech, music and other sounds, visual images and signals serving for the impartation of any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "but does not include an individual who is entitled to benefit under any other approved employment pension or annuity scheme" omitted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The semicolon substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>New clause (19C) inserted by Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

matter otherwise than in the form of sounds or visual images and also includes real time online sharing of any matter in manner and mode as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time.]

- (20) "employee" means any individual engaged in employment;
- (21) "employer" means any person who engages and remunerates an employee;
- (22) "employment" includes
  - (a) a directorship or any other office involved in the management of a company;
  - (b) a position entitling the holder to a fixed or ascertainable remuneration; or
  - (c) the holding or acting in any public office;
- <sup>1</sup>[(22A) "fast moving consumer goods" means consumer goods which are supplied in retail marketing as per daily demand of a consumer<sup>2</sup>[excluding durable goods].
- <sup>3</sup>[(22AA) "fair market value" means value as provided in section 68;]
- <sup>4</sup>[(22B) "fee for offshore digital services" means any consideration for providing or rendering services by a non-resident person for online advertising including digital advertising space, designing, creating, hosting or maintenance of websites, digital or cyber space for websites, advertising, e-mails, online computing, blogs, online content and online data, providing any facility or service for uploading, storing or distribution of digital content including digital text, digital audio or digital video, online collection or processing of data related to users in Pakistan, any facility for online sale of goods or services or any other online facility.]
- <sup>5</sup>[(22C) "FBR Refund Settlement Company Limited" means the company with this name as incorporated under the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), for the purposes of settlement of income tax refund claims including payment by way of issuing refund bonds under section 171A;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (22AA) Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (22C) Inserted by the Finance Act 2019

- (a) consideration for services rendered in relation to a construction, assembly or like project undertaken by the recipient; or
- (b) consideration which would be income of the recipient chargeable under the head "Salary";
- <sup>1</sup>[]
- (24) "financial institution" means an institution 2[as defined] under the 3[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] ] 4[];
- (25) "finance society" includes a co-operative society which accepts money on deposit or otherwise for the purposes of advancing loans or making investments in the ordinary course of business;
- (26) "firm" means a firm as defined in section 80;
- (27) "foreign-source income" means foreign-source income as defined in sub-section (16) of section 101.
- <sup>5</sup>[(27A) "greenfield industrial undertaking" means
  - (a) a new industrial undertaking which is -
    - setup on land which has not previously been utilized for any commercial, industrial or manufacturing activity and is free from constraints imposed by any prior work;
    - (ii) built without demolishing, revamping, renovating, upgrading, remodeling or modifying any existing structure, facility or plant;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Omitted by Finance Act 2019. The Omitted clause read as follow:

<sup>(23</sup>A) "filer" means a taxpayer whose name appears in the active taxpayers' list issued by the Board <sup>1</sup>[or Azad Jammu and Kashmir Council Board of Revenue or Gilgit-Baltistan Council Board of Revenue] from time to time or is holder of a taxpayer's card;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "notified" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "by the Federal Government in the official Gazette as a financial institution" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New clause (27A) inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

- (iii) not formed by the splitting up or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery, plant or building from an undertaking established in Pakistan prior to commencement of the new business and is not part of an expansion project;
- (iv) using any process or technology that has not earlier been used in Pakistan and is so approved by the Engineering Development Board; and
- (b) is approved by the Commissioner on an application made in the prescribed form and manner, accompanied by the prescribed documents and, such other documents as may be required by the Commissioner:

Provided that this definition shall be applicable from the 1st July, 2019 and onwards.]

- (28) "House Building Finance Corporation" means the Corporation constituted under the House Building Finance Corporation Act, 1952 (XVIII of 1952);
- <sup>1</sup>[(28A) "imputable income" in relation to an amount subject to final tax means the income which would have resulted in the same tax, had this amount not been subject to final tax;"]
- <sup>2</sup>[(29) "income" includes any amount chargeable to tax under this Ordinance, any amount subject to collection <sup>3</sup>[or deduction] of tax under section 148, <sup>4</sup>[150, 152(1), 153, 154, 156, 156A, 233, <sup>5</sup>[]] <sup>6</sup>[,] sub-section (5) of section 234 <sup>7</sup>[, section 236Z] <sup>8</sup>[] <sup>9</sup>[and] <sup>10</sup>[any amount treated as income under any provision of this Ordinance] and any loss of income<sup>11</sup>[];

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (29) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(29) "income" includes any amount chargeable to tax under this Ordinance, any amount subject to collection of tax under Division II of Part V of Chapter X, sub-section (5) of 234 Division III of Chapter XII, and any loss of income;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The figures, commas and word "153, 154 and 156," substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "233A," omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "and" substituted by a comma by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The expression ", section 236Z" inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The word and figure "and 236M" substituted by a comma by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The expression ", 236M and 236N," substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted text read as follows:

- <sup>1</sup>[(29A) "income year" means income year as defined in the repealed Ordinance;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(29B) "Individual Pension Account" means an account maintained by an eligible person with a Pension Fund Manager approved under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005;]
- <sup>3</sup>[(29C) "Industrial undertaking" means
  - (a) an undertaking which is set up in Pakistan and which employs,---
    - ten or more persons in Pakistan and involves the use of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal energy; or
    - twenty or more persons in Pakistan and does not involve the use of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal energy:

and which is engaged in,-

- (i) the manufacture of goods or materials or the subjection of goods or materials to any process which substantially changes their original condition; or
- (ii) ship-building; or

"(29C) "Industrial undertaking" means -

- the manufacture of goods or materials or the subjection of goods or materials to any process which substantially changes their original condition;
- (ii) ship-building;
- (iii) generation, conversion, transmission or distribution of electrical energy, or the supply of hydraulic power; or
- (iv) the working of any mine, oil-well or any other source of mineral deposits; and

<sup>&</sup>quot;but does not include, in case of a shareholder of a company, the amount representing the face value of any bonus share or the amount of any bonus declared, issued or paid by the company to the shareholders with a view to increasing its paid up share capital."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (29C) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted clause (29C) read as follows:-

<sup>(</sup>a) an undertaking which is set up in Pakistan and which employs, (i) ten or more persons in Pakistan and involves the use of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal energy; or (ii) twenty or more persons in Pakistan and does not involve the use of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal energy; or (ii) twenty or more persons in Pakistan and does not involve the use of electrical energy or any other form of energy which is mechanically transmitted and is not generated by human or animal energy and which is engaged in,-

<sup>(</sup>b) any other industrial undertaking which the Board may by notification in the official Gazette, specify;".

- (iii) generation, conversion, transmission or distribution of electrical energy, or the supply of hydraulic power; or
- (iv) the working of any mine, oil-well or any other source of mineral deposits; <sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>2</sup>[(aa) from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2020, a person directly involved in the construction of buildings, roads, bridges and other such structures or the development of land, to the extent and for the purpose of import of plant and machinery to be utilized in such activity, subject to such conditions as may be notified by the Board;
- (ab) from the first day of July, 2020 a resident company engaged in the hotel business in Pakistan;] <sup>3</sup>[and]
- 4[]]
- <sup>5</sup>[(c) telecommunication companies operating under the license of Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA).;]
- (30) "intangible" means an intangible as defined in section 24;
- <sup>6</sup>[(30A) "integrated enterprise" means a person integrated with the Board through approved fiscal electronic device and software, and who fulfills obligations and requirements for integration as may be prescribed;]
- <sup>7</sup>[8](30AA)] "investment company" means an investment company as defined in the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "and" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30.06.2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New sub-clauses inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "and" added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this sub-clause was omitted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted sub-clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) any other industrial undertaking which the Board may by notification in the official gazette, specify."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (c) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New sub-clause (30A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (30A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (30A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (30A) "investment company" means a company registered under the Investment Companies and Investment Advisors Rules, 1971;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Clause (30A) renumbered as clause (30AA) through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[(30AB)] KIBOR means Karachi Inter Bank Offered Rate prevalent on the first day of each quarter of the financial year;]
- <sup>3</sup>[(30AC) "Iris" means a web based computer programme for operation and management of Inland Revenue taxes and laws administered by the Board;]
- <sup>4</sup>[(30AD) Information Technology (IT) services include <sup>5</sup>[but not limited to] software development, software maintenance, system integration, web design, web development, web hosting and network design; and
- (30AE) IT enabled services include <sup>6</sup>[but not limited to] inbound or outbound call centres, medical transcription, remote monitoring, graphics design, accounting services, Human Resource (HR) services, telemedicine centers, data entry operations, cloud computing services, data storage services, locally produced television programs and insurance claims processing;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(30B) "leasing company" means a leasing company as defined in the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulation, 2007;]
- <sup>8</sup>[(30C) "liaison office" means a place of business acting for the principal, head office or any entity of which it is a part, and
  - (a) its activities do not result in deriving income in Pakistan; and
  - (b) maintains itself out of any amount remitted from outside Pakistan received through normal banking channels.

(i) a place of business shall not be treated as liaison office if it engages in -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (30AA) renumbered as (30AB) through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New clause (30AC) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June,2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clauses (30AD) and (30AE) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (30B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (30B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (30B) "leasing company" means a company licensed under the Leasing Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2000;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

- (a) commercial activities;
- (b) trading or industrial activities; or
- (c) the negotiation and conclusion of contracts;
- (ii) the activities shall be treated to be commercial activities, if these include—
  - (a) providing after sales services for goods or services; or
  - (b) marketing or promoting pharmaceutical and medical products or services;
- (iii) subject to clause (i), a place of business shall be treated as a liaison office, if it undertakes activities of—
  - (a) an exploratory or preparatory nature, to investigate the possibilities of trading with, or in, Pakistan;
  - (b) exploring the possibility of joint collaboration and export promotion;
  - (c) promoting products where such products are yet to be supplied to, or sold in, Pakistan;
  - (d) promoting technical and financial collaborations between its principal and taxpayers in Pakistan; or
  - (e) provision of technical advice and assistance.]
- (31) "liquidation" in relation to a company, includes the termination of a trust;
- <sup>1</sup>[(31A) "Local Government" shall have the same meaning for respective provisions and Islamabad Capital Territory as contained in the Balochistan Local Government Act,2010 (V of 2010), the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Local Government Act, 2013 (XXVIII of 2013), the Sindh Local Government Act, 2013 (XLII of 2013), the Islamabad Capital Territory Local Government Act, 2015 (X of 2015) and the Punjab Local Government Act, 2019(XIII of 2019)]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (31A) is substituted through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted clause read as follows: "(31A) "Local Government" shall have the same meaning as defined in the Punjab Local Government Ordinance, 2001 (XIII of 2001), the Sindh Local Government Ordinance, 2001 (XXVII of 2001), the NWFP Local Government Ordinance, 2001 (XIV of 2001) and the Balochistan Local Government Ordinance, 2001 (XVIII of 2001);"

- (32) "member" in relation to an association of persons, includes a partner in a firm;
- (33) "minor child" means an individual who is under the age of eighteen years at the end of a tax year;
- (34) "modaraba" means a modaraba as defined in the Modaraba Companies and Modarabas (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980);
- (35) "modaraba certificate" means a modaraba certificate as defined in the Modaraba Companies and Modarabas (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980);
- <sup>1</sup>[(35A) "Mutual Fund" means a mutual fund <sup>2</sup>[registered or approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan];]
- <sup>3</sup>[(35AA) "NCCPL" means National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited, which is a company incorporated under the <sup>4</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] and licensed as "Clearing House" by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan,<sup>5</sup>[or any subsidiary of NCCPL notified by the Board for the purpose of this clause]
- <sup>6</sup>[(35B) "non-banking finance company" means an NBFC as defined in the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003;]

7[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "set up by the Investment Corporation of Pakistan or by an investment company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.
 <sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (35B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (35B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (35B) "non-banking finance company" means an institution notified under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Omitted by Finance Act, 2019. Omitted clause read as follow:

<sup>(35</sup>C)"non-filer" means a person who is not a filer;

- <sup>1</sup>[(36) "non-profit organization" means any person other than an individual, which is
  - (a) established for religious, educational, charitable, welfare <sup>2</sup>[purposes for general public], or for the promotion of an amateur sport;
  - (b) formed and registered <sup>3</sup>[by or] under any law as a non-profit organization;
  - (c) approved by the Commissioner for specified period, on an application made by such person in the prescribed form and manner, accompanied by the prescribed documents and, on requisition, such other documents as may be required by the Commissioner; and none of the assets of such person confers, or may confer, a private benefit to any other person;]
  - (37) "non-resident person" means a non-resident person as defined in Section 81;
  - (38) "non-resident taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is a non-resident person;
- <sup>4</sup>[(38A) "Officer of Inland Revenue" means any Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officer, Inland

- (a) established for religious, charitable or educational purposes, or for the promotion of amateur sport;
- (b) which is registered under any law as a non-profit organization and in respect of which the Commissioner has issued a ruling certifying that the person is a nonprofit organization for the purposes of this Ordinance; and
- (c) none of the income or assets of the person confers, or may confer a private benefit on any other person";

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (36) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (36) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(36) "non-profit organization" means any person –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expressions "or development purposes" substituted through Finance Act,2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Words "by or" inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted clause (38A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(38A) "Officer of Inland Revenue" means any Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officer, Special Officer Inland Revenue or any other officer however designated or appointed by the Board for the purposes of this Ordinance."

Revenue Audit Officer,<sup>1</sup>[District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue, Assistant Director Audit,]or any other officer however designated or appointed by the Board for the purposes of this Ordinance;]

- <sup>2</sup>[(38AA) "offshore asset" in relation to a person, includes any movable or immovable asset held, any gain, profit, or income derived, or any expenditure incurred outside Pakistan;
- (38AB) "offshore evader" means a person who owns, possesses, controls, or is the beneficial owner of an offshore asset and does not declare, or under declares or provides inaccurate particulars of such asset to the Commissioners.;
- (38AC) "offshore enabler" includes any person who, enables, assists, or advises any person to plan, design, arrange or manage a transaction or declaration relating to an offshore asset, which has resulted or may result in tax evasion;]
- <sup>3</sup>[(38B) "online marketplace" means an information technology platform run by e-commerce entity over an electronic network that acts as a facilitator in transactions that occur between a buyer and a seller;]
  - (39) "Originator" means Originator as defined in the Asset Backed Securitization Rules, 1999;
  - (40) "Pakistan-source income" means Pakistan-source income as defined in section 101;
- <sup>4</sup>[(40A) "Pension Fund Manager" means an asset management company registered under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, or a life insurance company registered under Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), duly authorized by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and approved under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, to manage the Approved Pension Fund;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New clauses (38AA), (38AB) & (38AC) inserted by Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

- (41) "permanent establishment" in relation to a person, means a <sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[] place of business through which the business of the person is wholly or partly carried on, and includes
  - (a) a place of management, branch, office, factory or workshop, <sup>3</sup>[premises for soliciting orders, warehouse, permanent sales exhibition or sales outlet,] other than a liaison office except where the office engages in the negotiation of contracts (other than contracts of purchase);
  - (b) a mine, oil or gas well, quarry or any other place of extraction of natural resources;
  - <sup>4</sup>[(ba) an agricultural, pastoral or forestry property;]
  - <sup>5</sup>[(bb) virtual business presence in Pakistan including any business where transactions are conducted through internet or any other electronic medium, with or without having any physical presence;]
  - (c) a building site, a construction, assembly or installation project or supervisory activities <sup>6</sup>[connected] with such site or project <sup>7</sup>[but only where such site, project and its <sup>8</sup>[connected] supervisory activities continue for a period or periods aggregating more than ninety days within any twelve-months period];
  - (d) the furnishing of services, including consultancy services, by any person through employees or other personnel <sup>9</sup>[or entity] engaged by the person for such purpose <sup>10</sup>[];
  - (e) a person acting in Pakistan on behalf of the person (hereinafter referred to as the "agent <sup>11</sup>["),] other than an agent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "fixed" inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "fixed" omitted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The sub-clause (bb) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "connect" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "connect" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Words inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The words ", but only where activities of that nature continue for the same or a connected project within Pakistan for a period or periods aggregating more than ninety days within any twelve-month period" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Comma substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

of independent status acting in the ordinary course of business as such, if the agent –

- <sup>1</sup>[(i) has and habitually exercises an authority to conclude contracts on behalf of the other person or habitually concludes contracts or habitually plays the principal role leading to the conclusion of contracts that are routinely concluded without material modification by the person and these contracts are—
  - (a) in the name of the person; or
  - (b) for the transfer of the ownership of or for the granting of the right to use property owned by that enterprise or that the enterprise has the right to use; or
  - (c) for the provision of services by that person; or"]
- (ii) has no such authority, but habitually maintains a stock-intrade or other merchandise from which the agent regularly delivers goods or merchandise on behalf of the other person; or

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.*—For removal of doubt, it is clarified that an agent of independent status acting in the ordinary course of business does not include a person acting exclusively or almost exclusively on behalf of the person to which it is an associate; or ";]

- (f) any substantial equipment installed, or other asset or property capable of activity giving rise to income;
- <sup>3</sup>[(g) a <sup>4</sup>[] place of business that is used or maintained by a person if the person or an associate of a person carries on business at that place or at another place in Pakistan and —
  - (i) that place or other place constitutes a permanent establishment of the person or an associate of the person under this sub-clause; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Paragraph (i) substituted by Finance Act 2018, the substituted Paragraph (i) is read as under: "has and habitually exercises an authority to conclude contracts on behalf of the other person;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "fixed" omitted by the Finance Act, 2023.

(ii) business carried on by the person or an associate of the person at the same place or at more than one place constitute complementary functions that are part of a cohesive business operation.

Explanation.— For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that —

- (A) the term "cohesive business operation" includes an overall arrangement for the supply of goods, installation, construction, assembly, commission, guarantees or supervisory activities and all or principal activities are undertaken or performed either by the person or the associates of the person; and
- (B) supply of goods include the goods imported in the name of the associate or any other person, whether or not the title to the goods passes outside Pakistan.]
- (42) "person" means a person as defined in section 80;
- <sup>1</sup>[(42A) "PMEX" means Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited a futures commodity exchange company incorporated under the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] and is licensed and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan;"]
  - (43) "pre-commencement expenditure" means a pre-commencement expenditure as defined in section 25;
  - (44) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Ordinance;
- <sup>3</sup>[(44A) "principal officer" used with reference to a company or association of persons includes
  - (a) a director, a manager, secretary, agent, accountant or any similar officer; and
  - (b) any person connected with the management or administration of the company or association of persons upon whom the Commissioner has served a notice of treating him as the principal officer thereof;]
  - (45) "private company" means a company that is not a public company;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- ²[]
- (46) "profit on a debt" <sup>3</sup>[whether payable or receivable, means]
  - (a) any profit, yield, interest, discount, premium or other amount <sup>4</sup>[,] owing under a debt, other than a return of capital; or
  - (b) any service fee or other charge in respect of a debt, including any fee or charge incurred in respect of a credit facility which has not been utilized;
- (47) "public company" means
  - (a) a company in which not less than fifty per cent of the shares are held by the Federal Government <sup>5</sup>[or Provincial Government];
  - <sup>6</sup>[(ab) a company in which <sup>7</sup>[not less than fifty per cent of the] shares are held by a foreign Government, or a foreign company owned by a foreign Government <sup>8</sup>[;]]
    - (b) a company whose shares were traded on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan at any time in the tax year and which remained listed on that exchange <sup>9</sup>[] at the end of that year; or
    - <sup>10</sup>[(c) a unit trust whose units are widely available to the public and any other trust as defined in the Trusts Act, 1882 (II of 1882);]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (45A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (45A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (45A) "Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund" means a fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund Rules, 2007;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (45B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (45B) read as follows: "(45B) "Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund Management Company" means a company licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund Rules, 2007;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "means" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Comma inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "and was on the Central Depository System," omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Clause (c) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (c) read as follows: "(c) a unit trust whose units are widely available to the public and any other public trust;"

- <sup>1</sup>[(47A) "REIT Scheme" means a REIT Scheme as defined in the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015;"]
- <sup>2</sup>[(47B) "Real Estate Investment Trust Management Company <sup>3</sup>[RMC]means <sup>4</sup>[RMC] as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, <sup>5</sup>[2015];]
- <sup>6</sup>[(47C) "Rental REIT Scheme" means a Rental REIT Scheme as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015;"]
  - (48) "recognised provident fund" means a provident fund recognised by the Commissioner in accordance with Part I of the Sixth Schedule;
  - 7[]
  - (49) "rent" means rent as defined in sub-section (2) of section 15 and includes an amount treated as rent under section 16;
- <sup>8</sup>[(49A) "repealed Ordinance" means Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 (XXXI of 1979);]
  - (50) "resident company" means a resident company as defined in section 83;
  - (51) "resident individual" means a resident individual as defined in section 82;
  - (52) "resident person" means a resident person as defined in section 81;
  - (53) "resident taxpayer" means a taxpayer who is a resident person;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (47A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(47A) "Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Scheme" means a REIT Scheme as defined in the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2008;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (47B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (47B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(47B) "Real Estate Investment Trust Management Company" means a company licensed by the Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The figure "2008" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (48A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (48A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(48) "Regional Commissioner" means a person appointed as a Regional Commissioner of Income Tax under section 208 and includes a Director-General of Income Tax and Sales Tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

- (54) <sup>1</sup>["royalty"]means any amount paid or payable, however described or computed, whether periodical or a lump sum, as consideration for
  - the use of, or right to use any patent, invention, design or model, secret formula or process, trademark or other like property or right;
  - (b) the use of, or right to use any copyright of a literary, artistic or scientific work, including films or video tapes for use in connection with television or tapes in connection with radio broadcasting, but shall not include consideration for the sale, distribution or exhibition of cinematograph films;
  - (c) the receipt of, or right to receive, any visual images or sounds, or both, transmitted by satellite, cable, optic fibre or similar technology in connection with television, radio or internet broadcasting;
  - (d) the supply of any technical, industrial, commercial or scientific knowledge, experience or skill;
  - (e) the use of or right to use any industrial, commercial or scientific equipment;
  - (f) the supply of any assistance that is ancillary and subsidiary to, and is furnished as a means of enabling the application or enjoyment of, any such property or right as mentioned in <sup>2</sup>[subclauses] (a) through (e); <sup>3</sup>[and]
  - (g) the disposal of any property or right referred to in <sup>4</sup>[sub-clauses]
     (a) through (e);
- (55) "salary" means salary as defined in section 12;
- (56) "Schedule" means a Schedule to this Ordinance;
- (57) "securitization" means securitization as defined in the Asset Backed Securitization Rules, 1999;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "royalties" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "clauses" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "clauses" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

- (58) "share" in relation to a company, includes a modaraba certificate and the interest of a beneficiary in a trust (including units in a trust);
- "shareholder" in relation to a company, includes a modaraba (59) certificate holder, <sup>1</sup>[a unit holder of a unit trust] and a beneficiary of a trust:
- <sup>2</sup>[(59A) "small and medium enterprise" means a person who is engaged in manufacturing as defined in clause (iv) of sub-section (7) of section 153 of the Ordinance and his business turnover in a tax year does not exceed two hundred and fifty million rupees:

Provided that if annual business turnover of a small and medium enterprise exceeds two hundred and fifty million rupees, it shall not qualify as small and medium enterprise in the tax year in which annual turnover exceeds that turnover or any subsequent tax year.]

- <sup>3</sup>[<sup>4</sup>[(59AB)] "Small Company" means a company registered on or after the first day of July, 2005, under the <sup>5</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], which.--
  - has paid up capital plus undistributed reserves not (i) exceeding <sup>6</sup>[fifty]million rupees:
  - <sup>7</sup>[(ia) has employees not exceeding two hundred and fifty any time during the year;]
  - has annual turnover not exceeding two hundred 8[and (ii) fifty] million rupees; 9[]
  - is not formed by the splitting up or the reconstitution of (iii) company already in existence;] <sup>10</sup>[and]
  - <sup>11</sup>[(iv) is not a small and medium enterprise as defined in clause (59A);]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted for ", a unit holder of a unit trust" by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New clause (59A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (59A) re-numbered as clause (59AB) by the Finance ACT, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "twenty-five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The word "and " omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.
 <sup>10</sup> The word "and " added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> New sub-clause (iv) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

- <sup>1</sup>[(59B) "Special Judge" means the Special Judge appointed under section 203;]
  - (60) "Special Purpose Vehicle" means a Special Purpose Vehicle as defined in the Asset Backed Securitization Rules, 1999;
- <sup>2</sup>[(60A) "specified jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction which has committed to automatically exchange information under the Common Reporting Standard with Pakistan;]
  - (61) "speculation business" means a speculation business as defined in section 19;
- <sup>3</sup>[(61A) "stock fund" means a collective investment scheme or a mutual fund where the investible funds are invested by way of equity shares in companies, to the extent of more than seventy per cent of the investment;]
  - (62) "stock-in-trade" means stock-in-trade as defined in section 35;
- <sup>4</sup>[(62A) "startup" means,—
  - a business of a resident individual, AOP or a company that commenced on or after first day of July, 2012 and the person is engaged in or intends to offer technology driven products or services to any sector of the economy provided that the person is registered with and duly certified by the Pakistan Software Export Board (PSEB) and has turnover of less than one hundred million in each of the last five tax years; or
  - (ii) any business of a person or class of persons, subject to the conditions as the <sup>5</sup>[Board with the approval of Federal Ministerin-charge] may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify.;]
  - <sup>6</sup>[(62B) "Synchronized Withholding Administration and Payment System agent" or "SWAPS agent" means any person or class of persons notified by Board to collect or deduct withholding taxes through Synchronized Withholding Administration and Payment System;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>(60A)Inserted by the Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (63) "tax" means any tax imposed under Chapter II, and includes any penalty, fee or other charge or any sum or amount leviable or payable under this Ordinance;
- (64) "taxable income" means taxable income as defined in section 9;
- <sup>1</sup>[]
- (66) "taxpayer" means any person who derives an amount chargeable to tax under this Ordinance, and includes
  - (a) any representative of a person who derives an amount chargeable to tax under this Ordinance;
  - (b) any person who is required to deduct or collect tax under Part V of Chapter X <sup>2</sup>[and Chapter XII;] or
  - (b) any person required to furnish a return of income or pay tax under this Ordinance;

<sup>3</sup>[(66A) "tax invoice" means an invoice as prescribed under the Income Tax Rules, 2002;]

- (67) "tax treaty" means an agreement referred to in section 107;
- (68) "tax year" means the tax year as defined in sub-section (1) of section 74 and, in relation to a person, includes a special year or a transitional year that the person is permitted to use under section 74;
- (69) "total income" means total income as defined in section 10;
- (70) "trust" means a "trust" as defined in section 80;
- <sup>4</sup>[(70A) "turnover" means turnover as defined in sub-section (3) of section 113;]
  - (71) "underlying ownership" means an underlying ownership as defined in section 98;
  - (72) "units" means units in a unit trust;
  - (73) "unit trust" means a unit trust as defined in section 80; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (65) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted Clause (65) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(65) "taxation officer" means any Additional Commissioner of Income Tax, Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax, Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Income Tax Officer, Special Officer or any other officer however designated appointed by the Board for the purposes of this Ordinance;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

- <sup>1</sup>[(73A) "unspecified jurisdiction" means a jurisdiction which is not a specified jurisdictions.]
- <sup>2</sup>[(74) "Venture Capital Company" and "Venture Capital Fund" shall have the same meanings as are assigned to them under the <sup>3</sup>[Non-Banking Finance <sup>4</sup>[Companies] (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003];
- <sup>5</sup>[(75) "whistleblower" means whistleblower as defined in section 227B;"]

**3.** Ordinance to override other laws.—The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law for the time being in force.

## CHAPTER II CHARGE OF TAX

**4. Tax on taxable income.**— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, income tax shall be imposed for each tax year, at the rate or rates specified in <sup>6</sup>[Division I <sup>7</sup>[] or II] of Part I of the First Schedule, as the case may be, on every person who has taxable income for the year.

(2) The income tax payable by a taxpayer for a tax year shall be computed by applying the rate or rates of tax applicable to the taxpayer under this Ordinance to the taxable income of the taxpayer for the year, and from the resulting amount shall be subtracted any tax credits allowed to the taxpayer for the year.

(3) Where a taxpayer is allowed more than one tax credit for a tax year, the credits shall be applied in the following order –

- (a) any foreign tax credit allowed under section 103; then
- (b) any tax credit allowed under Part X of Chapter III; and then
- (c) any tax credit allowed under sections <sup>8</sup>[] 147 and 168.

(4) Certain classes of income (including the income of certain classes of persons) may be subject to –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>(73A) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words, brackets, comma and figure "Venture Capital Company and Venture Capital Fund Rules, 2001" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "Company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words and letters "Division I or II" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The expression "IB" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The figure and comma "140," omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

- (a) separate taxation as provided <sup>1</sup>[under this chapter]; or
- (b) collection of tax under Division II of Part V of Chapter X or deduction of tax under Division III of Part V of Chapter X as a final tax on the income <sup>2</sup>[of] the person.

(5) Income referred to in sub-section (4) shall be subject to tax as provided for <sup>3</sup>[under this chapter], or Part V of Chapter X, as the case may be, and shall not be included in the computation of taxable income in accordance with section 8 or 169, as the case may be.

<sup>4</sup>[(6) Where, by virtue of any provision of this Ordinance, income tax is to be deducted at source or collected or paid in advance, it shall, as the case may be, be so deducted, collected or paid, accordingly <sup>5</sup>[.]]

<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>7</sup>[4B. Super tax for rehabilitation of temporarily displaced persons.— (1) A super tax shall be imposed for rehabilitation of temporarily displaced persons, for tax years 2015 <sup>8</sup>[and onwards], at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part I of the First Schedule, on income of every person specified in the said Division.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "income" shall be the sum of the following:---

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "in sections 5, 6 and 7" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "in sections 5, 6 and 7" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The semicolon substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. Section 4A was added by Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, dated 30.05.2011. Earlier the identical section 4A was added by Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, dated 16.03.2011. The omitted section 4A read as follows: —

<sup>&</sup>quot;4A Surcharge. — (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a surcharge shall be payable by every taxpayer at the rate of fifteen per cent of the income tax payable under this Ordinance including the tax payable under Part V of Chapter X of Chapter XIII, as the case may be, for the period commencing from the promulgation of this Ordinance, till the  $30^{th}$  June, 2011.

<sup>(2)</sup> Surcharge shall be paid, collected, educated and deposited at the same time and in the same manner as the tax is paid, collected, deducted and deposited under this Ordinance including Chapter X or XII as the case may be:

Provided that this surcharge shall not be payable for the tax year 2010 and prior tax years and shall be applicable, subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), for the tax year 2011 only."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The "expression" "to 2020" substituted by "and onwards" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019.

- (i) profit on debt, dividend, capital gains, brokerage and commission;
- taxable income<sup>1</sup>[(other than brought forward depreciation and brought forward business losses)] under section (9) of this Ordinance, if not included in clause (i);
- (iii) imputable income as defined in clause (28A) of section 2 excluding amounts specified in clause (i); and
- (iv) income computed, <sup>2</sup>[other than brought forward depreciation, brought forward amortization and brought forward business lossess] under Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Eighth Schedules.

(3) The super tax payable under sub-section (1) shall be paid, collected and deposited on the date and in the manner as specified in sub-section (1) of section 137 and all provisions of Chapter X of the Ordinance shall apply.

(4) Where the super tax is not paid by a person liable to pay it, the Commissioner shall by an order in writing, determine the super tax payable, and shall serve upon the person, a notice of demand specifying the super tax payable and within the time specified under section 137 of the Ordinance.

(5) Where the super tax is not paid by a person liable to pay it, the Commissioner shall recover the super tax payable under subsection (1) and the provisions of Part IV,X, XI and XII of Chapter X and Part I of Chapter XI of the Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply to the collection of super tax as these apply to the collection of tax under the Ordinance.

(6) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

<sup>3</sup>[4C. Super tax on high earning persons.— (1) A super tax shall be imposed for tax year 2022 and onwards at the rates specified in Division IIB of Part I of the First Schedule, on income of every person:

Provided that this section shall not apply to a banking company for tax year 2022.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, "income" shall be the sum of the following:—
  - (i) profit on debt, dividend, capital gains, brokerage and commission;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (ii) taxable income (other than brought forward depreciation and brought forward business losses) under section 9 of the Ordinance, excluding amounts specified in clause (i);
- (iii) imputable income as defined in clause (28A) of section 2 excluding amounts specified in clause (i); and
- (iv) income computed, other than brought forward depreciation, brought forward amortization and brought forward business losses under Fourth, Fifth <sup>1</sup>[, Seventh and Eighth] Schedules.

(3) The tax payable under sub-section (1) shall be paid, collected and deposited on the date and in the manner as specified in sub-section (1) of section 137 and all provisions of Chapter X of the Ordinance shall apply.

(4) Where the tax is not paid by a person liable to pay it, the Commissioner shall by an order in writing, determine the tax payable, and shall serve upon the person, a notice of demand specifying the tax payable and within the time specified under section 137 of the Ordinance.

(5) Where the tax is not paid by a person liable to pay it, the Commissioner shall recover the tax payable under sub-section (1) and the provisions of Part IV, X, XI and XII of Chapter X and Part I of Chapter XI of the Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply to the collection of tax as these apply to the collection of tax under the Ordinance.

 $^2 \space{-1.5} \space{-1.5}$ 

(6) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

**5. Tax on dividends.**— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed, at the rate specified in Division III of Part I of the First Schedule, on every person who receives a dividend from a <sup>3</sup>[] company <sup>4</sup>[or treated as dividend under clause (19) of section 2].

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) on a person who receives a dividend shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the gross amount of the dividend.

(3) This section shall not apply to a dividend that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "and Seventh" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The sub-section (5A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "resident" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>1</sup>**[5A. Tax on undistributed profits**.—(1) For tax <sup>2</sup>[years 2017 to 2019], a tax shall be imposed at the rate of <sup>3</sup>[five] percent of its accounting profit before tax on every public company, other than a scheduled bank or a *modaraba*, that derives profit for a tax year but does not distribute at least <sup>4</sup>[twenty] percent of its after tax profits within six months of the end of the tax year through cash <sup>5</sup>[]:

Provided that for tax year 2017, bonus shares or cash dividends may be distributed before the due date mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 118, for filing of a return.

- (2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to—
  - (a) a company qualifying for exemption under clause (132) of Part I of the Second Schedule; and
  - (b) a company in which not less than fifty percent shares are held by the Government.]

<sup>6</sup>[5AA. Tax on return on investments in sukuks.—(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed, at the rate specified in Division IIIB of Part I of the First

(a) a company qualifying for exemption under clause (132) of Part I of the Second Schedule; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> section 5A substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted section read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;5A. Tax on undistributed reserves.—**(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed at the rate of ten percent, on every public company other than a scheduled bank or a modaraba, that derives profits for a tax year but does not distribute cash dividends within six months of the end of the said tax year or distributes dividends to such an extent that its reserves, after such distribution, are in excess of hundred percent of its paid up capital, so much of its reserves as exceed hundred per cent of its paid up capital shall be treated as income of the said company:

Provided that for tax year 2015, cash dividends may be distributed before the due date mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 118, for filing of return for tax year 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> The provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to-

<sup>(</sup>a) a public company which distributes profit equal to either forty per cent of its after tax profits or fifty per cent of its paid up capital, whichever is less, within six months of the end of the tax year;

<sup>(</sup>b) a company in which not less than fifty percent shares are held by the Government.

<sup>(3)</sup> For the purpose of this section, 'reserve' includes amounts setaside out of revenue or other surpluses excluding capital reserves, share premium reserves and reserves required to be created under any law, rules or regulations."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The "expression" "year 2017 and onwards" substituted by "years 2017 to 2019" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "seven and half" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "forty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "or bonus shares" omitted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Presidential Order No. F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

Schedule, on every person who receives a return on investment in *sukuks* from a special purpose vehicle<sup>1</sup>[, or a company].

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) on a person who receives a return on investment in *sukuks* shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the gross amount of the return on investment in *sukuks*.

(3) This section shall not apply to a return on investment in *sukuks* that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance."]

**6.** Tax on certain payments to non-residents.— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed, at the rate specified in Division IV of Part I of the First Schedule, on every non-resident person who receives any Pakistansource royalty <sup>2</sup>[, fee for offshore digital services <sup>3</sup>[, fee for money transfer operations, card network services, payment gateway services, interbank financial telecommunication services]] or fee for technical services.

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) on a non-resident person shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the gross <sup>4</sup>[amounts of receipts mentioned in sub-section (1)].

- (3) This section shall not apply to
  - (a) any royalty where the property or right giving rise to the royalty is effectively connected with a permanent establishment in Pakistan of the non-resident person;
  - (b) any fee <sup>5</sup>[ ] where the services giving rise to the fee are rendered through a permanent establishment in Pakistan of the non-resident person; or
  - (c) any royalty or fee for technical services that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "amount of the royalty <sup>4</sup>[,free for offshore digital services] or fee for technical services" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "for technical services <sup>5</sup>[or fee for offshore digital services" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

(4) Any Pakistani-source royalty <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[or fee] received by a non-resident person to which this section does not apply by virtue of clause (a) or (b) of subsection (3) shall be treated as income from business attributable to the permanent establishment in Pakistan of the person.

7. Tax on shipping and air transport income of a non-resident person.—
(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed, at the rate specified in Division V of Part I of the First Schedule, on every non-resident person carrying on the business of operating ships or aircrafts as the owner or charterer thereof in respect of –

- the gross amount received or receivable (whether in or out of Pakistan) for the carriage of passengers, livestock, mail or goods embarked in Pakistan; and
- (b) the gross amount received or receivable in Pakistan for the carriage of passengers, livestock, mail or goods embarked outside Pakistan.

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) on a non-resident person shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the gross amount referred to in sub-section (1).

(3) This section shall not apply to any amounts exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>3</sup>[7A. Tax on shipping of a resident person.—(1) In the case of any resident person engaged in the business of shipping, a presumptive income tax shall be charged in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) ships and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized craft purchased or bare-boat chartered and flying Pakistan flag shall pay tonnage tax of an amount equivalent to one US \$ per gross registered tonnage per annum; <sup>4</sup>[ ]
- (b) ships, vessels and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized craft not registered in Pakistan and hired under any charter other than bare-boat charter shall pay tonnage tax of an amount equivalent to fifteen

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression ", fee for offshore digital services] or fee for technical services" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "and" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

US cents per ton of gross registered tonnage per chartered voyage provided that such tax shall not exceed one US \$ per ton of gross registered tonnage per annum:

*Explanation.*—For the purpose of this section, the expression "equivalent amount" means the rupee equivalent of a US dollar according to the exchange rate prevalent on the first day of December in the case of a company and the first day of September in other cases in the relevant assessment year <sup>1</sup>[;and

(c) A Pakistan resident ship owning company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan after the 15<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2019 and having its own sea worthy vessel registered under Pakistan Flag shall pay tonnage tax of an amount equivalent to seventy five US Cents per ton of gross registered tonnage per annum.]

(2) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable after the  $30^{th}$ June, <sup>2</sup>[2030]."]

<sup>3</sup>[7B. Tax on profit on debt.—(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed, at the rate specified in Division IIIA of Part I of the First Schedule, on every person, other than a company, who receives a profit on debt from any person mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) of sub-section (1)of section 151.

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) on a person, other than a company, who receives a profit on debt shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the gross amount of the profit on debt.

<sup>4</sup>[(3) This section shall not apply to a profit on debt that –

- (a) is exempt from tax under this Ordinance; or
- (b) exceeds <sup>5</sup>[five] million Rupees.]

<sup>6</sup>[**7C. Tax on builders.—** (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed on the profits and gains of a person deriving income from the business of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop at the end substituted by sami-colon and the word "and" thereafter new clause "(c)" shall be added namely through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word 2020 substituted by 2030 through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub clause 3 of 7B substituted by Finance Act, 2019, substituted clause read as follow:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) This section shall not apply to a profit on debt that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "thirty six" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

construction and sale of residential, commercial or other buildings at the rates specified in Division VIIIA of Part I of the First Schedule.

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the area of the residential, commercial or other building being constructed for sale.

- (3) The Board may prescribe:
- (a) the mode and manner for payment and collection of tax under this section;
- (b) the authorities granting approval for computation and payment plan of tax; and
- (c) responsibilities and powers of the authorities approving, suspending and cancelling no objection certificate to sell and the matters connected and ancillary thereto.

<sup>1</sup>[(4) This section shall apply to projects undertaken for construction and sale of residential and commercial buildings initiated and approved.—

- (a) during tax year 2017 only;
- (b) for which payment under rule 13S of the Income Tax Rules, 2002 has been made by the developer during tax year 2017; and
- (c) the Chief Commissioner has issued online schedule of advance tax installments to be paid by the developer in accordance with rule 13U of the Income Tax Rules, 2002.]

<sup>2</sup>[7D. Tax on developers.—(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a tax shall be imposed on the profits and gains of a person deriving income from the business of development and sale of residential, commercial or other plots at the rates specified in Division VIIIB of Part I of the First Schedule.

(2) The tax imposed under sub-section (1) shall be computed by applying the relevant rate of tax to the area of the residential, commercial or other plots for sale.

- (3) The Board may prescribe:
  - (a) the mode and manner for payment and collection of tax under this section;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 4 substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;This section shall apply to business or projects undertaken for construction and sale of residential, commercial or other buildings initiated and approved after the 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2016."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

- (b) the authorities granting approval for computation and payment plan of tax; and
- (c) responsibilities and powers of the authorities approving, suspending and cancelling no objection certificate to sell and the matters connected and ancillary thereto.

<sup>1</sup>[(4) This section shall apply to projects undertaken for development and sale of residential and commercial plots initiated and approved.—

- (a) during tax year 2017 only;
- (b) for which payment under rule 13S of the Income Tax Rules, 2002 has been made by the developer during tax year 2017; and
- (c) the Chief Commissioner has issued online schedule of advance tax installments to be paid by the developer in accordance with rule 13ZB of the Income Tax Rules, 2002.";

<sup>2</sup>[7E. Tax on deemed income.- (1) For tax year 2022 and onwards, a tax shall be imposed at the rates specified in Division VIIIC of Part-I of the First Schedule on the income specified in this section.

(2) A resident person shall be treated to have derived, as income chargeable to tax under this section, an amount equal to five percent of the fair market value of capital assets situated in Pakistan held on the last day of tax year excluding the following, namely:-

- (a) one capital asset owned by the resident person;
- (b) self-owned business premises from where the business is carried out by the persons appearing on the active taxpayers' list at any time during the year;
- (c) self-owned agriculture land where agriculture activity is carried out by person excluding farmhouse and land annexed thereto;
- (d) capital asset allotted to -
  - a Shaheed or dependents of a shaheed belonging to Pakistan Armed Forces;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 4 substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted section read as follows: "This section shall apply to projects undertaken for development and sale of residential, commercial or other plots initiated and approved after the 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2016."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 7E inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- a person or dependents of the person who dies while in the service of Pakistan armed forces or Federal or provincial government;
- (iii) a war wounded person while in service of Pakistan armed forces or Federal or provincial government; and
- (iv) an ex-serviceman and serving personal of armed forces or ex-employees or serving personnel of Federal and provincial governments, being original allottees of the capital asset duly certified by the allotment authority;
- (e) any property from which income is chargeable to tax under the Ordinance and tax leviable is paid thereon;
- (f) capital asset in the first tax year of acquisition where tax under section 236K has been paid;
- (g) where the fair market value of the capital assets in aggregate excluding the capital assets mentioned in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) does not exceed Rupees twenty-five million;
- (h) capital assets owned by a provincial government or a local government; or
- capital assets owned by a local authority, a development authority, builders and developers for land development and construction, subject to the condition that such persons are registered with Directorate General of Designated Non-Financial Businesses and Professions <sup>1</sup>[:

Provided that the exclusions mentioned at clauses (a), (e), (f) and (g) of this sub-section shall not apply in case of a person not appearing in the active taxpayers' list, other than persons covered in rule 2 of the Tenth Schedule.]

(3) The Federal Government may include or exclude any person or property for the purpose of this section.

(4) In this section-

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(a) "capital asset" means property of any kind held by a person, whether or not connected with a business, but does not include

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The full stop substituted with colon and new proviso added by the Finance Act, 2023.

- any stock-in-trade, consumable stores or raw materials held for the purpose of business;
- (ii) any shares, stocks or securities;
- (iii) any property with respect to which the person is entitled to a depreciation deduction under section 22 or amortization deduction under section 24; or
- (iv) any movable asset not mentioned in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii);
- (b) "farmhouse" means a house constructed on a total minimum area of 2000 square yards with a minimum covered area of 5000 square feet used as a single dwelling unit with or without an annex:

Provided that where there are more than one dwelling units in a compound and the average area of the compound is more than 2000 square yards for a dwelling unit, each one of such dwelling units shall be treated as a separate farmhouse.

8. General provisions relating to taxes imposed under sections <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[5, 5A, 5AA, 6, 7, 7A, 7B and 7E].– (1)-Subject to this Ordinance, the tax imposed under Sections <sup>3</sup>[5, 5A, 5AA, 6, 7, 7A, 7B and 7E] shall be a final tax on the amount in respect of which the tax is imposed and—

- such amount shall not be chargeable to tax under any head of income in computing the taxable income of the person who derives it for any tax year;
- (b) no deduction shall be allowable under this Ordinance for any expenditure incurred in deriving the amount;
- (c) the amount shall not be reduced by
  - (i) any deductible allowance; or
  - (ii) the set off of any loss;
- (d) the tax payable by a person under<sup>4</sup>[section] 5, <sup>5</sup>[5A,<sup>6</sup>[", 5AA"] 6, 7, <sup>7</sup>[7A, 7B and 7E] shall not be reduced by any tax credits allowed under this Ordinance; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "5, 6 and 7" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "5, 5AA, 6, 7, 7A and 7B" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "5, <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[", 5AA"] 6, 7, 7A <sup>3</sup>[and 7B]"" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "sections" substituted by the word "section" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word and figure "6 or 7" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The expression "7A and 7B" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (e) the liability of a person under<sup>1</sup>[section] 5, 6 or 7 shall be discharged to the extent that
  - (i) in the case of shipping and air transport income, the tax has been paid in accordance with section 143 or 144, as the case may be; or
  - (ii) in any other case, the tax payable has been deducted at source under Division III of Part V of Chapter X <sup>2</sup>[.]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "sections" substituted by the word "section" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted proviso read as follows:
 "Provided that the provision of this section shall not apply to dividend received by a company."

## CHAPTER III TAX ON TAXABLE INCOME

## **PART I** COMPUTATION OF TAXABLE INCOME

**9. Taxable income.**—The taxable income of a person for a tax year shall be the total income <sup>1</sup>[under clause (a) of section 10] of the person for the year reduced (but not below zero) by the total of any deductible allowances under Part IX of this Chapter of the person for the year.

**10.** Total Income.— The total income of a person for a tax year shall be the sum of the  ${}^{2}$ [—]

- <sup>3</sup>[(a) person's income under all heads of income for the year; and]
- <sup>4</sup>[(b) person's income exempt from tax under any of the provisions of this Ordinance.]

**11. Heads of income.**— (1) For the purposes of the imposition of tax and the computation of total income, all income shall be classified under the following heads, namely: —

- (a) Salary;
- <sup>5</sup>[(b) Income from Property;]
- <sup>6</sup>[(c) Income from Business;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(d) Capital Gains; and]
- <sup>8</sup>[(e) Income from Other Sources.]

- <sup>5</sup> Clause (b) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (b) read as follows:
   "(b) income from property;"
- <sup>6</sup> Clause (c) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (c) read as follows: "(c) income from business;"
- <sup>7</sup> Clause (d) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (d) read as follows:
   "(d) capital gains; and"
- <sup>8</sup> Clause (e) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (e) read as follows: "(e) income from other sources."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "person's income under each of the heads of income for the year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

(2) Subject to this Ordinance, the income of a person under a head of income for a tax year shall be the total of the amounts derived by the person in that year that are chargeable to tax under the head as reduced by the total deductions, if any, allowed under this Ordinance to the person for the year under that head.

(3) Subject to this Ordinance, where the total deductions allowed under this Ordinance to a person for a tax year under a head of income exceed the total of the amounts derived by the person in that year that are chargeable to tax under that head, the person shall be treated as sustaining a loss for that head for that year of an amount equal to the excess.

(4) A loss for a head of income for a tax year shall be dealt with in accordance with Part VIII of this Chapter.

(5) The income of a resident person under a head of income shall be computed by taking into account amounts that are Pakistan-source income and amounts that are foreign-source income.

(6) The income of a non-resident person under a head of income shall be computed by taking into account only amounts that are Pakistan-source income.

## PART II HEAD OF INCOME: SALARY

**12. Salary.**— (1) Any salary received by an employee in a tax year, other than salary that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance, shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Salary".

(2) Salary means any amount received by an employee from any employment, whether of a revenue or capital nature, including —

 (a) any pay, wages or other remuneration provided to an employee, including leave pay, payment in lieu of leave, overtime payment, bonus, commission, fees, gratuity or work condition supplements (such as for unpleasant or dangerous working conditions)<sup>1</sup>[;]

²[ ]

- (b) any perquisite, whether convertible to money or not;
- (c) the amount of any allowance provided by an employer to an employee including a cost of living, subsistence, rent, utilities, education, entertainment or travel allowance, but shall not include any allowance solely expended in the performance of the employee's duties of employment.

<sup>3</sup>[*Explanation.*– For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the allowance solely expended in the performance of employee's duty does not include –

- (i) allowance which is paid in monthly salary on fixed basis or percentage of salary; or
- (ii) allowance which is not wholly, exclusively, necessarily or actually spent on behalf of the employer;]
- (d) the amount of any expenditure incurred by an employee that is paid or reimbursed by the employer, other than expenditure incurred on behalf of the employer in the performance of the employee's duties of employment;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Semi-colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-

Provided that any bonus paid or payable to corporate employees receiving salary income of one million rupees or more (excluding bonus) in tax year 2010, shall be chargeable to tax at the rate provided in paragraph (2) of Division I of Part I of the First Schedule;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Explanation added by the Finance Act, 2021.

- (e) the amount of any profits in lieu of, or in addition to, salary or wages, including any amount received
  - (i) as consideration for a person's agreement to enter into an employment relationship;
  - (ii) as consideration for an employee's agreement to any conditions of employment or any changes to the employee's conditions of employment;
  - (iii) on termination of employment, whether paid voluntarily or under an agreement, including any compensation for redundancy or loss of employment and golden handshake payments;
  - (iv) from a provident or other fund, to the extent to which the amount is not a repayment of contributions made by the employee to the fund in respect of which the employee was not entitled to a deduction; and
  - (v) as consideration for an employee's agreement to a restrictive covenant in respect of any past, present or prospective employment;
- (f) any pension or annuity, or any supplement to a pension or annuity; and
- (g) any amount chargeable to tax as "Salary" under section 14.

(3) Where an employer agrees to pay the tax chargeable on an employee's salary, the amount of the employee's income chargeable under the head "Salary" shall be grossed up by the amount of tax payable by the employer.

(4) No deduction shall be allowed for any expenditure incurred by an employee in deriving amounts chargeable to tax under the head "Salary".

(5) For the purposes of this Ordinance, an amount or perquisite shall be treated as received by an employee from any employment regardless of whether the amount or perquisite is paid or provided —

- (a) by the employee's employer, an associate of the employer, or by a third party under an arrangement with the employer or an associate of the employer;
- (b) by a past employer or a prospective employer; or
- (c) to the employee or to an associate of the employee <sup>1</sup>[or to a third party under an agreement with the employee or an associate of the employee.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

(6) An employee who has received an amount referred to in sub-clause (iii) of clause (e) of sub-section (2) in a tax year may, by notice in writing to the Commissioner, elect for the amount to be taxed at the rate computed in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

#### A/B%

where —

- A is the total tax paid or payable by the employee on the employee's total taxable income for the three preceding tax years; and
- **B** is the employee's total taxable income for the three preceding tax years.
  - (7) Where
    - (a) any amount chargeable under the head "Salary" is paid to an employee in arrears; and
    - (b) as a result the employee is chargeable at higher rates of tax than would have been applicable if the amount had been paid to the employee in the tax year in which the services were rendered,

the employee may, by notice in writing to the Commissioner, elect for the amount to be taxed at the rates of tax that would have been applicable if the salary had been paid to the employee in the tax year in which the services were rendered.

(8) An election under sub-section (6) or (7) shall be made by the due date for furnishing the employee's return of income or employer certificate, as the case may be, for the tax year in which the amount was received or by such later date as the Commissioner may allow.

**13.** Value of perquisites.— (1) For the purposes of computing the income of an employee for a tax year chargeable to tax under the head "Salary", the value of any perquisite provided by an employer to the employee in that year that is included in the employee's salary under section 12 shall be determined in accordance with this section.

(2) This section shall not apply to any amount referred to in clause (c) or (d) of sub-section (2) of section 12.

<sup>1</sup>(3) Where, in a tax year, a motor vehicle is provided by an employer to an employee wholly or partly for the private use of the employee, the amount

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot; (3) Subject to sub-section (4), where, in a tax year, a motor vehicle is provided by an employer to an employee wholly or partly for the private use of the employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the amount computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:-

chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include an amount computed as may be prescribed.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

(5) Where, in a tax year, the services of a housekeeper, driver, gardener or other domestic assistant is provided by an employer to an employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the total salary paid to the domestic assistant <sup>2</sup>[such house keeper, driver, gardener or other domestic assistant] in that year for services rendered to the employee, as reduced by any payment made <sup>3</sup>[to the employer]for such services.

Where, in a tax year, utilities are provided by an employer to an (6) employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the fair market value of the utilities provided, as reduced by any payment made by the employee for the utilities.

<sup>4</sup>[(7) Where a loan is made, on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2002, by an employer to an employee and either no profit on loan is payable by the employee or the rate of profit on loan is less than the benchmark rate, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for a tax year shall include an amount equal to-

- (a) the profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, where no profit on loan is payable by the employee, or
- (d) the difference between the amount of profit on loan paid by the employee in that tax year and the amount of profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, as the case may  $be^{5}[:]$

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С

А is the cost to the employer of acquiring the motor vehicle or, if the vehicle is leased by the employer, the fair market value of the vehicle at the commencement of the lease; is-

<sup>(</sup>a) where the vehicle is wholly for private use, fifteen per cent;

<sup>(</sup>b) where the vehicle is only partly for private use, seven and a half per cent; and

is any payment made by the employee for the use of the motor vehicle or for its running costs."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:

Where a motor vehicle referred to in sub-section (3) is available to more than one employee for a tax year, the amount chargeable to tax under the head "Salary" for each such employee for that year shall be the amount determined under sub-section (3) divided by the number of employees permitted to use the vehicle."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "domestic assistant" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "by the employee" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (7) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (7) read as follows:

Where, in a tax year, a loan is made by an employer to an employee, the amount "(7) chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the difference between the profit paid by the employee on the loan in the tax year, if any, and the profit which would have been paid by the employee on the loan for the year if the loan had been made at the benchmark rate for that year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act. 2010.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to such benefit arising to an employee due to waiver of interest by such employee on his account with the employer<sup>2</sup>[:] ]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided further that this sub-section shall not apply to loans not exceeding <sup>4</sup>[one million]rupees.]

(8) For the purposes of this Ordinance not including sub-section (7), where the employee uses a loan referred to in sub-section (7) wholly or partly for the acquisition of <sup>5</sup>[any asset or property]producing income chargeable to tax under any head of income, the employee shall be treated as having paid an amount as profit equal to the benchmark rate on the loan or that part of the loan used to acquire <sup>6</sup>[][asset or property.]

(9) Where, in a tax year, an obligation of an employee to pay or repay an amount owing by the employee to the employer is waived by the employer, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the amount so waived.

(10) Where, in a tax year, an obligation of an employee to pay or repay an amount <sup>7</sup>[owing]by the employee to another person is paid by the employer, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the amount so paid.

(11) Where, in a tax year, property is transferred or services are provided by an employer to an employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the fair market value of the property or services determined at the time the property is transferred or the services are provided, as reduced by any payment made by the employee for the property or services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "five hundred thousand" substituted by Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "property" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "the" omitted by the Finance Act, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The word "owed" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>1</sup>[(12) Where, in the tax year, accommodation or housing is provided by an employer to an employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include an amount computed as may be prescribed.]

(13) Where, in a tax year, an employer has provided an employee with a perquisite which is not covered by sub-sections (3) through (12), the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the fair market value of the perquisite, <sup>2</sup>[except where the rules, if any, provide otherwise,] determined at the time it is provided, as reduced by any payment made by the employee for the perquisite.

<sup>3</sup>[(14) In this section,—

- (a) "benchmark rate" means ----
  - (i) for the tax year commencing on the first day of July, 2002, a rate of five per cent per annum; and
  - (ii) for the tax years next following the tax year referred to in sub-clause (i), the rate for each successive year taken at one per cent above the rate applicable for the immediately preceding tax year, but not exceeding <sup>4</sup>[ten per cent per annum] in respect of any tax year;
- (b) "services" includes the provision of any facility; and
- (c) "utilities" includes electricity, gas, water and telephone.]

(b) in any other case, the rent paid by the employer for the accommodation or housing, as reduced by any payment made by the employee for the accommodation or housing."

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (12) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (12) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(12) Where, in a tax year, accommodation or housing is provided by an employer to an employee, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include -

<sup>(</sup>a) where the employer or an associate owns the accommodation or housing, the fair market rent of the accommodation or housing; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (14) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (14) read as follows:

 <sup>&</sup>quot;(14) In this section, "benchmark rate" means the State Bank of Pakistan discount rate at the commencement of the tax year;
 "services" includes the making available of any facility; and
 "utilities" includes electricity, gas, water and telephone."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "such rate, if any, as the Federal. Government may, by notification, specify" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012

**14.** Employee share schemes.— (1) The value of a right or option to acquire shares under an employee share scheme granted to an employee shall not be chargeable to tax.

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), where, in a tax year, an employee is issued with shares under an employee share scheme including as a result of the exercise of an option or right to acquire the shares, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the fair market value of the shares determined at the date of issue, as reduced by any consideration given by the employee for the shares including any amount given as consideration for the grant of a right or option to acquire the shares.

(3) Where shares issued to an employee under an employee share scheme are subject to a restriction on the transfer of the shares —

- (a) no amount shall be chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" until the earlier of
  - (i) the time the employee has a free right to transfer the shares; or
  - (ii) the time the employee disposes of the shares; and
- (b) the amount chargeable to tax to the employee shall be the fair market value of the shares at the time the employee has a free right to transfer the shares or disposes of the shares, as the case may be, as reduced by any consideration given by the employee for the shares including any amount given as consideration for the grant of a right or option to acquire the shares.

(4) For purposes of this Ordinance, where sub-section (2) or (3) applies, the cost of the shares to the employee shall be the sum of -

- (a) the consideration, if any, given by the employee for the shares;
- (b) the consideration, if any, given by the employee for the grant of any right or option to acquire the shares; and
- (c) the amount chargeable to tax under the head "Salary" under those sub-sections.

(5) Where, in a tax year, an employee disposes of a right or option to acquire shares under an employee share scheme, the amount chargeable to tax to the employee under the head "Salary" for that year shall include the amount of any gain made on the disposal computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:—

#### A—B

where —

A is the consideration received for the disposal of the right or option; and

**B** is the employee's cost in respect of the right or option.

(6) In this sub-section, "employee share scheme" means any agreement or arrangement under which a company may issue shares in the company to —

- (a) an employee of the company or an employee of an associated company; or
- (b) the trustee of a trust and under the trust deed the trustee may transfer the shares to an employee of the company or an employee of an associated company.

# **PART III** HEAD OF INCOME: INCOME FROM PROPERTY

**15. Income from property.**— (1) The rent received or receivable by a person <sup>1</sup>[for] a tax year, other than rent exempt from tax under this Ordinance, shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Income from Property".

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), "rent" means any amount received or receivable by the owner of land or a building as consideration for the use or occupation of, or the right to use or occupy, the land or building, and includes any forfeited deposit paid under a contract for the sale of land or a building.

(3) This section shall not apply to any rent received or receivable by any person in respect of the lease of a building together with plant and machinery and such rent shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources".

<sup>2</sup>[(3A) Where any amount is included in rent received or receivable by any person for the provision of amenities, utilities or any other service connected with the renting of the building, such amount shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources".]

(4) Subject to sub-section (5), where the rent received or receivable by a person is less than the fair market rent for the property, the person shall be treated as having derived the fair market rent for the period the property is let on rent in the tax year.

(5) Sub-section (4) shall not apply where the fair market rent is included in the income of the lessee chargeable to tax under the head "Salary".

<sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[]

"(6) Income under this section shall be liable to tax at the rate specified in Division VI of Part I of the First Schedule."

<sup>4</sup>Sub-section (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted sub-section (6) read as follows:

- "(7) the provisions of sub-section (1), shall not apply in respect of a taxpayer who-
- (i) is an individual or association of persons;
- derives income chargeable to tax under this section not exceeding Rs. 150,000 in a tax year; and
- (iii) does not derive taxable income under any other head."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted for the word "in" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted sub-section (6) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (6) inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ]

<sup>4</sup>[**15A. Deductions in computing income chargeable under the head "Income from Property".—** (1) In computing the income of a <sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[person] chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" for a tax year, a deduction shall be allowed for the following expenditures or allowances, namely:-

- (a) In respect of repairs to a building, an allowance equal to one-fifth of the rent chargeable to tax in respect of the building for the year, computed before any deduction allowed under this section;
- (b) any premium paid or payable by the <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[person] in the year to insure the building against the risk of damage or destruction;
- (c) any local rate, tax, charge or cess in respect of the property or the rent from the property paid or payable by the <sup>9</sup>[] <sup>10</sup>[person] to any local authority or government in the year, not being any tax payable under this Ordinance;
- (d) any ground rent paid or payable by the <sup>11</sup>[] <sup>12</sup>[person] in the year in respect of the property;
- (e) any profit paid or payable by the <sup>13</sup>[] <sup>14</sup>[person] in the year on any money borrowed including by way of mortgage, to acquire, construct, renovate, extend or reconstruct the property;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) Income under this section derived by an individual or an association of persons shall be liable to tax at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part I of the First Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (7) inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) The provisions of sub-section (1), shall not apply in respect of an individual or association of persons who derive income chargeable to tax under this section not exceeding two hundred thousand rupees in a tax year and does not derive taxable income under any other head."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

- (f) where the property has been acquired, constructed, renovated, extended, or reconstructed by the <sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[person] with capital contributed by the House Building Finance Corporation or a scheduled bank under a scheme of investment in property on the basis of sharing the rent made by the Corporation or bank, the share in rent and share towards appreciation in the value of property (excluding the return of capital, if any) from the property paid or payable by the <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[person] to the said Corporation or the bank in the year under that scheme;
- (g) where the property is subject to mortgage or other capital charge, the amount of profit or interest paid on such mortgage or charge;
- <sup>5</sup>[(h) any expenditure, not exceeding <sup>6</sup>[four] per cent of the rent chargeable to tax in respect of the property for the year computed before any deduction allowed under this section, paid or payable by the <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[person] in the year wholly and exclusively for the purpose of deriving rent chargeable to tax under the head, "Income from Property" including administration and collection charges;"]
- any expenditure paid or payable by the <sup>9</sup>[] <sup>10</sup>[person] in the tax year for legal services acquired to defend the <sup>11</sup>[] <sup>12</sup>[persons]'s title to the property or any suit connected with the property in a court; and
- (j) where there are reasonable grounds for believing that any unpaid rent in respect of the property is irrecoverable, an allowance equal to the unpaid rent where—
  - the tenancy was *bona fide*, the defaulting tenant has vacated the property or steps have been taken to compel the tenant to vacate the property and the defaulting tenant is not in occupation of any other property of the <sup>13</sup>[] <sup>14</sup>[person];

"(h) any expenditure (not exceeding six per cent of the rent chargeable to tax in respect of the property for the year computed before any deduction allowed under this section) paid or payable by the person in the year for the purpose of collecting the rent due in respect of the property;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (h) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted (h) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "six" substituted by "four" through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

- the <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[persons] has taken all reasonable steps to institute legal proceedings for the recovery of the unpaid rent or has reasonable grounds to believe that legal proceedings would be useless; and
- (iii) the unpaid rent has been included in the income of the <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[persons] chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" for the tax year in which the rent was due and tax has been duly paid on such income.

(2) Where any unpaid rent allowed as a deduction under clause (j) of sub-section (1) is wholly or partly recovered, the amount recovered shall be chargeable to tax in the tax year in which it is recovered.

(3) Where a person has been allowed a deduction for any expenditure incurred in deriving rent chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" and the person has not paid the liability or a part of the liability to which the deduction relates within three years of the end of the tax year in which the deduction was allowed, the unpaid amount of the liability shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" in the first tax year following the end of the three years.

(4) Where an unpaid liability is chargeable to tax as a result of the application of sub-section (3) and the person subsequently pays the liability or a part of the liability, the person shall be allowed a deduction for the amount paid in the tax year in which the payment is made.

(5) Any expenditure allowed to a person under this section as a deduction shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the income of the person chargeable to tax under any other head of income.

(6) The provisions of section 21 shall apply in determining the deductions allowed to a person under this section in the same manner as they apply in determining the deductions allowed in computing the income of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business".]

<sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New sub-section (7) added by Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-section read as follows:

**16.** Non-adjustable amounts received in relation to buildings.— (1) Where the owner of a building receives from a tenant an amount which is not adjustable against the rent payable by the tenant, the amount shall be treated as rent chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" in the tax year in which it was received and the following nine tax years in equal proportion.

(2) Where an amount (hereinafter referred to as the "earlier amount") referred to in sub-section (1) is refunded by the owner to the tenant on termination of the tenancy before the expiry of ten years, no portion of the amount shall be allocated to the tax year in which it is refunded or to any subsequent tax year except as provided for in sub-section (3).

(3) Where the circumstances specified in sub-section (2) occur and the owner lets out the building or part thereof to another person (hereinafter referred to as the "succeeding tenant") and receives from the succeeding tenant any amount (hereinafter referred to as the "succeeding amount") which is not adjustable against the rent payable by the succeeding tenant, the succeeding amount as reduced by such portion of the earlier amount as was charged to tax shall be treated as rent chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" as specified in sub-section (1).

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) Notwithstanding sub-section (6) of section 15, the provisions of this section shall apply to an individual or an association of persons,<sup>6</sup>[] who opts to pay tax at the rate specified in Division I of Part I of the First Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 17 omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted section 17 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;17. Deductions in computing income chargeable under the head "Income from Property".-** (1) In computing the income of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" for a tax year, a deduction shall be allowed for the following expenditures or allowances, namely:-

<sup>(</sup>a) In respect of repairs to a building, an allowance equal to one-fifth of the rent chargeable to tax in respect of the building for the year, computed before any deduction allowed under this section;

<sup>(</sup>b) any premium paid or payable by the person in the year to insure the building against the risk of damage or destruction;

<sup>(</sup>c) any local rate, tax, charge, or cess in respect of the property or the rent from the property paid or payable by the person to any local authority or government in the year, not being any tax payable under this Ordinance;

<sup>(</sup>d) any ground rent paid or payable by the person in the year in respect of the property;

 <sup>(</sup>e) any profit paid or payable by the person in the year on any money borrowed including by way of mortgage, to acquire, construct, renovate, extend, or reconstruct the property;

<sup>(</sup>f) where the property has been acquired, constructed, renovated, extended, or reconstructed by the person with capital contributed by the House Building Finance Corporation or a scheduled bank under a scheme of investment in property on the basis of sharing the rent made by the Corporation or bank, the share in rent and share towards appreciation in the value of property (excluding the return of capital, if any) from the property paid or payable by the person to the said Corporation or the bank in the year under that scheme;

<sup>(</sup>fa) where the property is subject to mortgage or other capital charge, the amount of profit or interest paid on such mortgage or charge;

<sup>(</sup>g) any expenditure (not exceeding six per cent of the rent chargeable to tax in respect of the property for the year computed before any deduction allowed under this section) paid or payable by the person in the year for the purpose of collecting the rent due in respect of the property;

# PART IV HEAD OF INCOME: INCOME FROM BUSINESS

# Division I Income from Business

**18. Income from business.—** (1) The following incomes of a person for a tax year, other than income exempt from tax under this Ordinance, shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" —

- the profits and gains of any business carried on by a person at any time in the year;
- (b) any income derived by any trade, professional or similar association from the sale of goods or provision of services to its members <sup>1</sup>[.

*Explanation.*– For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that income derived by co-operative societies from the sale of goods, immoveable property or provision of services to its members is

- (i) where there are reasonable grounds for believing that any unpaid rent in respect of the property is irrecoverable, an allowance equal to the unpaid rent where
  - the tenancy was bona fide, the defaulting tenant has vacated the property or steps have been taken to compel the tenant to vacate the property, and the defaulting tenant is not in occupation of any other property of the person;
  - the person has taken all reasonable steps to institute legal proceedings for the recovery of the unpaid rent or has reasonable grounds to believe that legal proceedings would be useless; and
  - (iii) the unpaid rent has been included in the income of the person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" for the tax year in which the rent was due and tax has been duly paid on such income.

(2) Where any unpaid rent allowed as a deduction under clause (i) of sub-section (1) is wholly or partly recovered, the amount recovered shall be chargeable to tax in the tax year in which it is recovered.

(3) Where a person has been allowed a deduction for any expenditure incurred in deriving rent chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" and the person has not paid the liability or a part of the liability to which the deduction relates within three years of the end of the tax year in which the deduction was allowed, the unpaid amount of the liability shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Property" in the first tax year following the end of the three years.

(4) Where an unpaid liability is chargeable to tax as a result of the application of sub-section (3) and the person subsequently pays the liability or a part of the liability, the person shall be allowed a deduction for the amount paid in the tax year in which the payment is made.

(5) Any expenditure allowed to a person under this section as a deduction shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the income of the person chargeable to tax under any other head of income.

(6) The provisions of section 21 shall apply in determining the deductions allowed to a person under this section in the same manner as they apply in determining the deductions allowed in computing the income of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business"."

<sup>1</sup> Semi colon substituted and Explanation added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>(</sup>h) any expenditure paid or payable by the person in the tax year for legal services acquired to defend the person's title to the property or any suit connected with the property in a Court; and

and has always been chargeable to tax under the provisions of this Ordinance;]

- (c) any income from the hire or lease of tangible movable property;
- (d) the fair market value of any benefit or perquisite, whether convertible into money or not, derived by a person in the course of, or by virtue of, a past, present, or prospective business relationship<sup>1</sup>[.]

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.* — For the purposes of this clause, it is declared that the word 'benefit' includes any benefit derived by way of waiver of profit on debt or the debt itself under the State Bank of Pakistan Banking Policy Department's Circular No.29 of 2002 or in any other scheme issued by the State Bank of Pakistan;]

(e) any management fee derived by a management company (including a modaraba <sup>3</sup>[management company]).]

<sup>4</sup>[Explanation.—For the removal of doubt it is clarified that income subject to taxation under sections 5A, 5AA, 6, 7 and 7A shall not be chargeable to tax under this section."]

(2) Any profit on debt derived by a person where the person's business is to derive such income shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" and not under the head "Income from Other Sources".

<sup>5</sup>[(3) Where a <sup>6</sup>[lessor], being a scheduled bank or an investment bank or a development finance institution or a modaraba or a leasing company has leased out any asset, whether owned by it or not, to another person, any amount paid or payable by the said person in connection with the lease of said asset shall be treated as the income of the said <sup>7</sup>[lessor] and shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business".]

<sup>8</sup>[(4) Any amount received by a banking company or a non-banking finance company, where such amount represents distribution by a mutual fund <sup>9</sup>[or a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The semi-colon and the word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "lesser" substituted by the word "lessor" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "lesser" substituted by the word "lessor" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund] out of its income from profit on debt, shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" and not under the head "Income from Other Sources".]

**19. Speculation business.—** (1) Where a person carries on a speculation business –

- that business shall be treated as distinct and separate from any other business carried on <sup>1</sup>[by]the person;
- (b) this Part shall apply separately to the speculation business and the other business of the person; b head "Income from Business" for that year; and
- (e) any loss of the person arising from the speculation business sustained for a tax year computed in accordance with this Part shall be dealt with under section 58.

(2) In this section, "speculation business" means any business in which a contract for the purchase and sale of any commodity (including <sup>2</sup>[stocks] and shares) is periodically or ultimately settled otherwise than by the actual delivery or transfer of the commodity, but does not include a business in which —

- (a) a contract in respect of raw materials or merchandise is entered into by a person in the course of a manufacturing or mercantile business to guard against loss through future price fluctuations for the purpose of fulfilling the person's other contracts for the actual delivery of the goods to be manufactured or merchandise to be sold;
- (b) a contract in respect of stocks and shares is entered into by a dealer or investor therein to guard against loss in the person's holding of stocks and shares through price fluctuations; or
- (c) a contract is entered into by a member of a forward market or stock exchange in the course of any transaction in the nature of jobbing <sup>3</sup>[arbitrage] to guard against any loss which may arise in the ordinary course of the person's business as such member.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "stock" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "arbitrate" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

### **Division II** Deductions: General Principles

**20.** Deductions in computing income chargeable under the head "Income from Business".— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, in computing the income of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" for a tax year, a deduction shall be allowed for any expenditure incurred by the person in the year <sup>1</sup>[wholly and exclusively for the purposes of business].

<sup>2</sup>[(1A) Subject to this Ordinance, where animals which have been used for the purposes of the business or profession otherwise than as stock-in-trade and have died or become permanently useless for such purposes, <sup>3</sup>[a deduction shall be allowed equal to] the difference between the actual cost to the taxpayer of the animals and the amount, if any, realized in respect of the carcasses or animals.]

(2) Subject to this Ordinance, where the expenditure referred to in subsection (1) is incurred in acquiring a depreciable asset or an intangible with a useful life of more than one year or is pre-commencement expenditure, the person must depreciate or amortise the expenditure in accordance with sections 22, 23, 24 and 25.

<sup>4</sup>[(3) Subject to this Ordinance, where any expenditure is incurred by an amalgamated company on legal and financial advisory services and other administrative cost relating to planning and implementation of amalgamation, a deduction shall be allowed for such expenditure.]

**21.** Deductions not allowed.— Except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance, no deduction shall be allowed in computing the income of a person under the head "Income from Business" for —

- (a) any cess, rate or tax paid or payable by the person in Pakistan or a foreign country that is levied on the profits or gains of the business or assessed as a percentage or otherwise on the basis of such profits or gains;
- (b) any amount of tax deducted under Division III of Part V of Chapter X from an amount derived by the person;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "to the extent the expenditure is incurred in deriving income from business chargeable to tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>1</sup>[(c) any expenditure from which the person is required to deduct or collect tax under Part V of Chapter X or Chapter XII, unless the person has paid or deducted and paid the tax as required by Division IV of Part V of Chapter X:

Provided that disallowance in respect of purchases of raw materials and finished goods under this clause shall not exceed twenty per cent of purchases of raw materials and finished goods:

Provided further that recovery of any amount of tax under sections 161 or 162 shall be considered as tax paid.]

- <sup>2</sup>[(ca) any amount of commission paid or payable in respect of supply of products listed in the Third Schedule of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, where the amount of commission paid or payable exceeds 0.2 percent of gross amount of supplies thereof unless the person to whom commission is paid or payable, as the case may be, is appearing in the active taxpayer list under this Ordinance;]
- (d) any entertainment expenditure in excess of such limits <sup>3</sup>[or in violation of such conditions] as may be prescribed;
- (e) any contribution made by the person to a fund that is not a recognized provident fund<sup>4</sup>[,]<sup>5</sup>[approved pension fund], approved superannuation fund or approved gratuity fund;
- <sup>6</sup>[(ea) an amount in excess of fifty percent of contribution made by a person to an approved gratuity fund, an approved pension fund or an approved superannuation fund.]
  - (f) any contribution made by the person to any provident or other fund established for the benefit of employees of the person, unless the person has made effective arrangements to secure that tax is deducted under section 149 from any payments made by the fund in respect of which the recipient is chargeable to tax under the head "Salary";

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (c) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. The substituted clause (c) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) any salary, rent, brokerage or commission, profit on debt, payment to non-resident, payment for services or fee paid by the person from which the person is required to deduct tax under Division III of Part V of Chapter X or section 233 of chapter XII, <sup>1</sup>[unless] the person has <sup>1</sup>[paid or] deducted and paid the tax as required by Division IV of Part V of Chapter X"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New clause (ca) inserted by Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (ea) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (h) any personal expenditures incurred by the person;
- (i) any amount carried to a reserve fund or capitalised in any way;
- (j) any profit on debt, brokerage, commission, salary or other remuneration paid by an association of persons to a member of the association;

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(I) any expenditure for a transaction, paid or payable under a single account head which, in aggregate, exceeds <sup>3</sup>[two hundred and fifty] thousand rupees, made other than by a crossed cheque drawn on a bank or by crossed bank draft or crossed pay order or any other crossed banking instrument showing transfer of amount from the business bank account of the taxpayer:

Provided that online transfer of payment from the business account of the payer to the business account of payee as well as payments through credit card shall be treated as transactions through the banking channel, subject to the condition that such transactions are verifiable from the bank statements of the respective payer and the payee:

Provided further that this clause shall not apply in the case of ---

(a) expenditures not exceeding <sup>4</sup>[twenty-five] thousand rupees;

- (b) expenditures on account of -
  - (i) utility bills;
  - (ii) freight charges;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (k) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (k) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(k) any expenditure paid or payable by an employer on the provision of perquisites and allowances to an employee where the sum of the value of the perquisites computed under section 13 and the amount of the allowances exceeds fifty per cent of the employee's salary for a tax year (excluding the value of the perquisites or amount of the allowances);"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (I) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted clause (I) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(I) any expenditure paid or payable under a single account head which, in aggregate, exceeds fifty thousand rupees made other than by a crossed bank cheque or crossed bank draft, except expenditures not exceeding ten thousand rupees or on account of freight charges, travel fare, postage, utilities or payment of taxes, duties, fee, fines or any other statutory obligation;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Expression substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Expression substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- (iii) travel fare;
- (iv) postage; and
- (v) payment of taxes, duties, fee, fines or any other statutory obligation <sup>1</sup>[:]]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided further also that this clause shall not apply to a company from the date clause (Ia) has been made effective through the notification issued by the Board.

(Ia) any expenditure by a taxpayer being a company for a transaction, paid or payable under a single account head which, in aggregate, exceeds rupees two hundred and fifty thousand, made other than by digital means from business bank account of the taxpayer notified to the Commissioner under section 114A:

Provided that this clause shall not apply in the case of-

- (a) expenditures not exceeding Rupees twenty-five thousand; and
  - expenditures on account of
    - (i) utility bills;
    - (ii) freight charges;
    - (iii) travel fare;
    - (iv) postage; and
    - (v) payment of taxes, duties, fee, fines or any other statutory obligation:

Provided further that this clause shall be effective from such date as the Board may notify.]

(m) any salary paid or payable exceeding <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[thirty-two thousand rupees per month to an individual] other than by a crossed cheque or direct transfer of funds to the employee's bank account <sup>5</sup>[or through digital means]; <sup>6</sup>[]

(b)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Semi colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "fifteen" substituted by the Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "twenty-five thousand rupees per month" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016.

- except as provided in Division III of this Part, any expenditure paid or payable of a capital nature; <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- <sup>2</sup>["(o) any expenditure in respect of sales promotion, advertisement and publicity in excess of <sup>3</sup>[ten] per cent of turnover incurred by pharmaceutical manufacturers <sup>4</sup>[;]"]
- <sup>5</sup>[(p) any expenditure on account of utility bill in excess of such limits and in violation of such conditions as may be prescribed; and
- (q) any expenditure attributable to sales made to persons required to be registered but not registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990 by an industrial undertaking computed according to the following formula, namely:-

### (A/B) x C

Where-

- A is the total amount of deductions claimed under this Part;
- B is the turnover for the tax year; and
- C is the total amount of sales exclusive of sales tax and federal excise duty to persons required to be registered but not registered under the Sales Tax, 1990 where sales equal or exceed rupees one hundred million per person:

Provided that disallowance of expenditure under this clause shall not exceed ten percent of total deductions claimed under this Part:

Provided further that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, exempt persons or classes of persons from this clause subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified therein:

Provided also that this clause shall come into force with effect from the first day of October, 2020.]

<sup>6</sup>[(r) any expenditure attributable to sales claimed by any person who is required to integrate but fails to integrate his business with the Board through approved fiscal electronic device and software:

Provided that disallowance of expenditure under this clause shall not exceed eight percent of the allowable deduction.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Full stop substituted by semi colon through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New clauses (p) and (q) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

### Division III Deductions: Special Provisions

**22. Depreciation.**— (1) Subject to this section, a person shall be allowed a deduction for the depreciation of the person's depreciable assets used in the person's business in the tax year.

(2) Subject to <sup>1</sup>[sub-section] (3) <sup>2</sup>[], the depreciation deduction for a tax year shall be computed by applying the rate specified in Part I of the Third Schedule against the written down value of the asset at the beginning of the year <sup>3</sup>[:]

4[]

(3) Where a depreciable asset is used in a tax year partly in deriving income from business chargeable to tax and partly for another use, the deduction allowed under this section for that year shall be restricted to the fair proportional part of the amount that would be allowed if the asset <sup>5</sup>[was] wholly used to <sup>6</sup>[derive] income from business chargeable to tax.

### 7[]

(5) The written down value of a depreciable asset of a person at the beginning of the tax year shall be —

(a) where the asset was acquired in the tax year, the cost of the asset to the person as reduced by any initial allowance in respect of the asset under section 23; or

where -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "sub-sections" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word, brackets and figure "and (4)" omitted by Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by colon and thereafter the new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that where a depreciable asset is used in the person's business for the first time in a tax year commencing on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2020, the depreciation deduction shall be reduced by fifty percent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "were" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "derived" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted sub-section (4) reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Where a depreciable asset is not used for the whole of the tax year in deriving income from business chargeable to tax, the deduction allowed under this section shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:–  $A \times B/C$ 

A is the amount of depreciation computed under sub-section (2) or (3), as the case may be;

**B** is the number of months in the tax year the asset is used in deriving income from business chargeable to tax; and

**C** is the number of months in the tax year."

(b) in any other case, the cost of the asset to the person as reduced by the total depreciation deductions (including any initial allowance under section 23) allowed to the person in respect of the asset in previous tax years.

<sup>1</sup>["*Explanation,*- For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that where any building, furniture, plant or machinery is used for the purposes of business during any tax year for which the income from such business is exempt, depreciation admissible under sub-section (1) shall be treated to have been allowed in respect of the said tax year and after expiration of the exemption period, written down value of such assets shall be determined after reducing total depreciation deductions (including any initial allowance under section 23) in accordance with clauses (a) and (b) of this sub-section."]

(6) Where sub-section (3) applies to a depreciable asset for a tax year, the written down value of the asset shall be computed on the basis that the asset has been solely used to derive income from business chargeable to tax.

(7) The total deductions allowed to a person during the period of ownership of a depreciable asset under this section and section 23 shall not exceed the cost of the asset.

(8) Where, in any tax year, a person disposes of a depreciable asset, no depreciation deduction shall be allowed under this section for that year and —

- (a) if the consideration received exceeds the written down value of the asset at the time of disposal, the excess shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Income from Business"; or
- (b) if the consideration received is less than the written down value of the asset at the time of disposal, the difference shall be allowed as a deduction in computing the person's income chargeable under the head "Income from Business" for that year <sup>2</sup>[:]
  - <sup>3</sup>[]

(9) Where sub-section (3) applies, the written down value of the asset for the purposes of sub-section (8) shall be increased by the amount that is not allowed as a deduction as a result of the application of sub-section (3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by colon and thereafter the new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that where a depreciable asset is used in the person's business for the first time in a tax year commencing on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2020, depreciation deduction equal to fifty percent of the rate specified in Part I of the Third Schedule shall be allowed in the year of disposal."

(10) Where clause (a) of sub-section (13) applies, the <sup>1</sup>[consideration received on disposal] of the passenger transport vehicle for the purposes of sub-section (8) shall be computed according to the following formula —

#### A x B/C

where –

A is the <sup>2</sup>[amount] received on disposal of the vehicle;

**B** is the amount referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (13); and

**C** is the actual cost of acquiring the vehicle.

(11) Subject to sub-sections (13) and (14), the rules in Part III of Chapter IV shall apply in determining the cost and consideration received in respect of a depreciable asset for the purposes of this section.

<sup>3</sup>[(12) The depreciation deductions allowed to a leasing company or an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution in respect of assets owned by the leasing company or an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution and leased to another person shall be deductible only against the lease rental income derived in respect of such assets.]

(13) For the purposes of this section, —

- the cost of a depreciable asset being a passenger transport vehicle not plying for hire shall not exceed <sup>4</sup>[seven and a half] million rupees;
  - 5[]
- (b) the cost of immovable property or a structural improvement to immovable property shall not include the cost of the land;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "written down value" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "consideration" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (12) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (12) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(12) The depreciation deductions allowed to a leasing company in respect of assets owned by the company and leased to another person shall be deductible only against the lease rental income derived in respect of such assets."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "<sup>4</sup>[two]<sup>4</sup>[and half]" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that the prescribed limit of one million rupees shall not apply to passenger transport vehicles, not plying for hire, acquired on or after the first day of July, 2005."

- <sup>1</sup>[(c) any asset owned by a leasing company or an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution and leased to another person is treated as used in the leasing company or the investment bank or the modaraba or the scheduled bank or the development finance institution's business; and]
  - (d) where the consideration received on the disposal of immovable property exceeds the cost of the property, the consideration received shall be treated as the cost of the property.

(14) Where a depreciable asset that has been used by a person in Pakistan is exported or transferred out of Pakistan, the person shall be treated as having disposed of the asset at the time of the export or transfer for a consideration received equal to the cost of the asset.

(15) In this section, -

"depreciable asset" means any tangible movable property, immovable property (other than unimproved land), or structural improvement to immovable property, owned by a person that —

- (a) has a normal useful life exceeding one year;
- (b) is likely to lose value as a result of normal wear and tear, or obsolescence; and
- (c) is used wholly or partly by the person in deriving income from business chargeable to tax,

but shall not include any tangible movable property, immovable property, or structural improvement to immovable property in relation to which a deduction has been allowed under another section of this Ordinance for the entire cost of the property or improvement in the tax year in which the property is acquired or improvement made by the person; and

"structural improvement" in relation to immovable property, includes any building, road, driveway, car park, railway line, pipeline, bridge, tunnel, airport runway, canal, dock, wharf, retaining wall, fence, power lines, water or sewerage pipes, drainage, landscaping or dam<sup>2</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (c) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) an asset owned by a financial institution or leasing company and leased to another person is treated as used in the financial institution or leasing company's business; and".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Fullstop substituted by Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>1</sup>["Provided that where a depreciable asset is jointly owned by a taxpayer and an Islamic financial institution licensed by the State Bank of Pakistan or Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, as the case may be, pursuant to an arrangement of *Musharika* financing or diminishing *Musharika* financing, the depreciable asset shall be treated to be wholly owned by the taxpayer.";]

**23. Initial allowance.**—(1) A person who places an eligible depreciable asset into service in Pakistan for the first time in a tax year shall be allowed a deduction (hereinafter referred to as an "initial allowance") computed in accordance with subsection (2), provided the asset is <sup>2</sup>[used by the person for the purposes of his business for the first time or the tax year in which commercial production is commenced, whichever is later].

(2) The amount of the initial allowance of a person shall be computed by applying the rate specified in Part II of the Third Schedule against the cost of the asset.

(3) The rules in section 76 shall apply in determining the cost of an eligible depreciable asset for the purposes of this section.

<sup>3</sup>[(4) A deduction allowed under this section to a leasing company or an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution in respect of assets owned by the leasing company or the investment bank or the modaraba or the scheduled bank or the development finance institution and leased to another person shall be deducted only against the leased rental income derived in respect of such assets.]

(5) In this section, "eligible depreciable asset" means a depreciable asset  $\,{}^4\![$  ] other than —

- (a) any road transport vehicle unless the vehicle is plying for hire;
- (b) any furniture, including fittings;
- (c) any plant or machinery<sup>5</sup>[that has been used previously in Pakistan]; <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Substituted for "wholly and exclusively used by the person in deriving income from business chargeable to tax" by Finance Act,2004 dated June 24,2004 w.e.f July 1,2004

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows: "(4) A deduction allowed under this section to a leasing company in respect of assets owned by the company and leased to another person shall be deductible only against the lease rental income derived in respect of such assets."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words and comma "that is plant and machinery," omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "that is acquired second hand" substituted by the Finance Act.2003

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (d) any plant or machinery in relation to which a deduction has been allowed under another section of this Ordinance for the entire cost of the asset in the tax year in which the asset is acquired <sup>1</sup>[; or
- (e) immovable property or structural improvement to the immovable property.]
- ²[]

3[]

<sup>4</sup>[**23B.** Accelerated depreciation to alternate energy projects.— (1) Any plant, machinery and equipments installed for generation of alternate energy by an industrial undertaking set up anywhere in Pakistan and owned and managed by a company shall be allowed first year allowance in lieu of initial allowance under section 23, at the rate specified in Part II of the Third Schedule against the cost of the eligible depreciation assets put to use after first day of July, 2009.

(2) The provisions of section 23 except sub-sections (1) and (2) thereof, shall *mutatis mutandis* apply.]

**24.** Intangibles.—(1) A person shall be allowed an amortisation deduction in accordance with this section in a tax year for the cost of the person's intangibles–

- (a) that are wholly or partly used by the person in the tax year in deriving income from business chargeable to tax; and
- (b) that have a normal useful life exceeding one year.

(2) No deduction shall be allowed under this section where a deduction has been allowed under another section of this Ordinance for the entire cost of the intangible in the tax year in which the intangible is acquired.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The full stop substituted with semi colon and the word "or" and thereafter clause (e) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 23A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;23A. First Year Allowance.**— (1) Plant, machinery and equipment installed by any industrial undertaking set up in specified rural and under developed areas <sup>3</sup>[or engaged in the manufacturing of cellular mobile phones and qualifying for exemption under clause (126N) of Part I of the Second Schedule] and owned and managed by a company shall be allowed first year allowance in lieu of initial allowance under section 23 at the rate specified in Part II of the Third Schedule against the cost of the "eligible depreciable assets" put to use after July 1, 2008.

<sup>(2)</sup> The provisions of section 23 except sub-sections (1) and (2) thereof, shall mutatis mutandis apply.

<sup>(3)</sup> The Federal Government may notify "specified areas" for the purposes of sub-section (1).] <sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

(3) Subject to sub-section (7), the amortization deduction of a person for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:—

#### A B

where –

A is the cost of the intangible; and

**B** is the normal useful life of the intangible in whole years.

<sup>1</sup>[(4) An intangible that does not have an ascertainable useful life shall be treated as if it had a normal useful life of twenty-five years.]

(5) Where an intangible is used in a tax year partly in deriving income from business chargeable to tax and partly for another use, the deduction allowed under this section for that year shall be restricted to the fair proportional part of the amount that would be allowed if the intangible were wholly used to derive income from business chargeable to tax.

(6) Where an intangible is not used for the whole of the tax year in deriving income from business chargeable to tax, the deduction allowed under this section shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### A x B/C

where –

- A is the amount of <sup>2</sup>[amortization] computed under sub-section (3) or (5), as the case may be;
- **B** is the number of days in the tax year the intangible is used in deriving income from business chargeable to tax; and
- **C** is the number of days in the tax year.

(7) The total deductions allowed to a person under this section in the current tax year and all previous tax years in respect of an intangible shall not exceed the cost of the intangible.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In sub-section 4 of section 24 is substituted by the Finance Act, 2019, the substituted sub-section read as follow:

<sup>(4)</sup> An intangible —

<sup>(</sup>a) with a normal useful life of more than ten years; or

<sup>(</sup>b) that does not have an ascertainable useful life,

shall be treated as if it had a normal useful life of ten years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "depreciation" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

(8) Where, in any tax year, a person disposes of an intangible, no amortisation deduction shall be allowed under this section for that year and —

- (a) if the consideration received by the person exceeds the written down value of the intangible at the time of disposal, the excess shall be income of the person chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Income from Business"; or
- (b) if the consideration received is less than the written down value of the intangible at the time of disposal, the difference shall be allowed as a deduction in computing the person's income chargeable under the head "Income from Business" in that year.
- (9) For the purposes of sub-section (8)
  - (a) the written down value of an intangible at the time of disposal shall be the cost of the intangible reduced by the total deductions allowed to the person under this section in respect of the intangible or, where the intangible is not wholly used to derive income chargeable to tax, the amount that would be allowed under this section if the intangible were wholly so used; and
  - (b) the consideration received on disposal of an intangible shall be determined in accordance with section 77.

(10) For the purposes of this section, an intangible that is available for use on a day (including a non-working day) is treated as used on that day.

(11) In this section, -

"cost" in relation to an intangible, means any expenditure incurred in acquiring or creating the intangible, including any expenditure incurred in improving or renewing the intangible; and

"intangible" means any patent, invention, design or model, secret formula or process, copyright <sup>1</sup>[, trade mark, scientific or technical knowledge, computer software, motion picture film, export quotas, franchise, licence, intellectual property], or other like property or right, contractual rights and any expenditure that provides an advantage or benefit for a period of more than one year (other than expenditure incurred to acquire a depreciable asset or unimproved land, <sup>2</sup>[but shall

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words Inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

not include self-generated goodwill or any adjustment arising on account of accounting treatment in the manner as may be prescribed]

**25. Pre-commencement expenditure.**—(1) A person shall be allowed a deduction for any pre-commencement expenditure in accordance with this section.

(2) Pre-commencement expenditure shall be amortized on a straight-line basis at the rate specified in Part III of the Third Schedule.

(3) The total deductions allowed under this section in the current tax year and all previous tax years in respect of an amount of pre-commencement expenditure shall not exceed the amount of the expenditure.

(4) No deduction shall be allowed under this section where a deduction has been allowed under another section of this Ordinance for the entire amount of the pre-commencement expenditure in the tax year in which it is incurred.

(5) In this section, "pre-commencement expenditure" means any expenditure incurred before the commencement of a business wholly and exclusively to derive income chargeable to tax, including the cost of feasibility studies, construction of prototypes, and trial production activities, but shall not include any expenditure which is incurred in acquiring land, or which is depreciated or amortised under section 22 or 24.

**26.** Scientific research expenditure.— (1) A person shall be allowed a deduction for scientific research expenditure incurred in Pakistan in a tax year wholly and exclusively for the purpose of deriving income from business chargeable to tax.

(2) In this section — "scientific research" means any <sup>1</sup>[activity] <sup>2</sup>[undertaken in Pakistan] in the fields of natural or applied science for the development of human knowledge;

"scientific research expenditure" means any expenditure incurred by a person on scientific research <sup>3</sup>[undertaken in Pakistan] for the purposes of developing the person's business, including any contribution to a scientific research institution to undertake scientific research for the purposes of the person's business, other than expenditure incurred –

(a) in the acquisition of any depreciable asset or intangible;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "activities" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

(c) for the purpose of ascertaining the existence, location, extent or quality of a natural deposit; and

"scientific research institution" means any institution certified by the <sup>1</sup>[Board] as conducting scientific research in Pakistan.

**27.** Employee training and facilities.— A person shall be allowed a deduction for any expenditure (other than capital expenditure) incurred in a tax year in respect of—

- (a) any educational institution or hospital in Pakistan established for the benefit of the person's employees and their dependents;
- (b) any institute in Pakistan established for the training of industrial workers recognized, aided, or run by the Federal Government <sup>2</sup>[or a Provincial Government] or a <sup>3</sup>[Local Government]; or
- (c) the training of any person, being a citizen of Pakistan, in connection with a scheme approved by the <sup>4</sup>[Board] for the purposes of this section.

**28. Profit on debt, financial costs and lease payments.—** (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a deduction shall be allowed for a tax year for —

- (a) any profit on debt incurred by a person in the tax year to the extent that the proceeds or benefit of the debt have been used by the person <sup>5</sup>[for the purposes of business];
- (b) any lease rental incurred by a person in the tax year to a scheduled bank, financial institution, an approved modaraba, an approved leasing company or a Special Purpose Vehicle on behalf of the Originator for an asset used by the person <sup>6</sup>[for the purposes of business] <sup>7</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "in deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words "in deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sami colon substituted by colon and thereafter the new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that for the purpose of determining the deduction on account of lease rentals the cost of a passenger transport vehicle not paying for hire to the extent of principal amount shall not exceed two and a half million rupees;]

- (c) any amount incurred by a person in the tax year to a modaraba or a participation term certificate holder for any funds borrowed and used by the person <sup>2</sup>[for the purposes of business];
- (d) any amount incurred by a scheduled bank in the tax year to a person maintaining a profit or loss sharing account or a deposit with the bank as a distribution of profits by the bank in respect of the account or deposit;
- (e) any amount incurred by the House Building Finance Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") constituted under the House Building Finance Corporation Act, 1952 (XVIII of 1952), in the tax year to the State Bank of Pakistan (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank") as the share of the Bank in the profits derived by the Corporation on its investment in property made under a scheme of partnership in profit and loss, where the investment is provided by the Bank under the House Building Finance Corporation (Issue and Redemption of Certificates) Regulations, 1982;
- (f) any amount incurred by the National Development Leasing Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation") in the tax year to the State Bank of Pakistan (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank") as the share of the Bank in the profits derived by the Corporation on its leasing operations financed out of a credit line provided by the Bank on a profit and loss sharing basis;
- (g) any amount incurred by the <sup>3</sup>[Small and Medium Enterprises Bank (hereinafter referred to as "the SME Bank")]in the tax year to the State Bank of Pakistan (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank") as the share of the Bank in the profits derived by the <sup>4</sup>[SME Bank] on investments made in small business out of a credit line provided by the Bank on a profit and loss sharing basis;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "in deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Small Business Finance Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the Corporation")" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "Corporation" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

- (i) any amount incurred by a person in the tax year to a certificate holder under a musharika scheme approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission and Religious Board formed under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) representing the certificate holder's share in the profits of the musharika; or
- (j) the financial cost of the securitization of receivables incurred by an Originator in the tax year from a Special Purpose Vehicle being the difference between the amount received by the Originator and the amount of receivables securitized from a Special Purpose Vehicle.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Ordinance, where any assets are transferred by an Originator, as a consequence of securitisation<sup>1</sup>["or issuance of sukuks"], to a Special Purpose Vehicle, it shall be treated as a financing transaction irrespective of the method of accounting adopted by the Originator.

(3) In this section, —

"approved leasing company" means a leasing company approved by the <sup>2</sup>[Board] for the purposes of clause (b) of sub-section (1); and "approved modaraba" means a modaraba approved by the <sup>3</sup>[Board] for the purposes of clause (b) of sub-section (1).

**29.** Bad debts.— (1) A person shall be allowed a deduction for a bad debt in a tax year if the following conditions are satisfied, namely:—

- (a) the amount of the debt was -
  - (i) previously included in the person's income from business chargeable to tax; or
  - (ii) in respect of money lent by a financial institution in deriving income from business chargeable to tax;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

- (b) the debt or part of the debt is written off in the accounts of the person in the tax year; and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds for believing that the debt is irrecoverable.

(2) The amount of the deduction allowed to a person under this section for a tax year shall not exceed the amount of the debt written off in the accounts of the person in the tax year.

(3) Where a person has been allowed a deduction in a tax year for a bad debt and in a subsequent tax year the person receives in cash or kind any amount in respect of that debt, the following rules shall apply, namely:–

- (a) where the amount received exceeds the difference between the whole of such bad debt and the amount previously allowed as a deduction under this section, the excess shall be included in the person's income under the head "Income from Business" for the tax year in which it was received; or
- (b) where the amount received is less than the difference between the whole of such bad debt and the amount allowed as a deduction under this section, the shortfall shall be allowed as a bad debt deduction in computing the person's income under the head "Income from Business" for the tax year in which it was received.

<sup>1</sup>[29A. Provision regarding consumer loans.— (1) A <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[non-banking finance company or the House Building Finance Corporation] shall be allowed a deduction, not exceeding three per cent of the income for the tax year, arising out of consumer loans for creation of a reserve to off-set bad debts arising out of such loans.

(2) Where bad debt cannot be wholly set off against reserve, any amount of bad debt, exceeding the reserves shall be carried forward for adjustment against the reserve for the following years.]

<sup>4</sup>[*Explanation.*— In this section, "consumer loan" means a loan of money or its equivalent made by <sup>5</sup>[] a non-banking finance company or the House Building Finance Corporation to a debtor (consumer)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "banking company or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "a banking company or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2009.

and the loan is entered primarily for personal, family or household purposes and includes debts created by the use of a lender credit card or similar arrangement as well as insurance premium financing.]

**30.** Profit on non-performing debts of a banking company or development finance institution.—(1) A banking company or development finance institution <sup>1</sup>[or Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) or modaraba] shall be allowed a deduction for any profit accruing on a non-performing debt of the banking company or institution <sup>2</sup>[or Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) or modaraba] where the profit is credited to a suspense account in accordance with the Prudential Regulations for Banks or <sup>3</sup>[Non-Banking Finance Company or modaraba] Non-bank Financial Institutions, as the case may be, issued by the State Bank of Pakistan <sup>4</sup>[or the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan].

(2) Any profit deducted under sub-section (1) that is subsequently recovered by the banking company or development finance institution <sup>5</sup>[or Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) or modaraba] shall be included in the income of the company or institution <sup>6</sup>[or Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) or modaraba] chargeable under the head "Income from Business" for the tax year in which it is recovered.

**31.** Transfer to participatory reserve.—(1) Subject to this section, a company shall be allowed a deduction for a tax year for any amount transferred by the company in the year to a participatory reserve created under <sup>7</sup>[section 66 of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] in accordance with an agreement relating to participatory redeemable capital entered into between the company and a banking company as defined in the<sup>8</sup>[Financial Institutions(Recovery of Finances) Ordinance,2001 (XLVI of 2001).]

(2) The deduction allowed under subsection (1) for a tax year shall be limited to five per cent of the value of the company's participatory redeemable capital.

(3) No deduction shall be allowed under subsection (1) if the amount of the tax exempted accumulation in the participatory reserve exceeds ten per cent of the amount of the participatory redeemable capital.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "Non-bank Financial Institutions" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The expression "section 120 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "Banking Tribunals Ordinance, 1984" substituted by the words "Financial Institutions (Recovery Of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 (XLVI of 2001) by the Finance Act 2014".

(4) Where any amount accumulated in the participatory reserve of a company has been allowed as a deduction under this section is applied by the company towards any purpose other than payment of share of profit on the participatory redeemable capital or towards any purpose not allowable for deduction or exemption under this Ordinance the amount so applied shall be included in the income from business of the company in the tax year in which it is so applied.

## **Division IV** Tax Accounting

**32.** Method of accounting.—<sup>1</sup>[(1) Subject to this Ordinance, a person's income chargeable to tax shall be computed in accordance with the method of accounting regularly employed by such person.]

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), a company shall account for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on an accrual basis, while other persons may account for such income on a cash or accrual basis.

(3) The <sup>2</sup>[Board] may prescribe that any class of persons shall account for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on a cash or accrual basis.

(4) A person may apply, in writing, for a change in the person's method of accounting and the Commissioner may, by <sup>3</sup>[order] in writing, approve such an application but only if satisfied that the change is necessary to clearly reflect the person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business".

(5) If a person's method of accounting has changed, the person shall make adjustments to items of income, deduction, or credit, or to any other items affected by the change so that no item is omitted and no item is taken into account more than once.

**33. Cash-basis accounting.**—A person accounting for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on a cash basis shall derive income when it is received and shall incur expenditure when it is paid.

**34.** Accrual-basis accounting.—(1) A person accounting for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on an accrual basis shall derive income when it is due to the person and shall incur expenditure when it is payable by the person.

(2) Subject to this Ordinance, an amount shall be due to a person when the person becomes entitled to receive it even if the time for discharge of the entitlement is postponed or the amount is payable by instalments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows: "(1) A person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" shall be

computed in accordance with the method of accounting regularly employed by the person."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted for the word "notice" by the Finance Act, 2003.

(3) Subject to this Ordinance, an amount shall be payable by a person when all the events that determine liability have occurred and the amount of the liability can be determined with reasonable accuracy <sup>1</sup>[].

<sup>2</sup>[]

(5) Where a person has been allowed a deduction for any expenditure incurred in deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" and the person has not paid the liability or a part of the liability to which the deduction relates within three years of the end of the tax year in which the deduction was allowed, the unpaid amount of the liability shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" in the first tax year following the end of the three years.

<sup>3</sup>[(5A) Where a person has been allowed a deduction in respect of a trading liability and such person has derived any benefit in respect of such trading liability, the value of such benefit shall be chargeable to tax under <sup>4</sup>[the] head "Income from Business" for the tax year in which such benefit is received.]

(6) Where an unpaid liability is chargeable to tax as a result of the application of sub-section (5) and the person subsequently pays the liability or a part of the liability, the person shall be allowed a deduction for the amount paid in the tax year in which the payment is made.

**35. Stock-in-trade.**— (1) For the purposes of determining a person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" for a tax year, the cost of stock-in-trade disposed of by the person in the year shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:—

where —

A is the opening value of the person's stock-in-trade for the year;

**B** is cost of stock-in-trade acquired by the person in the year; and

<sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:

- (4) For the purposes of sub-section (3), economic performance shall occur (a) in the case of the acquisition of services or assets, at the time the services or
  - in the case of the acquisition of services or assets, at the time the services or assets are provided;
  - (b) in the case of the use of assets, at the time the assets are used; and
  - (c) in any other case, at the time payment is made in full satisfaction of the liability."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The comma and words ", but not before economic performance occurs" omitted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

**C** is the closing value of stock-in-trade for the year.

- (2) The opening value of stock-in-trade of a person for a tax year shall be ---
  - (a) the closing value of the person's stock-in-trade at the end of the previous year; or
  - (b) where the person commenced to carry on business in the year, the fair market value of any stock-in-trade acquired by the person prior to the commencement of the business.

(3) The fair market value of stock-in-trade referred to in clause (b) of subsection (2) shall be determined at the time the stock-in-trade is ventured in the business.

(4) The closing value of a person's stock-in-trade for a tax year shall be the lower of cost or <sup>1</sup>[net realisable]value of the person's stock-in-trade on hand at the end of the year.

(5) A person accounting for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on a cash basis may compute the person's cost of stockin-trade on the prime-cost method or absorption-cost method, and a person accounting for such income on an accrual basis shall compute the person's cost of stock-in-trade on the absorption-cost method.

(6) Where particular items of stock-in-trade are not readily identifiable, a person may account for that stock on the first-in-first-out method or the averagecost method but, once chosen, a stock valuation method may be changed only with the written permission of the Commissioner and in accordance with any conditions that the Commissioner may impose.

(7) In this section, —

"absorption-cost method" means the generally accepted accounting principle under which the cost of an item of stock-in-trade is the sum of direct material costs, direct labour costs, and factory overhead costs;

"average-cost method" means the generally accepted accounting principle under which the valuation of stock-in-trade is based on a weighted average cost of units on hand;

"direct labour costs" means labour costs directly related to the manufacture or production of stock-in-trade;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted for the words "fair market" by the Finance Act, 2002

"direct material costs" means the cost of materials that become an integral part of the stock-in-trade manufactured or produced, or which are consumed in the manufacturing or production process;

"factory overhead costs" means the total costs of manufacturing or producing stock-in-trade, other than direct labour and direct material costs;

"first-in-first-out method" means the generally accepted accounting principle under which the valuation of stock-in-trade is based on the assumption that stock is sold in the order of its acquisition;

"prime-cost method" means the generally accepted accounting principle under which the cost of stock-in-trade is the sum of direct material costs, direct labour costs, and variable factory overhead costs;

"stock-in-trade" means anything produced, manufactured, purchased, or otherwise acquired for manufacture, sale or exchange, and any materials or supplies to be consumed in the production or manufacturing process, but does not include stocks or shares; and

"variable factory overhead costs" means those factory overhead costs which vary directly with changes in volume of stock-in-trade manufactured or produced.

**36.** Long-term contracts.— (1) A person accounting for income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" on an accrual basis shall compute such income arising for a tax year under a long-term contract on the basis of the percentage of completion method.

(2) The percentage of completion of a long-term contract in a tax year shall be determined by comparing the total costs allocated to the contract and incurred before the end of the year with the estimated total contract costs as determined at the commencement of the contract.

(3) In this section, —

"long-term contract" means a contract for manufacture, installation, or construction, or, in relation to each, the performance of related services, which is not completed within the tax year in which work under the contract commenced, other than a contract estimated to be completed within six months of the date on which work under the contract commenced; and

"percentage of completion method" means the generally accepted accounting principle under which revenue and expenses arising under a long-term contract are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract, as modified by sub-section (2).

## **PART V** HEAD OF INCOME: CAPITAL GAINS

**37.** Capital gains.— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a gain arising on the disposal of a capital asset by a person in a tax year, other than a gain that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance, shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Capital Gains".

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), gain arising on disposal of immovable property situated in Pakistan, to a person in a tax year shall be chargeable to tax under the head capital gains at the rates specified in Division VIII of Part I of the First Schedule.]

(2) Subject to <sup>3</sup>[sub-section (4)], the gain arising on the disposal of a capital asset by a person shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:-

#### A – B

where –

A is the consideration received by the person on disposal of the asset; and

**B** is the cost of the asset.

4[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (1A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. Substituted sub-section (1A) reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (3) gain 2[under sub-section (3A) 2[]]2[] by a person in a tax year, shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head Capital Gains at the rates specified in Division VIII of Part I of the First Schedule."

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  The expression "sub-sections (3) and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. Omitted sub-section (3) reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3)Where a capital asset has been held by a person for more than one year,<sup>4</sup>[other than shares of public companies including the vouchers of Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, modaraba certificates or any instrument of redeemable capital as defined in the <sup>4</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], ] the amount of any gain arising on disposal of the asset shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

where A is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2)."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>(3</sup>A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), the amount of any gain arising on disposal of immovable property being an open plot shall be computed in accordance with the formula specified in the Table below, namely:-

TADLE				
S.No.	Holding Period	Gain		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
1.	Where the holding period of open plot does not exceed one year	Α		
2.	Where the holding period of open plot exceeds one year but does not exceed eight years	<b>A</b> x 3/4		
3.	Where the holding period of open plot exceeds eight years	0		

where A is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2).

<sup>2</sup> Sub-sections (3A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. Omitted sub-section reads as follows:

(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), the amount of any gain arising on disposal of an immovable property shall be computed in accordance with the formula specified in the Table below, namely:-

TABLE			
S.No.	Holding period	Gain	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
1.	Where the holding period of an immovable property does not exceed one year	А	
2.	Where the holding period of an immovable property exceeds one year but does not exceed two years	A x 3/4	
3.	Where the holding period of an immovable property exceeds two years but does not exceed three years	A x 1/2	
4.	Where the holding period of an immovable property exceeds three years but does not exceed four years	A x 1/4	
5.	Where the holding period of an immovable property exceeds four years	0	

where A is the amount of gain determined under sub-section (2).]

<sup>3</sup> Sub-section (3B) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020. The omitted clause read as follows: (3B) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), the amount of any gain arising on disposal of immovable property being a constructed property shall be computed in accordance with the formula specified in the Table below, namely:-

TABLE				
S.No.	Holding Period	Gain		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
1.	Where the holding period of constructed property does not exceed one year	Α		
2.	Where the holding period of constructed property exceeds one year but does not exceed four years	<b>A</b> x 3/4		
3.	Where the holding period of constructed property exceeds four years	0		
	where $\mathbf{A}$ is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2) 1			

where A is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2).]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The sub-section (3A) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted sub-section read as follows:

(4) For the purposes of determining component **B** of the formula in subsection (2), no amount shall be included in the cost of a capital asset for any expenditure incurred by a person –

- (a) that is or may be deducted under another provision of this Chapter; or
- (b) that is referred to in section 21.
- <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- <sup>2</sup>[ ]

(5) In this section, "capital asset" means property of any kind held by a person, whether or not connected with a business, but does not include -

- <sup>3</sup>[(a) any stock-in-trade <sup>4</sup>[], consumable stores or raw materials held for the purpose of business;]
  - (b) any property with respect to which the person is entitled to a depreciation deduction under section 22 or amortisation deduction under section 24; <sup>5</sup>[or]
- <sup>6</sup>[]
- (d) any movable property <sup>7</sup>[excluding capital assets specified in sub-section (5) of section 38] held for personal use by the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4A) omitted through Finance Act, 2022. Omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4A)Where the capital asset becomes the property of the person -

<sup>(</sup>a) under a gift <sup>2</sup>[from a relative as defined in sub section (5) of section 85], bequest or will;

<sup>(</sup>b) by succession, inheritance or devolution;

<sup>(</sup>c) a distribution of assets on dissolution of an association of persons; or

<sup>(</sup>d) on distribution of assets on liquidation of a company,

the fair market value of the asset, on the date of its transfer or acquisition by the person shall be treated to be the cost of the asset  ${}^{2}$ [:

Provided that, if the capital asset acquired through gift is disposed of within two years of acquisition and the Commissioner is satisfied that such gift arrangement is a part of tax avoidance scheme, then the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 79 shall apply for the purpose of determining the cost of asset in the hands of recipient of the gift.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The brackets and words "(a) any stock-in-trade;" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The brackets and words "(not being stocks and shares)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. Omitted clause (c) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) any immovable property; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The brackets, commas and words "(including wearing apparel, jewellery, or furniture)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

person or any member of the person's family dependent on the person<sup>1</sup>[.]

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[(6) The person acquiring a capital asset, being shares of a company, shall deduct advance adjustable tax from the gross amount paid as consideration for the shares at the rate of ten percent of the fair market value of the shares which shall be paid to the Commissioner by way of credit to the Federal Government, within fifteen days of the payment.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 68, the value of shares, for the purpose of sub-section (6), shall be the fair market value, as prescribed for sub-section (4) of section 101A, without reduction of liabilities.

(8) The Commissioner may, on application made by the person acquiring of the shares, and after making such inquiry as the Commissioner thinks fit, allow to make the payment, without deduction of tax or deduction of tax at a reduced rate.

(9) The provisions of sections 161, 162, entry No. 15 of the Table in section 182, clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 191 and section 205 shall mutatis mutandis apply to the tax deductible and payable under this section.

(10) The person disposing of the capital asset, being shares of a company, shall furnish to the Commissioner within thirty days of the transaction of disposal, the prescribed information or documents, in a statement as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the said person, to furnish information, documents and statement within a period of less than thirty days as specified in the notice.]

**4[37A.** Capital gain on disposal of securities. — (1) The capital gain arising on or after the first day of July 2010, from disposal of securities<sup>5</sup>[]<sup>6</sup>[, other than a gain that is exempt from tax under this Ordinance], shall be chargeable to tax at the rates specified in Division VII of Part I of the First Schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comma and word "; or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (e) omitted by the Finance Act, 2001. The omitted clause (e) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(e) any modaraba certificate or any instrument of redeemable capital listed on any stock exchange or shares of a public company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-sections (6) to (10) added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2023 (X of 2023) dated 23.02.2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted words read as follows:-" held for a period of less than a year,"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>1</sup>[]

Provided <sup>2</sup>[] that this section shall not apply to a banking company and an insurance company <sup>3</sup>[:

 $\ensuremath{^4}\xspace[\ensuremath{\mathsf{Provided}}\xspace$  for the this section shall not apply to the disposal of shares –

- (i) of a listed company made otherwise than through registered stock exchange and which are not settled through NCCPL;
- (ii) through initial public offer during listing process except where the detail of such disposal is furnished to NCCPL for computation of capital gains and tax thereon under this section,

and the provisions of section 37 shall apply on such disposal of shares of a listed company or disposal of shares through initial public offer, accordingly.]]

5[(1A) The gain arising on the disposal of a security by a person shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

### A – B

Where —

- (i) 'A' is the consideration received by the person on disposal of the security; and
- (ii) 'B' is the cost of acquisition of the security.]

(2) The holding period of a security, for the purposes of this section, shall be reckoned from the date of acquisition (whether before, on or after the thirtieth day of June, 2010) to the date of disposal of such security falling after the thirtieth day of June, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The First proviso omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted proviso read as follows: "Provided that this section shall not apply if the securities are held for a period of more than a year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "further" omitted by Finance Act, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted with colon and new proviso added by the by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2023 (X of 2023) dated 23.02.2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Second proviso substituted by the by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted second proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that this section shall not apply to the disposal of shares of a listed company made otherwise than through registered stock exchange and which are not settled through NCCPL and the provisions of section 37 shall apply on such disposal of shares of a listed company, accordingly."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act,2012.

(3) For the purposes of this section "security" means share of a public company, voucher of Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, Modaraba Certificate, an instrument of redeemable capital<sup>1</sup>[,debt Securities] <sup>2</sup>[, unit of exchange traded fund] and derivative products.

- <sup>3</sup>[(3A) For the purpose of this section, "debt securities" means -
  - (a) Corporate Debt Securities such as Term Finance Certificates (TFCs), Sukuk Certificates (Sharia Compliant Bonds), Registered Bonds, Commercial Papers, Participation Term Certificates (PTCs) and all kinds of debt instruments issued by any Pakistani or foreign company or corporation registered in Pakistan; and
  - (b) Government Debt Securities such as Treasury Bills (T-bills), Federal Investment Bonds (FIBs), Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs), Foreign Currency Bonds, Government Papers, Municipal Bonds, Infrastructure Bonds and all kinds of debt instruments issued by Federal Government, Provincial Governments, Local Authorities and other statutory bodies.]

<sup>4</sup>["*Explanation:* For removal of doubt it is clarified that derivative products include future commodity contracts entered into by the members of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange whether or not settled by physical delivery."]

<sup>5</sup>[(3B) For the purpose of this section, "shares of a public company" shall be considered as security if such company is a public company at the time of disposal of such shares.]

(4) Gain under this section shall be treated as a separate block of income.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, where a person sustains a loss on disposal of securities in a tax year, the loss shall be set off only against the gain of the person from any other securities chargeable to tax under this section and no loss shall be carried forward to the subsequent tax year <sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The sub-section (3A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New sub-section (3B) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted by colon through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that so much of the loss sustained on disposal of securities in tax year 20l9 and onwards that has not been set off against the gain of the person from disposal of securities chargeable to tax under this section shall be carried forward to the following tax year and set off only against the gain of the person from disposal of securities chargeable to tax under this section, but no such loss shall be carried forward to more than three tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was first computed.]

<sup>2</sup>[(6) To carry out purpose of this section, the Board may prescribe rules.]

**38.** Deduction of losses in computing the amount chargeable under the head "Capital Gains".— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, in computing the amount of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Capital Gains" for a tax year, a deduction shall be allowed for any loss on the disposal of a capital asset by the person in the year.

(2) No loss shall be deducted under this section on the disposal of a capital asset where a gain on the disposal of such asset would not be chargeable to tax.

(3) The loss arising on the disposal of a capital asset by a person shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

### A – B

where —

A is the cost of the asset; and

**B** is the consideration received by the person on disposal of the asset.

(4) The provisions of sub-section (4) of section 37 shall apply in determining component A of the formula in sub-section (3).

(5) No loss shall be recognized under this Ordinance on the disposal of the following capital assets, namely:—

- (a) A painting, sculpture, drawing or other work of art;
- (b) jewellery;
- (c) a rare manuscript, folio or book;
- (d) a postage stamp or first day cover;
- (e) a coin or medallion; or
- (f) an antique.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Proviso added through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

# PART VI HEAD OF INCOME: INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCES

**39.** Income from other sources. — (1) Income of every kind received by a person in a tax year, <sup>1</sup>[if it is not included in any other head,] other than income exempt from tax under this Ordinance, shall be chargeable to tax in that year under the head "Income from Other Sources", including the following namely: —

- (a) <sup>2</sup>[Dividend;]
- (b) <sup>3</sup>[royalty;]
- (c) profit on debt;
- <sup>4</sup>[(cc) additional payment on delayed refund under any tax law;]
- (d) ground rent;
- (e) rent from the sub-lease of land or a building;
- (f) income from the lease of any building together with plant or machinery;
- <sup>5</sup>[(fa) income from provision of amenities, utilities or any other service connected with renting of building;]
  - (g) any annuity or pension;
  - (h) any prize bond, or winnings from a raffle, lottery<sup>6</sup>[, prize on winning a quiz, prize offered by companies for promotion of sale] or cross-word puzzle;
  - any other amount received as consideration for the provision, use or exploitation of property, including from the grant of a right to explore for, or exploit, natural resources;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "Dividends" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "royalties" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

- (j) the fair market value of any benefit, whether convertible to money or not, received in connection with the provision, use or exploitation of property; <sup>1</sup>[]
- (k) any amount received by a person as consideration for vacating the possession of a building or part thereof, reduced by any amount paid by the person to acquire possession of such building or part thereof; <sup>2</sup>[]
- <sup>3</sup>[(I) any amount received by a person from Approved Income Payment Plan or Approved Annuity Plan under Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005<sup>4</sup>[; <sup>5</sup>[]]
- <sup>6</sup>[(Ia) subject to sub-section (3), any amount or fair market value of any property received without consideration or received as gift, other than gift received from <sup>7</sup>[relative as defined in sub-section (5) of section 85] ]<sup>8</sup>[; and]
- <sup>9</sup>[(lb) income arising to the shareholder of a company, from the issuance of bonus shares;]

<sup>10</sup>[<sup>11</sup>[]]

(2) Where a person receives an amount referred to in clause (k) of subsection (1), the amount shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" in the tax year in which it was received and the following nine tax years in equal proportion.

(3) Subject to sub-section (4), any amount received as a loan, advance, deposit <sup>12</sup>[for issuance of shares] or gift by a person in <sup>13</sup>[a tax year]from another person (not being a banking company or financial institution) otherwise than by a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The "full stop" substituted by word ";and" by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New clause (Ia) inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The expression "grandparents, parents, spouse, brother, sister, son or a daughter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Full stop substituted with a semi-colon and the word "and" added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clause added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Clause (m) added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Clause (m) omitted by the Finance Act, 2018,the omitted clause(m) reads as follows:-"(m) income arising to the shareholder of a company, from the issuance of bonus shares"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The words "an income year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

crossed cheque drawn on a bank or through a banking channel from a person holding a National Tax Number <sup>1</sup>[] shall be treated as income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" for the tax year in which it was received.

(4) Sub-section (3) shall not apply to an advance payment for the sale of goods or supply of services.

<sup>2</sup>[(4A) Where —

- (a) any profit on debt derived from investment in National Savings Deposit Certificates including Defence Savings Certificate paid to a person in arrears or the amount received includes profit chargeable to tax in the tax year or years preceding the tax year in which it is received; and
- (b) as a result the person is chargeable at higher rate of tax than would have been applicable if the profit had been paid to the person in the tax year to which it relates,

the person may, by notice in writing to the Commissioner, elect for the profit to be taxed at the rate of tax that would have been applicable if the profit had been paid to the person in the tax year to which it relates.]

<sup>3</sup>[(4B) An election under sub-section (4A) shall be made by the due date for furnishing the person's return of income for the tax year in which the amount was received or by such later date as the Commissioner may allow by an order in writing.]

(5) This section shall not apply to any income received by a person in a tax year that is chargeable to tax under any other head of income or subject to tax under section  $^{4}$ [5, 5AA, 6, 7 or 7B].

5[]

**40.** Deductions in computing income chargeable under the head "Income from Other Sources".— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, in computing the income of a person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" for a tax year, a deduction shall be allowed for any expenditure paid by the person in the year to the extent to which the expenditure is paid in deriving income chargeable to tax under that head, other than expenditure of a capital nature.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "Card" omitted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "5, 6 or 7" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Sub-section (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (6) read as follows: "(6) Expenditure is of a capital nature if it has a normal useful life of more than one year."

(2) A person receiving any profit on debt chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" shall be allowed a deduction for any Zakat paid by the person <sup>1</sup>[] under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), at the time the profit is paid to the person.

(3) A person receiving income referred to in clause 2[ ] (f) of sub-section (1) of section 39 chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" shall be allowed —

- (a) a deduction for the depreciation of any plant, machinery or building used to derive that income in accordance with section 22; and
- (b) an initial allowance for any plant or machinery used to derive that income in accordance with section 23.

(4) No deduction shall be allowed to a person under this section to the extent that the expenditure is deductible in computing the income of the person under another head of income.

(5) The provisions of section 21 shall apply in determining the deductions allowed to a person under this section in the same manner as they apply in determining the deductions allowed in computing the income of the person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business".

<sup>3</sup>[(6) Expenditure is of a capital nature if it has a normal useful life of more than one year.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "on the profit" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  The brackets, letter and word "(e) or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

# **PART VII** EXEMPTIONS AND TAX CONCESSIONS

**41. Agricultural income.** — (1) Agricultural income derived by a person shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

- (2) In this section, "agricultural income" means, -
  - (a) any rent or revenue derived by a person from land which is situated in Pakistan and is used for agricultural purposes;
  - (b) any income derived by a person from land situated in Pakistan from
    - (i) agriculture;
    - the performance by a cultivator or receiver of rent-in-kind of any process ordinarily employed by such person to render the produce raised or received by the person fit to be taken to market; or
    - the sale by a cultivator or receiver of rent-in-kind of the produce raised or received by such person, in respect of which no process has been performed other than a process of the nature described in sub-clause (ii); or
  - (c) any income derived by a person from -
    - (i) any building owned and occupied by the receiver of the rent or revenue of any land described in clause (a) or (b);
    - (ii) any building occupied by the cultivator, or the receiver of rent-in-kind, of any land in respect of which, or the produce of which, any operation specified in sub-clauses
       (ii) or (iii) of clause (b) is carried on,

but only where the building is on, or in the immediate vicinity of the land and is a building which the receiver of the rent or revenue, or the cultivator, or the receiver of the rent-in-kind by reason of the person's connection with the land, requires as a dwelling-house, a store-house, or other out-building. **42. Diplomatic and United Nations exemptions.** — (1) The income of an individual entitled to privileges under the Diplomatic and Consular Privileges Act, 1972 (IX of 1972) shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance to the extent provided for in that Act.

(2) The income of an individual entitled to privileges under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1948 (XX of 1948), shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance to the extent provided for in that Act.

(3) Any pension received by a person, being a citizen of Pakistan, by virtue of the person's former employment in the United Nations or its specialised agencies (including the International Court of Justice) provided the person's salary from such employment was exempt under this Ordinance.

**43.** Foreign government officials.— Any salary received by an employee of a foreign government as remuneration for services rendered to such government shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance provided —

- (a) the employee is a citizen of the foreign country and not a citizen of Pakistan;
- (b) the services performed by the employee are of a character similar to those performed by employees of the Federal Government in foreign countries; <sup>1</sup>[and]
- (c) the foreign government grants a similar exemption to employees of the Federal Government performing similar services in such foreign country<sup>2</sup>[.]
- <sup>3</sup>[]

**44.** Exemptions under international agreements.— (1) Any Pakistan-source income which Pakistan is not permitted to tax under a tax treaty shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

(2) Any salary received by an individual (not being a citizen of Pakistan) shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance to the extent provided for in an Aid Agreement between the Federal Government and a foreign government or public international organization, where –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The comma and word ",and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (d) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (d) read as under: "(d) the income is subject to tax in that foreign country."

- the individual is either <sup>1</sup>[not a resident] individual or a resident individual solely by reason of the performance of services under the Aid Agreement;
- (b) if the Aid Agreement is with a foreign country, the individual is a citizen of that country; and
- (c) the salary is paid by the foreign government or public international organisation out of funds or grants released as aid to Pakistan in pursuance of such Agreement.

(3) Any income received by <sup>2</sup>[any person] engaged as a contractor, consultant, or expert on a project in Pakistan shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance to the extent provided for in a bilateral or multilateral <sup>3</sup>[] agreement between the Federal Government and a foreign government or public international organisation, where —

- (a) the project is financed out of grant funds in accordance with the agreement;
- (b) the person is either a non-resident person or a resident person solely by reason of the performance of services under the agreement; and
- (c) the income is paid out of the funds of the grant in pursuance of the agreement.

<sup>4</sup>[(4) Federal Government may, in respect of an official development assistance financed loans and grants-in-aid, subject to such conditions and limitations as it may specify, exempt income of any person on a case to case basis through a notification in the official Gazette.]

<sup>5</sup>[44A. Exemption under Foreign Investment (Promotion and Protection) Act, 2022 (XXXV of 2022). – (1) Taxes on income (including capital gains), advance tax, withholding taxes, minimum and final taxes under this Ordinance shall, for the period and to the extent provided in the Second and Third Schedules to the Foreign Investment (Promotion and Protection) Act, 2022 (XXXV of 2022) in respect of qualified investment as specified at Sr. No.1 of the First Schedule to the said Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "a non-resident" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "a person (not being a citizen of Pakistan)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "technical assistance" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (4) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 44A inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

or investors, be exempt or subject to tax at the rate and in the manner specified under the said Act.

(2) All investors and shareholders of the qualified investment, their associates and companies specified in the Second and Third Schedules to the said Act including third party lenders on account of any loan shall also be exempt from taxes and other provisions of this Ordinance or subject to tax at the rate and in the manner specified under the said Act for the period and to the extent provided in the Second and Third Schedules to the said Act.

(3) Provisions of this Ordinance relating to Anti-Avoidance, for the period and to the extent specified in the said Act including sections 106, 106A, 108, 109 and 109A, shall not apply to the persons and amounts mentioned in sub-sections (1) and (2).

(4) Rates of depreciation, initial allowance and pre-commencement expenditure under sections 22, 23 and 25 as on the 20th day of March, 2022 shall continue to be applicable for thirty years as provided in the Third Schedule to the said Act in respect of persons mentioned in sub-sections (1) and (2).

(5) For the purpose of this section, the terms defined under the Second and Third Schedules to the said Act shall apply mutatis mutandis to this Ordinance.]

**45. President's honours.**— (1) Any allowance attached to any Honour, Award, or Medal awarded to a person by the President of Pakistan shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

(2) Any monetary award granted to a person by the President of Pakistan shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

**46. Profit on debt.**— Any profit received by a non-resident person on a security issued by a resident person shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance where—

- (a) the persons are not associates;
- (b) the security was widely issued by the resident person outside Pakistan for the purposes of raising a loan outside Pakistan for use in a business carried on by the person in Pakistan;
- (c) the profit was paid outside Pakistan; and
- (d) the security is approved by the <sup>1</sup>[Board] for the purposes of this section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

**47. Scholarships.**— Any scholarship granted to a person to meet the cost of the person's education shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance, other than where the scholarship is paid directly or indirectly by an associate.

**48.** Support payments under an agreement to live apart.—<sup>1</sup>[Any income received by a spouse as support payment under an agreement to live apart] shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

**49.** Federal <sup>2</sup>[Government,] Provincial Government, and <sup>3</sup>[Local Government] income.— (1) The income of the Federal Government shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

(2) The income of a Provincial Government or a <sup>4</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance, other than income chargeable under the head "Income from Business" derived by a Provincial Government or <sup>5</sup>[Local Government] from a business carried on outside its jurisdictional area.

<sup>6</sup>[(3) Subject to sub-section (2), any payment received by the Federal Government, a Provincial Government or a <sup>7</sup>[Local Government] shall not be liable to any collection or deduction of advance tax.]

<sup>8</sup>[(4) Exemption under this section shall not be available in the case of corporation, company, a regulatory authority, a development authority, other body or institution established by or under a Federal law or a Provincial law or an existing law or a corporation, company, a regulatory authority, a development authority or other body or institution set up, owned and controlled, either directly or indirectly, by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government, regardless of the ultimate destination of such income as laid down in Article 165A of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan<sup>9</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Any support payment received by a spouse under an agreement to live apart" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Full stop substituted by a colon by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that the income from sale of spectrum licenses <sup>2</sup>[and renewal thereof] by Pakistan Telecommunication Authority on behalf of the Federal Government after the first day of March 2014 shall be treated as income of the Federal Government and not of the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority.]

**50.** Foreign-source income of short-term resident individuals.— (1) Subject to sub-section (2), the foreign-source income of an individual <sup>3</sup>[]—

- (a) who is a resident individual solely by reason of the individual's employment; and
- (b) who is present in Pakistan for a period or periods not exceeding three years,

shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

- (2) This section shall not apply to
  - (a) any income derived from a business of the person established in Pakistan; or
  - (b) any foreign-source income brought into or received in Pakistan by the person.

**51.** Foreign-source income of returning expatriates.— ${}^{4}[(1)]$  Any foreign-source income derived by a citizen of Pakistan in a tax year who was not a resident individual in any of the four tax years preceding the tax year in which the individual became a resident shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance in the tax year in which the individual became a resident individual and in the following tax year.

<sup>5</sup>[(2) Where a citizen of Pakistan leaves Pakistan during a tax year and remains abroad during that tax year, any income chargeable under the head "Salary" earned by him outside Pakistan during that year shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance.]

<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "and renewal thereof" inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The brackets and words "(other than a citizen of Pakistan)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section **51** numbered as sub-section (1) of section **51** by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 52 omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted section 52 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;52. Non-resident shipping and airline enterprises.- (1) Subject to sub-section (2), any income of a nonresident person, for the time being approved by the Federal Government for the purpose of this section,

**53.** Exemptions and tax concessions in the Second Schedule.—(1) The income or classes of income, or persons or classes of persons specified in the Second Schedule shall be —

- (a) exempt from tax under this Ordinance, subject to any conditions and to the extent specified therein;
- (b) subject to tax under this Ordinance at such rates, which are less than the rates specified in the First Schedule, as are specified therein;
- (c) allowed a reduction in tax liability under this Ordinance, subject to any conditions and to the extent specified therein; or
- (d) exempted from the operation of any provision of this Ordinance, subject to any conditions and to the extent specified therein.

## <sup>1</sup>[]

(2) The <sup>2</sup>[Federal Government or the] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[Board with the approval of the Federal Minister-in-charge may, from time to time, pursuant to the approval of the Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet] whenever circumstances exist to take immediate action for the purposes of national security, natural disaster, national food security in emergency situations, protection of national economic interests in situations arising out of abnormal fluctuation in international commodity prices, <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[,] implementation of bilateral and multilateral agreements

from the operation of ships and aircraft in international traffic shall be exempt from tax under this Ordinance, other than income from ships and aircraft operated principally to transport passengers, livestock, mail, or goods exclusively between places in Pakistan.

<sup>(2)</sup> Sub-section (1) shall not apply to a non-resident person where the person's country of residence does not allow a similar exemption to a resident of Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (1A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (1A) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1A) Where any income which is exempt from tax under any provision of the Second Schedule, such income, as may be specified in the said Schedule and subject to such conditions as may be specified therein, shall be included in the total income, however the tax shall not be payable in respect of such income."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> the expression "Federal Government" substituted by Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "Board with the approval of Federal Minister-in-charge may, from time to time pursuant to the approval of the Economic Coordination Committee of Cabinet, " substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words "Federal Government may" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "removal of anomalies in taxes, development of backward areas" omitted by Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[or granting an exemption from any tax imposed under this Ordinance including a reduction in the rate of tax imposed under this Ordinance or a reduction in tax liability under this Ordinance or an exemption from the operation of any provision of this Ordinance to any international financial institution or foreign Government owned financial institution operating under an agreement, memorandum of understanding or any other arrangement with the Government of Pakistan] ], by notification in the official Gazette, make such amendment in the Second Schedule by —

- (a) adding any clause or condition therein;
- (b) omitting any clause or condition therein; or
- (c) making any change in any clause or condition therein,

as the Government may think fit, and all such amendments shall have effect in respect of any tax year beginning on any date before or after the commencement of the financial year in which the notification is issued.

(3) The Federal Government shall place before the National Assembly all amendments made by it to the Second Schedule in a financial year.

<sup>2</sup>["(4) Any notification issued under sub-section (2) after the commencement of the Finance Act, 2015, shall, if not earlier rescinded, stand rescinded on the expiry of the financial year in which it was issued<sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>4</sup>[Provided that all such notifications, except those earlier rescinded, shall be deemed to have been in force with effect from the first day of July, 2016 and shall continue to be in force till the thirtieth day of June, 2018, if not earlier rescinded:

Provided further that all notifications issued on or after the first day of July, 2016 and placed before the National Assembly as required under subsection (3) shall continue to remain in force till the thirtieth day of June, 2018, if not earlier rescinded by the Federal Government or the National Assembly.]

**54.** Exemptions and tax provisions in other laws.—No provision in any other law providing for —

(a) an exemption from any tax imposed under this Ordinance;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

- (b) a reduction in the rate of tax imposed under this Ordinance;
- (c) a reduction in tax liability of any person under this Ordinance; or
- (d) an exemption from the operation of any provision of this Ordinance,

shall have legal effect unless also provided for in this Ordinance <sup>1</sup>[.]

# ²[ ]

**55.** Limitation of exemption.— (1) Where any income is exempt from tax under this Ordinance, the exemption shall be, in the absence of a specific provision to the contrary contained in this Ordinance, limited to the original recipient of that income and shall not extend to any person receiving any payment wholly or in part out of that income.

3[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that any exemption from income tax or a reduction in the rate of tax or a reduction in tax liability of any person or an exemption from the operation of any provision of this Ordinance provided in any other law and in force on the commencement of this Ordinance shall continue to be available unless withdrawn."

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. Omitted sub-section (2) read as follows: -

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Where a person's income from business is exempt from tax under this Ordinance as a result of a tax concession, any loss sustained in the period of the exemption shall not be set off against the person's income chargeable to tax after the exemption expires."

# PART VIII LOSSES

**56.** Set off of losses.— (1) Subject to sections 58 and 59, where a person sustains a loss for any tax year under any head of income specified in section 11, the person shall be entitled to have the amount of the loss set off against the person's income, if any, chargeable to tax under any other head of income <sup>1</sup>[except income under the head salary <sup>2</sup>[]] for the year.

(2) Except as provided in this Part, where a person sustains a loss under a head of income for a tax year that cannot be set off under sub-section (1), the person shall not be permitted to carry the loss forward to the next tax year.

(3) Where,<sup>3</sup>[in a tax year,]a person sustains a loss under the head "Income from Business" and a loss under another head of income, the loss under the head "Income from Business shall be set off last.

<sup>4</sup>[56A. Set off of losses of companies operating hotels.— Subject to sections 56 and 57, where a <sup>5</sup>[public company as defined in the Companies Act, 2017 and] registered in Pakistan <sup>6</sup>[,Gilgit-Baltistan] or Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJ&K), operating hotels in Pakistan <sup>7</sup>[,Gilgit-Baltistan] or AJ&K, sustains a loss in Pakistan <sup>8</sup>[,Gilgit-Baltistan] or AJ&K for any tax year under the head "income from business" shall be entitled to have the amount of the loss set off against the company's income in Pakistan <sup>9</sup>[,Gilgit-Baltistan] or AJ&K, as the case may be, from the tax year 2007 <sup>10</sup>[onward].

**57.** Carry forward of business losses.—(1) Where a person sustains a loss for a tax year under the head "Income from Business" (other than a loss to which <sup>11</sup>[sub-section (4) or] section 58 applies) and the loss cannot be wholly set off under section 56, so much of the loss that has not been set off shall be carried forward

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "or income from property" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>After word "Pakistan" the expression ", Gilgit-Baltistan" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>After word "Pakistan" the expression ", Gilgit-Baltistan" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>After word "Pakistan" the expression ", Gilgit-Baltistan" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>After word "Pakistan" the expression ", Gilgit-Baltistan" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The word "onward" substituted by the word "onward" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

to the following tax year and set off against the person's income chargeable under the head "Income from Business" for that year.

(2) If a loss sustained by a person for a tax year under the head "Income from Business" is not wholly set off under sub-section (1), then the amount of the loss not set off shall be carried forward to the following tax year and applied as specified in sub-section (1) in that year, and so on, but no loss can be carried forward to more than six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was first computed.

<sup>1</sup>[(2A) Where a loss, referred to in sub-section (2), relating to any assessment year commencing on or after 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 1995, and ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2001, is sustained by a banking company wholly owned by the Federal Government as on first day of June, 2002, which is approved by the State Bank of Pakistan for the purpose of this sub-section, the said loss shall be carried forward for a period of ten years.]

 $^{2}$ [(2B) Where a loss, referred to in sub-section (2), relating to a tax year commencing on or after the first day of July, 2020 is sustained by a resident company engaged in the hotel business in Pakistan, the said loss shall be carried forward for a period of eight years.]

(3) Where a person has a loss carried forward under this section for more than one tax year, the loss of the earliest tax year shall be set off first.

<sup>3</sup>[(4) The loss attributable to deductions allowed under sections 22, 23, <sup>4</sup>[] 23B and 24 that has not been set off against income, the loss not set off shall be set off against fifty percent of the person's balance income chargeable under the head "income from business" after setting off loss under sub-section (1), in the following tax year and so on until completely set off:

Provided that such loss shall be set off against hundred percent of the said balance income if the taxable income for the year is less than ten million Rupees."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New sub-section (2B) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub Section (4) substituted by the finance Act 2018,the substituted subsection (4) is read as follows "(4) Where the loss referred to in sub-section (1) includes deductions allowed under sections 22, 23 <sup>3</sup>[23A, 23B] and 24 that have not been set off against income, the amount not set off shall be added to the deductions allowed under those sections in the following tax year, and so on until completely set off".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "23A" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

(5) In determining whether a person's deductions under sections 22, 23, <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[] 23B] and 24 have been set off against income, the deductions allowed under those sections shall be taken into account last.

<sup>3</sup>[**57A. Set off of business loss consequent to amalgamation.**—<sup>4</sup>[(1) The assessed loss (excluding capital loss) for the tax year, other than brought forward and capital loss, of the amalgamating company or companies shall be set off against business profits and gains of the amalgamated company, and vice versa, in the year of amalgamation and where the loss is not adjusted against the profits and gains for the tax year the unadjusted loss shall be carried forward for adjustment upto a period of six tax years succeeding the year of amalgamation.]

(2) The provisions of sub-section (4) and (5) of section 57 shall, <u>mutatis</u> <u>mutandis</u>, apply for the purposes of allowing unabsorbed depreciation of amalgamating company or companies in the assessment of amalgamated company <sup>5</sup>[and *vice* versa]<sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that the losses referred to in sub-section (1) and unabsorbed depreciation referred to in sub-section (2) shall be allowed set off subject to the condition that the amalgamated company continues the business of the amalgamating company for a minimum period of five years from the date of amalgamation.]

<sup>8</sup>[(2A).In case of amalgamation of Banking Company or Non-banking Finance Company, modarabas or insurance company, the accumulated loss under the head "Income from Business" (not being speculation business losses) of an amalgamating company or companies shall be set off or carried forward against the business profits and gains of the amalgamated company and *vice versa*, up to a period of six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year in which the loss was first computed in the case of amalgamated company or amalgamating company or companies:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "23A" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2007. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows: "(1) The accumulated loss under the head "Income from Business" (not being a loss to which section 58 applies) of an amalgamating company or companies shall be set off or carried forward against the business profits and gains of the amalgamated company and *vice versa*, up to a period of six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year in which the loss was first computed in the case of amalgamated company or amalgamating company or companies."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall in the case of Banking companies be applicable from July 1, 2007.]

(3) Where any of the conditions as laid down by the State Bank of Pakistan or the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan <sup>1</sup>[or any court], as the case may be, in the scheme of amalgamation, are not fulfilled, the set off of loss or allowance for depreciation made in any tax year of the amalgamated company <sup>2</sup>[or the amalgamating company or companies] shall be deemed to be the income of that amalgamated company <sup>3</sup>[or the amalgamating company or companies, as the case may be,] for the year in which such default is discovered by the Commissioner or taxation officer, and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.]

**58. Carry forward of speculation business losses.**—(1) Where a person sustains a loss for a tax year in respect of a speculation business carried on by the person (hereinafter referred to as a "speculation loss"), the loss shall be set off only against the income of the person from any other speculation business of the person chargeable to tax for that year.

(2) If a speculation loss sustained by a person for a tax year is not wholly set off under sub-section (1), then the amount of the loss not set off shall be carried forward to the following tax year and applied against the income of any speculation business of the person in that year and applied as specified in sub-section (1) in that year, and so on, but no speculation loss shall be carried forward to more than six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was first computed.

(3) Where a person has a loss carried forward under this section for more than one tax year, the loss of the earliest tax year shall be set off first.

**59. Carry forward of capital losses.**— (1) Where a person sustains a loss for a tax year under the head "Capital Gains" (hereinafter referred to as a "capital loss"), the loss shall not be set off against the person's income, if any, chargeable under any other head of income for the year, but shall be carried forward to the next tax year and set off against the capital gain, if any, chargeable under the head "Capital Gains" for that year.

(2) If a capital loss sustained by a person for a tax year under the head "Capital Gains" is not wholly set off under sub-section (1), then the amount of the loss not set off shall be carried forward to the following tax year, and so on, but no loss shall be carried forward to more than six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was first computed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

(3) Where a person has a loss carried forward under this section for more than one tax year, the loss of the earliest tax year shall be set off first.

### <sup>1</sup>[59A. Limitations on set off and carry forward of losses.—

- <sup>2</sup>[]
- <sup>3</sup>[]

(3) In case of association of persons <sup>4</sup>[any loss] shall be set off or carried forward and set off only against the income of the association.

(4) Nothing contained in section 56, 57, 58 or 59 shall entitle —

- (a) any member of an association of persons <sup>5</sup>[] to set off any loss sustained by such association of persons, as the case may be, or have it carried forward and set off, against his income; or
- (b) any person who has succeeded, in such capacity, any other person carrying on any business or profession, otherwise than by inheritance, to carry forward and set off against his income, any loss sustained by such other person.
- <sup>6</sup>[(5) Subject to sub-section (4) of section 57, sub-section (12) of section 22 and sub-section (6), where in computing the taxable income for any tax year, full effect cannot be given to the loss relating to deductions under section 22, 23, 24 or 25 owing to there being no profits or gains chargeable for that year or such profits or gains as mentioned in sub-section (4) of section 57, being less than the said loss, the loss or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) In case of an association of persons to which sub-section (3) of section 92 applies, any loss which cannot be set off against any other income of the association of persons in accordance with section 56, shall be dealt with as provided under sub-section (2) of section 93.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows:
 "(2) Nothing contained in section 57, section 58 or section 59 shall entitle an association of persons, to which sub-section (3) of section 92 applies to have its loss carried forward and set off thereunder.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words, figures, commas and brackets ", to which sub-section (3) of section 92 does not apply, any loss for such association" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words, figures, commas and brackets "to which sub-section (3) of section 92 does not apply," omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub section (5) substituted by the finance Act 2018, the substituted sub section (5) is read as follows "(5) Where in computing the taxable income for any tax year, full effect cannot be given to a deduction mentioned in section 22, 23, 24 or 25 owing to there being no profits or gains chargeable for that year or such profits or gains being less than the deduction, then, subject to sub-section (12) of section 22, and sub-section (6), the deduction or part of the deduction to which effect has not been given, as the case may be, shall be added to the amount of such deduction for the following year and be treated to be part of that deduction, or if there is no such deduction for that year, be treated to be the deduction for that year and so on for succeeding years."

part of the loss, as the case may be, shall be set off against fifty percent of the person's income chargeable under the head "income from business" for the following year or if there is no "income from business" for that year, be set off against fifty percent of the person's income chargeable under the head "income from business" for the next following year and soon for succeeding years.]

(6) Where, under sub-section (5), deduction is also to be carried forward, effect shall first be given to the provisions of section 56 and sub-section (2) of section 58.

(7) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, no loss which has not been assessed or determined in pursuance of an order made under section 59, 59A, 62, 63 or 65 of the repealed Ordinance or an order made or treated as made under section 120, 121 or 122 shall be carried forward and set off under section 57, sub-section (2)of section 58 or section 59.]

<sup>1</sup>**[59AA. Group taxation.—** (1) Holding companies and subsidiary companies of 100% owned group may opt to be taxed as one fiscal unit. In such cases, besides consolidated group accounts as required under the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], computation of income and tax payable shall be made for tax purposes.

(2) The companies in the group shall give irrevocable option for taxation under this section as one fiscal unit.

(3) The group taxation shall be restricted to companies locally incorporated under the <sup>3</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)].

(4) The relief under group taxation would not be available to losses prior to the formation of the group.

(5) The option of group taxation shall be available to those group companies which comply with such corporate governance requirements <sup>4</sup>[and group designation rules or regulations] as may be specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan from time to time and are designated as companies entitled to avail group taxation.

(6) Group taxation may be regulated through rules as may be made by the<sup>5</sup>[Board].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.
 <sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the word "Board" by the Finance Act. 2014.

<sup>1</sup>**[59B. Group relief.—** (1) Subject to sub-section (2), any company, being a subsidiary <sup>2</sup>[or] a holding company, may surrender its assessed loss<sup>3</sup>["as computed in sub-section (1A)"] (excluding capital loss) for the tax year (other than brought forward losses and capital losses), in favour of its holding company or its subsidiary or between another subsidiary of the holding company:

Provided that where one of the company in the group is a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan, the holding company shall directly hold fifty-five per cent or more of the share capital of the subsidiary company. Where none of the companies in the group is a listed company, the holding company shall hold directly seventy-five per cent or more of the share capital of the subsidiary company.

<sup>4</sup>["(1A) The loss to be surrendered under sub-section (1) shall be allowed as per following formula, namely:-

### (A/100) x B

where---

- A is the percentage share capital held by the holding company of its subsidiary company; and
- **B** is the assessed loss of the subsidiary company."]

(2) The loss surrendered by the subsidiary company may be claimed by the holding company for set off against its income under the head "income from Business" in the tax year and the following two tax years subject to the following conditions, namely:-

- there is continued ownership of share capital of the subsidiary company to the extent of seventy-five per cent or more for five years; and
- (b) the subsidiary company continues the same business during the said period of five years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 59B substituted by the Finance Act, 2007. The substituted section 59B read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;59B. Group Relief.-** (1) Subject to sub-section (2), any company, being a subsidiary of a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan, owning and managing an industrial undertaking or an undertaking engaged in providing services, may surrender its assessed loss for the tax year other than brought forward losses, in favour of its holding company provided such holding company owns or acquires seventy-five per cent or more of the share capital of the subsidiary company.

<sup>(3)</sup> The subsidiary company shall not be allowed to surrender its assessed losses for set off against income of the holding company for more than three tax years.

<sup>(4)</sup> Where the losses surrendered by a subsidiary company are not adjusted against income of the holding company in the said three tax years, the subsidiary company shall carry forward the unadjusted losses in accordance with the provision of section 57.

<sup>(5)</sup> If there has been any disposal of shares by the holding company during the aforesaid period of five years to bring the ownership of the holding company to less than seventy-five per cent, the holding company shall, in the year of disposal, offer the amount of profit on which taxes have not been paid due to set off of losses surrendered by the subsidiary company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "of" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

(2) The loss surrendered by the subsidiary company may be claimed by the holding company or a subsidiary company for set off against its income under the head "Income from Business" in the tax year and the following two tax years subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- there is continued ownership for five years, of share capital of the subsidiary company to the extent of fifty-five per cent in the case of a listed company, or seventy-five per cent or more, in the case of other companies;
- (b) a company within the group engaged in the business of trading shall not be entitled to avail group relief;
- (c) holding company, being a private limited company with seventyfive per cent of ownership of share capital gets itself listed within three years from the year in which loss is claimed;
- (d) the group companies are locally incorporated companies under the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)];
- (e) the loss surrendered and loss claimed under this section shall have approval of the Board of Directors of the respective companies;
- (f) the subsidiary company continues the same business during the said period of three years;
- (g) all the companies in the group shall comply with such corporate governance requirements <sup>2</sup>[and group designation rules or regulations] as may be specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan from time to time, and are designated as companies entitled to avail group relief; and
- (h) any other condition as may be prescribed.

(3) The subsidiary company shall not be allowed to surrender its assessed losses for set off against income of the holding company for more than three tax years.

(4) Where the losses surrendered by a subsidiary company are not adjusted against income of the holding company in the said three tax years, the subsidiary company shall carry forward the unadjusted losses in accordance with section 57.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. <sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

(5) If there has been any disposal of shares by the holding company during the aforesaid period of five years to bring the ownership of the holding company to less than fifty-five per cent or seventy-five per cent, as the case may be, the holding company shall, in the year of disposal, offer the amount of profit on which taxes have not been paid due to set off of losses surrendered by the subsidiary company.

(6) Loss claiming company shall, with the approval of the Board of Directors, transfer cash to the loss surrendering company equal to the amount of tax payable on the profits to be set off against the acquired loss at the applicable tax rate. The transfer of cash would not be taken as a taxable event in the case of either of the two companies.

(7) The transfer of shares between companies and the share holders, in one direction, would not be taken as a taxable event provided the transfer is to acquire share capital for formation of the group and approval of the Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan or State Bank of Pakistan, as the case may be, has been obtained in this effect. Sale and purchase from third party would be taken as taxable event.]

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

(A/I00) x B

where—

(7) For the purposes of this section, -

Section 59C shall be omitted and shall be deemed to have been omitted with effect from 2<sup>nd</sup> March, 2022 through Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>59</sup>C. Carry forward of business losses of sick industrial units.-** (I) Subject to sub-section (2), where a company hereinafter referred to as acquiring company, acquires under a scheme of acquisition majority share capital of another company being a sick industrial unit, hereinafter referred to as acquired company, the acquiring company shall be entitled to adjust loss for the latest tax year and brought forward assessed business losses excluding capital loss of the acquired company subject to provisions of section 57 for a period of three years.

<sup>(2)</sup> Sub-section (I) shall apply subject to the following conditions, namely:- (a) there is continued ownership for five years starting from the 30th June, 2023 and there is no change in share capital of the acquiring company;

<sup>(</sup>b) the assets of the acquired company shall not be sold upto the 30" June, 2026; and

<sup>(</sup>c) the acquired company continues the same business till the 30th June, 2026.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where the losses surrendered by the acquired company are not adjusted against income of the acquiring company in the said three tax years, the acquired company shall carry forward the unadjusted losses in accordance with section 57.

<sup>(4)</sup> The loss of the acquired company referred to in sub-section (1) shall be adjusted against income under the head "income from business" of the acquiring company as per following formula, namely:-

A is the percentage share capital held by the acquiring company of the acquired company; and B is the loss of the acquired company referred to in sub-section (I).

<sup>(5)</sup> If the acquiring company fails to revive the acquired company by tax year 2026, the acquiring company shall, in tax year 2027 offer the amount of profit on which taxes have not been paid due to set off of losses surrendered by the acquired company.

<sup>(6)</sup> For the removal of doubt, this section shall not apply to any scheme of amalgamation or merger.

## PART IX DEDUCTIBLE ALLOWANCES

**60. Zakat.**— (1) A person shall be entitled to a deductible allowance for the amount of any Zakat paid by the person in a tax year under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

(2) Sub-section (1) does not apply to any Zakat taken into account under sub-section (2) of section 40.

(3) Any allowance or part of an allowance under this section for a tax year that is not able to be deducted under section 9 for the year shall not be refunded, carried forward to a subsequent tax year, or carried back to a preceding tax year.

<sup>1</sup>**[60A. Workers' Welfare Fund.**— A person shall be entitled to a deductible allowance for the amount of any Workers' Welfare Fund paid by the person in tax year under Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (XXXVI of 1971) <sup>2</sup>[or under any law relating to the Workers' Welfare Fund enacted by Provinces after the eighteenth Constitutional amendment Act, 2010:

Provided that this section shall not apply in respect of any amount of Workers' Welfare Fund paid to the Provinces by a trans-provincial establishment.]

<sup>3</sup>[60B. Workers' Participation Fund.— A person shall be entitled to a deductible allowance for the amount of any Workers' Participation Fund paid by the person in a tax year in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Profit (Workers' Participation) Act, 1968 (XII of 1968) <sup>4</sup>[or under any law relating to the Workers' Profit Participation Fund enacted by Provinces after the eighteenth Constitutional amendment Act, 2010:

<sup>(</sup>a) a sick industrial unit referred to as acquired company in sub-section (I), shall be deemed to be revived if the said company attains maximum production capacity that was obtained before the industrial unit vent sick:

Provided that the acquired company produces a certificate to the effect that it stands revived, duly issued by Engineering Development Board, along with the return of income filed for tax year 2026.

<sup>(</sup>b) "sick industrial unit" means a company being an industrial undertaking, which -

<sup>(</sup>i) has accumulated losses, for a continuous period of three years prior to the I" July, 2022, equal to or exceeding its entire capital and reserves at the time of acquisition, as the ease may be; or

<sup>(</sup>ii) has defaulted towards repayment of outstanding debts owing to banking companies or nonbanking financial institutions for a consecutive period of three years immediately before acquisition, as the case may be, or

<sup>(</sup>iii) has been declared as such by the Federal Government in a notification published in the official Gazette.";

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

Provided that this section shall not apply in respect of any amount of Workers' Profit Participation Fund paid to the province by a trans-provincial establishment.]

# <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[60D. Deductible allowance for education expenses.— (1) Every individual shall be entitled to a deductible allowance in respect of tuition fee paid by the individual in a tax year provided that the taxable income of the individual is less than one <sup>4</sup>[and a half]million rupees.

(2) The amount of an individual's deductible allowance allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall not exceed the lesser of —

- (a) five per cent of the total tuition fee paid by the individual referred to in sub-section (1) in the year;
- (b) twenty-five per cent of the person's taxable income for the year; and
- (c) an amount computed by multiplying sixty thousand with number of children of the individual.

(3) Any allowance or part of an allowance under this section for a tax year that is not able to be deducted for the year shall not be carried forward to a subsequent tax year.

(4) Allowance under this section shall be allowed against the tax liability of either of the parents making payment of the feeon furnishing national tax number (NTN) or name of the educational institution.

(5) Allowance under this section shall not be taken into account for computation of tax deduction under section 149.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 64A is re-numbered by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 60C omitted by Finance Act, 2022 . Omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;60C. Deductible allowance for profit on debt.**— (1) Every individual shall be entitled to a deductible allowance for the amount of any profit or share in rent and share in appreciation for value of house paid by the individual in a tax year on a loan by a scheduled bank or non-banking finance institution regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan or advanced by Government or the Local Government, Provincial Government or a statutory body or a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan where the individual utilizes the loan for the construction of a new house or the acquisition of a house.

<sup>(2)</sup> The amount of an individual's deductible allowance allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall not exceed fifty percent of taxable income or <sup>2</sup>["two"] million rupees, whichever is lower.

<sup>(3)</sup> Any allowance or part of an allowance under this section for a tax year that is not able to be deducted for the year shall not be carried forward to a subsequent tax year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 64AB is re-numbered by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

# PART X TAX CREDITS

**61. Charitable donations.**—<sup>1</sup>[(1) A person shall be entitled to a tax credit in respect of any sum paid, or any property given by the person in the tax year as a donation  ${}^{2}$ [, voluntary contribution or subscription] to —

- (a) any board of education or any university in Pakistan established by, or under, a Federal or a Provincial law;
- (b) any educational institution, hospital or relief fund established or run in Pakistan by Federal Government or a Provincial Government or a<sup>3</sup>[Local Government]; or
- (c) any non-profit organization <sup>4</sup>[or any person eligible for tax credit under section 100C of this Ordinance; or
- (d) entities, organizations and funds mentioned in the Thirteenth Schedule to this Ordinance.]

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:—

### (A/B) x C

where —

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;
- **B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and
- **C** is the lesser of
  - (a) the total amount of the person's donations referred to in subsection (1) in the year, including the fair market value of any property given; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) A person shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year in respect of any amount paid, or property given by the person in the tax year as a donation to a non-profit organization."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (b) where the person is
  - (i) an individual or association of persons, thirty per cent of the taxable income of the person for the year; or
  - (ii) a company, <sup>1</sup>[twenty] per cent of the taxable income of the person for the year <sup>2</sup>[:

Provided that where any sum is paid or any property is given to an associate by a donor, clause (b) of component C shall be, in the case of -

- (i) an individual or association of persons, fifteen percent of the taxable income of the person for the year; or
- (ii) a company, ten percent of the taxable income of the person for the year.]

(3) For the purposes of clause (a) of component C of the formula in subsection (2), the fair market value of any property given shall be determined at the time it is given.

(4) A cash amount paid by a person as a donation shall be taken into account under clause (a) of component  $C^{3}$ [of]sub-section (2) only if it was paid by a crossed cheque drawn on a bank.

<sup>4</sup>[(5) The <sup>5</sup>[Board] may make rules regulating the procedure of the grant of approval under sub-clause (c) of clause (36) of section 2 and any other matter connected with, or incidental to, the operation of this section.]

<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>6</sup>Section 62 substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted section 62 read as follows:

**"62. Investment in shares.—** (1) A person <sup>6</sup>[other than a company] shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year in respect of the cost of acquiring in the year new shares offered to the public by a public company listed on a stock exchange in Pakistan where the person <sup>6</sup>[other than a company] is the original allottee of the shares or the shares are acquired from the Privatization Commission of Pakistan.

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### (A/B) x C

where -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "fifteen" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by colon and thereafter new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;

**B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and

- <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- c is the lesser of
  - (a) the total cost of acquiring the shares referred to in sub-section (1) in the year;
  - (b) ten per cent of the person's <sup>6</sup>[taxable] income for the year; or
  - (c) <sup>6</sup>[<sup>6</sup>[three] hundred] thousand rupees.
  - (3) Where -
    - (a) a person has <sup>6</sup>[been allowed] a tax credit under sub-section (1) in a tax year in respect of the purchase of a share; and
    - (b) the person has made a disposal of the share within twelve months of the date of acquisition,

the amount of tax payable by the person for the tax year in which the shares were disposed of shall be increased by the amount of the credit allowed."

### <sup>1</sup> Section 62 omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. Omitted section read as follows:

**"62. Tax credit for investment in shares and insurance.** — (1) A resident person other than a company shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year either—

- (i) in respect of the cost of acquiring in the year new shares offered to the public by a public company listed on a stock exchange in Pakistan, provided the resident person is the original allottee of the shares or the shares are acquired from the Privatization Commission of Pakistan;<sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>1</sup>[(ia) in respect of cost of acquiring in the tax year, sukuks offered to the public by a public company listed and traded on stock exchange in Pakistan, provided the resident person is the original allottee of the sukuks; <sup>1</sup>[]]
- <sup>1</sup>[(ib) in respect of cost of acquiring in the tax year, unit of exchange traded fund offered to public and traded on stock exchange in Pakistan; or]
- (ii) in respect of any life insurance premium paid on a policy to a life insurance company registered by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), provided the resident person is deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "salary" or "income from business<sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that where tax credit has been allowed under this clause and subsequently the insurance policy is surrendered within two years of its acquisition, the tax credit allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, shall recompute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant tax years and the provisions of this Ordinance, shall, so far as may, apply accordingly.]

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### (A/B) x C

where---

С

- is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;
- is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and

#### B is the lesser of

Δ

- the total cost of acquiring the shares,<sup>1</sup>[or sukuks], or the total contribution or premium paid by the person referred to in sub-section (1) in the year;
- (b) <sup>1</sup>[twenty] per cent of the person's taxable income for the year; or
- (c)  $1[]^{1}[]^{1}[$ two] million rupees].
- (3) Where -
  - (a) a person has been allowed a tax credit under sub-section (1) in a tax year in respect of the purchase of a share; and
  - (b) the person has made a disposal of the share within <sup>1</sup>[twenty-four] months of the date of acquisition, the amount of tax payable by the person for the tax year in which the shares were disposed of shall be increased by the amount of the credit allowed."

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[63. Contribution to an Approved Pension Fund.— (1) An eligible person as defined in sub-section (19A) of section 2 deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Salary" or the head "Income from Business" shall be entitled to a tax credit for a

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

(A/B) x C

where---

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of tax credit under this section;
- **B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and
- **C** is the lesser of
  - (a) the total contribution or premium paid by the person referred to in sub-section
     (1) in the year;
    - (a) five per cent of the person's taxable income for the year; and
  - (b) one hundred<sup>2</sup>[and fifty] thousand rupees."

<sup>3</sup> Section 63 substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The original section 63 read as follows:

**"63. Retirement annuity scheme. –** (1) Subject to sub-section (3), a resident individual deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "Salary" or the head "Income from Business" shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year in respect of any contribution or premium paid in the year by the person under a contract of annuity scheme approved by, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan] of an insurance company duly registered under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), having its main object the provision to the person of an annuity in old age.

(2) The amount of a resident individual's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: –

#### (A/B) x C

where -

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;
- B is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and
- **C** is the lesser of
  - the total contribution or premium referred to in sub-section (1) paid by the individual in the year;
  - (b) ten per cent of the person's taxable income for the tax year; or
  - (c) two hundred thousand rupees.

(3) A person shall not be entitled to a tax credit under sub-section (1) in respect of a contract of annuity which provides –

- (a) for the payment during the life of the person of any amount besides an annuity;
- (b) for the annuity payable to the person to commence before the person attains the age of sixty years;
- (c) that the annuity is capable, in whole or part, of surrender, commutation, or assignment; or for payment of the annuity outside Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 62A omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;62A. Tax credit for investment in health insurance.**— (1) A resident person  ${}^{2}$ [] other than a company shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year in respect of any health insurance premium or contribution paid to any insurance company registered by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), provided the resident person  ${}^{2}$ [] is deriving income chargeable to tax under the head "salary" or "income from business".

tax year in respect of any contribution or premium paid in the year by the person in approved pension fund under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005.

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### (A/B) x C

Where.-

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year, before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;
- **B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and
- **C** is the lesser of
  - (i) the total contribution or premium referred to in sub-section (1) paid by the person in the year; or
  - (ii) twenty per cent of the <sup>1</sup>[eligible] person's taxable income for the relevant tax year; Provided that <sup>2</sup>[an eligible person] joining the pension fund at the age of forty-one years or above, during the first ten years <sup>3</sup>[starting from July1, 2006] shall be allowed additional contribution of 2% per annum for each year of age exceeding forty years. Provided further that the total contribution allowed to such person shall not exceed 50% of the total taxable income of the preceding year <sup>4</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[:]]

<sup>6</sup>["Provided also that the additional contribution of two percent per annum for each year of age exceeding forty years shall be allowed upto the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2019 subject to the condition that the total contribution allowed to such person shall not exceed thirty percent of the total taxable income of the preceding year."]

7[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "a person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words, figure and commas "of the notification of the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005," substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The semi-colon and the word "or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (iii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2011. The omitted clause (iii) read as follows: "(iii) five hundred thousand rupees."

<sup>1</sup>[(3) The transfer by the members of approved employment pension or annuity scheme or approved occupational saving scheme of their existing balance to their individual pension accounts maintained with one or more pension fund managers shall not qualify for tax credit under this section.]

<sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

<sup>6</sup>**[64B. Tax credit for employment generation by manufacturers**.—(1) Where a taxpayer being a company formed for establishing and operating a new manufacturing unit sets up a new manufacturing unit between the 1st day of July, 2015 and the 30th day of June, <sup>7</sup>["2019"], (both days inclusive) it shall be given a tax credit for a period of ten years.

(2) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:—

#### (A/B) x C

where -

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit under this Part;
- **B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year; and
- c is the lesser of -
  - (a) the total profit referred to in sub-section (1) paid by the person in the year;
  - (b) <sup>2</sup>[fifty] per cent of the person's <sup>2</sup>[taxable] income for the year; or
  - (c) <sup>2</sup>[seven hundred and fifty] thousand rupees.

(3) A person is not entitled to <sup>2</sup>[tax credit]under this section for any profit deductible under section 17."

<sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 64 omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. Omitted section read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;64. Profit on debt.**—<sup>2</sup>[(1) A person shall be entitled to a tax credit for a tax year in respect of any profit or share in rent and share in appreciation for value of house paid by the person in the year on a loan by a scheduled bank or non-banking finance institution regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan or advanced by Government or the<sup>2</sup>[Local Government] <sup>2</sup>[or a statutory body or a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan] where the person utilizes the loan for the construction of a new house or the acquisition of a house.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Section 64A is re-numbered as section 60C by Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Section 64AB is re-numbered as section 60D by Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The figure "2018" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

(2) The tax credit under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be equal to <sup>1</sup>["two"] percent of the tax payable for every fifty employees registered with The Employees Old Age Benefits Institution or the Employees Social Security Institutions of Provincial Governments during the tax year, subject to a maximum of ten percent of the tax payable.

- (3) Tax credit under this section shall be admissible where-
  - the company is incorporated and manufacturing unit is setup between the first day of July, 2015 and the 30th day of June, 2018, both days inclusive;
  - (b) employs more than fifty employees in a tax year registered with The Employees Old Age Benefits Institution and the Employees Social Security Institutions of Provincial Governments;
  - (c) manufacturing unit is managed by a company formed for operating the said manufacturing unit and registered under the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] and having its registered office in Pakistan; and
  - (d) the manufacturing unit is not established by the splitting up or reconstruction or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an undertaking established in Pakistan at any time before the1st July 2015.

(4) Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered, on the basis of documents or otherwise, by the Commissioner that any of the conditions specified in this section were not fulfilled, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.

(5) For the purposes of this section, a manufacturing unit shall be treated to have been setup on the date on which the manufacturing unit is ready to go into production, whether trial production or commercial production."]

### 3[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "one" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New sub-section 64C inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

### <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[64D. Tax credit for point of sale machine.—(1) Any person who is required to integrate with Board's computerized system for real time reporting of sale or receipt, shall be entitled to tax credit in respect of the amount invested in purchase of point of sale machine.

(2) The amount of tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year in which point of sale machine is installed, integrated and configured with the Board's computerized system shall be lesser of—

(a) amount actually invested in purchase of point of sale machine; or

(b) rupees one hundred and fifty thousand per machine.

(3) For the purpose of this section, the term point of sale machine means a machine meant for processing and recording the sale transactions for goods or services, either in cash or through credit and debit cards or online payments in an internet enabled environment.]

**65. Miscellaneous provisions relating to tax credits.**— (1) Where the person entitled to a tax credit under <sup>3</sup>[this]Part is a member of an association of persons to which sub-section (1) of section 92 applies, the following shall apply—

#### (Å/B) x C where-

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of tax credit under this section;
- **B** is the person's taxable income for the tax year, and
- **C** is the lessor of
  - (a) the annual salary paid to the freshly qualified graduates referred to in subsection (1) in the year; and
  - (b) five percent of the person's taxable income for the year;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 64C omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;64C. Tax credit for persons employing fresh graduates.**– (1) A person employing freshly qualified graduates from a university or institution recognized by Higher Education Commission shall be entitled to a tax credit in respect of the amount of annual salary paid to the freshly qualified graduates for a tax year in which such graduates are employed.

<sup>(2)</sup> The amount of tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:-

<sup>(3)</sup> The tax credit shall be allowed for salary paid to the number of freshly qualified graduates not exceeding fifteen percent of the total employees of the company in the tax year.

<sup>(4)</sup> In this section, "freshly qualified graduate" means a person who has graduated after the first day of July, 2017 from any institute or university recognized by the Higher Education Commission."
<sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

- (a) component A of the formula in sub-section (2) of section 61, sub-section (2) of section 62, sub-section (2) of section 63 and sub-section (2) of section 64 shall be the amount of tax that would be assessed to the individual if any amount derived in the year that is exempt from tax under sub-section (1) of section 92 were chargeable to tax; and
- (b) component **B** of the formula in sub-section (2) of section 61, sub-section (2) of section 62, sub-section (2) of section 63 and sub-section (2) of section 64 shall be the taxable income of the individual for the year if any amount derived in the year that is exempt from tax under sub-section (1) of section 92 were chargeable to tax.

(2) Any tax credit allowed under this Part shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4.

(3) Subject to sub-section (4), any tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed to a person under this Part for a tax year that is not able to be credited under subsection (3) of section 4 for the year shall not be refunded, carried forward to a subsequent tax year, or carried back to a preceding tax year.

(4) Where the person to whom sub-section (3) applies is a member of an association of persons to which sub-section (1) of section 92 applies, the amount of any excess credit under sub-section (3) for a tax year may be claimed as a tax credit by the association for that year.

(5) Sub-section (4) applies only where the member and the association agree in writing for the sub-section to apply and such agreement in writing must be furnished with the association's return of income for that year.

<sup>1</sup>[(6) Where the person is entitled to a tax credit under section 65B, 65D or 65E, provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (2) of section 169 and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 113 shall not apply."]

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 65A omitted by the Finance Act, 2017, Omitted section reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>[65A. Tax credit to a person registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990. — (1) Every manufacturer, registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990, shall be entitled to a tax credit of <sup>2</sup>["three"] per cent of tax payable for a tax year, if ninety per cent of his sales are to the person who is registered under the aforesaid Act during the said tax year.

<sup>(2)</sup> For claiming of the credit, the person shall provide complete details of the persons to whom the sales were made.

<sup>(3)</sup> No credit will be allowed to a person whose income is covered under final tax or minimum tax.

<sup>(4)</sup> Carry forward of any amount where full credit may not be allowed against the tax liability for the tax year, shall not be allowed.

<sup>1</sup>**[65B. Tax credit for investment.**— (1) Where a taxpayer being a company invests any amount in the purchase of plant and machinery, for the purposes of <sup>2</sup>[extension, expansion,] balancing, modernization and replacement of the plant and machinery, already installed therein, in an industrial undertaking set up in Pakistan and owned by it, credit equal to ten per cent of the amount so invested shall be allowed against the tax payable <sup>3</sup>[, including on account of minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance,] by it in the manner hereinafter provided <sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that for the tax year 2019 the rate of credit shall be equal to five percent of the amount so invested:

Provided further that the provisions of sub-section (5) relating to carry forward of the credit to be deducted from tax payable, to the following tax years, as specified in the said sub-section, shall continue to apply after tax year 2019; and]

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply if the plant and machinery is purchased and installed at any time between the first day of July, 2010, and the  $30^{th}$  day of June,  $6^{6}$  [ ] 7 [ ] 8[2019].

(3) The amount of credit admissible under this section shall be deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which the plant or machinery in the purchase of which the amount referred to in sub-section (1) is invested and installed.

<sup>9</sup>[(4) The provisions of this section shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to a company setup in Pakistan before the first day of July, 2011, which makes investment, through hundred per cent new equity, during first day of July, 2011 and 30th day of June, 2016, for the purposes of balancing, modernization and replacement of the plant and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The coma and words inserted by Finance Act, 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop" substituted by "colon" by the Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>New provisos added by the Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The figure "2015" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The figure "2016" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The figure "2021" substituted by Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Where no tax is payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which such plant or machinery is installed, or where the tax payable is less than the amount of credit, the amount of the credit or so much of it as is in excess thereof, as the case may be, shall be carried forward and deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the following tax year, and so on, but no such amount shall be carried forward for more than two tax years, however, the deduction made under sub-section (2) and this sub-section shall not exceed in aggregate the limit specified in subsection (1)."

machinery already installed in an industrial undertaking owned by the company. However, credit equal to twenty per cent of the amount so invested shall be allowed against the tax payable, including on account of minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance. The credit shall be allowed in the year in which the plant and machinery in the purchase of which the investment as aforesaid is made, is installed therein.

"Explanation.— For the purpose of this section the term "new equity" shall, have the same meaning as defined in sub-section (7) of section 65E.]

<sup>1</sup>[(5) Where no tax is payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which such plant or machinery is installed, or where the tax payable is less than the amount of credit as aforesaid, the amount of the credit or so much of it as is in excess thereof, as the case may be, shall be carried forward and deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the following tax year and so on, but no such amount shall be carried forward for more than two tax years in the case of investment referred to in sub-section (1) and for more than five tax years in respect of investment referred to in sub-section (4), however, the deduction made under this section shall not exceed in aggregate the limit specified in sub-section (1) or sub-section (4), as the case may be.]

<sup>2</sup>[(6) Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that any one or more of the conditions specified in this section was, or were, not fulfilled, as the case may be, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, shall recompute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.]

<sup>3</sup>[]

### 4[]

<sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

[Provided that the tax credit for the last two years shall be ten per cent of the tax payable.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows: "(5) Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that any one or more of the conditions specified in this section was, or were, not fulfilled, as the case may be, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner Inland Revenue may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 65C omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>65</sup>C. Tax credit for enlistment.** —(1) Where a taxpayer being a company opts for enlistment in any registered stock exchange in Pakistan<sup>4</sup>[on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2022] a tax credit equal to <sup>4</sup>[twenty] per*cent* of the tax payable shall be allowed for the tax year in which the said company is enlisted <sup>4</sup>["and for the following <sup>4</sup>[three tax years:]

<sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2011.

 $^{2}$ ["(1A) The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### A x (B/C)

- where---
- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit for the tax year;
- B is the equity raised through issuance of new shares for cash consideration; and
- C is the total amount invested in setting up the new industrial undertaking."]
- (2) Tax credit under this section shall be admissible where—
  - the company is incorporated and industrial undertaking is setup between the first day of July, 2011 and 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, <sup>2</sup>[<sup>2</sup>["2021"]];
  - (b) industrial undertaking is managed by a company formed for operating the said industrial undertaking and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984) and having its registered office in Pakistan;
  - (c) the industrial undertaking is not established by the splitting up or reconstruction or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an industrial undertaking established in Pakistan at any time before 1<sup>st</sup> July 2011; and
  - (d) the industrial undertaking is set up with <sup>2</sup>["at least seventy per cent"] equity<sup>2</sup>[raised through issuance of new shares for cash consideration:]

Provided that short term loans and finances obtained from banking companies or non-banking financial institutions for the purposes of meeting working capital requirements shall not disqualify the taxpayer from claiming tax credit under this section.]

(4) Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered, on the basis of documents or otherwise, by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that<sup>2</sup>["the business has been discontinued in the subsequent five years after the credit has been allowed or"] any of the <sup>2</sup>[conditions] specified in this section [were] not fulfilled, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner Inland Revenue may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.]

[(5) For the purposes of this section and sections 65B and 65E, an industrial undertaking shall be treated to have been setup on the date on which the industrial undertaking is ready to go into production, whether trial production or commercial production.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 65D omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;65D. Tax credit for newly established industrial undertakings.** — (1) Where a taxpayer being a company formed for establishing and operating a new industrial undertaking <sup>2</sup>[including corporate dairy farming] sets up a new industrial undertaking<sup>2</sup>[including a corporate dairy farm], it shall be given a tax credit equal to <sup>2</sup>["an amount as computed in sub-section (1A)"] of the tax payable <sup>2</sup>[, including on account of minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance,] on the taxable income arising from such industrial undertaking for a period of five years beginning from the date of setting up or commencement of commercial production, whichever is later.

<sup>1</sup>[65E. Tax credit for industrial undertakings established before the first day of July, 2011.—<sup>2</sup>[(1) Where a taxpayer being a company, setup in Pakistan before the first day of July, 2011, invests any amount, with <sup>3</sup>["at least seventy per cent"] new equity raised through issuance of new shares, in the purchase and installation of plant and machinery for an industrial undertaking, including corporate dairy farming, for the purposes of-

- (i) expansion of the plant and machinery already installed therein; or
- (ii) undertaking a new project,

a tax credit shall be allowed against the tax payable in the manner provided in subsection (2) and sub-section (3), as the case may be, for a period of five years beginning from the date of setting up or commencement of commercial production from the new plant or expansion project, whichever is later.]

<sup>4</sup>[(2) Where a taxpayer maintains separate accounts of an expansion project or a new project, as the case may be, the taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit equal to one <sup>5</sup>["an amount as computed in sub-section (3A)"] of the tax payable, including minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, attributable to such expansion project or new project.]

<sup>6</sup>[(3) In all other cases, the credit under <sup>7</sup>["sub-section (3A)"] shall be such proportion of the tax payable, including minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, as is the proportion between the new equity and the total equity including new equity.]

<sup>3</sup> The words "hundred per cent" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

"(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply if the plant and machinery is purchased and installed at any time between the first day of July, 2011, and the  $30^{th}$  day of June, 2016."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) Where a taxpayer being a company invests any amount, with hundred per cent equity investment, in the purchase and installation of plant and machinery for the purposes of balancing, modernization, replacement, or for expansion of the plant and machinery already installed in an industrial undertaking setup in Pakistan before the first day of July 2011, a tax credit shall be allowed against the tax payable in the manner provided hereinafter, in the same proportion, which exists between the total investment and such equity investment made by the industrial undertaking."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "hundred per cent" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) The amount of credit admissible under this section shall be deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which the plant or machinery referred in sub-section (1) is purchased and installed and for the subsequent four years."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "this section" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[(3A)The amount of a person's tax credit allowed under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: —

#### A x (B/C)

where---

- A is the amount of tax assessed to the person for the tax year before allowance of any tax credit for the tax year;
- B is the equity raised through issuance of new shares for cash consideration; and
- C is the total amount invested in the purchase and installation of plant and machinery for the industrial undertaking.]

 $^2$ [(4) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply if the plant and machinery is installed at any time between the first day of July, 2011 and the 30th day of June,  $^3$ [  $^4$ [2021] .]

<sup>5</sup>[(5) The amount of credit admissible under this section shall be deducted from the tax payable, including minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, by the taxpayer<sup>6</sup>[", for a period of five years beginning from the date of setting up or commencement of commercial production from the new plant or expansion project, whichever is later."]

<sup>7</sup>[(6)] Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered, on the basis of documents or otherwise, by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that <sup>8</sup>["the business has been discontinued in the subsequent five years after the credit has been allowed or"]any of the condition specified in this section

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows: "(4) Where no tax is payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which such plant or machinery is installed, or where the tax payable is less than the amount of tax credit, the amount of such credit or so much of it as is in excess thereof, shall be carried forward and deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the following tax year:

Provided that no such amount shall be carried forward for more than four tax years: Provided further that deduction made under sub-section (1) and under this sub-section shall not exceed in aggregate the limit of the tax credit specified in sub-section (1)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The figure "2016" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The figure "2019" substituted by Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

 $<sup>^{6}</sup>$  The words "in respect of the tax year in which the plant or machinery referred to in sub-section (1) is installed and for the subsequent four years" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Sub-section (5) renumbered by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

was not fulfilled, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner Inland Revenue may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

<sup>1</sup>[(7) For the purposes of this section, 'new equity' means equity raised through fresh issue of shares against cash by the company and shall not include loans obtained from shareholders or directors:

Provided that short term loans and finances obtained from banking companies or non-banking financial institutions for the purposes of meeting working capital requirements shall not disqualify the taxpayer from claiming tax credit under this section.]

<sup>2</sup>[65F. Tax credit for certain persons.- (1) Following persons or incomes shall be allowed a tax credit equal to one hundred per cent of the tax payable under any provisions of this Ordinance including minimum, alternate corporate tax and final taxes for the period, to the extent, upon fulfillment of conditions and subject to limitations detailed as under:-

- (a) persons engaged in coal mining projects in Sindh supplying coal exclusively to power generation projects;
- (b) a startup as defined in clause (62A) of section 2 for the tax year in which the startup is certified by the Pakistan Software Export Board and the next following two tax years; and
- <sup>3</sup>[]

(2) The tax credit under sub-section (1) shall be available subject to fulfillment of the following conditions, where applicable, namely:-

- (a) return has been filed;
- (b) withholding tax statements for the relevant tax year have been filed in respect of those provisions of the Ordinance, where the person is a withholding agent; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sections 65F and 65G inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) Income from exports of computer software or IT services or IT enabled services as defined in clause (30AD) and (30AE) of section 2 upto the period ending on the 30th day of June, 2025: Provided that eighty percent of the export proceeds is brought into Pakistan in foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels."

(c) sales tax returns for the tax periods corresponding to relevant tax year have been filed if the person is required to file Sales Tax Return under any of the Federal or Provincial sales tax laws.

**65G.** Tax credit for specified industrial undertakings.- (1) When making certain eligible capital investments as specified in sub-section (2), the eligible taxpayers defined in sub-section (3) shall be allowed to take an investment tax credit of twenty five percent of the eligible investment amount, against tax payable under the provisions of this Ordinance including minimum and final taxes. The tax credit not fully adjusted during the year of investment shall be carried forward to the subsequent tax year subject to the condition that it may be carried forward for a period not exceeding two years.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the eligible investment means investment made in purchase and installation of new machinery, buildings, equipment, hardware and software, except self-created software and used capital goods.

- (3) For the purpose of this section, eligible person means
  - (a) green field industrial undertaking as defined in clause (27A) of section 2 engaged in
    - the manufacture of goods or materials or the subjection of goods or materials to any process which substantially changes their original condition; or
    - (ii) ship building:

Provided that the person incorporated between the 30th day of June, 2019 and the 30th day of June, 2024 and the person is not formed by the splitting up or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery, plant or building from an undertaking established in Pakistan prior to commencement of the new business and is not part of an expansion project; and

- (b) industrial undertaking set up by the 30th day of June 2023 and engaged in the manufacture of plant, machinery, equipment and items with dedicated use (no multiple uses) for generation of renewable energy from sources like solar and wind, for a period of five years beginning from the date such industrial undertaking is set up.]
- 1[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 65H shall be omitted and shall be deemed to have been omitted with effect from 2<sup>nd</sup> March, 2022 through Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

# CHAPTER IV COMMON RULES

### PART I GENERAL

**66. Income of joint owners.**—(1) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to sub-section (2), where any property is owned by two or more persons and their respective shares are definite and ascertainable –

- (a) the persons shall not be assessed as an association of persons in respect of the property; and
- (b) the share of each person in the income from the property for a tax year shall be taken into account in the computation of the person's taxable income for that year.

(2) This section shall not apply in computing income chargeable under the head "Income from Business".

**67. Apportionment of deductions.**— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, where an expenditure<sup>1</sup>["expenditures, deductions and allowances"] relates to –

(b) a resident individual having foreign assets declared in terms of section 116 or 116A by the 31" December, 2021,

invests in a company incorporated on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, to set up an industrial undertaking in Pakistan with equity, not less than fifty million rupees, with funds remitted into Pakistan through proper banking channel as per the procedure to be prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan, at any time up to the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2022, that company shall be entitled to a one-time tax credit equal to one hundred percent of the amount remitted and credited in rupees in the bank account of such company against tax liability for the tax year in which commercial production commences.

(2) Where no tax is payable by the taxpayer in respect of the tax year in which the commercial production has commenced or where the tax payable is less than the amount of credit as aforesaid, the amount of the credit or so much of it as is in excess thereof, as the case may be, shall be carried forward and deducted from the tax payable by the taxpayer in respect of the following tax year and so on, but no such amount shall be carried forward for more than five tax years in the case of investment referred to in sub-section (1), however, the deduction made under this section shall not exceed in aggregate the limit specified in sub-section (1).

(3) This section shall not apply to a company or an industrial undertaking established by splitting up or reconstitution of a company or an industrial undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an industrial undertaking established at any time before the 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

(4) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply if commercial production commences by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2024.

(5) Where any credit is allowed under this section and subsequently it is discovered by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that any one or more of the conditions specified in this section was or were not fulfilled, as the case may be, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, shall recompute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly."

<sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>quot;65H. Tax credit for foreign investment for industrial promotion.- (I) Where a taxpayer being —

<sup>(</sup>a) a non-resident Pakistani citizen having continued non-residential status for more than five years; or

- (a) the derivation of more than one head of income; or
- <sup>1</sup>[(ab) derivation of income comprising of taxable income and any class of income to which sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 4 apply, or;]
  - (b) the derivation of income chargeable to tax under a head of income and to some other purpose,

the expenditure <sup>2</sup>["expenditures, deductions and allowances"] shall be apportioned on any reasonable basis taking account of the relative nature and size of the activities to which the amount relates.

(2) The <sup>3</sup>[Board] may make rules under section <sup>4</sup>[237] for the purposes of apportioning deductions <sup>5</sup>["expenditures and allowances].

**68. Fair market value.**— (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance, the fair market value of any property <sup>6</sup>[or rent], asset, service, benefit or perquisite at a particular time shall be the price which the property <sup>7</sup>[or rent], asset, service, benefit or perquisite would ordinarily fetch on sale or supply in the open market at that time.

(2) The fair market value of any property <sup>8</sup>[or rent], asset, service, benefit or perquisite shall be determined without regard to any restriction on transfer or to the fact that it is not otherwise convertible to cash.

<sup>9</sup>[(3) Where the price <sup>10</sup>["other than the price of immoveable property"] referred to in sub-section (1) is not ordinarily ascertainable, such price may be determined by the Commissioner.]

<sup>11</sup>[(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (3), <sup>12</sup>[the Board may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, determine the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The figure "232" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Substituted by the Income Tax (Fourth Amendment) Act, 2016 dated 02.12.2016. The substituted expression read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;the fair market value of immovable property shall be determined on the basis of valuation made by a panel of approved values of the State Bank of Pakistan".

fair market value of immovable property of the area or areas as may be specified in the notification].]

<sup>1</sup>[(5) Where the fair market value of any immovable property of an area or areas has not been determined by the Board in the notification referred to in subsection (4), the fair market value of such immovable property shall be deemed to be the value fixed by the District Officer (Revenue) or provincial or any other authority authorized in this behalf for the purposes of stamp duty."]

- <sup>2</sup>[(6) In respect of immovable property—
- (i) component A of the formula in sub-section (2) of section 37;
- (ii) "consideration received" as mentioned in Division X of Part IV of First Schedule;
- (iii) "value of immovable property" as mentioned in Divisions XVIII of Part IV of the First Schedule; and
- (iv) valuation for the purposes of section 111,shall not be less than the fair market value as determined under sub-section (4) or (5).

Explanation.—(1) For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that the fair market value as determined under sub-section (4) or(5) shall be for carrying out the purposes of this Ordinance only.

(2) It is further clarified that for the purposes of clauses (i) to (iv) of this sub-section if the fair market value determined under sub-section (4) or (5) is different than the auction price the applicable price shall be the higher of the two.]

**69.** Receipt of income.— For the purposes of this Ordinance, a person shall be treated as having received an amount, benefit, or perquisite if it is —

- (a) actually received by the person;
- (b) applied on behalf of the person, at the instruction of the person or under any law; or
- (c) made available to the person.

**70.** Recouped expenditure.— Where a person has been allowed a deduction for any expenditure or loss incurred in a tax year in the computation of the person's income chargeable to tax under a head of income and, subsequently, the person has received, in cash or in kind, any amount in respect of such expenditure or loss,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Income Tax (Fourth Amendment) Act, 2016 dated 02.12.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Income Tax (Fourth Amendment) Act, 2016 dated 02.12.2016.

the amount so received shall be included in the income chargeable under that head for the tax year in which it is received.

**71.** Currency conversion.— (1) Every amount taken into account under this Ordinance shall be in Rupees.

(2) Where an amount is in a currency other than rupees, the amount shall be converted to the Rupee at the State Bank of Pakistan <sup>1</sup>[] rate applying between the foreign currency and the Rupee on the date the amount is taken into account for the purposes of this Ordinance.

#### 72. Cessation of source of income.— Where —

- (a) any income is derived by a person in a tax year from any business, activity, investment or other source that has ceased either before the commencement of the year or during the year; and
- (b) if the income had been derived before the business, activity, investment or other source ceased it would have been chargeable to tax under this Ordinance,

this Ordinance shall apply to the income on the basis that the business, activity, investment or other source had not ceased at the time the income was derived.

**73.** Rules to prevent double derivation and double deductions.— (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance, where –

- (a) any amount is chargeable to tax under this Ordinance on the basis that it is receivable, the amount shall not be chargeable again on the basis that it is received; or
- (b) any amount is chargeable to tax under this Ordinance on the basis that it is received, the amount shall not be chargeable again on the basis that it is receivable.
- (2) For the purposes of this Ordinance, where
  - (a) any expenditure is deductible under this Ordinance on the basis that it is payable, the expenditure shall not be deductible again on the basis that it is paid; or
  - (b) any expenditure is deductible under this Ordinance on the basis that it is paid, the expenditure shall not be deductible again on the basis that it is payable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "mid-exchange" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

### PART II TAX YEAR

<sup>1</sup>[74. Tax year.— (1) For the purpose of this Ordinance and subject to this section, the tax year shall be a period of twelve months ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June (hereinafter referred to as 'normal tax year') and shall, subject to sub-section (3), be denoted by the calendar year in which the said date falls.

(2) Where a person's income year, under the repealed Ordinance, is different from the normal tax year, or where a person is allowed, by an order under sub-section (3), to use a twelve months' period different from normal tax year, such income year or such period shall be that person's tax year (hereinafter referred to as 'special tax year') and shall, subject to sub-section (3), be denoted by the calendar year relevant to normal tax year in which the closing date of the special tax year falls.

<sup>2</sup>[(2A) The <sup>3</sup>[Board],-

 (i) in the case of a class of persons having a special tax year different from a normal tax year may permit, by a notification in the official Gazette, to use a normal tax year; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 74 substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 74 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;74. Tax year.-** (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to this section, the tax year shall be the period of twelve months ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June (referred to in this section as the financial year).

<sup>(2)</sup> A person may apply, in writing, to use as the person's tax year a twelve-month period (hereinafter referred to as a "special year") other than the financial year and the Commissioner may, subject to sub-section (4), by notice in writing, approve the application.

<sup>(3)</sup> A person granted permission under sub-section (2) to use a special year may apply, in writing, to change the person's tax year to the financial year or to another special year and the Commissioner may, subject to sub-section (4), by notice in writing, approve such application.

<sup>(4)</sup> The Commissioner may approve an application under sub-section (2) or (3) only if the person has shown a compelling need to use a special year or to change the person's tax year and any approval shall be subject to such conditions as the Commissioner may prescribe.

<sup>(5)</sup> The Commissioner may, by notice in writing to a person, withdraw the permission to use a special year granted under sub-section (2) or (3).

<sup>(6)</sup> A notice served by the Commissioner under sub-section (2) shall take effect on the date specified in the notice and a notice under sub-section (3) or (5) shall take effect at the end of the special year of the person in which the notice was served.

<sup>(7)</sup> Where the tax year of a person changes as a result of sub-section (2), (3) or (5), the period between the last full tax year prior to the change and the date on which the changed tax year commences shall be treated as a separate tax year, to be known as the "transitional year".

<sup>(8)</sup> In this Ordinance, a reference to a particular financial year shall include a special year or a transitional year of a person commencing during the financial year.

<sup>(9)</sup> A person dissatisfied with a decision of the Commissioner under sub-section (2), (3) or (5) may challenge the decision only under the appeal procedure in Part III of Chapter X."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

(ii) in the case of a class of persons having a normal tax year may permit, by a notification in the official Gazette, to use a special tax year.]

(3) A person may apply, in writing, to the Commissioner to allow him to use a twelve months' period, other than normal tax year, as special tax year and the Commissioner may, subject to sub-section (5), by an order, allow him to use such special tax year.

(4) A person using a special tax year, under sub-section (2), may apply in writing, to the Commissioner to allow him to use normal tax year and the Commissioner may, subject to sub-section (5), by an order, allow him to use normal tax year.

(5) The Commissioner shall grant permission under sub-section (3) or (4) only if the person has shown a compelling need to use special tax year or normal tax year, as the case may be, and the permission shall be subject to such conditions, if any, as the Commissioner may impose.

(6) An order under sub-section (3) or (4) shall be made after providing to the applicant an opportunity of being heard and where his application is rejected the Commissioner shall record in the order the reasons for rejection.

(7) The Commissioner may, after providing to the person concerned an opportunity of being heard, by an order, withdraw the permission granted under sub-section (3) or (4).

(8) An order under sub-section (3) or (4) shall take effect from such date, being the first day of the special tax year or the normal tax year, as the case may be, as may be specified in the order.

(9) Where the tax year of a person changes as a result of an order under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4), the period between the end of the last tax year prior to change and the date on which the changed tax year commences shall be treated as a separate tax year, to be known as the "transitional tax year".

(10) In this Ordinance, a reference to a particular financial year shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include a special tax year or a transitional tax year commencing during the financial year.

(11) A person dissatisfied with an order under sub-section (3), (4) or (7) may file a review application to the <sup>1</sup>[Board], and the decision by the <sup>2</sup>[Board] on such application shall be final.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

# PART III ASSETS

**75.** Disposal and acquisition of assets.—(1) A person who holds an asset shall be treated as having made a disposal of the asset at the time the person parts with the ownership of the asset, including when the asset is —

- (a) sold, exchanged, transferred or distributed; or
- (b) cancelled, redeemed, relinquished, destroyed, lost, expired or surrendered.

(2) The transmission of an asset by succession or under a will shall be treated as a disposal of the asset by the deceased at the time asset is transmitted.

(3) The application of a business asset to personal use shall be treated as a disposal of the asset by the owner of the asset at the time the asset is so applied.

<sup>1</sup>[(3A) Where a business asset is discarded or ceases to be used in business, it shall be treated to have been disposed of.]

(4) A disposal shall include the disposal of a part of an asset.

(5) A person shall be treated as having acquired an asset at the time the person begins to own the asset, including at the time the person is granted any right.

(6) The application of a personal asset to business use shall be treated as an acquisition of the asset by the owner at the time the asset is so applied.

(7) In this section, -

"business asset" means an asset held wholly or partly for use in a business, including stock-in-trade and a depreciable asset; and

"personal asset" means an asset held wholly for personal use.

<sup>2</sup>[75A. Purchase of assets through banking channel.- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, for the time being in force, no person shall purchase-

(a) immovable property having fair market value greater than five million Rupees; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New section 75A inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

(b) any other asset having fair market value more than one million Rupees, otherwise than by a crossed cheque drawn on a bank or through crossed demand draft or crossed pay order or any other crossed banking instrument showing transfer of amount from one bank account to another bank account.

(2) For the purposes of this section in case of immovable property, fair market value means value notified by the Board under sub-section (4) of section 68 or value fixed by the provincial authority for the purposes of stamp duty, whichever is higher.

(3) In case the transaction is not undertaken in the manner specified in sub-section (1), -

- (a) such asset shall not be eligible for any allowance under sections 22, 23, 24 and 25 of this Ordinance; and
- (b) such amount shall not be treated as cost in terms of section 76 of this Ordinance for computation of any gain on sale of such asset.]

**76. Cost.**—(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance, this section shall establish the cost of an asset for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), the cost of an asset purchased by a person shall be the sum of the following amounts, namely:—

- (a) The total consideration given by the person for the asset, including the fair market value of any consideration in kind determined at the time the asset is acquired;
- (b) any incidental expenditure incurred by the person in acquiring and disposing of the asset; and
- (c) any expenditure incurred by the person to alter or improve the asset,

but shall not include any expenditure under clauses (b) and (c) that has been fully allowed as a deduction under this Ordinance.

(3) The cost of an asset treated as acquired under sub-section (6) of section 75 shall be the fair market value of the asset determined at the date it is applied to business use.

(4) The cost of an asset produced or constructed by a person shall be the total costs incurred by the person in producing or constructing the asset plus any expenditure referred to <sup>1</sup>[in] clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (2) incurred by the person.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

(5) Where an asset has been acquired by a person with a loan denominated in a foreign currency and, before full and final repayment of the loan, there is an increase or decrease in the liability of the person under the loan as expressed in Rupees, the amount by which the liability is increased or reduced shall be added to or deducted from the cost of the asset, as the case may be.

<sup>1</sup>[Explanation.-Difference, if any, on account of foreign currency fluctuation, shall be taken into account in the year of occurrence for the purposes of depreciation.]

(6) In determining whether the liability of a person has increased or decreased for the purposes of sub-section (5), account shall be taken of the person's position under any hedging agreement relating to the loan.

(7) Where a part of an asset is disposed of by a person, the cost of the asset shall be apportioned between the part of the asset retained and the part disposed of in accordance with their respective fair market values determined at the time the person acquired the asset.

(8) Where the acquisition of an asset by a person is the derivation of an amount chargeable to tax, the cost of the asset shall be the amount so charged plus any amount paid by the person for the asset.

(9) Where the acquisition of an asset by a person is the derivation of an amount exempt from tax, the cost of the asset shall be the exempt amount plus any amount paid by the person for the asset.

(10) The cost of an asset does not include the amount of any grant, subsidy, rebate, commission or any other assistance (other than a loan repayable with or without profit) received or receivable by a person in respect of the acquisition of the asset, except to the extent to which the amount is chargeable to tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>2</sup>[(11) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Board may prescribe rules for determination of cost for any asset.]

**77.** Consideration received.—(1) The consideration received by a person on disposal of an asset shall be the total amount received by the person for the asset <sup>3</sup>[or the fair market value thereof, whichever is the higher], including the fair market value of any consideration received in kind determined at the time of disposal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

(2) Where an asset has been lost or destroyed by a person, the consideration received for the asset shall include any compensation, indemnity or damages received by the person under —

- (a) an insurance policy, indemnity or other agreement;
- (b) a settlement; or
- (c) a judicial decision.

(3) The consideration received for an asset treated as disposed of under sub-section (3) <sup>1</sup>[or (3A)] of section 75 shall be the fair market value of the asset determined at the time it is applied to personal use <sup>2</sup>[or discarded or ceased to be used in business, as the case may be].

(4) The consideration received by a scheduled bank, financial institution, modaraba, or leasing company approved by the Commissioner (hereinafter referred to as a "leasing company") in respect of an asset leased by the company to another person shall be the residual value received by the leasing company on maturity of the lease agreement subject to the condition that the residual value plus the amount realized during the term of the lease towards the cost of the asset is not less than the original cost of the asset.

(5) Where two or more assets are disposed of by a person in a single transaction and the consideration received for each asset is not specified, the total consideration received by the person shall be apportioned among the assets disposed of in proportion to their respective fair market values determined at the time of the transaction.

<sup>3</sup>[(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Board may prescribe rules for determination of consideration received for any asset.]

**78.** Non-arm's length transactions.— Where an asset is disposed of in a non-arm's length transaction —

- (a) the person disposing of the asset shall be treated as having received consideration equal to the fair market value of the asset determined at the time the asset is disposed; and
- (b) the person acquiring the asset shall be treated as having a cost equal to the amount determined under clause (a).

**79.** Non-recognition rules.— (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to sub-section (2), no gain or loss shall be taken to arise on the disposal of an asset -

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

- (a) between spouses under an agreement to live apart;
- (b) by reason of the transmission of the asset to an executor or beneficiary on the death of a person;
- by reason of a gift of the asset <sup>1</sup>[to a relative, as defined in subsection (5) of section 85];
- (d) by reason of the compulsory acquisition of the asset under any law where the consideration received for the disposal is reinvested by the recipient in an asset of a like kind within one year of the disposal;
- (e) by a company to its shareholders on liquidation of the company; or
- (f) by an association of persons to its members on dissolution of the association where the assets are distributed to members in accordance with their interests in the capital of the association.

(2) Sub-section (1) shall not apply where the person acquiring the asset is a non-resident person at the time of the acquisition <sup>2</sup>[in respect of disposal of an asset as mentioned in clauses (d), (e) and (f) of sub-section (1)].

(3) Where clause (a), (b), (c), (e) or (f) of sub-section (1) applies, the person acquiring the asset shall be treated as —

- (a) acquiring an asset of the same character as the person disposing of the asset; and
- (b) acquiring the asset for a cost equal to the cost of the asset for the person disposing of the asset at the time of the disposal.

(4) The person's cost of a replacement asset referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (1) shall be the cost of the asset disposed of plus the amount by which any consideration given by the person for the replacement asset exceeds the consideration received by the person for the asset disposed of.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

### CHAPTER V PROVISIONS GOVERNING PERSONS

### PART I CENTRAL CONCEPTS

#### Division I Persons

**80. Person.** —(1) The following shall be treated as persons for the purposes of this Ordinance, namely: —

- (a) An individual;
- (b) a company or association of persons incorporated, formed, organised or established in Pakistan or elsewhere;
- (c) the Federal Government, a foreign government, a political sub-Division of a foreign government, or public international organisation.
- (2) For the purposes of this Ordinance
  - (a) "association of persons" includes a firm, a Hindu undivided family, any artificial juridical person and anybody of persons formed under a foreign law, but does not include a company;
  - (b) "company" means
    - a company as defined in the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)];
    - (ii) a body corporate formed by or under any law in force in Pakistan;
    - (iii) a modaraba;
    - (iv) a body incorporated by or under the law of a country outside Pakistan relating to incorporation of companies;
    - <sup>2</sup>[(v) a co-operative society, a finance society or any other society;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. <sup>2</sup>Clause (v) substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted Clause (v) read as follows:-

- <sup>1</sup>[(va) a non-profit organization;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(vb) a trust, an entity or a body of persons established or constituted by or under any law for the time being in force;]
- (vi) a foreign association, whether incorporated or not, which the <sup>3</sup>[Board] has, by general or special order, declared to be a company for the purposes of this Ordinance;
- (vii) a Provincial Government; <sup>4</sup>[]
- (viii) a <sup>5</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan; <sup>6</sup>[or]
- <sup>7</sup>[(ix) a Small Company as defined in section 2;]
- (c) "firm" means the relation between persons who have agreed to share the profits of a business carried on by all or any of them acting for all;
- (d) "trust" means an obligation annexed to the ownership of property and arising out of the confidence reposed in and accepted by the owner, or declared and accepted by the owner for the benefit of another, or of another and the owner, and includes a unit trust; and
- (e) "unit trust" means any trust under which beneficial interests are divided into units such that the entitlements of the beneficiaries to income or capital are determined by the number of units held.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(v) a trust, a co-operative society or a finance society or any other society established or constituted by or under any law for the time being in force;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

#### Division II Resident and Non-Resident Persons

**81.** Resident and non-resident persons.— (1) A person shall be a resident person for a tax year if the person is —

- (a) a resident individual, resident company or resident association of persons for the year; or
- (b) the Federal Government.

(2) A person shall be a non-resident person for a tax year if the person is not a resident person for that year.

**82.** Resident individual. — An individual shall be a resident individual for a tax year if the individual —

- (a) is present in Pakistan for a period of, or periods amounting in aggregate to, one hundred and <sup>1</sup>[eighty-three] days or more in the tax year; <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[or]
- 4[]
- 5[]
- <sup>6</sup>[]
  - (c) is an employee or official of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government posted abroad in the tax year <sup>7</sup>[;

"(b) is present in Pakistan for a period of, or periods amounting in aggregate to, ninety days or more in the tax year and who, in the four years preceding the tax year, has been in Pakistan for a period of, or periods amounting in aggregate to, three hundred and sixty-five days or more; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "eighty-two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "or" added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New clause (ab) inserted by Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (ab) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(ab) is present in Pakistan for a period of, or periods amounting in aggregate to, one hundred and twenty days or more in the tax year and, in the four years preceding the tax year, has been in Pakistan for a period of, or periods amounting in aggregate to, three hundred and sixty-five days or more; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (b) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The full stop substituted with a semicolon and clause (d) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

(d) being a citizen of Pakistan is not present in any other country for more than one hundred and eighty-two days during the tax year or who is not a resident taxpayer of any other country.]

**83.** Resident company.— A company shall be a resident company for a tax year if —

- (a) it is incorporated or formed by or under any law in force in Pakistan;
- (b) the control and management of the affairs of the company is situated wholly <sup>1</sup>[] in Pakistan at any time in the year; or

(c) it is a Provincial Government or <sup>2</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan. **84. Resident association of persons.** — An association of persons shall be a resident association of persons for a tax year if the control and management of the affairs of the association is situated wholly or partly in Pakistan at any time in the year.

# Division III Associates

**85.** Associates. —  ${}^{3}[(1)$  Subject to sub-section (2), two persons shall be associates where –

- the relationship between the two is such that one may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of the other, or both persons may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of a third person;
- (ii) one person sufficiently influences, either alone or together with an associate or associates, the other person;

Explanation. – For the purpose of this section, two persons shall be treated as sufficiently influencing each other, where one or both persons, directly or indirectly, are economically and financially dependent on each other and, decisions are made in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of each other for common economic goal; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "or almost wholly" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) Subject to sub-section (2), two persons shall be associates where the relationship between the two is such that one may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of the other, or both persons may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of a third person."

# (iii) one person enters into a transaction, directly or indirectly, with the other who is a resident of jurisdiction with zero taxation regime.]

(2) Two persons shall not be associates solely by reason of the fact that one person is an employee of the other or both persons are employees of a third person.

(3) Without limiting the generality of sub-section (1) and subject to subsection (4), the following shall be treated as associates —

- (a) an individual and a relative of the individual;
- (b) members of an association of persons;
- (c) a member of an association of persons and the association, where the member, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls fifty per cent or more of the rights to income or capital of the association;
- (d) a trust and any person who benefits or may benefit under the trust;
- (e) a shareholder in a company and the company, where the shareholder, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls either directly or through one or more interposed persons —
  - (i) fifty per cent or more of the voting power in the company;
  - (ii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to dividends; or
  - (iii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to capital; and
- (f) two companies, where a person, either alone or together with an associate or associates under another application of this section, controls either directly or through one or more interposed persons —
  - (i) fifty per cent or more of the voting power in both companies;
  - (ii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to dividends in both companies; or

(iii) fifty per cent or more of the rights to capital in both companies.

(4) Two persons shall not be associates under clause (a) or (b) of subsection (3) where the Commissioner is satisfied that neither person may reasonably be expected to act in accordance with the intentions of the other.

 $^{1}[(5)$  In this section, –

- (i) "relative" in relation to an individual, means
  - (a) an ancestor, a descendant of any of the grandparents, or an adopted child, of the individual, or of a spouse of the individual; or
  - (b) a spouse of the individual or of any person specified in clause (a);
- (ii) jurisdiction with zero taxation regime means jurisdiction as may be prescribed.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act. 2023. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) In this section, "relative" in relation to an individual, means ---

<sup>(</sup>a) an ancestor, a descendant of any of the grandparents, or an adopted child, of the individual, or of a spouse of the individual; or

<sup>(</sup>b) a spouse of the individual or of any person specified in clause (a)."

# PART II INDIVIDUALS

### **Division I** Taxation of Individuals

**86. Principle of taxation of individuals.**— Subject to this Ordinance, the taxable income of each individual shall be determined separately.

**87.** Deceased individuals.— (1) The legal representative of a deceased individual shall be liable for —

- (a) any tax that the individual would have become liable for if the individual had not died; and
- (b) any tax payable in respect of the income of the deceased's estate.

(2) The liability of a legal representative under this section shall be limited to the extent to which the deceased's estate is capable of meeting the liability.

<sup>1</sup>[(2A) The liability under this Ordinance shall be the first charge on the deceased's estate.]

- (3) For the purpose of this Ordinance,
  - (a) any proceeding taken under this Ordinance against the deceased before his or her death shall be treated as taken against the legal representative and may be continued against the legal representative from the stage at which the proceeding stood on the date of the deceased's death; and
  - (b) any proceeding which could have been taken under this Ordinance against the deceased if the deceased had survived may be taken against the legal representative of the deceased.

(4) In this section, "legal representative" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased person, and includes any person who intermeddles with the estate of the deceased and where a party sues or is sued in representative character the person on whom the estate devolves on the death of the party so suing or sued.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

#### **Division II** Provisions Relating to Averaging

**88.** An individual as a member of an association of persons.— If, for a tax year, an individual has taxable income and derives an amount or amounts exempt from tax under sub-section (1) of section 92, the amount of tax payable on the taxable income of the individual shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

#### (A/B) x C

where —

- A is the amount of tax that would be assessed to the individual for the year if the amount or amounts exempt from tax under sub-section (1) of section 92 were chargeable to tax;
- **B** is the taxable income of the individual for the year if the amount or amounts exempt from tax under sub-section (1) of section 92 were chargeable to tax; and
- **C** is the individual's actual taxable income for the year.

<sup>1</sup>[]

**89.** Authors. — Where the time taken by an author of a literary or artistic work to complete the work exceeds twenty-four months, the author may elect to treat any lump sum amount received by the author in a tax year on account of royalties in respect of the work as having been received in that tax year and the preceding two tax years in equal proportions.

<sup>1</sup>Section 88A omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted section read as follows:

(A/B) x C

- A is the amount of share of profits received by the company from the association;
- **B** is the taxable income of the association; and

Where -

- **C** is the amount of tax assessed on the association.
- (3) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section
   (3) of section 4."

**<sup>&</sup>quot;88A. Share profits of company to be added to taxable income.**—(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 92, the share of profits derived by a company from an association of persons shall be added to the taxable income of the company.

<sup>(2)</sup> The company shall be allowed a tax credit in accordance with the following formula, namely: —

#### Division III Income Splitting

**90.** Transfers of assets. — (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to sub-section (2), where there has been a revocable transfer of an asset, any income arising from the asset shall be treated as the income of the transferor and not of the transferee.

(2) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to any income derived by a person by virtue of a transfer that is not revocable during the lifetime of the person and the transferor derives no direct or indirect benefit from such income.

(3) For the purposes of this Ordinance, where there has been a transfer of an asset but the asset remains the property of the transferor, any income arising from the asset shall be treated as the income of the transferor.

(4) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to sub-section (5), any income arising from any asset transferred by a person directly or indirectly to—

- (a) the person's spouse or minor child; or
- (b) any other person for the benefit of a person or persons referred to in clause (a),

shall be treated as the income of the transferor.

- (5) Sub-section (4) shall not apply to any transfer made -
  - (a) for adequate consideration; or
  - (b) in connection with an agreement to live apart.

(6) For the purposes of clause (a) of sub-section (5), a transfer shall not be treated as made for adequate consideration if the transferor has provided, by way of loan or otherwise, to the transferee, directly or indirectly, with the funds for the acquisition of the asset.

(7) Sub-section (5) does not apply where the transferor fails to produce evidence of the transfer of the asset by way of its registration or mutation in the relevant record and the income arising from the asset shall be treated as the income of the transferor for the purposes of this Ordinance.

- (8) For the purposes of this section,
  - (a) a transfer of an asset shall be treated as revocable if -

- (i) there is any provision for the re-transfer, directly or indirectly, of the whole or any part of the asset to the transferor; or
- the transferor has, in any way, the right to resume power, directly or indirectly, over the whole or any part of the asset;
- (b) "minor child" shall not include a married daughter; and
- (c) "transfer" includes any disposition, settlement, trust, covenant, agreement or arrangement.

**91. Income of a minor child.—** (1) Any income of a minor child for a tax year chargeable under the head "Income from Business" shall be chargeable to tax as the income of the parent of the child with the highest taxable income for that year.

(2) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to the income of a minor child from a business acquired by the child through an inheritance.

### **PART III** ASSOCIATIONS OF PERSONS

**92.** Principles of taxation of associations of persons.—(1) <sup>1</sup>[] An association of persons shall be liable to tax separately from the members of the association and <sup>2</sup>[where the association of persons has paid tax the] amount received by a member of the association in the capacity as member out of the income of the association shall be exempt from tax<sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>4</sup>[Provided that if at least one member of the association of persons is a company, the share of such company or companies shall be excluded for the purpose of computing the total income of the association of persons and the company or the companies shall be taxed separately, at the rate applicable to the companies, according to their share.]

<sup>5</sup>[Explanation.– For removal of doubt it is clarified that if the income of association of persons is exempt and no tax is payable under the Ordinance due to this exemption, the share received in the capacity as member out of the income of the association shall remain exempt.]

6[]

7[]

- <sup>8</sup>[]
- 9[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, brackets, figure and comma "Subject to sub-section (2)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by a colon by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Explanation added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (2) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to an association of persons that is a professional firm prohibited from incorporating by any law or the rules of the body regulating the profession."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) An association of persons to which subsection (2) applies shall not be liable to tax and the income of the association shall be taxed to the members in accordance with section 93".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows: "(4)An association of persons referred to in sub-section (3) shall furnish a return of total income for each tax year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sub-section (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) Sections 114, 118 and 119 shall apply to a return of total income required to be furnished under sub-section (4)."

### PART IV COMPANIES

**94.** Principles of taxation of companies.- (1) A company shall be liable to tax separately from its shareholders.

(2) A dividend paid by a  $^{2}$ [ ] company shall be taxable in accordance with Section 5.

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**95.** Disposal of business by individual to wholly-owned company.- (1) Where a resident individual (hereinafter referred to as the "transferor") disposes of all the assets of a business of the transferor to a resident company, no gain or loss shall be taken to arise on the disposal if the following conditions are satisfied, namely:—

- (a) in the case of a resident member, the member's share in the total income of the association; or
- (b) in the case of a non-resident member, the member's share in so much of the total income of the association as is attributable to Pakistani-source income.

(3) The share of a loss referred to in sub-section (2) of a non-resident member shall be limited to the extent that the loss relates to the derivation of Pakistan-source income.

<sup>3</sup>Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act 2017. Omitted sub-section reads as follows:

"A dividend paid by a non-resident company to a resident person shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" or "Income from Other Sources", as the case may be, unless the dividend is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 93 omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;93. Taxation of members of an association of persons.-** (1) Where sub-section (3) of section 92 applies, the income of a member of an association of persons chargeable under the head "Income from Business" for a tax year shall include –

<sup>(2)</sup> Where an association of persons to which sub-section (3) of section 92 applies sustains a loss that cannot be set off against any other income of the association in accordance with section 56, the amount of the loss shall be apportioned among the members of the association according to their interest in the association and the members shall be entitled to have their share of the loss set off and carried forward for set off under Part VIII of Chapter III in computing their taxable income under this Ordinance.

<sup>(4)</sup> The total income of an association of persons for the purposes of sub-section (1) and the loss of an association for the purposes of sub-section (2) shall be computed as if the association were a resident person.

<sup>(5)</sup> Income, expenditures and losses of an association of persons to which this section applies shall retain their character as to geographic source and type of income, expenditure or loss in the hands of the members of the association, and shall be treated as having passed through the association on a pro rata basis, unless the Commissioner permits otherwise by order in writing to the association.

<sup>(6)</sup> The share of a member in the total income of an association of persons shall be determined according to the member's interest in the association and shall include any profit on debt, brokerage, commission, salary or other remuneration received or due from the association."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "resident" omitted by the Finance Act, 2015

- (a) The consideration received by the transferor for the disposal is a share or shares in the company (other than redeemable shares);
- (b) the transferor must beneficially own all the issued shares in the company immediately after the disposal;
- (c) the company must undertake to discharge any liability in respect of the assets disposed of to the company;
- (d) any liability in respect of the assets disposed of to the company must not exceed the transferor's cost of the assets at the time of the disposal;
- (e) the fair market value of the share or shares received by the transferor for the disposal must be substantially the same as the fair market value of the assets disposed of to the company, less any liability that the company has undertaken to discharge in respect of the assets; and
- (f) the company must not be exempt from tax for the tax year in which the disposal takes place.
- (2) Where sub-section (1) applies -
  - each of the assets acquired by the company shall be treated as having the same character as it had in the hands of the transferor;
  - (b) the company's cost in respect of the acquisition of the assets shall be
    - (i) in the case of a depreciable asset or amortised intangible, the written down value of the asset or intangible immediately before the disposal;
    - (ii) in the case of stock-in-trade valued for tax purposes under sub-section (4) of section 35 <sup>1</sup>[], that value; or
    - (iii) in any other case, the transferor's cost at the time of the disposal;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "at fair market value" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

- (c) if, immediately before the disposal, the transferor has deductions allowed under sections 22, 23 and 24 in respect of the assets transferred which have not been set off against the transferor's income, the amount not set off shall be added to the deductions allowed under those sections to the company in the tax year in which the transfer is made; and
- (d) the transferor's cost in respect of the share or shares received as consideration for the disposal shall be
  - (i) in the case of a consideration of one share, the transferor's cost of the assets transferred as determined under clause (b), less the amount of any liability that the company has undertaken to discharge in respect of the assets; or
  - (ii) in the case of a consideration of more than one share, the amount determined under sub-clause (i) divided by the number of shares received.

(3) In determining whether the transferor's deductions under sections 22, 23 or 24 have been set off against income for the purposes of clause (c) of subsection (2), those deductions shall be taken into account last.

**96.** Disposal of business by association of persons to wholly-owned company.— (1) Where a resident association of persons disposes of all the assets of a business of the association to a resident company, no gain or loss shall be taken to arise on the disposal if the following conditions are satisfied, namely: —

- (a) The consideration received by the association for the disposal is a share or shares in the company (other than redeemable shares);
- (b) the association must own all the issued shares in the company immediately after the disposal;
- (c) each member of the association must have an interest in the shares in the same proportion to the member's interest in the business assets immediately before the disposal;
- (d) the company must undertake to discharge any liability in respect of the assets disposed of to the company;
- (e) any liability in respect of the assets disposed of to the company must not exceed the association's cost of the asset at the time of the disposal;
- (f) the fair market value of the share or shares received by the association for the disposal must be substantially the same as the fair market value of the assets disposed of to the company,

as reduced by any liability that the company has undertaken to discharge in respect of the assets; and

- (g) the company must not be exempt from tax for the tax year in which the disposal takes place.
- (2) Where sub-section (1) applies
  - each of the assets acquired by the company shall be treated as having the same character as it had in the hands of the association;
  - (b) the company's cost in respect of the acquisition of the assets shall be
    - (i) in the case of a depreciable asset or amortised intangible, the written down value of the asset or intangible immediately before the disposal;
    - (ii) in the case of stock-in-trade valued for tax purposes under sub-section (4) of section 35<sup>1</sup>[], that value; or
    - (iii) in any other case, the association's cost at the time of the disposal;
  - (c) if, immediately before the disposal, the association is subject to tax in accordance with sub-section (1) of section 92 and the association has deductions allowed under sections 22, 23 and 24 in respect of the assets transferred which have not been set off against the association's income, the amount not set off shall be added to the deductions allowed under those sections to the company in the tax year in which the transfer is made; and
  - (d) the association's cost in respect of the share or shares received as consideration for the disposal shall be
    - (i) in the case of a consideration of one share, the association's cost of the assets transferred as determined under clause (b), as reduced by the amount of any liability that the company has undertaken to discharge in respect of the assets; or
    - (ii) in the case of a consideration of more than one share, the amount determined under sub-clause (i) divided by the number of shares received.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "at fair market value" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

(3) In determining whether the association's deductions under Sections 22, 23 or 24 have been set off against income for the purposes of clause (c) of sub-section (2), those deductions are taken into account last.

**97. Disposal of asset between wholly-owned companies.**— (1) Where a resident company (hereinafter referred to as the "transferor") disposes of an asset to another resident company (hereinafter referred to as the "transferee"), no gain or loss shall be taken to arise on the disposal if the following conditions are satisfied, namely:-

- (a) Both companies belong to a wholly-owned group of <sup>1</sup>[resident] companies at the time of the disposal;
- (b) the transferee must undertake to discharge any liability in respect of the asset acquired;
- (c) any liability in respect of the asset must not exceed the transferor's cost of the asset at the time of the disposal; and
- (d) the transferee must not be exempt from tax for the tax year in which the disposal takes place.
- (2) Where sub-section (1) applies
  - (a) the asset acquired by the transferee shall be treated as having the same character as it had in the hands of the transferor;
  - (b) the transferee's cost in respect of the acquisition of the asset shall be
    - (i) in the case of a depreciable asset or amortized intangible, the written down value of the asset or intangible immediately before the disposal;
    - (ii) in the case of stock-in-trade valued for tax purposes under sub-section (4) of section 35 <sup>2</sup>[], that value; or
    - (iii) in any other case, the transferor's cost at the time of the disposal;
  - (c) if, immediately before the disposal, the transferor has deductions allowed under sections 22, 23 and 24 in respect of the asset transferred which have not been set off against the transferor's income, the amount not set off shall be added to the deductions allowed under those sections to the transferee in the tax year in which the transfer is made; and
  - (d) the transferor's cost in respect of any consideration in kind received for the asset shall be the transferor's cost of the asset transferred as determined under clause (b), as reduced by the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "at fair market value" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

amount of any liability that the transferee has undertaken to discharge in respect of the asset.

(3) In determining whether the transferor's deductions under sections 22, 23 or 24 in respect of the asset transferred have been set off against income for the purposes of clause (c) of sub-section (2), those deductions shall be taken into account last.

(4) The transferor and transferee companies belong to a wholly-owned group if —

- (a) one company beneficially holds all the issued shares of the other company; or
- (b) a third company beneficially holds all the issued shares in both companies.

<sup>1</sup>**[97A. Disposal of asset under a scheme of arrangement and reconstruction**.—(1) No gain or loss shall be taken to arise on disposal of asset from one company (hereinafter referred to as the "transferor") to another company (hereinafter referred to as the "transferer") by virtue of operation of a Scheme of Arrangement and Reconstruction under sections 282L and 284 to 287 of the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] or section 48 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), if the following conditions are satisfied, namely:—

- (a) the transferee must undertake to discharge any liability in respect of the asset acquired;
- (b) any liability in respect of the asset must not exceed the transferor's cost of the asset at the time of the disposal;
- (c) the transferee must not be exempt from tax for the tax year in which the disposal takes place; and
- (d) scheme is approved by the High Court, State Bank of Pakistan or Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, as the case may be, on or after first day of July, 2007.

(2) No gain or loss shall be taken to arise on issue, cancellation, exchange or receipt of shares as a result of Scheme of Arrangement and Reconstruction under sections 282L and 284 to 287 of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) or section 48 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962) and approved by:—

- (a) the High Court;
- (b) State Bank of Pakistan; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" wherever occurring substituted by "Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)" through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- (c) Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, as the case may be, on or after first day of July, 2007.
- (3) Where sub-section (1) applies—
  - (a) the asset acquired by the transferee shall be treated as having the same character as it had in the hands of the transferor;
  - (b) the transferee's cost in respect of acquisition of the asset shall be-
    - (i) in the case of a depreciable asset or amortised intangible, the written down value of the asset or intangible immediately before the disposal;
    - (ii) in the case of stock-in-trade valued for tax purposes under sub-section (4) of section 35, that value; or
    - (iii) in any other case, the transferor's cost at the time of the disposal;
  - (c) if, immediately before the disposal, the transferor has deductions allowed under sections 22, 23 and 24 in respect of the asset transferred which have not been set off against the transferor's income, the amount not set off shall be added to the deduction allowed under those sections to the transferee in the tax year in which the transfer is made.

(4) In determining whether the transferor's deductions under sections 22, 23 or 24 in respect of the asset transferred have been set off against income for the purposes of clause (c) of sub-section (2), those deductions shall be taken into account last.

(5) Where sub-section (2) applies and the shares issued vested by virtue of the Scheme of Arrangement and Reconstruction under sections 282L and 284 to 287 of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) or section 48 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962) and approved by the Court or State Bank of Pakistan or Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan as the case may be, are disposed of, the cost of shares shall be the cost prior to the operation of the said scheme.]

# PART V

#### COMMON PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ASSOCIATIONS OF PERSONS AND COMPANIES

**98.** Change in control of an entity.- (1) Where there is a change of fifty per cent or more in the underlying ownership of an entity, any loss incurred for a tax year before the change shall not be allowed as a deduction in a tax year after the change, unless the entity —

- (a) continues to conduct the same business after the change as it conducted before the change until the loss has been fully set off; and
- (b) does not, until the loss has been fully set off, engage in any new business or investment after the change where the principal purpose of the entity or the beneficial owners of the entity is to utilise the loss so as to reduce the income tax payable on the income arising from the new business or investment.
- (2) In this section, —

"entity" means a company or association of persons to which subsection (1) of section 92 applies;

"ownership interest" means a share in a company or the interest of a member in an association of persons; and

"underlying ownership" in relation to an entity, means an ownership interest in the entity held, directly or indirectly through an interposed entity or entities, by an individual or by a person not ultimately owned by individuals.

### <sup>1</sup>[PART VA TAX LIABILITY IN CERTAIN CASES

**98A.** Change in the constitution of an association of persons.—Where, during the course of a tax year, a change occurs in the constitution of an association of persons, liability of filing the return on behalf of the association of persons for the tax year shall be on the association of persons as constituted at the time of filing of such return but the income of the association of persons shall be apportioned among the members who were entitled to receive it and, where the tax assessed on a member cannot be recovered from him it shall be recovered from the association of persons as constituted at the time of filing the return.

**98B.** Discontinuance of business or dissolution of an association of persons.— (1) Subject to the provisions of section 117, where any business or profession carried on by an association of persons has been discontinued, or where an association of persons is dissolved, all the provisions of this Ordinance, shall, so far as may be, apply as if no such discontinuance or dissolution had taken place.

(2) Every person, who was, at the time of such discontinuance or dissolution, a member of such association of persons and the legal representative of any such person who is deceased, shall be jointly and severally liable for the amount of tax payable by the association of persons.

**98C.** Succession to business, otherwise than on death.— (1) Where a person carrying on any business or profession has been succeeded in any tax year by any other person (hereafter in this section referred to as the "predecessor" and "successor" respectively), otherwise than on the death of the predecessor, and the successor continues to carry on that business or profession,-

- (a) the predecessor shall be liable to pay tax in respect of the income of the tax year in which the succession took place upto the date of succession and of the tax year or years preceding that year; and
- (b) the successor shall be liable to pay tax in respect of the income of such tax year after the date of succession.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where the predecessor cannot be found, the tax liability in respect of the tax year in which the succession took place upto the date of succession and of the tax year or years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

preceding that year shall be that of the successor in like manner and to the same extent as it would have been that of the predecessor, and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.

(3) Where any tax payable under this section in respect of such business or profession cannot be recovered from the predecessor, it shall be recoverable from the successor, who shall be entitled to recover it from the predecessor.]

## CHAPTER VI SPECIAL INDUSTRIES

### PART I INSURANCE BUSINESS

**99.** Special provisions relating to insurance business. — The profits and gains of any insurance business shall be computed in accordance with the rules in the Fourth Schedule.

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<sup>3</sup>[99A. Special provisions relating to payment of tax through electricity connections. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Ordinance, a tax shall

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), tax payable on the profits and gains of any trader as defined in sub-section (4), who-

- (a) is a filer; or
- (b) is NTN holder and a non-filer but has filed return or returns in any of the last ten preceding tax years, shall be computed in accordance with the rules laid down in Part II of the Ninth Schedule.
- (3) Sub-sections (1) and (2) shall apply, if-
  - (a) the return filed by the trader qualifies for acceptance in accordance with the rules laid down in the Ninth Schedule;
  - (b) return relates to tax years 2015 to 2018; and
  - (c) income from business consists of profits and gains from trading activity only.

(4) For the purpose of this section and the Ninth Schedule, 'trader' means an individual or an association of persons (AOP) buying goods or merchandise and selling the same without further processing and providing, business-related after sales, services by doing repair jobs.

- Explanation 1.- For the removal of doubt it is clarified that any person engaged in-
- (a) rendering of, or providing, services as defined in clause (ii) of sub-section (7) of section 153; or
- (b) business of retailer falling under rule (5) of Chapter II of the Sales Tax Special Procedures Rules, 2007, shall not be treated as a trader for the purposes of this section.

*Explanation 2.-* It is also clarified that this section shall not apply to a person who is a Member of the Senate of Pakistan, the National Assembly of Pakistan or a Provincial Assembly."]

<sup>3</sup> Section 99A substituted and shall be deemed to have been so substituted from 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2022 by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this section was substituted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 22.08.2022. The substituted section read as follows:

**"99A. Special provisions relating to payment of tax through electricity connections**.- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Ordinance, a tax shall be charged and collected from retailers other than Tier-I retailers as defined in Sales Tax Act, 1990 (VII of 1990) and specified service

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the National Assembly Secretariat's O.M. No.F.22(2)/2016-Legis dated 29.01.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 99A substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;99A. Special provisions relating to traders.**-(1) Subject to sub-section (3), tax payable on the profits and gains of a trader as defined in sub-section (4) who upto thirty first day of December, 2015 has not filed a return for any of the preceding ten tax years shall be computed in accordance with the rules laid down in Part I of the Ninth Schedule.

be charged and collected from retailers other than Tier-I retailers as defined in the Sales Tax Act, 1990 (VII of 1990) and specified service providers on commercial electricity connections at the rates specified in the income tax general order issued in terms of sub-section (2).

(2) For the purposes of this section, the Federal Government or the Board with the approval of the Minister in-charge pursuant to the approval of the Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet may, issue an income tax general order to —

- (a) provide the scope, time, payment, recovery, penalty, default surcharge, adjustment or refund of tax payable under this section in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified;
- (b) provide the collection of tax on the amount of bill or on any basis of consumption, in addition to or in lieu of advance tax collectible under sub-section (1) of section 235, at such rates or amounts, from such date and with such conditions as may be specified;
- (c) provide record keeping, filing of return, statement and assessment in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified;
- (d) provide mechanism of collection, deduction and payment of tax in respect of any person;
- (e) include or exempt any person or classes of persons, any income or classes of income from the application of this section, in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified; and
- (f) provide that tax collected under this section shall in respect of such persons or classes of persons be adjustable, final or minimum, in

providers on commercial electricity connections at the rates provided in clause (2A) of Division IV, Part IV of the First Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> A retailer who has paid sales tax under sub-section (9) of section 3 of Sales Tax Act, 1990 (VII of 1990), shall not be required to pay tax under this section and the sales tax so paid shall constitute discharge of tax liability under this section.

<sup>(3)</sup> The tax collected or paid under this section shall be final tax on the income of persons covered under this section in respect of business being carried out from the premises where the electricity connection is installed.

<sup>(4)</sup> For the purposes of this section, Board with the approval of the Minister in-charge may issue an income tax general order to-

<sup>(</sup>a) provide the scope, time, payment, recovery, penalty, default surcharge, adjustment or refund of tax payable under this section in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified.

 <sup>(</sup>b) provide record keeping, filing of return, statement and assessment in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified;

<sup>(</sup>c) provide mechanism of collection, deduction and payment of tax in respect of any person; or

<sup>(</sup>d) include or exempt any person or classes of persons, any income or classes of income from the application of this section, in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified.]

respect of any income to such extent and with such conditions as may be specified.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 235 shall apply to the persons as specified therein unless specifically exempted under the income tax general order issued under sub-section (2).

(4) The provisions of section 100BA and rule 1 of the Tenth Schedule shall not apply to the tax collectible under this section unless specifically provided in respect of the person or class of persons mentioned in the income tax general order issued under sub-section (2).]

<sup>1</sup>[99B. Special procedure for small traders and shopkeepers:-Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance the <sup>2</sup>[Board with the approval of the Ministerin-charge] may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe special procedure for scope and payment of tax, filing of return and assessment in respect of such small traders and shopkeepers, in such cities or territories, as may be specified therein.]

<sup>3</sup>[99C. Special procedure for certain persons.- Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the <sup>4</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-in-charge] may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe special procedure for scope and payment of tax, record keeping, filing of return and assessment in respect of small businesses, construction businesses, medical practitioners, hospitals, educational institutions and any other sector specified by <sup>5</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-in-charge], in such cities or territories, as may be specified therein.]

<sup>6</sup>[**99D.** Additional tax on certain income, profits and gains.- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force, for any of the last three tax years preceding the tax year 2023 and onwards, in addition to any tax charged or chargeable, paid or payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, an additional tax shall be imposed on every person being a company who has any income, profit or gains that have arisen due to any economic factor or factors that resulted in windfall income, profits or gains.

- (2) The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, -
- (a) specify sector or sectors, for which this section applies;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Section 99B inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New section 99C inserted through Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New section 99D inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

- (c) provide the rate not exceeding fifty percent of such income, profits or gains;
- (d) provide for the scope, time and payment of tax payable under this section in such manner and with such conditions as may be specified in the notification; and
- (e) exempt any person or classes of persons, any income or classes of income from the application of this section, subject to any conditions as may be specified in the notification.

(3) The Federal Government shall place before the National Assembly the notification issued under this section within ninety days of the issuance of such notification or by the 30th day of June of the financial year, whichever is earlier.]

# PART II

#### OIL, NATURAL GAS AND OTHER MINERAL DEPOSITS

**100.** Special provisions relating to the production of oil and natural gas, and exploration and extraction of other mineral deposits.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the profits and gains from —

- (a) the exploration and production of petroleum including natural gas and from refineries set up at the Dhodak and Bobi fields;
- (b) the pipeline operations of exploration and production companies; or
- (c) the manufacture and sale of liquefied petroleum gas or compressed natural gas,

and the tax payable thereon shall be computed in accordance with the rules in Part I of the Fifth Schedule.

(2) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to the profits and gains attributable to the production of petroleum including natural gas discovered before the 24<sup>th</sup> day of September, 1954<sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that the for tax year 2017 and onward the provisions of this sub-section shall not apply on profit and gains derived from sui gas field.]

(3) The profits and gains of any business which consists of, or includes, the exploration and extraction of such mineral deposits of a wasting nature (not being petroleum or natural gas) as may be specified in this behalf by the <sup>3</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-in-charge] carried on by a person in Pakistan shall be computed in accordance with the rules in Part II of the Fifth Schedule.

<sup>4</sup>[100A. Special provisions relating to banking business.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the income, profits and gains of any banking company as defined in clause (7) of section 2 and tax payable thereon shall be computed in accordance with the rules in the Seventh Schedule.

(2) Sub-section (1) shall apply to the profits and gains of the banking companies relevant to tax year 2009 and onwards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fullstop substituted by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>1</sup>[(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), income, profits and gains and tax payable thereon shall be computed subject to the limitations and provisions contained in Chapters VII and VIII.]

<sup>2</sup>[100B. Special provision relating to capital gain tax.— (1) Capital gains on disposal of listed securities and tax thereon <sup>3</sup>[including super tax under section 4C], subject to section 37A, shall be computed, determined, collected and deposited in accordance with the rules laid down in the Eighth Schedule.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to the following persons or class of persons, namely:-

- (a) a mutual fund;
- (b) banking company, a non-banking finance company and an insurance company subject to tax under the Fourth Schedule;
- (c) a modaraba;
- <sup>4</sup>[(d) a company, in respect of debt securities only; and]
- (e) any other person or class of persons notified by the Board.]

<sup>5</sup>[100BA. Special provisions relating to persons not appearing in active taxpayers' list.-(1) The collection or deduction of advance income tax, computation of income and tax payable thereon <sup>6</sup>[in respect of a person not appearing on the active taxpayers' list] shall be determined in accordance with the rules in the Tenth Schedule.

(2) The provisions of the Tenth Schedule shall have effect notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance.]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Words inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (d) substituted by new clause (d) by the Finance Act, 2014. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(d) "a foreign institutional investor" being a person registered with NCCPL as a foreign institutional investor; and"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New section 100BA inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>1</sup>[100C. Tax credit for charitable organizations.— (1) The persons mentioned in sub-section (2) shall be allowed a tax credit equal to one hundred percent of tax payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance including minimum and final

- (b) tax required to be deducted or collected has been deducted or collected and paid;<sup>1</sup>[]
- (c) withholding tax statements for the immediately preceding tax year have been filed<sup>1</sup>[;]
- 1(d) the administrative and management expenditure does not exceed 15% of the total receipts: "Provided that clause (d) shall not apply to a non-profit organization, if—
  - 1(i) charitable and welfare activities of the non-profit organization have commenced for the first time within last three years; and
  - (ii)] total receipts of the non-profit organization during the tax year are less than one hundred million Rupees" <sup>1</sup>[:]
- <sup>1</sup>[(e) approval of Commissioner has been obtained as per the requirement of clause (36) of section 2:

Provided that this clause shall take effect from the first day of July, 2020; 1 ]

(f) none of the assets of trusts or welfare institutions confers, or may confer, a private benefit to the donors or family, children or author of the trust or his descendents or the maker of the institution or to any other person:

Provided that where such private benefit is conferred, the amount of such benefit shall be added to the income of the donor <sup>1</sup>[; and]

(g) a statement of voluntary contributions and donations received in the immediately preceding tax year has been filed in the prescribed from and manner.]

- <sup>1</sup>[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), surplus funds of non-profit <sup>1</sup>[organizations, trusts or welfare institutions] shall be taxed at a rate of ten percent.
- (1B) For the purpose of sub-section (1A), surplus funds mean funds or monies:
  - (a) not spent on charitable and welfare activities during the tax year;
  - (b) received during the tax year as donations, voluntary contributions, subscriptions and other incomes;
  - (c) which are more than twenty-five percent of the total receipts of the non-profit organization received during the tax year; and
  - (d) are not part of restricted funds.

Explanation.- For the purpose of this sub-section, "restricted funds" mean any fund received by the organization but could not be spent and treated as revenue during the year due to any obligation placed by the donor.]

- (2) Persons <sup>1</sup>[and incomes] eligible for tax credit under this section include-
  - (a) any income of a trust or welfare institution or non-profit organization from donations, voluntary contributions, subscriptions, house property, investments in the securities of the Federal Government and so much of the income chargeable under the head "income from business" as is expended in Pakistan for the purposes of carrying out welfare activities:

Provided that in the case of income under the head "income from business", the exemption in respect of income under the said head shall not exceed an amount which bears to the income, under the said head, the same proportion as the said amount bears to the aggregate of the incomes from the aforesaid sources of income.

(b) a trust administered under a scheme approved by the Federal Government in this behalf and established in Pakistan exclusively for the purposes of carrying out such activities as are for the benefit and welfare of—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 100C substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;100C. Tax credit for certain persons.-** (1) <sup>1</sup>[The income of]Non-profit organizations, trusts or welfare institutions, as mentioned in sub-section (2) shall be allowed a tax credit equal to one hundred per cent of the tax payable, including minimum tax and final taxes payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance, subject to the following conditions, namely:-

<sup>(</sup>a) return has been filed;

taxes in respect of incomes mentioned in sub-section (3) subject to the conditions and limitations laid down in subsection (4).

(2) The provisions of this section shall apply to the following persons, namely:-

- (a) persons specified in Table II of clause (66) of Part I of the Second Schedule to this Ordinance;
- (b) a trust administered under a scheme approved by the Federal Government and established in Pakistan exclusively for the purposes of carrying out such activities as are for the welfare of ex-employees and serving personnel of the Federal Government or a Provincial

- ex-employees and serving personnel of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government and their dependents, where the said trust is administered by a committee nominated by the Federal Government or, as the case may be, a Provincial Government;
- (c) <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- (d) income of a university or other educational institution being run by a non-profit organization existing solely for educational purposes and not for purposes of profit;
- (e) any income which is derived from investments in securities of the Federal Government, profit on debt from scheduled banks <sup>1</sup>[and microfinance banks], grant received from Federal Government or Provincial Government or District Governments, foreign grants and house property held under trust or other legal obligations wholly, or in part only, for religious or charitable purposes and is actually applied or finally set apart for application thereto:

Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to so much of the income as is not expended within Pakistan:

Provided further that if any sum out of the amount so set apart is expended outside Pakistan, it shall be included in the total income of the tax year in which it is so expended or of the year in which it was set apart, whichever is the greater, and the provisions of section 122 shall not apply to any assessment made or to be made in pursuance of this proviso.

*Explanation.*— Notwithstanding anything contained in the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913 (VI of 1913), or any other law for the time being in force or in the instrument relating to the trust or the institution, if any amount is set apart, expended or disbursed for the maintenance and support wholly or partially of the family, children or descendants of the author of the trust or the donor or, the maker of the institution or for his own maintenance and support during his life time or payment to himself or his family, children, relations or descendants or for the payment of his or their debts out of the income from house property dedicated, or if any expenditure is made other than for charitable purposes, in each case such expenditure, provision, setting apart, payment or disbursement shall not be deemed, for the purposes of this clause, to be for religious or charitable purposes; or

(f) any income of a religious or charitable institution derived from voluntary contributions applicable solely to religious or charitable purposes of the institution: Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to the income of a private religious trust which does not ensure for the benefit of the public.";]

<sup>(</sup>i) ex-servicemen and serving personnel, including civilian employees of the Armed Forces, and their dependents; or

Government or armed forces including civilian employees of armed forces and their dependents where the said trust is administered by a committee nominated by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;

- (c) a trust;
- (d) a welfare institution registered with Provincial or Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) social welfare department;
- (e) a not for profit company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 42 of the Companies Act, 2017;
- (f) a welfare society registered under the provincial or Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) laws related to registration of co-operative societies;
- (g) a waqf registered under Mussalman Waqf Validating Act, 1913 (VI of 1913) or any other law for the time being in force or in the instrument relating to the trust or the institution;
- (h) a university or education institutions being run by nonprofit organization existing solely for educational purposes and not for the purposes of profit;
- (i) a religious or charitable institution for the benefit of public registered under any law for the time being in force; and
- (j) international non-governmental organizations (INGOs) approved by the Federal Government.
- (3) The following income is eligible for tax credit, namely:—
- (a) income from donations, voluntary contributions and subscriptions;
- (b) income from house property;
- (c) income from investments in the securities of the Federal Government;
- (d) profit on debt from scheduled banks and microfinance banks;
- (e) grant received from Federal, Provincial, Local or foreign Government;
- (f) so much of the income chargeable under the head "income from business" as is expended in Pakistan for the purposes of carrying out welfare activities:

Provided that in the case of income under the head "income from business", only so much of such income shall be eligible for tax credit under this section that bears the same proportion as the said amount of business income bears to the aggregate of income from all sources; and

(g) any income of the persons mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (h) of subsection (2) of this section.

(4) Eligibility for tax credit shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:---

- (a) return has been filed;
- (b) tax required to be deducted or collected has been deducted or collected and paid;
- (c) withholding tax statements for the relevant tax year have been filed;
- (d) the administrative and management expenditure does not exceed 15% of the total receipts:

Provided that clause (d) shall not apply to a nonprofit organization, if-

- (i) charitable and welfare activities of the non-profit organization have commenced for the first time within last three years; or
- (ii) total receipts of the non-profit organization during the tax year are less than one hundred million Rupees;
- (e) approval of Commissioner has been obtained as per requirement of clause (36) of section 2:

Provided that the condition of approval in respect of persons mentioned in Table-II of clause (66) of Part I of the Second Schedule to this Ordinance, shall take effect from the first day of July, <sup>1</sup>[2023] and the requirements of clause (36) of section 2, shall not be applicable for earlier years;

(f) none of the assets of trusts or welfare institutions confers, or may confer, a private benefit to the donors or family, children or author of the trust or his descendants or the maker of the institution or to any other person:

Provided that where such private benefit is conferred, the amount of such benefit shall be added to the income of the donor; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figure 2022 substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

(g) a statement of voluntary contributions and donations received in the immediately preceding tax year has been filed in the prescribed form and manner.

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), surplus funds of organizations to which this section applies shall be taxed at a rate of ten percent.

(6) For the purpose of sub-section (5), surplus funds mean funds or monies-

- (a) not spent on charitable and welfare activities during the tax year;
- (b) received during the tax year as donations, voluntary contributions, subscriptions and other incomes;
- (c) which are more than twenty-five percent of the total receipts of the nonprofit organization received during the tax year; and
- (d) are not part of restricted funds.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause, "restricted funds" mean any fund received by the organization but could not be spent and treated as revenue during the year due to any obligation placed by the donor or funds received in kind.]

<sup>1</sup>[**100D. Special provisions relating to builders and developers.** – (1) For tax year 2020 and onwards, the tax payable by a builder or a developer, as defined in sub-section (9), who opt to pay tax under this section shall be computed and paid in accordance with the rules in the Eleventh Schedule on a project by project basis

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New section (100D) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

on the income, profits and gains derived from the sale of buildings or sale of plots, as the case may be, from-

- (a) a new project to be completed by the <sup>1</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023]; or
- (b) an incomplete existing project to be completed by the <sup>2</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023]:

Provided that any income, profits and gains of a builder or developer of an incomplete existing project earned up to tax year 2019 <sup>3</sup>[or tax year 2020, as the case may be] shall be subject to the provisions of this Ordinance as were in force prior to the commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (Ordinance I of 2020):

Provided further that any income of a builders or developer other than income, profits and gains subject to this section shall be subject to tax as per the provisions of this Ordinance.

- (2) Where sub-section (1) applies,-
- (a) the income shall not be chargeable to tax under any head of income in computing the taxable income of the person;
- (b) no deduction shall be allowed under this Ordinance for any expenditure incurred in deriving the income:
- (c) the amount of the income shall not be reduced by -
  - (i) any deductible allowance under Part IX of Chapter III: or
  - (ii) the set off of any loss;
- (d) no tax credit shall be allowed against the tax payable under sub-section (1) except credit for tax under section 236A or 236K collected from the builder or developer after the commencement of the Tax Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (1 of 2020) on purchase of immoveable property utilized in a project;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this expression was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (e) there shall be no refund of any tax collected or deducted under this Ordinance;
- (f) if the tax payable has not been paid or short paid, the said amount of tax may be recovered and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly; and
- (g) section 113 and 113C shall not apply on the turnover, income, profits and gains of a builder or developer from a project.

(3) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply to capital investment made in a new project under clause (a) of sub-section (1) in the form of money or land, subject to the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) if the investment is made by a builder or developer being an individual-
  - (i) in the form of money, such builder or developer shall open a new bank account and deposit such amount in it on or before the <sup>1</sup>[30th day of June, 2021]; or
  - (ii) in the form of land, such builder or developer shall have the ownership title of the land at the time of commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (I of 2020);
- (b) if the investment is made by a person in a project through a company or an association of persons,-
  - (i) such company or association of person shall be a single object (builder or developer) company or association of persons registered under the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2017 (XV of 2017) or the Partnership Act 1932 (IX of 1932), as the case may be, after the date of commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (I of 2020) and on or before the <sup>2</sup>[30th day of June, 2021]; and
  - (ii) the person shall be a member or shareholder of such association of persons or company, as the case may be;

and if the capital investment is made,-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (i) in the form of money, such amount shall be invested through a crossed banking instrument deposited in the bank account of such association of persons or company, as the case may be, no or before the <sup>1</sup>[30th day of June, 2021]; or
- (ii) in the form of land, such land shall be transferred to such association of persons or company, as the case may be, on or before the <sup>2</sup>[30th day of June, 2021]:

Provided that the person shall have the ownership title of the land at the time of commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 (I of 2020)

- (c) a person making an investment under clause (a) or (b) shall submit a prescribed form on Iris web portal <sup>3</sup>[by 30th day of June, 2021];
- (d) the money or land invested under clause (a) or (b) shall be wholly utilized in a project; and
- (e) completion of the project shall be certified in the following manner, namely:-
  - (i) in case of a builder, the map approving authority or NESPAK shall certify that grey structure as per the approved map has been completed by the builder on or before the <sup>4</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023]; and
  - (ii) in case of a develop,-
    - (A) the map approving authority or NESPAK shall certify that landscaping has been completed on or before the <sup>5</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023];
    - (B) a firm of chartered accountants having an ICAP QCR rating of 'satisfactory', notified by the Board for this purpose, shall

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

certify that at least 50% of the plots have been booked for sale and at least 40% of the sale proceeds have been received by the  ${}^{1}[30^{th}$  day of September, 2023]; and

- (C) at least 50% of the roads have been laid up to sub-grade level as certified by the approving authority of NESPAK.
- (4) The provisions of section 111 shall also not apply to.-
  - (a) the first purchaser of a building or a unit of the building purchased from the builder in respect of purchase price of the building or unit of the building subject to the following conditions, namely:-
    - (i) full payment is made through a crossed banking instrument to the builder during a period starting from the date of registration of the project with the Board under this section and ending on the <sup>2</sup>[31st day of March, 2023], in case the purchase is from a new project; and
    - (ii) full or balance amount of payment is made through a crossed banking instrument to the builder during a period starting from the date of registration of the project with the Board under this section and ending on the <sup>3</sup>[31st day of March, 2023], in case the purchase is from an existing incomplete project; and
  - (b) the purchaser of a plot who intends to construct a building thereon, if-
    - (i) the purchase is made on a before the <sup>4</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2021];
    - the full payment is made on or before the <sup>5</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2021] through a crossed banking instrument;
    - (iii) construction on such plot is commenced on or before the <sup>6</sup>[31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2021];

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" " substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (iv) such construction is completed on or before the <sup>1</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023]; and
- (v) the person registers himself with the Board on the online Iris werb portal.

(5) Where sub-section (3) or (4) apply, the value or price of land or building, as the case may be, shall be the higher of clause (a) or (b) below:-

- (a) 130% of the fair market value as determined by the Board under subsection (4) of section 68; or
- (b) at the option of the person making investment, the lower of the values as determined by at least two independent valuers from the list of valuers approved by the State Bank of Pakistan.
- (6) Sub-sections (3) and (4) shall not apply to -
- (a) holder of any public office as defined in the Voluntary Declaration of Domestic Assets Act, 2018 or his benamidar as defined in the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 2017 (V of 2017) or his spouse or dependents;
- (b) a public listed company, a real estate investment trust or a company whose income is exempt under any provision of this Ordinance; or
- (c) any proceeds derived from the commission of a criminal offence including the crimes of money laundering extortion or terror financing but excluding the offences under this Ordinance.

(7) Divided income paid to a person by a builder or developer being a company out of the profits and gains derived from a project shall be exempt from tax.

(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section or the Eleventh Schedule, where a return or declaration has been made through misrepresentation or suppression of facts, such return or declaration shall be void and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply:

Provided that no action under this sub-section shall be taken if such misrepresentation has been made on account of a bona fide mistake:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

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Provided further that no action under this sub-section shall be taken without providing an opportunity of being heard and without prior approval of the Board.

- (9) In this section.-
  - (a) "builder" means a person who is registered as a builder with the Board and is engaged in the construction and disposal of residential or commercial buildings;
  - (b) "capital investment" means investment as equity resources and does not include borrowed funds;
  - (c) "developer" means a person who is registered as a developer with the Board and is engaged in the development of land in the form of plots of any kind either for itself or otherwise;
  - (d) "existing project" means a construction or development project, which-
    - (i) has commenced before the date of commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020;
    - (ii) is incomplete;
    - (iii) is completed on or before the <sup>1</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023];and
    - (iv) a declaration is provided in the registration from under Eleventh Schedule to the effect of percentage of the project completed up to the last day of the accounting period pertaining to tax year 2019 <sup>2</sup>[or tax year 2020 at the option of the taxpayer];
  - (e) "first purchaser" means a person who purchases a building or a unit, as the case may be, directly from the builder and does not include a subsequent or a substituted purchaser;
  - (f) "new project" means a construction or development project, which-
    - (i) is commenced during the period starting from the date of commencement of the Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020 and ending on the <sup>3</sup>[31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2021]; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" " substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This expression inserted " by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (ii) is competed on or before the <sup>1</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2023];
- (g) "project" means a project for construction of a building with the object of disposal, or a project for development of land into plots with the object of disposal or otherwise;
- (h) "registered with the Board" means registered after submission of form on project-by-project basis on the online Iris web portal;

(10) The provisions of the Ordinance not specifically dealt with in this section or the rules made thereunder shall apply mutatis mutandis to builders and developers in so far as they are not inconsistent with this section or the rules made thereunder.]

<sup>2</sup>[**100E. Special provisions relating to small and medium enterprises.**— (1) For tax year 2021 and onwards, the tax payable by a small and medium enterprise as defined in clause (59A) of section 2 shall be computed and paid in accordance with rules made under the Fourteenth Schedule.

(2) The Board may prescribe a simplified return for a small and medium enterprise.]

<sup>3</sup>[]

Provided that the funds referred to in sub-section (I) shall be deposited in rupees in a dedicated bank account in Pakistan as equity of the newly formed company, incorporated under the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), before the filing of the statement and such funds shall only be used for purchase or import of plant and machinery through letter of credit or for construction of building and structure for the industrial undertaking:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022" " substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 100E inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 100F shall be omitted and shall be deemed to have been omitted with effect from 02<sup>nd</sup> March, 2022 by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;100F. Special provisions relating to investment for industrial promotion.** — (1) Any eligible person may file a statement by the 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2022, declaring therein the amount of funds (which have not been declared in any of the returns of income upto tax year 2021 filed by the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021) for investment in a new company formed for establishing and operating an industrial undertaking in accordance with this section:

Provided further that the minimum amount which would qualify for the purposes of this section shall be fifty million rupees.

<sup>(2)</sup> The provisions of section 111 shall not apply to the funds declared under sub-section (I) subject to fulfilment of conditions as laid down in this section and payment of an amount equal to five percent thereof along with the statement filed under sub-section (1).

<sup>(3)</sup> The new industrial undertaking in which such investment is made shall commence commercial production by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2024 and a certificate to that effect, duly issued by Engineering Development Board, is submitted to the Commissioner along with the return filed for tax year 2024.

<sup>(4)</sup> Any amount of tax paid under this section shall not be refundable or adjustable against any other tax liability of the declarant.

(5) Where a declarant has paid tax under this section in respect of funds declared under subsection (I), the declarant shall be entitled to incorporate the same in his wealth statement, financial statements or books of accounts, as the case may be.

(6) For the purposes of this section, eligible person means all persons, except-

(a) holders of public office, their spouses and dependent children;

(b) a public company as defined in clause (47) of section 2 of this Ordinance;

(c) a person who has filed a declaration under the Voluntary Declaration of Domestic Assets Act, 2018, the Foreign Assets (Declaration and Repatriation) Act, 2018, or the Assets Declaration Act, 2019;

(d) a person that has been declared a bank loan defaulter by a bank or a financial institution within the last three years; or

(e) a director of a company who has been declared a bank loan defaulter by a bank or a financial institution within the last three years.

(7) The provisions of this section shall not apply to —

- (a) any proceeds of crime, corruption, money laundering and terror financing;
- (b) any amount which is subject of any departmental or court proceedings;

(c) the investments made in following sectors, namely:-

- (i) arms and ammunitions;
- (ii) explosives;
- (i) sugar;
- (ii) cigarettes;

(iii) aerated beverages;

- (iv) flour mills;
- (v) vegetable ghee; and

(vi) cooking oil manufacturing excluding extraction units.

(8) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law for the time being in force including subsection (3) of section 216 of this Ordinance excluding clauses (a) and (g) of sub-section (3) thereof, the National Accountability Ordinance, 1999 (XVIII of 1999), the Federal Investigation Agency Act, 1974 (VIII of 1975) and the Right of Access to Information Act, 2017 (XXXI V of 2017), particulars of any person making a statement under this section or any information received in any statement made under this section shall be confidential.

(9) The statement filed under sub-section (1) shall not be valid, if-

(a) the newly formed industrial undertaking company fails to prove commercial production in terms of sub-section (3);

(b) there is change in ownership of industrial undertaking company prior to the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2026; or

(c) the newly formed industrial undertaking company disposes of any of its assets prior to the  $30^{th}$  June, 2026.

(10) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, where the provisions of sub-section (7) or (9) apply, or where the statement under sub-section (I) has been made by misrepresentation or suppression of facts, such statement shall be void as if it had never been made and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly:

Provided that the Commissioner shall not take any action under this section without providing the declarant an opportunity of being heard.

(11) The statement filed under this section shall be made in the form and manner as specified by the Board through a notification in the official Gazette.

(12) The provisions of this section shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to an existing company being an industrial undertaking, for investment in expansion and modernization from amount of funds (which have not been declared in any of the returns of income upto tax year 2021 filed by the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021):

Provided that such company opens a dedicated bank account to deposit the said funds before the filing of the statement and such funds shall only be used for expansion and modernization by way of purchase or import of plant and machinery including IT hardware through letter of credit, or software and IT services or for construction of building and structure for the manufacturing premises of the existing industrial undertaking:

Provided further that the expansion and modernization shall be completed by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2024, and a certificate to that effect, duly issued by the Engineering Development Board, is submitted to the Commissioner along with the return filed for tax year 2024.

<sup>(13)</sup> In this section, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-

<sup>(</sup>a) "declarant" means a person filing a statement under sub-section (1);

<sup>(</sup>b) "holder of public office" means a person as defined in the Voluntary Declaration of Domestic Assets Act, 2018;

<sup>(</sup>c) "industrial undertaking" means a company being a new industrial undertaking setup for the purpose of this section and is not established by the splitting up or reconstruction or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an existing industrial undertaking established in Pakistan;

<sup>(</sup>d) "investment" means investment in equity and does not include borrowed funds and investment in land; and

<sup>(</sup>e) "modernization" includes acquisition or upgradation of IT hardware, software and IT services.";

## CHAPTER VII INTERNATIONAL

### **PART I** GEOGRAPHICAL SOURCE OF INCOME

**101.** Geographical source of income. — (1) Salary shall be Pakistan-source income to the extent to which the salary —

- (a) is received from any employment exercised in Pakistan, wherever paid; or
- (b) is paid by, or on behalf of, the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, or a <sup>1</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan, wherever the employment is exercised.

(2) Business income of a resident person shall be Pakistan-source income to the extent to which the income is derived from any business carried on in Pakistan.

(3) Business income of a non-resident person shall be Pakistan-source income to the extent to which it is directly or indirectly attributable to –

- (a) a permanent establishment of the non-resident person in Pakistan;
- (b) sales in Pakistan of goods merchandise of the same or similar kind as those sold by the person through a permanent establishment in Pakistan; <sup>2</sup>[]
- (c) other business activities carried on in Pakistan of the same or similar kind as those effected by the non-resident through a permanent establishment in Pakistan <sup>3</sup>[; or]
- <sup>4</sup>[(d) any business connection in Pakistan <sup>5</sup>[; or]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>1</sup>[(e) import of goods, whether or not the title to the goods passes outside Pakistan, if the import is part of an overall arrangement for the supply of goods, installation, construction, assembly, commission, guarantees or supervisory activities and all or principal activities are undertaken or performed either by the associates of the person supplying the goods or its permanent establishment, whether or not the goods are imported in the name of the person, associate of the person or any other person.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that where the income is subject to taxation under sections 5A, 5AA, 6, 7 and 7A, the income shall not be chargeable to tax under the head income from business."]

<sup>2</sup>[(4) Where the business of a non-resident person comprises the rendering of independent services (including professional services and the services of entertainers and sports persons), the Pakistan-source business income of the person shall include [in addition to any amounts treated as Pakistan-source income under sub-section (3)] any remuneration derived by the person where the remuneration is paid by a resident person or borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.]

(5) Any gain from the disposal of any asset or property used in deriving any business income referred to in sub-section (2), (3) or (4) shall be Pakistan-source income.

- (6) A dividend shall be Pakistan-source income if it is <sup>3</sup>[—]
  - <sup>4</sup>[(a) paid by a resident company; or]
  - <sup>5</sup>[(b) dividend as per provisions of sub-clause (f) of clause (19) of section 2.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows: -

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Where the business of a non-resident person comprises the rendering of independent services (including professional services and the services of entertainers and sports-persons), the Pakistan-source business income of the person shall include (in addition to any amounts treated as Pakistan-source income under sub-section (3)) any remuneration derived by the person where –

<sup>(</sup>a) the remuneration is paid by a resident person or borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident; person; and

<sup>(</sup>b) the aggregate gross amount (before deduction of expenses) of the remuneration is sixty thousand rupees or more."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words and full stop "paid by a resident company." substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

- (7) Profit on debt shall be Pakistan-source income if it is
  - paid by a resident person, except where the profit is payable in respect of any debt used for the purposes of a business carried on by the resident outside Pakistan through a permanent establishment; or
  - (b) borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.
- (8) A royalty shall be Pakistan-source income if it is
  - (a) paid by a resident person, except where the royalty is payable in respect of any right, property, or information used, or services utilised for the purposes of a business carried on by the resident outside Pakistan through a permanent establishment; or
  - (b) borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.

(9) Rental income shall be Pakistan-source income if it is derived from the lease of immovable property in Pakistan whether improved or not, or from any other interest in or over immovable property, including a right to explore for, or exploit, natural resources in Pakistan.

(10) Any gain from the alienation of any property or right referred to in subsection (9) or from the alienation of any share in a company the assets of which consist wholly or principally, directly or indirectly, of property or rights referred to in sub-section (9) shall be Pakistan-source income.

(11) A pension or annuity shall be Pakistan-source income if it is paid by a resident or borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.

- (12) A technical fee shall be Pakistan-source income if it is -
  - (a) paid by a resident person, except where the fee is payable in respect of services utilised in a business carried on by the resident outside Pakistan through a permanent establishment; or
  - (b) borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.

- <sup>1</sup>[(12A) A fee for offshore digital services shall be Pakistan- source income, if it is
  - (a) paid by a resident person, except where the fee is payable in respect of services utilised in a business carried on by the resident outside Pakistan through a permanent establishment; or
  - (b) borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.]

(13) Any gain arising on the disposal of shares in a resident company shall be Pakistan-source income.

<sup>2</sup>[(13A).Any amount paid on account of insurance or re-insurance premium by an insurance company to an overseas insurance or re-insurance company shall be deemed to be Pakistan source income.]

(14) Any amount not mentioned in the preceding sub-sections shall be Pakistan-source income if it is paid by a resident person or borne by a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.

(15) Where an amount may be dealt with under sub-section (3) and under another sub-section (other than sub-section (14)), this section shall apply—

- (a) by first determining whether the amount is Pakistan-source income under that other sub-section; and
- (b) if the amount is not Pakistan-source income under that subsection, then determining whether it is Pakistan-source income under sub-section (3).

(16) An amount shall be foreign-source income to the extent to which it is not Pakistan-source income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>1</sup>[101A. Gain on disposal of assets outside Pakistan.— (1) Any gain from the disposal or alienation outside Pakistan of an asset located in Pakistan of a non-resident company shall be Pakistan-source.

(2) The gain under sub-section (1) shall be chargeable to tax at the rate and in the manner as specified in sub-section (10).

(3) Where the asset is any share or interest in a non-resident company, the asset shall be treated to be located in Pakistan, if -

- (a) the share or interest derives, directly or indirectly, its value wholly or principally from the assets located in Pakistan; and
- (b) shares or interest representing ten per cent or more of the share capital of the non-resident company are disposed or alienated.

(4) The share or interest, as mentioned in sub-section (3), shall be treated to derive its value principally from the assets located in Pakistan, if on the last day of the tax year preceding the date of transfer of a share or an interest, the value of such assets exceeds one hundred million Rupees and represents at least fifty per cent of the value of all the assets owned by the non-resident company.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 68, the value as mentioned in sub-section (4) shall be the fair market value, as may be prescribed, for the purpose of this section without reduction of liabilities.

(6) Where the entire assets by the non-resident company are not located in Pakistan, the income of the non-resident company, from disposal or alienation outside Pakistan of a share of, or interest in, such non-resident company shall be treated to be located in Pakistan, to the extent it is reasonably attributable to assets located in Pakistan and determined as may be prescribed.

(7) Where the asset of a non-resident company derives, directly or indirectly, its value wholly or principally from the assets located in Pakistan and the non-resident company holds, directly or indirectly, such assets through a resident company, such resident company shall, for the purposes of determination of gain and tax thereon under sub-section (8)or, as the case may be, sub-section (9), shall furnish to the Commissioner within sixty days of the transaction of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the finance Act 2018.

disposal or alienation of the asset by the non-resident company, the prescribed information or documents, in a statement as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the resident company, to furnish information, documents and statement within a period of less than sixty days as specified in the notice.

(8) The person acquiring the asset from the non-resident person shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid as consideration for the asset at the rate of ten percent of the fair market value of the asset and shall be paid to the Commissioner by way of credit to the Federal Government through remittance to the Government Treasury or deposit in an authorized branch of the State Bank of Pakistan or the National Bank of Pakistan, within fifteen days of the payment to the non-resident.

(9) The resident company as referred to in sub-section (7) shall collect advance tax as computed in sub-section (10) from the non-resident company within thirty days of the transaction of disposal or alienation of the asset by such non-resident company:

Provided that where the tax has been deducted and paid by the person acquiring the asset from the non-resident person under subsection (8), the said tax shall be treated as tax collected and paid under this

sub-section and shall be allowed a tax credit for that tax in computing the tax under sub-section (10).

- (10) The tax to be collected under sub-section (9) shall be the higher of -
- (a) 20% of A, where A fair market value less cost of acquisition of the asset; or
- (b) 10% of the fair market value of the asset.

(11) Where tax has been paid under sub-section (8) or (9), no tax shall be payable by the non-resident company in respect of gain under sub-section (8) of section 22 or capital gains under section 37 or 37A.

(12) Where any gain is taxable under this section and also under any other provision of this Ordinance, the said gain shall be taxable under other provision of the Ordinance.]

### PART II

#### TAXATION OF FOREIGN-SOURCE INCOME OF RESIDENTS

**102.** Foreign source salary of resident individuals.— (1) Any foreign-source salary received by a resident individual shall be exempt from tax if the individual has paid foreign income tax in respect of the salary.

(2) A resident individual shall be treated as having paid foreign income tax in respect of foreign-source salary if tax has been withheld from the salary by the individual's employer and paid to the revenue authority of the foreign country in which the employment was exercised.

**103.** Foreign tax credit.— (1) Where a resident taxpayer derives foreign source income chargeable to tax under this Ordinance in respect of which the taxpayer has paid foreign income tax, the taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit of an amount equal to the lesser of -

- (a) the foreign income tax paid; or
- (b) the Pakistan tax payable in respect of the income.

(2) For the purposes of clause (b) of sub-section (1), the Pakistan tax payable in respect of foreign source income derived by a taxpayer in a tax year shall be computed by applying the average rate of Pakistan income tax applicable to the taxpayer for the year against the taxpayer's net foreign-source income for the year.

(3) Where, in a tax year, a taxpayer has foreign income under more than one head of income, this section shall apply separately to each head of income.

(4) For the purposes of sub-section (3), income derived by a taxpayer from carrying on a speculation business shall be treated as a separate head of income.

(5) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4.

(6) Any tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed under this section for a tax year that is not credited under sub-section (3) of section 4 shall not be refunded, carried back to the preceding tax year, or carried forward to the following tax year.

(7) A credit shall be allowed under this section only if the foreign income tax is paid within two years after the end of the tax year in which the foreign income to which the tax relates was derived by the resident taxpayer.

(8) In this section,—

"average rate of Pakistan income tax" in relation to a taxpayer for a tax year, means the percentage that the Pakistani income tax (before allowance of the tax credit under this section) is of the taxable income of the taxpayer for the year;

"foreign income tax" includes a foreign withholding tax; and

"net foreign-source income" in relation to a taxpayer for a tax year, means the total foreign-source income of the taxpayer charged to tax in the year, as reduced by any deductions allowed to the taxpayer under this Ordinance for the year that -

- (a) relate exclusively to the derivation of the foreign-source income; and
- (b) are reasonably related to the derivation of foreign-source income in accordance with sub-section (1) of section 67 and any rules made for the purposes of that section.

**104.** Foreign losses.— (1) Deductible expenditures incurred by a person in deriving foreign-source income chargeable to tax under a head of income shall be deductible only against that income.

(2) If the total deductible expenditures referred to in sub-section (1) exceed the total foreign source income for a tax year chargeable to tax under a head of income (hereinafter referred to as a "foreign loss"), the foreign loss shall be carried forward to the following tax year and set off against the foreign source income chargeable to tax under that head in that year, and so on, but no foreign loss shall be carried forward to more than six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was computed.

(3) Where a taxpayer has a foreign loss carried forward for more than one tax year, the loss for the earliest year shall be set off first.

(4) Section 67 shall apply for the purposes of this section on the basis that —

- (a) income from carrying on a speculation business is a separate head of income; and
- (b) foreign source income chargeable under a head of income (including the head specified in clause (a)) shall be a separate head of income.

#### **PART III** TAXATION OF NON-RESIDENTS

**105.** Taxation of a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person.— (1) The following principles shall apply in determining the income of a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business", namely: —

- (a) The profit of the permanent establishment shall be computed on the basis that it is a distinct and separate person engaged in the same or similar activities under the same or similar conditions and dealing wholly independently with the non-resident person of which it is a permanent establishment;
- (b) subject to this Ordinance, there shall be allowed as deductions any expenses incurred for the purposes of the business activities of the permanent establishment including executive and administrative expenses so incurred, whether in Pakistan or elsewhere;
- (c) no deduction shall be allowed for amounts paid or payable by the permanent establishment to its head office or to another permanent establishment of the non-resident person (other than towards reimbursement of actual expenses incurred by the non-resident person to third parties) by way of:
  - (i) royalties, fees or other similar payments for the use of any tangible or intangible asset by the permanent establishment;
  - (ii) compensation for any services including management services performed for the permanent establishment; or
  - (iii) profit on debt on moneys lent to the permanent establishment, except in connection with a banking business; and
- (d) no account shall be taken in the determination of the income of a permanent establishment of amounts charged by the permanent establishment to the head office or to another permanent establishment of the non-resident person (other than towards reimbursement of actual expenses incurred by the permanent establishment to third parties) by way of:
  - (i) royalties, fees or other similar payments for the use of any tangible or intangible asset;

- (ii) compensation for any services including management services performed by the permanent establishment; or
- (iii) profit on debt on moneys lent by the permanent establishment, except in connection with a banking business.

(2) No deduction shall be allowed in computing the income of a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" for a tax year for head office expenditure in excess of the amount as bears to the turnover of the permanent establishment in Pakistan the same proportion as the non-resident's total head office expenditure bears to its worldwide turnover.

(3) In this section, "head office expenditure" means any executive or general administration expenditure incurred by the non-resident person outside Pakistan for the purposes of the business of the Pakistan permanent establishment of the person, including —

- any rent, local rates and taxes excluding any foreign income tax, current repairs, or insurance against risks of damage or destruction outside Pakistan;
- (b) any salary paid to an employee employed by the head office outside Pakistan;
- (c) any travelling expenditures of such employee; and
- (d) any other expenditures which may be prescribed.

(4) No deduction shall be allowed in computing the income of a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person chargeable under the head "Income from Business" for —

- (a) any profit paid or payable by the non-resident person on debt to finance the operations of the permanent establishment; or
- (b) any insurance premium paid or payable by the non-resident person in respect of such debt.

**106.** Thin capitalisation. — (1) Where a foreign-controlled resident company (other than a financial institution  ${}^{1}$ [or a banking company)]  ${}^{2}$ [or a branch of a foreign

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

company operating in Pakistan,] has a foreign debt-to-foreign equity ratio in excess of three to one at any time during a tax year, a deduction shall be disallowed for the profit on debt paid by the company in that year on that part of the debt which exceeds the three to one ratio.

(2) In this section, —

"foreign-controlled resident company" means a resident company in which fifty per cent or more of the underlying ownership of the company is held by a non-resident person (hereinafter referred to as the "foreign controller") either alone or together with an associate or associates;

"foreign debt" in relation to a foreign-controlled resident company, means the greatest amount, at any time in a tax year, of the sum of the following amounts, namely: —

- (a) The balance outstanding at that time on any debt obligation owed by the foreign-controlled resident company to a foreign controller or non-resident associate of the foreign controller on which profit on debt is payable which profit on debt is deductible to the foreign-controlled resident company and is not taxed under this Ordinance or is taxable at a rate lower than the <sup>1</sup>[corporate rate] of tax applicable on assessment to the foreign controller or associate; and
- (b) the balance outstanding at that time on any debt obligation owed by the foreign-controlled resident company to a person other than the foreign controller or an associate of the foreign controller where that person has a balance outstanding of a similar amount on a debt obligation owed by the person to the foreign controller or a non-resident associate of the foreign controller; and

"foreign equity" in relation to a foreign-controlled resident company and for a tax year, means the sum of the following amounts, namely: —

- (a) The paid-up value of all shares in the company owned by the foreign controller or a non-resident associate of the foreign controller at the beginning of the tax year;
- (b) so much of the amount standing to the credit of the share premium account of the company at the beginning of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "corporate tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

tax year as the foreign controller or a non-resident associate would be entitled to if the company were wound up at that time; and

(c) so much of the accumulated profits and asset revaluation reserves of the company at the beginning of the tax year as the foreign controller or a non-resident associate of the foreign controller would be entitled to if the company were wound up at that time;

reduced by the sum of the following amounts, namely: ---

- the balance outstanding at the beginning of the tax year on any debt obligation owed to the foreigncontrolled resident company by the foreign controller or a non-resident associate of the foreign controller; and
- (ii) where the foreign-controlled resident company has accumulated losses at the beginning of the tax year, the amount by which the return of capital to the foreign controller or non-resident associate of the foreign controller would be reduced by virtue of the losses if the company were wound up at that time.

<sup>1</sup>**[106A. Restriction on deduction of profit on debt payable to associated enterprise.-**(1) Subject to sections 108 and 109, a part of deduction for foreign profit on debt claimed by a foreign-controlled resident company(other than an insurance company, or a banking company) during a tax year, shall be disallowed according to the following formula, namely:-

#### [B] – [(A+B) x 0.15]

where-

- A is the taxable income before depreciation and amortization; and
- B is the foreign profit on debt claimed as deduction
- (2) This section shall not apply to a foreign-controlled resident company if the total foreign profit on debt claimed as deduction is less than ten million rupees for a tax year.
- (3) Where in computing the taxable income for a tax year, full effect cannot be given to a deduction for foreign profit on debt, the excessive amount shall be added to the amount of foreign profit on debt for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New section 106A inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

following tax year and shall be treated to be part of that deduction, or if there is no such deduction for that tax year, be treated to be the deduction for that tax year, be treated to be the deduction for that tax year and so on for three tax years.

- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 106, where deduction of foreign profit on debt is disallowed under this section and also under section 106, the disallowed amount shall be the higher of the disallowed amount under this section and section 106.
- (5) This section shall apply in respect of foreign profit on debt accrued with effect from the first day of July, 2020, ever if debts were contracted before the first day of July, 2020.
- (6) In this section-
  - (a) "foreign-controlled resident company" means a resident company in which fifty per cent or more of the underlying ownership of the company is held by a non-resident person either alone or together with an associate or association; and
  - (b) "foreign profit on debt" means interest paid or payable to a nonresident person or an associate of the foreign-controlled resident company and includes-
    - (i) interest on all forms of debt;
    - (ii) payments made which are economically equivalent to interest;
    - (i) expenses incurred in connection with the raising of finance;
    - (ii) payments under profit participating loans;
    - (iii) imputed interest on instruments such as convertible bonds and zero coupon bonds;
    - (iv) amounts under alternative financing arrangements such as Islamic finance;
    - (v) the finance cost element of finance lease payments;
    - (vi) capitalized interest included in the balance sheet value of related asset, or the amortisation of capitalised interest;
    - (vii) amounts measured by reference to a funding return under transfer pricing rules;

- (viii) where applicable, national interest amounts under derivative instruments or hedging arrangements related to an entity's borrowings;
- (ix) certain foreign exchange gains and losses on borrowings and instruments connected with the raising of finance;
- (x) guarantee fees with respect to financing arrangements; and
- (xi) arrangements fee and similar cost related to the borrowing funds.]

## 

#### AGREEMENTS FOR THE AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION AND PREVENTION OF FISCAL EVASION

**107.** Agreements for the avoidance of double taxation and prevention of fiscal evasion. -1[2](1) The Federal Government may enter into a tax treaty, a tax information exchange agreement, a multilateral convention, an intergovernmental agreement or similar agreement or mechanism for the avoidance of double taxation <sup>3</sup>[or assistance in the recovery of taxes] or for the exchange of information for the prevention of fiscal evasion or avoidance of taxes including automatic <sup>4</sup>[and spontaneous] exchange of information with respect to taxes on income imposed under this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force and under the corresponding laws in force in that country and may, by notification in the official Gazette, make such provisions as may be necessary for implementing the said instruments.";] and]

<sup>5</sup>["(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law to the contrary, the Board shall have the powers to obtain and collect information when solicited by another country under a tax treaty, a tax information exchange agreement, a multilateral convention, an inter-governmental agreement, a similar arrangement or mechanism.]

<sup>6</sup>[(1B) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Freedom of Information Ordinance, 2002 (XCVI of 2002), <sup>7</sup>[subject to clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 216 of this Ordinance] any information received or supplied, and any

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The sub-section (1) substituted by Finance Act, 2015. Substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:-"(1) The Federal Government may enter into an agreement with the government of a foreign country for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion with respect to taxes on income imposed under this Ordinance and under the corresponding laws in force in that country, and may, by notification in the official Gazette make such provisions as may be necessary for implementing the agreement."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. The substituted sub-section (1) reads as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) The Federal Government may enter into an agreement, bilateral or multilateral with the government or governments of foreign countries or tax jurisdictions for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion and exchange of information including automatic exchange of information with respect to taxes on income imposed under this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force and under the corresponding laws in force in that country, and may, by notification in the official Gazette, make such provisions as may be necessary for implementing the agreement."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "and spontaneous" inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

concomitant communication or correspondence made, under a tax treaty, a tax information exchange agreement, a multilateral convention, a similar arrangement or mechanism, shall be confidential <sup>1</sup>[].

(2) <sup>2</sup>[Subject to section 109, where] any agreement is made in accordance with sub-section (1), the agreement and the provisions made by notification for implementing the agreement shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, have effect in so far as they provide for <sup>3</sup>[at least one of the following] –

- (a) relief from the tax payable under this Ordinance;
- (b) the determination of the Pakistan-source income of non-resident persons;
- (c) where all the operations of a business are not carried on within Pakistan, the determination of the income attributable to operations carried on within and outside Pakistan, or the income chargeable to tax in Pakistan in the hands of non-resident persons, including their agents, branches, and permanent establishments in Pakistan;
- (d) the determination of the income to be attributed to any resident person having a special relationship with a non-resident person; and
- (e) the exchange of information for the prevention of fiscal evasion or avoidance of taxes on income chargeable under this Ordinance and under the corresponding laws in force in that other country.

(3) Notwithstanding anything<sup>4</sup>[contained] in sub-sections (1) or (2), any agreement referred to in sub-section (1) may include provisions for the relief from tax for any period before the commencement of this Ordinance or before the making of the agreement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The expression "subject to sub-section (3) of section 216" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "where" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

#### CHAPTER VIII ANTI-AVOIDANCE

**108.** Transactions between associates. — (1) The Commissioner may, in respect of any transaction between persons who are associates, distribute, apportion or allocate income, deductions or tax credits between the persons as is necessary to reflect the income that the persons would have realised in an arm's length transaction.

(2) In making any adjustment under sub-section (1), the Commissioner may determine the source of income and the nature of any payment or loss as revenue, capital or otherwise.

<sup>1</sup>["(3) Every taxpayer who has entered into a transaction with its associate shall:

- (a) maintain a master file and a local file containing documents and information as may be prescribed;
- (b) keep <sup>2</sup>[, maintain and furnish to the Board] prescribed country-bycountry report, where applicable;
- (c) keep and maintain any other information and document in respect of transaction with its associate as may be prescribed; and
- (d) keep the files, documents, information and reports specified in clauses(a) to (c) for the period as may be prescribed.

(4) A taxpayer who has entered into a transaction with its associate shall furnish, within thirty days the documents and information to be kept and maintained under <sup>3</sup>[clause (a), (c) or (d) of] sub-section (3) if required by the Commissioner in the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance.;

(5) The Commissioner may, by an order in writing, grant the taxpayer an extension of time for furnishing the documents and information under sub-section (4), if the taxpayer applies in writing to the Commissioner for an extension of time to furnish the said documents or information:

Provided that the Commissioner shall not grant an extension of more than forty-five days, when such information or documents were required to be furnished under sub-section (4), unless there are exceptional circumstances justifying a longer extension of time."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "and maintain" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Insertedby the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>1</sup>[108A. Report from independent chartered accountant or cost and management accountant. – (1) Where the Commissioner is of the opinion that a transaction has not been declared at arm's length, the Commissioner may obtain report from an independent chartered accountant or cost and management accountant to determine the fair market value of asset, product, expenditure or service at the time of transaction.

(2) The scope, terms and conditions of the report shall be as may be prescribed.

(3) Where the Commissioner is satisfied with the report of the independent chartered accountant or cost and management accountant, the fair market value of asset, product, expenditure or service determined in the report shall be treated as definite information for the purpose of sub-section (8) of section 122.

(4) Where the Commissioner is not stratified with the report of the independent chartered accountant or cost and management accountant, the Commissioner may record reasons for being not satisfied with the report and seek report from another independent chartered accountant or cost and management accountant, to determine the fair market value of asset, product, expenditure or service at the time of transaction.

(5) The Commissioner shall seek report under sub-section (1) or subsection (3), as the case may be, with prior approval of the Board.

**108B. Transactions under dealership arrangements.-** (1) Where a person supplies products listed in the Third Schedule to the Sales Tax Act, 1990 or any other products as prescribed by the Board, under a dealership arrangement with the dealers who are not registered under Sales Tax Act, 1990 and are not appearing in the active taxpayers' list under this Ordinance, an amount equal to seventy-five percent of the dealer's margin shall be added to the income of the person making such supplies.

(2) For the purposes of operation of this section, ten percent of the sale price of the manufacturer shall be treated as dealers margin.]

**109.** Recharacterisation of income and deductions. — (1) For the purposes of determining liability to tax under this Ordinance, the Commissioner may –

(a) recharacterise a transaction or an element of a transaction that was entered into as part of a tax avoidance scheme;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New sections (108A) & (108B) inserted through Finance Act, 2019

- (b) disregard a transaction that does not have substantial economic effect;
   <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- (c) recharacterise a transaction where the form of the transaction does not reflect the substance<sup>2</sup>[;]
- <sup>3</sup>[(d) from tax year 2018 and onwards, disregard an entity or a corporate structure that does not have an economic or commercial substance or was created as part of the tax avoidance scheme] <sup>4</sup>[; or
- (e) from tax year 2018 and onwards, treat a place of business in Pakistan as a permanent establishment, if the said place fulfills the conditions as specified in sub-clause (g) of clause (41) of section 2.]

(2) In this section, "tax avoidance scheme" means any transaction where one of the main purposes of a person in entering into the transaction is the avoidance or reduction of any person's liability to tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>5</sup>[(3) Reduction in a person's liability to tax as referred to in sub-section (2) means a reduction, avoidance or deferral of tax or increase in a refund of tax and includes a reduction, avoidance or deferral of tax that would have been payable under this Ordinance, but are not payable due to a tax treaty for the avoidance of double taxation as referred to in section 107.]

<sup>6</sup>[109A. Controlled foreign company.— (1) There shall be included in the taxable income of a resident person for a tax year an income attributable to controlled foreign company as defined in sub- section (2).

(2) For the purpose of this section, controlled foreign company means a non-resident company, if -

(a) more than fifty percent of the capital or voting rights of the nonresident company are held, directly or indirectly, by one or more persons resident in Pakistan o more than forty percent of the capital of the or voting rights of the non-resident company are held, directly or indirectly, by a single resident person in Pakistan;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "or" omitted by the finance Act 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full stop substituted with a semicolon by the finance Act 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the finance Act 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted and a new clause (e) added by the Finance Act 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the finance Act 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the finance Act 2018

- (c) the non-resident company does not derive active business income as defined under sub-section (3); and
- (d) the shares of the company are not traded on any stock exchange recognized by law of the country or jurisdiction of which the resident company is resident for tax purposes.
- (3) A company shall be treated to have derived active income if-
  - (a) more than eighty percent of income of the company does not include income from dividend, interest, property, capital gains, royalty, annuity payment, supply of goods or services to an associate, sale or licensing of intangibles and management, holding or investment in securities and financial assets; and
  - (b) principally derives income under the head "income from business" in the country or jurisdiction of which it is a resident.

(4) Income of a controlled foreign company is an amount equal to the taxable income of that company determined in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance as if that controlled foreign company is a resident taxpayer and shall be taxed at the rate specified in Division III of Part I of the First Schedule.

(5) The amount of attributable income under sub-section (1) for a tax year shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:—

#### A x (B/100)

Where -

- A is the amount of income of a controlled foreign company under subsection (2); and
- **B** is the percentage of capital or voting rights, whichever is higher, held by the person, directly or indirectly, in the controlled foreign company.

(6) The amount of attributable income shall be treated as zero, if the capital or voting rights of the resident person is less than ten percent.

(7) Income of a controlled foreign company shall be treated as zero, if it is less than ten million Rupees.

(8) The income of a controlled foreign company in respect of a foreign tax year, as defined in sub-section (9), shall be determined in the currency of that controlled foreign company and shall, for purposes of determining the amount to be included in the income of any resident person during any tax year under the provisions of this section, be converted into Rupees at the State Bank of Pakistan rate applying between that foreign currency and the Rupee on the last day of the tax year.

(9) Foreign tax year, in relation to a non-resident company, means any year or period of reporting for income tax purposes by that non-resident company in the country or jurisdiction of residence or, if that company is not subject to income tax, any annual period of financial reporting by that company.

(10) The income attributable to controlled foreign company under subsection (1) and taxed in Pakistan under this section shall not be taxed again when the same income is received in Pakistan by the resident taxpayer.

(11) Where tax has been paid by the resident person on the income attributable to controlled foreign company and in a subsequent tax year the resident person receives dividend distributed by the controlled foreign company, after deduction of tax on dividend, the resident person shall be allowed a tax credit equal to the lesser of, —

- (i) foreign tax paid, as defined in sub-section (8) of section 103, on dividends; and
- (ii) Pakistan tax payable, as defined in section 103, for the tax year in which the dividend is received by the resident taxpayer.]

**110.** Salary paid by private companies. — Where, in any tax year, salary is paid by a private company to an employee of the company for services rendered by the employee in an earlier tax year and the salary has not been included in the employee's salary chargeable to tax in that earlier year, the Commissioner may, if there are reasonable grounds to believe that payment of the salary was deferred, include the amount in the employee's income under the head "Salary" in that earlier year.

#### **111.** Unexplained income or assets. — (1) Where —

(a) any amount is credited in a person's books of account;

- (c) a person has incurred any expenditure<sup>2</sup>[; or]
- <sup>3</sup>[(d) any person has concealed income or furnished inaccurate particulars of income including
  - (i) the suppression of any production, sales or any amount chargeable to tax; or
  - (ii) the suppression of any item of receipt liable to tax in whole or in part,]

and the person offers no explanation about the nature and source of the amount credited or the investment, money, valuable article, or funds from which the expenditure was made <sup>4</sup>[suppression of any production, sales, any amount chargeable to tax and of any item of receipt liable to tax] or the explanation offered by the person is not, <sup>5</sup>[in the Commissioner's opinion, satisfactory-

- (a) the amount credited, value of the investment, money, value of the article, or amount of expenditure shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" to the extent it is not adequately explained; and
- (b) the suppressed amount of production, sales or any amount chargeable to tax or of any item of receipt liable to tax shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" to the extent it is not adequately explained"] <sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that where a taxpayer explains the nature and source of the amount credited or the investment made, money or valuable article owned or funds from which the expenditure was made, by way of agricultural income, such explanation shall be accepted to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Comma substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expressions "in the Commissioner's opinion, satisfactory, the amount credited, value of the investment, money, value of the article, or amount of expenditure <sup>5</sup>[suppressed amount of production, sales or any amount chargeable to tax or of any item of receipt liable to tax] shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax under head "Income from <sup>5</sup>[Other Sources"] to the extent it is not adequately explained" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

the extent of agricultural income worked back on the basis of agricultural income tax paid under the relevant provincial law.]

 $^{1}$ (2) The amount referred to in sub-section (1) shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax:

- (i) in the tax year to which such amount relates if the amount representing investment, money, valuable article or expenditure is situated or incurred in Pakistan or concealed income is Pakistan-source; and
- (ii) in the tax year immediately preceding the tax year in which the investment, money, valuable article or expenditure is discovered by the Commissioner and is situated or incurred outside Pakistan <sup>2</sup>[or] concealed income is foreign-source.

Explanation.—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that where the investment, money, valuable article or expenditure is acquired or incurred outside Pakistan in a prior tax year and is liable to be included in the income of tax year 2018 and onwards on the basis of discovery made by the Commissioner during tax year 2019 and onwards and the person explains the acquisition of such asset or expenditure from sources relating to tax year in which such asset was acquired or expenditure was incurred, such explanation shall not be rejected on the basis that the source does not relate to the tax year in which the amount chargeable to tax is to be included.]

<sup>3</sup>[(3) Where the declared cost of any investment or valuable article or the declared amount of expenditure of a person is less than reasonable cost of the investment or the valuable article, or the reasonable amount of the expenditure, the Commissioner may, having regard to all the circumstances, include the difference in the person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2018. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows: "(2) The amount referred to in sub-section (1) shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax in the

tax year 1[to which such amount relates."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) Where the declared value of any investment, valuable article or expenditure of a person is less than the cost of the investment or valuable article, or the amount of the expenditure, the Commissioner may, having regard to all the circumstances, include the difference in the person's income chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Other Sources" in the tax year in which the difference is discovered."

Other Sources" in the tax year <sup>1</sup>[to which the investment, valuable article or the expenditure relates].]

<sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[(4) Sub-section (1) does not apply to any amount of foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels not exceeding five million Rupees in a tax year that is en-cashed into rupees by a scheduled bank and a certificate from such bank is produced to that effect.]

<sup>4</sup>[Explanation.— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the remittance through money service bureaus, exchange companies or money transfer operators shall be deemed to constitute foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels as provided under this sub-section.

(4A) Where a taxpayer, while explaining the nature and source of any amount referred to in sub-section (1), takes into account any source of income which is subject to final tax under any provision of the Ordinance, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to take credit of any sum as is in excess of imputable income, unless the excess amount is reasonably attributed to the business activities subject to final tax and the taxpayer furnishes financial statements and accounts duly audited by a chartered accountant.]

(5) The  ${}^{5}$ [Board] may make rules under section  ${}^{6}$ [237] for the purposes of this section.

7[]

 $^3$  Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted sub-section read as follows:

- (4) Sub-section (1) does not apply,—
  - (a) to any amount of foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels <sup>3</sup>[not exceeding <sup>3</sup>[five] million Rupees in a tax year] that is encashed into rupees by a scheduled bank and a certificate from such bank is produced to that effect<sup>3</sup>[.]
  - <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "immediately preceding the financial year in which the difference is discovered" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2004. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows: "(4) Sub-section (1) does not apply to any amount of foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels that is encashed into rupees by a scheduled bank and a certificate from such bank is produced to that effect."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The explanation and sub-section (4A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The figure "232" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>[Explanation.— For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that a separate notice under this section is not required to be issued if the explanation regarding nature and sources of;

- (i) any amount credited in a person's books of account; or
- (ii) any investment made or ownership of money or valuable article; or
- (iii) funds from which expenditure was made; or
- (iv) suppression of any production, sales, or any amount chargeable to tax; or
- suppression of any item of receipt liable to tax in whole or in part has been confronted to the taxpayer through a notice under sub-section (9) of section 122 of the Ordinance.]

**112.** Liability in respect of certain security transactions.— (1) Where the owner of any security disposes of the security and thereafter re-acquires the security and the result of the transaction is that any income payable in respect of the security is receivable by any person other than the owner, the income shall be treated, for all purposes of the Ordinance, as the income of the owner and not of the other person.

(2) In this section, "security" includes <sup>2</sup>[bonds, certificates, debentures,] stocks and shares.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The explanation substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted Explanation read as follows: *"Explanation.*—For the removal of doubt, a separate notice under this section is not required to be issued if the explanation regarding nature and sources of amount credited or the investment of money, valuable article, or the funds from which expenditure was made has been confronted to the taxpayer through a notice under sub-section (9) of section 122 of this Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

# CHAPTER IX

<sup>1</sup>[**113. Minimum tax on the income of certain persons.-** (1) This section shall apply to a resident company,<sup>2</sup>[permanent establishment of a non-resident company,] <sup>3</sup>[, an individual (having turnover of <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[hundred] million rupees or above in the tax year <sup>6</sup>[2017] or in any subsequent tax year) and an association of persons (having turnover of <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[hundred] million rupees or above in the tax year <sup>9</sup>[2017] or in any subsequent tax year)] where, for any reason whatsoever allowed under this Ordinance, including any other law for the time being in force —

- (a) loss for the year;
- (b) the setting off of a loss of an earlier year;
- (c) exemption from tax;
- (d) the application of credits or rebates; or
- (e) the claiming of allowances or deductions (including depreciation and amortization deductions) no tax is payable or paid by the person for a tax year or the tax payable or paid by the person for a tax year is less than <sup>10</sup>[<sup>11</sup>[the percentage as specified in column (3) of the Table in Division IX of Part-I of the First

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expressions inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "fifty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "ten" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The figure "2009" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "fifty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "ten" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The figure "2007" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The word "one-half" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The word "one per cent" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

Schedule] ] of the amount representing the person's turnover from all sources for that year:

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

- <sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[*Explanation*.-For the purpose of this sub-section, the expression "tax payable or paid" does not include-
- tax already paid or payable in respect of deemed income which is assessed as final discharge of the tax liability under section 169 or under any other provision of this Ordinance; and
- (b) tax payable or paid under section 4B <sup>4</sup>[or 4C]. ]
- (2) Where this section applies:
  - (a) the aggregate of the person's turnover as defined in sub-section
     (3) for the tax year shall be treated as the income of the person for the year chargeable to tax <sup>5</sup>[.

**Explanation**.—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that the definition of turnover covers receipts from all business activities in line with expression " turnover from all sources" used in subsection (1) including but not limited to receipts from sale of immoveable property where such receipt is taxable under the head Income from Business;]

 (b) the person shall pay as income tax for the tax year (instead of the actual tax payable under this Ordinance),<sup>6</sup>[minimum tax computed on the basis of rates as specified in Division IX of Part I of First Schedule];

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. The omitted proviso reads as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that this sub-section shall not apply in the case of a company, which has declared gross loss before set off of depreciation and other inadmissible expenses under the Ordinance. If the loss is arrived at by setting off the aforesaid or changing accounting pattern, the Commissioner may ignore such claim and proceed to compute the tax as per historical accounting pattern and provision of this Ordinance and all other provisions of the Ordinance shall apply accordingly."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Explanation substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. The substituted Explanation reads as follows:-

<sup>[&</sup>quot;*Explanation.*- For the purpose of this sub-section, the expression "tax payable or paid" does not include tax already paid or payable in respect of deemed income which is assessed as final discharge of the tax liability under section 169 or under any other provision of this Ordinance.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Semi colon substituted and explanation added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "an amount equal to one percent of the person's turnover for the year" substituted by the words "minimum tax computed on the basis of rates as specified in Division IX of Part I of First Schedule", by the Finance Act, 2014.

(c) where tax paid under sub-section (1) exceeds the actual tax payable under Part I,<sup>1</sup>[clause (1) of Division I, or] Division II of the First Schedule, the excess amount of tax paid shall be carried forward for adjustment against tax liability under the aforesaid Part of the subsequent tax year:

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that if tax is paid under sub-section (1) due to the fact that no tax is payable or paid for the year, the entire amount of tax paid under sub-section (1) shall be carried forward for adjustment in the manner stated aforesaid:

Provided further that the amount under this clause shall be carried forward and adjusted against tax liability for <sup>3</sup>[three] tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the amount was paid.]

<sup>4</sup>[*Explanation.* – For the removal of doubt it is clarified that the aforesaid Part referred to in this clause means clause (1) of Division I or Division II of Part I of the First Schedule.]

- (3) "turnover" means,-
  - (a) the <sup>5</sup>[gross sales or] gross receipts, exclusive of Sales Tax and Federal Excise duty or any trade discounts shown on invoices, or bills, derived from the sale of goods, and also excluding any amount taken as deemed income and is assessed as final discharge of the tax liability for which tax is already paid or payable;
  - (b) the gross fees for the rendering of services for giving benefits including commissions; except covered by final discharge of tax liability for which tax is separately paid or payable;
  - (c) the gross receipts from the execution of contracts; except covered by final discharge of tax liability for which tax is separately paid or payable; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that the amount under this clause shall be carried forward and adjusted against tax liability for <sup>2</sup>[five] tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the amount was paid."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The explanation added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

(d) the company's share of the amounts stated above of any association of persons of which the company is a member.]

<sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[ ]]

#### 3[]

(2) For the purposes of this section, —

- (a) "retailer" means a person selling goods to general public for the purpose of consumption;
- (b) "turnover" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in sub-section (3) of section 113.

(3) The tax paid under this section shall be a final tax on the income arising from the turnover as specified in sub-section (1). The retailer shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax collected or deducted under any head during the year."

<sup>2</sup> Section 113A omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. The omitted section 113a reads as follows:-

**"113A. Minimum tax on builders.**— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, where a person derives income from the business of construction and sale of residential, commercial or other buildings, he shall pay minimum tax at the rates as the Federal Government may notify in the official Gazette. The Federal Government may also specify the mode, manner and time of payment of such amount of tax.

(2) The tax paid under this section shall be minimum tax on the income of the builder from the sale of such residential, commercial or other building.]

<sup>2</sup>["(3) This section shall not have effect till the 30th June, 2018."]"

<sup>3</sup>Section 113B substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted section 113B read as follows:-

**"113B.** Taxation of income of certain retailers. — Subject to this Ordinance, a retailer being an individual or association of persons,-

- (a) whose turnover exceeds five million rupees; and
- (b) who is subject to special procedure for payment of sales tax under Chapter II of the Sales Tax Special Procedures Rules, 2007,

shall pay final tax at the following rates which shall form part of single stage sales tax as envisaged in the aforesaid rules;

5.NO.	Amount of turnover	Rate of tax
1.	Where turnover	Rs.25,000 plus
	exceeds Rs.5,000,000	0.5% of the
	but does not exceed	turnover exceeding
	Rs. 10,000,000	Rs.5 ,000,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 113A substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted section 113A read as follows:-"113A. Tax on Income of certain persons. — (1) Subject to this Ordinance, where a retailer being an individual or an association of persons has turnover upto rupees five million for any tax year, such person may opt for payment of tax as a final tax at the rates specified in Division IA of Part I of the First Schedule.

<sup>2</sup>[**113C. Alternative Corporate Tax.**- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, for tax year 2014 and onwards, tax payable by a company <sup>3</sup>[in respect of income which is subject to tax under Division II of Part I of the First Schedule or minimum tax under any of the provisions of this Ordinance"] shall be higher of the Corporate Tax or Alternative Corporate Tax.

- (2) For the purposes of this section.-
  - (a) "Accounting Income" means the accounting profit before tax for the tax year, as disclosed in the financial statements or as adjusted under sub-section (7) or sub-section (11) excluding share from the associate recognized under equity method of accounting;
  - (b) "Alternative Corporate Tax" means the tax at a rate of seventeen per cent of a sum equal to accounting income less the amounts, as specified in sub-section (8), and determined in accordance with provisions of sub-section (7) hereinafter;
  - <sup>4</sup>["(c) "corporate tax" means higher of tax payable by the company under Division II of Part I of the First Schedule and minimum tax payable under any of the provisions of this Ordinance."]

2. Where turnover exceeds Rs.10,000,000	Rs. 50,000 plus 0.75% of the turnover exceeding Rs.10,000,000.
---	---

(c) The retailer shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax collected or deducted under any head during the year:

Provided that turnover chargeable to tax under this section shall not include the sale of goods on which tax is deducted or deductible under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153."

<sup>1</sup>Section 113B omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. The omitted section reads as follows:-

**"113B. Minimum tax on land developers.—** (1) Subject to this Ordinance, where a person derives income from the business of development and sale of residential, commercial or other plots, he shall pay minimum tax<sup>1</sup>[at the rate of two per cent of the value of land notified by any authority for the purpose of stamp duty]. The Federal Government may also specify the mode, manner and time of payment of such amount of tax.

(2) The tax paid under this section shall be minimum tax on the income of the developer from the sale of such residential, commercial or other plots sold or booked."]

<sup>2</sup>Section 113C inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>4</sup> Clause (c) Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clause (c) read as follows:-"Corporate Tax" means total tax payable by the company, including tax payable on account of minimum tax and final taxes payable, under any of the provisions of this Ordinance but not including those mentioned in sections 8, 161 and 162 and any amount charged or paid on account of default surcharge or penalty and the tax payable under this section. (3) The sum equal to accounting income, less any amount to be excluded there from under sub-section (8), shall be treated as taxable income for the purpose of this section.

(4) The excess of Alternative Corporate Tax paid over the Corporate Tax payable for the tax year shall be carried forward and adjusted against the tax payable under Division II of Part I of the First Schedule, for following year.

(5) If the excess tax, as mentioned in sub-section (4), is not wholly adjusted, the amount not adjusted shall be carried forward to the following tax year and adjusted as specified in sub-section (4) in that year, and so on, but the said excess cannot be carried forward to more than ten tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the excess was first computed.

*Explanation.*- For the purpose of this sub-section the mechanism for adjustment of excess of Alternative Corporate Tax over Corporate Tax, specified in this section, shall not prejudice or affect the entitlement of the taxpayer regarding carrying forward and adjustment of minimum tax referred to in section 113 of this Ordinance.

(6) If Corporate Tax or Alternative Corporate Tax is enhanced or reduced as a result of any amendment, or as a result of any order under the Ordinance, the excess amount to be carried forward shall be reduced or enhanced accordingly.

(7) For the purposes of determining the "Accounting Income", expenses shall be apportioned between the amount to be excluded from accounting income under sub-section (8) and the amount to be treated as taxable income under sub-section (2).

(8) The following amounts shall be excluded from accounting income for the purposes of computing Alternative Corporate Tax:-

- (i) exempt income;
- <sup>1</sup>["(ii) income which is subject to tax other than under Division II of Part I of the First Schedule or minimum tax under any of the provisions of this Ordinance;";]
- (xii) income subject to tax credit under section 65D <sup>2</sup>[,65E and 100C]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-Clause (ii) substituted by Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clause read as follows:-(ii) income subject to tax under section 37A and final tax chargeable under sub-section (7) of section 148, section 150, sub-section (3) of section 153, sub-section (4) of sections 154, 156 and sub-section (3) of section 233;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word and figure "and 65E" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

(9) The provisions of this section shall not apply to taxpayers chargeable to tax in accordance with the provisions contained in the Fourth, Fifth and Seventh Schedules.

(10) Tax credit under <sup>2</sup>[sections 64B and]65B shall be allowed against Alternative Corporate Tax.

(11) The Commissioner may make adjustments and proceed to compute accounting income as per historical accounting pattern after providing an opportunity of being heard.";]

<sup>3</sup>["*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that taxes paid or payable other than payable under Division II of Part I of the First Schedule shall remain payable in accordance with the mode or manner prescribed under the respective provisions of this Ordinance."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (iv) and (v) omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause read as follows:-"(iv) income subject to tax credit under section 100C;"

<sup>&</sup>quot;(v) income of the company subject to clause (18A) of Part-II of the Second Schedule;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "section" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by Finance Act, 2015.

#### CHAPTER X PROCEDURE

#### PART I RETURNS

**114.** Return of income. — (1) Subject to this Ordinance, the following persons are required to furnish a return of income for a tax year, namely:–

- <sup>1</sup>[(a) every company;]
  - <sup>2</sup>[(ab) every person (other than a company) whose taxable income for the year exceeds the maximum amount that is not chargeable to tax under this Ordinance for the year;<sup>3</sup>[or]]
  - <sup>4</sup>[(ac) any non-profit organization as defined in clause (36) of section 2;  $5^{5}$
  - <sup>6</sup>[]
  - 7[]
  - <sup>8</sup>[(ae) every person whose income for the year is subject to final taxation under any provision of this Ordinance;]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (a) read as follows: "(a) Every company and any other person whose taxable income for the year exce

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) Every company and any other person whose taxable income for the year exceeds the maximum amount that is not chargeable to tax under this Ordinance for the year; and"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (ad) Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (ad) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:
 "(ad) any welfare institution approved under clause (58) of Part I of the Second Schedule;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added through Finance Act, 2020

- <sup>1</sup>[(b) any person not covered by clause <sup>2</sup>[(a), (ab), (ac) or (ad)] who,—
  - has been charged to tax in respect of any of the two preceding tax years;
  - claims a loss carried forward under this Ordinance for a tax year;
  - (iii) owns immovable property with a land area of <sup>3</sup>[five hundred] square yards or more or owns any flat located in areas falling within the municipal limits existing immediately before the commencement of Local Government laws in the provinces; or areas in a Cantonment; or the Islamabad Capital Territory<sup>4</sup>[;]]
  - <sup>5</sup>[(iv) owns immoveable property with a land area of five hundred square yards or more located in a rating area;]
  - <sup>6</sup>[(v) owns a flat having covered area of two thousand square feet or more located in a rating area;]
  - <sup>7</sup>[(vi) owns a motor vehicle having engine capacity above 1000 CC; <sup>8</sup>[]]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(vii) has obtained National Tax Number<sup>10</sup>[; or]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (b) substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The substituted clause (b) read as follows:

<sup>(</sup>b) any person not covered by clause (a) or (ab) who -

<sup>(</sup>i) has been charged to tax in respect of any of the four preceding tax years;

<sup>(</sup>ii) claims a loss carried forward under this Ordinance for a tax year;

 <sup>(</sup>iii) owns immovable property, with a land area of two hundred and fifty square yards or more, located in areas falling in the limits of a Metropolitan/Municipal Corporation, a Cantonment Board, or the Islamabad Capital Territory or owns any flat;

<sup>(</sup>iv) owns a motor vehicle (other than a motor cycle) in Pakistan;

<sup>(</sup>v) subscribes for a telephone including a mobile phone in Pakistan;

<sup>(</sup>vi) has undertaken foreign travel in the tax year other than travel by a non-resident person or any travel for the purposes of the Haj, Umrah, or Ziarat; or

<sup>(</sup>vii) is member of a club where the monthly subscription exceeds five hundred rupees or the admission fee exceeds twenty-five thousand rupees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The letters and word "(a) or (ab)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "two hundred and fifty" substituted by "five hundred" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

- <sup>1</sup>[(viii) is the holder of commercial or industrial connection of electricity where the amount of annual bill exceeds rupees <sup>2</sup>[five hundred thousand] <sup>3</sup>[; <sup>4</sup>[]]
- <sup>5</sup>[(ix) is <sup>6</sup>[a resident person] registered with any chamber of commerce and industry or any trade or business association or any market committee or any professional body including Pakistan Engineering Council, Pakistan Medical and Dental Council, Pakistan Bar Council or any Provincial Bar Council, Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan or Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan <sup>7</sup>[; or]
- <sup>8</sup>[(x) <sup>9</sup>[is a] resident person being an individual required to file foreign income and assets statement under section 116A.]
- <sup>10</sup>[(c) persons or classes of persons notified by the Board with the approval of the Minister in-charge.]

<sup>11</sup>[(1A) Every individual whose income under the head 'Income from business' exceeds rupees three hundred thousand but does not exceed rupees <sup>12</sup>[four hundred thousand] in a tax year is also required to furnish return of income from the tax year.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "one million" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "a resident person" inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The word "every" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Clause (c) inserted by the Finance, Act 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The words "three hundred and fifty thousand" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

- <sup>1</sup>[(2) A return of income -
  - (a) shall be in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by such annexures, statements or documents as may be prescribed <sup>2</sup>[:

Provided that the Board may prescribe different returns for different classes of income or persons including persons subject to final taxation;]

- (b) shall fully state all the relevant particulars or information as specified in the form of return, including a declaration of the records kept by the taxpayer; <sup>3</sup>[]
- (c) shall be signed by the person, being an individual, or the person's representative where section 172 applies<sup>4</sup>[;]]
- <sup>5</sup>[(d) shall be accompanied with evidence of payment of due tax as per return of income; <sup>6</sup>[]
- <sup>7</sup>[(e) shall be accompanied with a wealth statement as required under section 116 <sup>8</sup>[; and]
- <sup>9</sup>[(f) shall be accompanied with a foreign income and assets statement as required under section 116A.]

<sup>10</sup>[(2A) A return of income filed electronically on the web or any magnetic media or any other computer readable media as may be specified by the Board shall also be deemed to be a return for the purpose of sub-section (1); and the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for determining

- "(2) A return of income
  - (a) shall be in the prescribed form;
  - (b) shall state the information required by the form, including a declaration of the records kept by the taxpayer;
  - (c) in the case of a person carrying on a business, shall include an income statement, balance sheet, and any other document as may be prescribed for the tax year; and
  - (d) shall be signed by the person or the person's representative."

<sup>2</sup>Proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>3</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>9</sup> Added by the Finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

eligibility of the data of such returns and e-intermediaries who will digitise the data of such returns and transmit the same electronically to the Income Tax Department under their digital signatures<sup>1</sup>[and other matters relating to electronic filing of returns, statements or documents, etc.]]

(3) The Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require a person, or a person's representative, as the case may be, to furnish a return of income by the date specified in the notice for a period of less than twelve months, where -

- (a) the person has died;
- (b) the person has become bankrupt or gone into liquidation;
- (c) the person is about to leave Pakistan permanently;
- <sup>2</sup>[]
- (e) the Commissioner otherwise considers it appropriate to require such a return to be furnished.

(4) Subject to sub-section (5), the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person who, in the Commissioner's opinion, is required to file a return of income under this section for a tax year <sup>3</sup>[or assessment year] but who has failed to do so to furnish a return of income for that year within thirty days from the date of service of such notice or such longer <sup>4</sup>[or shorter] period as may be specified in such notice or as the Commissioner may allow.

(5) A notice under sub-section (4) may be issued <sup>5</sup>[in respect of one or more] <sup>6</sup>[of the] last five completed tax years <sup>7</sup>[or assessment years] <sup>8</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (d) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was omitted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002 dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003. The omitted clause (d) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(d) the person is otherwise about to cease carrying on business in Pakistan; or "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "only in respect of the" substituted by Finance Act, 2003. Earlier these were substituted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002 dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that in case of a person who has not filed return for any of the last five completed tax years, notice under sub-section (4) may be issued in respect of one or more of the last ten completed tax years]<sup>2</sup>[:

Provided further that the time-limitation provided under this subsection shall not apply if the Commissioner is satisfied on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing that a person who failed to furnish his return has foreign income or owns foreign assets.]

<sup>3</sup>[(6) Subject to sub-section (6A), any person who, having furnished a return, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, may file revised return subject to the following conditions, namely: —

(a) it is accompanied by the revised accounts or revised audited accounts, as the case may be [:] <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that Commissioner may waive this condition if the Commissioner is satisfied that filing of revised accounts or audited accounts is not necessary;]

- (b) the reasons for revision of return, in writing, duly signed, by the taxpayers are filed with the return<sup>6</sup>[; <sup>7</sup>[]]
- <sup>8</sup>[(ba) it is accompanied by approval of the Commissioner in writing for revision of return; and]

- (a) it is accompanied by the revised accounts or revised audited accounts, as the case may be; and
- (b) the reasons for revision of return, in writing, duly signed, by the taxpayers are filed with the return."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (6) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted sub-section (6) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) Subject to sub-section (6A), any person who, having furnished a return, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, may file revised return subject to the following conditions, namely:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>1</sup>[(c) taxable income declared is not less than and loss declared is not more than income or loss, as the case may be, determined by an order issued under sections 121, 122, 122A, <sup>2</sup>[] 129, 132, 133 or 221:-

Provided that if any of the above conditions is not fulfilled, the return furnished shall be treated as an invalid return as if it had not been furnished] <sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>4</sup>[Provided further that the condition specified in clause (ba) shall not apply if revised return is filed within sixty days of filing of return:

Provided also that where the Commissioner has not made an order of approval in writing, for revision of return, before the expiration of sixty days from the date when the revision of return was sought, the approval required under clause (ba) shall be deemed to have been granted by the Commissioner, and condition specified in clause (ba) shall not apply:

<sup>5</sup>["Provided also that condition specified in clause (ba) shall not apply and the approval required thereunder shall be deemed to have been granted by the Commissioner, if-

(a) the Commissioner has not made an order of approval in writing, for revision of return, before the expiration of sixty days from the date when the revision of return was sought; or

(b) taxable income declared is more than or the loss declared is less than the income or loss, as the case may be, determined under section 120"] <sup>6</sup>[:

"Provided also that the Commissioner shall grant approval in case of a bonafide omission or wrong statement.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expression "122C," omitted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted proviso reads as follows:-"Provided further that the mode and manner for seeking the revision shall be as prescribed by the Board."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Proviso added through Finance Act, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[(6A) If a taxpayer <sup>2</sup>[files] a revised return voluntarily along with deposit of the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax sought to be evaded along with the default surcharge, whenever it comes to his notice, before receipt of notice under sections 177 or sub-section(9) of 122, no penalty shall be recovered from him:

Provided that in case the taxpayer <sup>3</sup>[deposits] the amount of tax as pointed out by the Commissioner during the audit or before the issuance of notice under sub-section (9) of section 122, he shall deposit the amount of tax sought to be evaded, the default surcharge and twenty-five *per cent* of the penalties leviable under the Ordinance along with the revised return:

Provided further that in case the taxpayer <sup>4</sup>[revises] the return after the issuance of a show cause notice under sub-section (9) of section 122, he shall deposit the amount of tax sought to be evaded, default surcharge and fifty *per cent* of the leviable penalties under the Ordinance along with the revised return and thereafter, the show cause notice shall stand abated.]

(7) Every return purporting to be made or signed by, or on behalf of a person shall be treated as having been duly made by the person or with the person's authority until the person proves the contrary.

5[]

<sup>6</sup>[**114A. Business bank account.—** (1) Every taxpayer shall declare to the Commissioner the bank account utilized by the taxpayer for business transactions.

- (a) every person applying for registration under section 181;
- (b) every person deriving income chargeable to tax under the head, "Income from business";
- (c) every person whose income is subject to final taxation;
- (d) any non-profit organization as defined in clause (36) of section 2;
- (e) any trust or welfare institution; or
- (f) any other person prescribed by the Board.
- (2) A taxpayer's profile-
  - (a) shall be in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by such annexures, statements or documents as may be prescribed;
  - (b) shall fully state, in the specified form and manner, the relevant particulars of –

     (i) bank accounts;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "wishes to file" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "wishes to deposit" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "wishes to revise" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>New section 114A added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 114A substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;114A. Taxpayer's profile**.-(1) Subject to this Ordinance, the following persons shall furnish a profile, namely:-

(2) Business bank account shall be declared through original or modified registration form prescribed under section 181.]

<sup>1</sup>[**114B. Powers to enforce filing of returns.**— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the Board shall have the powers to issue income tax general order in respect of persons who are not appearing on active taxpayers' list but are liable to file return under the provisions of the Ordinance.

(2) The income tax general order issued under sub-section (1) may entail any or all of the following consequences for the persons mentioned therein, namely:-

- (a) disabling of mobile phones or mobile phone SIMS;
- (b) discontinuance of electricity connection; or
- (c) discontinuance of gas connection.

(3) The Board or the Commissioner having jurisdiction over the person mentioned in the income tax general order may order restoration of mobile phones, mobile phone SIMS and connections of electricity and gas, in cases where he is satisfied that —

- (a) the return has been filed; or
- (b) person was not liable to file return under the provisions of the Ordinance.

(4) No person shall be included in the general order under sub-section (1) unless following conditions have been met with, namely:-

- (a) notice under sub-section (4) of section 114 has been issued;
  - (ii) utility connections;
  - (iii) business premises including all manufacturing, storage or retail outlets operated or leased by the taxpayer;
  - (iv) types of businesses; and
  - (v) such other information as may be prescribed;
  - (c) shall be signed by the person being an individual, or the person's representative where section 172 applies; and
  - (d) shall be filed electronically on the web prescribed by the Board.
- (3) A taxpayer's profile shall be furnished,-
  - (a) on or before the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2020 in case of a person registered under section 181 before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2020; and
  - (b) within ninety days registration in case of a person not registered under section 181 before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2020.

(4) A taxpayer's profile shall be updated within ninety days of change in any of the relevant particulars of information as mentioned in clause (b) of sub-section (2).]

<sup>1</sup>New section 114B added through Finance Act, 2022.

- (b) date of compliance of the notice under sub-section (4) of section 114 has elapsed; and
- (c) the person has not filed the return.

(5) The action under this section shall not preclude any other action provided under the provisions of the Ordinance.]

115. Persons not required to furnish a return of income. -1[]

<sup>2</sup>[ ]

(3) The following persons shall not be required to furnish a return of income for a tax year solely by reason of  ${}^{3}$ [sub-clause (iii) ${}^{4}$ [, (iv),(v) and (vi)]] of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 114 –

- (a) A widow;
- (b) an orphan below the age of twenty-five years;
- (c) a disabled person; or
- (d) in the case of ownership of immovable property, a non-resident person.
- 5[]
- <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup> Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. Omitted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (1) and the proviso there under omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted subsection (1) and the proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) Where the entire income of a taxpayer in a tax year consists of income chargeable under the head "Salary", Annual Statement of Deduction of Income Tax from Salary, filed by the employer of such taxpayer, in prescribed form, the same shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, be treated as a return of income furnished by the taxpayer under section 114:

Provided that where salary income, for the tax year is five hundred thousand rupees or more, the taxpayer shall file return of income electronically in the prescribed form and it shall be accompanied by the proof of deduction or payment of tax and wealth statement as required under section 116."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall not apply to a person whose declared income for the tax year, or whose last declared or assessed income, is less than two hundred thousand rupees." <sup>3</sup>The words, brackets and figures "sub-clauses (iii) through (vii)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. <sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Sub-section (4) omitted by Finance Act, 2020. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>(4)</sup> Any person who is not obliged to furnish a return for a tax year because all the person's income is subject to final taxation under sections 5, 6, 7, 148, 151 and 152, sub-section (3) of section 153, sections 154, 156 and 156A, sub-section (3) of section 233 or sub-section (3) of section 234A shall furnish to the Commissioner a statement showing such particulars relating to the person's income for the tax year in such form and verified in such manner as may be prescribed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section(4A) omitted through Finance Act, 2020. The omitted sub-section (4A) read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

**116.** Wealth statement.— (1)  ${}^{3}$ [The] Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person  ${}^{4}$ [being an individual] to furnish, on the date specified in the notice, a statement (hereinafter referred to as the "wealth statement") in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner giving particulars of —

- the person's total assets and liabilities as on the date or dates specified in such notice;
- (b) the total assets and liabilities of the person's spouse, minor children, and other dependents as on the date or dates specified in such notice;
- (c) any assets transferred by the person to any other person during the period or periods specified in such notice and the consideration for the transfer; <sup>5</sup>[]
- (d) the total expenditures incurred by the person, and the person's spouse, minor children, and other dependents during the period

<sup>(4</sup>A) Any person who, having furnished a statement, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, he may, without prejudice to any other liability which he may incur under this Ordinance, furnish a revised statement for that tax year, at any time within five years from the end of the financial year in which the original statement was furnished.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (4B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (4B) read as follows:
 "(4B) Every person (other than a company) filing statement under sub-section (4), falling under final tax regime (FTR) and has paid tax amounting to twenty thousand rupees or more for the

tax year, shall file a wealth statement along with reconciliation of wealth statement." <sup>2</sup>Sub section (5) and (6) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted subsections read as follows:

<sup>(5)</sup> Subject to sub-section (6), the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person who, in his opinion, is required to file a prescribed statement under this section for a tax year but who has failed to do so, to furnish a prescribed statement for that year within thirty days from the date of service of such notice or such longer period as may be specified in such notice or as he may, allow.

<sup>(6)</sup> A notice under sub-section (5) may be issued in respect of one or more of the last five completed tax years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words, brackets, figure, comma and word "Subject to sub-section (2)". The" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2009.

or periods specified in the notice and the details of such expenditures <sup>1</sup>[; and]

<sup>2</sup>[(e) the reconciliation statement of wealth.]

(2) Every resident taxpayer<sup>3</sup>[being an individual] filing a return of income for any tax year<sup>4</sup>[ ] shall furnish a wealth statement<sup>5</sup>[and wealth reconciliation statement] for that year along with such return <sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that every member of an association of persons <sup>8</sup>[] shall also furnish wealth statement and wealth reconciliation statement for the year along with return of income of the association.]

<sup>9</sup>[<sup>10</sup>[ ] ]

<sup>11</sup>[(3) Where a person, who has furnished a wealth statement, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, he may, without prejudice to any liability incurred by him under any provision of this Ordinance, furnish a revised wealth statement <sup>12</sup>[along with the revised wealth reconciliation and the reasons for filing

"(2A) Where a person files a return in response to a provisional assessment under section 122C, he shall furnish a wealth statement for that year along with that return and such wealth statement shall be accompanied by a wealth reconciliation statement and an explanation of sources of acquisition of assets specified therein."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words and comma "whose last declared or assessed income or the declared income for the year, is one million rupees or more" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. Note: This amendment shall be effective for the tax year 2013 and onwards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words and commas " whose share from the income of such association of persons, before tax, for the year is one million rupees or more" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. **Note:** This amendment shall be effective for the tax year 2013 and onwards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Sub-section (2A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted sub-section (2A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Section (2A) omitted by Finance Act 2017,the omitted section is read as under

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2A) "Where a person, being an individual or an association of persons, files a return in response to a provisional assessment order under section 122C, such return shall be accompanied by wealth statement along with a wealth reconciliation statement and an explanation of source of acquisition of assets specified therein in the case of an individual and wealth statements of all members in the case of an association of persons and such wealth statements shall be accompanied by wealth reconciliation statements and explanation of source of acquisition of assets specified therein."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

revised wealth statement,] <sup>1</sup>[under intimation to the Commissioner in the prescribed form and manner,]at any time before <sup>2</sup>[the receipt of notice under subsection (9) of section 122, for the tax year to which it relates<sup>3</sup>[:]

Provided that where the Commissioner is of the opinion that the revision under this sub-section is not for the purpose of correcting a bona fide omission or wrong statement, he may declare such revision as void through an order in writing after providing an opportunity of being heard.

*Explanation.-* For the removal of doubt it is clarified that wealth statement cannot be revised after the expiry of five years from the due date of filing of return of income for that tax year.]

4[]

<sup>5</sup>**[116A. Foreign income and assets statement.–** (1) Every resident taxpayer being an individual having foreign income of not less than ten thousand United States dollars or having foreign assets with a value of not less than one hundred thousand United States dollars shall furnish a statement, hereinafter referred to as the foreign income and assets statement, in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner giving particulars of—

- (a) the person's total foreign assets and liabilities as on the last day of the tax year;
- (b) any foreign assets transferred by the person to any other person during the tax year and the consideration for the said transfer; and
- (c) complete particulars of foreign income, the expenditure derived during the tax year and the expenditure wholly and necessarily for the purposes of deriving the said income.

(2) The Commissioner may by a notice in writing require any person being an individual who, in the opinion of the Commissioner on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing, was required to furnish a foreign income and assets statement under sub-section (1) but who has failed to do so to furnish the foreign income and assets statement on the date specified in the notice.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The expressions inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expression "an assessment, for the tax year to which it relates, is made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122"substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by colon and provision and explanation inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub section (4) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020 omitted sub-section read as follows;

<sup>(4)</sup> Every person (other than a company5 [or an association of persons])filing statement under sub-section (4) of section 115, falling under final tax regime (FTR) 6 [] shall file a wealth statement along with reconciliation of wealth statement.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act 2018.

**117.** Notice of discontinued business.— (1) Any person discontinuing a business shall give the Commissioner a notice in writing to that effect within fifteen days of the discontinuance.

(2) The person discontinuing a business shall, under the provisions of this Ordinance or on being required by the Commissioner by notice, in writing, furnish a return of income for the period commencing on the first day of the tax year in which the discontinuance occurred and ending on the date of discontinuance and this period shall be treated as a separate tax year for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(3) Where no notice has been given under sub-section (1) but the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that a business has discontinued or is likely to discontinue, the Commissioner may serve a notice on the person who has discontinued the business or is likely to discontinue the business to furnish to the Commissioner within the time specified in the notice a return of income for the period specified in the notice.

(4) A return furnished under this section shall be treated for all purposes of this Ordinance as a return of income, including the application of Section 120.

**118.** Method of furnishing returns and other documents. — (1) A return of income under section 114,  $1[]^2[]^3[,]$  a wealth statement under section 116 4[ or a foreign income and assets statement under 116A, if applicable] shall be furnished in the prescribed manner.

(2) A return of income  $^5$  [under section 114  $^6$ [ ]] of a company shall be furnished —

- (a) in the case of a company with a tax year ending any time between the first day of January and the thirtieth day of June, on or before the thirty-first day of December next following the end of the tax year to which the return relates; or
- (b) in any other case, on or before the thirtieth day of September next following the end of the tax year to which the return relates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, figure and comma "an employer's certificate under section 115," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expressions " a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word 'or" substituted by Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expressions "or a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[(2A) Where salary income for the tax year is five hundred thousand rupees or more, the taxpayer shall file return of income electronically in the prescribed form and it shall be accompanied by the proof of deduction or payment of tax and wealth statement as required under section 116 <sup>2</sup>[or a foreign income and assets statement under 116A, if applicable"] ] <sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>4</sup>["Provided that the Board may amend the condition specified in this sub-section or direct that the said condition shall not apply for a tax year.";]

5[\*]

 $^{6}[(3)$  A return of income for any person (other than a company)  $^{7}[]^{8}[]$  shall be furnished as per the following schedule, namely:—

<sup>9</sup>[(a) in the case of <sup>10</sup>[] a return required to be filed through e-portal in the case of a salaried individual, on or before the <sup>11</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day

" \*Notification

<sup>6</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) A return of income for any person (other than a company), an employer certificate of an

individual or a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115 shall be furnished on or before the thirtieth day of September next following the end of the tax year to which the return, certificate or statement relates."

<sup>7</sup>The words and comma "an Annual Statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the employer of an individual" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>8</sup> The expressions "or a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>9</sup>Clause (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted clause (a) read as follows:

"(a) in the case of an Annual statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the employer of an individual, return of income through e-portal in the case of a salaried person or a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115, on or before the 31st day of August next following the end of the tax year to which the return, Annual Statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the employer or statement relates."

<sup>10</sup> The expression "a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115 or" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Substituted by Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Substituted by Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O. 791(I)/2015 dated 10.08.2015.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (2A) of section 118 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government is pleased to direct that all individuals earning taxable salary income shall be liable to file their Income Tax returns electronically from Tax Year 2015 onwards. The condition of five hundred thousand rupees or more, as provided in the said sub-section shall not be applicable until further orders."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The expression "31<sup>st</sup>day of August" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

of September] next following the end of the tax year to which the statement or return relates; or]

(b) in the case of a return of income for any person (other than a company), as described under clause (a), on or before the 30th day of September next following the end of the tax year to which the return relates.]

(4) A wealth statement shall be furnished by the due date specified in the notice requiring the person to furnish such statement or, where the person is required to furnish the wealth statement for a tax year under sub-section (2) of section 116, by the due date for furnishing the return of income for that year.

(5) A return required to be furnished by a notice issued under section 117 shall be furnished by the due date specified in the notice.

(6) Where a taxpayer is not borne on the National Tax Number Register and fails to file an application in the prescribed form and manner with the taxpayer's return of income <sup>1</sup>[], such return <sup>2</sup>[] shall not be treated as a return <sup>3</sup>[] furnished under this section.

**119.** Extension of time for furnishing returns and other documents.— (1) A person required to furnish —

- (a) a return of income under section 114 or 117;
- <sup>4</sup>[]
- 5[]

(d) a wealth statement under section 116,

may apply, in writing, to the Commissioner for an extension of time to furnish the return, <sup>6</sup>[] or statement, as the case may be.

(2) An application under sub-section (1) shall be made by the due date for furnishing the return of income,  $^{7}$ [] or  $^{8}$ [] statement to which the application relates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "or employer's certificate" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "or certificate" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "or certificate" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (b) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) an employer's certificate under section 115,"

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (c) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows:" (c) a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115; or".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word and comma "certificate," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words and comma "employer's certificate," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The word "wealth" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002

(3) Where an application has been made under sub-section (1) and the Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is unable to furnish the return of income, 1 ] or 2 ] statement to which the application relates by the due date because of —

- (a) absence from Pakistan;
- (b) sickness or other misadventure; or
- (c) any other reasonable cause,

the Commissioner may, by <sup>3</sup>[order], in writing, grant the applicant an extension of time for furnishing the return, <sup>4</sup>[] or statement, as the case may be.

(4) An extension of time under sub-section (3) should not exceed fifteen days from the due date for furnishing the return of income, employer's certificate, or <sup>5</sup>[] statement, as the case may be, unless there are exceptional circumstances justifying a longer extension of time<sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that where the Commissioner has not granted extension for furnishing return under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4), the Chief Commissioner may on an application made by the taxpayer for extension or further extension, as the case may be, grant extension or further extension for a period not exceeding fifteen days unless there are exceptional circumstances justifying a longer extension of time.]

<sup>8</sup>[]

(6) An extension of time granted under sub-section (3) shall not <sup>9</sup>[, for the purpose of charge of <sup>10</sup>[default surcharge]under sub-section (1) of section 205,]change the due date for payment of income tax under section 137.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words and comma "employer's certificate," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "wealth" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted for the word "notice" by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word and comma "certificate," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "wealth" omitted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Sub-section (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) An applicant dissatisfied with a decision under sub-section (3) may challenge the decision only under the Part III of this Chapter."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

## PART II ASSESSMENTS

<sup>1</sup>**[120. Assessments.—**(1) Where a taxpayer has furnished a complete return of income (other than a revised return under sub-section (6) of section 114) for a tax year ending on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2002,—

- (a) the Commissioner shall be taken to have made an assessment of taxable income for that tax year, and the tax due thereon <sup>2</sup>[ ] ; and
- (b) the return shall be taken for all purposes of this Ordinance to be an assessment order issued to the taxpayer by the Commissioner on the day the <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[return was furnished] <sup>5</sup>[:

Provided that until the date specified under the fourth proviso to sub-section (2A) is notified, this subsection shall be in force as if sub-section (2A) is not in operation:

Provided further that once the date under the fourth proviso to sub-section (2A) is notified, clauses (a) and (b) shall only apply when the provisions of sub-section (2A), if invoked, are first complied with:

Provided further once compliance is made under the second proviso,—

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Section 120 substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted section 120 read as follows:
 "120. Assessments.- Where a taxpayer has furnished a return of income (other than a revised return under sub-section (6) of section 114) for a tax year ending on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2002, –

<sup>(</sup>a) the Commissioner shall be taken to have made an assessment of the taxable income of the taxpayer for the year and the tax due thereon, equal to those respective amounts specified in the return; and

<sup>(</sup>b) the taxpayer's return shall be taken for all purposes of this Ordinance to be an assessment order issued to the taxpayer by the Commissioner on the day the return was furnished."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression ", equal to the respective amounts adjusted under sub-section (2A)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$  The expressions "return was furnished" substituted through Finance Act, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "adjustments were made under sub-section (2A)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. " substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full stop substituted and provisos added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution and addition was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

- (i) the adjusted amount under sub-section (2A) shall be construed to be the tax payable and due under clause (a); and
- (ii) the date of the compliance under sub-section (2A) shall be the date for the purposes of clause (b).]

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1), the Commissioner may <sup>2</sup>[conduct audit of the income tax affairs of a person] under section 177 and all the provisions of that section shall apply accordingly.]

(2) A return of income shall be taken to be complete if it is in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 114.

<sup>3</sup>[(2A) A return of income furnished under sub-section (2) of section 114 shall be processed through automated system to arrive at correct amounts of total income, taxable income and tax payable by making adjustments for-

- (i) any arithmetical error in the return;
- (ii) any incorrect claim, if such incorrect claim is apparent from any information in the return;
- (iii) disallowance of any loss, deductible allowance or tax credit under Parts VIII, IX and X respectively of Chapter III; and
- (iv) disallowance of carry forward of any loss under clause (b) of subsection (l)of section 182A:

Provided that no such adjustments shall be made unless a system generated notice is given to the taxpayer specifying the adjustments intended to be made:

Provided further that the response received from the taxpayer, if any, shall be considered before making any adjustment, and in a case where no response is received within thirty days of the issue of such notice, adjustments shall be made.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "select a person for an audit of his income tax affairs" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New sub-section (2A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

Provided also that where no such adjustments have been made within six month of filing of return, the amounts specified in the return as declared by the taxpayer shall be deemed to have been taken as adjusted amounts on the day the return was filed and the taxpayer shall be intimated automatically through Iris] <sup>1</sup>[:

Provided also that the provisions of this sub-section shall apply from the date notified by the Federal Board of Revenue in the official Gazette.]

(3) Where the return of income furnished is not complete, the Commissioner shall issue a notice to the taxpayer informing him of the deficiencies (other than incorrect amount of tax payable on taxable income, as specified in the return, or short payment of tax payable) and directing him to provide such information, particulars, statement or documents by such date specified in the notice.

(4) Where a taxpayer fails to fully comply, by the due date, with the requirements of the notice under sub-section (3), the return furnished shall be treated as an invalid return as if it had not been furnished.

(5) Where, in response to a notice under sub-section (3), the taxpayer has, by the due date, fully complied with the requirements of the notice, the return furnished shall be treated to be complete on the day it was furnished and the provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply accordingly.

(6) No notice under sub-section (3) shall be issued after the <sup>2</sup>[expiry of one hundred and eighty days from the end of the financial year in which return was furnished], and the provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply accordingly.]

<sup>3</sup>[(7) For the purposes of this section,-

- (a) "arithmetical error" includes any wrong or incorrect calculation of tax payable including any minimum or final tax payable.
- (b) "an incorrect claim apparent from any information in the return" shall mean a claim, on the basis of an entry, in the return,-
  - (i) of an item, which is inconsistent with another entry of the same or some other item in such return;
  - (ii) regarding any tax payment which is not verified from the collection system; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier the substitution and addition was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "end of the financial year in which return was furnished" the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New sub-section 7 added through Finance Act, 2020

 (iii) in respect of a deduction, where such deduction exceeds specified statutory limit which may have been expressed as monetary amount or percentage or ratio or fraction.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[120B. Restriction of proceedings.- (1) Where any person entitled to declare undisclosed assets, expenditure and undisclosed sales under the Assets Declaration Act, 2019 declares such assets, expenditures or sales to pay tax, no proceedings shall be undertaken under this Ordinance in respect of such declaration.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, for the time being in force, sub-section (3) of section 216, except the provisions of clauses (a) and (g) of sub-section (3) of section 216, particulars of the persons making declaration under the Assets Declaration Act, 2019 or any information received in any declaration made under the said Act shall be confidential.]

<sup>3</sup>[121. Best judgement assessment.— (1) Where a person fails to —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 120A omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted section 120A read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;120A.Investment Tax on income.— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, the Board may make a scheme of payment of investment tax in respect of undisclosed income, representing any amount or investment made in movable or immovable assets.

<sup>(2)</sup> Where any person declares undisclosed income under sub-section (1) in accordance with the scheme and the rules, the tax on such income called investment tax shall be charged at such rate as may be prescribed.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where a person has paid tax on his undisclosed income in accordance with the scheme and the rules, he shall –

<sup>(</sup>a) be entitled to incorporate in his books of account such undisclosed income in tangible form; and

<sup>(</sup>b) not be liable to pay any tax, charge, levy, penalty or prosecution in respect of such income under this Ordinance.

<sup>(4)</sup> For the purposes of this section ---

 <sup>(</sup>i) "undisclosed income" means any income, including any investment to be deemed as income under section 111 or any other deemed income, for any year or years, which was chargeable to tax but was not so charged; and

 <sup>(</sup>ii) "investment tax" means tax chargeable on the undisclosed income under the scheme under sub-section (1) and shall have the same meaning as given in clause (63) of section 2 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New Section (120B) inserted though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Section 121 substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted section 121 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;121.** Assessment of persons who have not furnished a return.- (1) Where a person required by the Commissioner through a notice] to furnish a return of income for a tax year fails to do so by the due date, the Commissioner may, based on any available information and to the best

- <sup>1</sup>[]
  - <sup>2</sup>[]
  - <sup>3</sup>[(ab) furnish return of income in response to notice under subsection (3) or sub-section (4) of section 114; or";]
  - (b) furnish a return as required under section 143 or section 144; or
  - (c) furnish the statement as required under section 116; or
  - (d) produce before the Commissioner, or <sup>4</sup>[a special audit panel appointed under sub-section (11) of section 177 or]any person employed by a firm of chartered accountants <sup>5</sup>[or a firm of cost and management accountants] under section 177, accounts, documents and records required to be maintained under section 174, or any other relevant document or evidence that may be required by him for the purpose of making assessment of income and determination of tax due thereon,

the Commissioner may, based on any available information or material and to the best of his judgement, make an assessment of the taxable income <sup>6</sup>[or income] of the person and the tax due thereon <sup>7</sup>[and the assessment, if any, treated to have

(b) the amount of tax due;

of the Commissioner's judgement, make an assessment of the taxable income of the person and the tax due thereon for the year.

<sup>(2)</sup> As soon as possible after making an assessment under this section, the Commissioner shall issue, in writing, an assessment order to the taxpayer stating –

<sup>(</sup>a) the taxable income of the taxpayer for the year;

<sup>(</sup>c) the amount of tax paid, if any; and

<sup>(</sup>d) the time, place, and manner of appealing the assessment order.

<sup>(3)</sup> An assessment order shall only be issued within five years after the end of the tax year, or the income year, to which it relates."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) furnish a return of income as required by a notice under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 114; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause "(aa)" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows: "(aa) furnish a statement as required by a notice under sub-section (5) of section 115; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

been made on the basis of return or revised return filed by the taxpayer shall be of no legal effect].

(2) As soon as possible after making an assessment under this section, the Commissioner shall issue the assessment order to the taxpayer stating—

- (a) the taxable income;
- (b) the amount of tax due;
- (c) the amount of tax paid, if any; and
- (d) the time, place and manner of appealing the assessment order.

(3) An assessment order under this section shall only be issued within <sup>1</sup>[six] years after the end of the tax year or the income year to which it relates <sup>2</sup>[:]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that where notice for furnishing a return of income under sub-section (4) of section 114 is issued in respect of one or more of the last ten completed tax years in pursuance of proviso to sub-section (5) of section 114 an assessment order under this section shall only be issued within two years from the end of tax year in which such notice is issued.]

**122.** Amendment of assessments.— (1) Subject to this section, the Commissioner may amend an assessment order treated as issued under section 120 or issued under section  $121^4$ [, 5[] 6[or 7[], by making such alterations or additions as the Commissioner considers necessary 8[].

<sup>9</sup>[(2) No order under sub-section (1) shall be amended by the Commissioner after the expiry of five years from the end of the financial year in which the Commissioner has issued or treated to have issued the assessment order to the taxpayer.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "or issued under section 122C," omitted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words, commas and the figures "issued under section 59, 59A, 62, 63 or 65 of the repealed Ordinance "omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "to ensure that the taxpayer is liable for correct amount of tax for the tax year to which the assessment order relates" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) An assessment order shall only be amended under subsection (1) within five years after the Commissioner has issued or is treated as having issued the assessment order on the taxpayer."

(3) Where a taxpayer furnishes a revised return under sub-section (6)  $^{1}$ [or (6A)] of section 114 —

- (a) the Commissioner shall be treated as having made an amended assessment of the taxable income and tax payable thereon as set out in the revised return; and
- (b) the taxpayer's revised return shall be taken for all purposes of this Ordinance to be an amended assessment order issued to the taxpayer by the Commissioner on the day on which the revised return was furnished.

(4) Where an assessment order (hereinafter referred to as the "original assessment") has been amended under sub-section (1)  $^{2}$ [,] (3)  $^{3}$ [or (5A)], the Commissioner may further amend,  $^{4}$ [as many times as may be necessary,] the original assessment within the later of —

- (a) five years <sup>5</sup>[from the end of the financial year in which] the Commissioner has issued or is treated as having issued the original assessment order to the taxpayer; or
- (b) one year <sup>6</sup>[from the end of the financial year in which] the Commissioner has issued or is treated as having issued the amended assessment order to the taxpayer.

<sup>7</sup>[(4A) In respect of an assessment made under the repealed Ordinance, nothing contained in sub-section (2) or, as the case may be, sub-section (4) shall be so construed as to have extended or curtailed the time limit specified in section 65 of the aforesaid Ordinance in respect of an assessment order passed under that section and the time-limit specified in that section shall apply accordingly.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010. Amendment made in sub-section (4) has been validated through sub-clause (18)(b) of clause (8) of Finance Act, 2010, with effect from the first day of July, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "after" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "after" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier sub-section (4A) was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003. The said sub-section (4A) read as follows:

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{``(4A)}$  An amended assessment shall only be made within six years of the date of original assessment."

<sup>1</sup>[(5) An assessment order in respect of tax year, or an assessment year, shall only be amended under sub-section (1) and an amended assessment for that year shall only be further amended under sub-section (4) where, on the basis of <sup>2</sup>[audit or on the basis of definite information] the Commissioner is satisfied that —

- (i) any income chargeable to tax has escaped assessment; or
- (ii) total income has been under-assessed, or assessed at too low a rate, or has been the subject of excessive relief or refund; or
- (iii) any amount under a head of income has been mis-classified.]

<sup>3</sup>[(5A) Subject to sub-section (9), the Commissioner may <sup>4</sup>[, ] <sup>5</sup>[] amend, or further amend, an assessment order, if he considers that the assessment order is erroneous in so far it is prejudicial to the interest of revenue.]

<sup>6</sup>[(5AA) In respect of any subject matter which was not in dispute in an appeal the Commissioner shall have and shall be deemed always to have had the powers to amend or further amend an assessment order under sub-section (5A).]

<sup>7</sup>[(5B) Any amended assessment order under sub-section (5A) may be passed within the time-limit specified in sub-section (2) or sub-section (4), as the case may be.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows: "(5) An assessment order shall only be amended under sub-section (1) and an amended assessment shall only be amended under subsection (4) where the Commissioner –

<sup>(</sup>a) is of the view that this Ordinance or the repealed Ordinance] has been incorrectly applied in making the assessment (including the misclassification of an amount under a head of income, incorrect payment of tax with the return of income, an incorrect claim for tax relief or rebate, an incorrect claim for exemption of any amount or an incorrect claim for a refund); or

<sup>(</sup>b) has definite information acquired from an audit or otherwise that the income has been concealed or inaccurate particulars of income have been furnished or the assessment is otherwise incorrect."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Expressions "definite information acquired from an audit or otherwise," substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier sub-section (5A) was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003. The said sub-section (5A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5A) Where a person does not produce accounts and records, or details of expenditure, assets and liabilities or any other information required for the purposes of audit under section 177, or does not file wealth statement under section 116, the Commissioner may, based on any available information and to the best of Commissioner's judgement; make an amended assessment."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "after making, or causing to be made, such enquiries as he deems necessary," omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

As soon as possible after making an amended assessment under <sup>1</sup>[sub-(6) section (1), sub-section (4) or sub-section (5A)], the Commissioner shall issue an amended assessment order to the taxpayer stating -

- (a) the amended taxable income of the taxpayer;
- (b) the amended amount of tax due;
- (c) the amount of tax paid, if any; and
- (d) the time, place, and manner of appealing the amended assessment.

(7) An amended assessment order shall be treated in all respects as an assessment order for the purposes of this Ordinance, other than for the purposes of sub-section (1).

For the purposes of this section, "definite information" includes information (8) on sales or purchases of any goods made by the taxpayer, <sup>2</sup>[receipts of the taxpayer from services rendered or any other receipts that may be chargeable to tax under this Ordinance, land on the acquisition, possession or disposal of any money, asset, valuable article or investment made or expenditure incurred by the taxpayer.

<sup>3</sup>[(9) No assessment shall be amended, or further amended, under this section unless the taxpayer has been provided with an opportunity of being heard]<sup>4</sup>[:

Provided that order under this section shall be made within one hundred and <sup>5</sup>[eighty] days of issuance of show cause notice or within such extended period as the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, so however, such extended period shall in no case exceed ninety days. This proviso shall be applicable to a show cause notice issued on or after the first day of July, 2021.

Provided further that any period during which the proceedings are adjourned on account of a stay order or Alternative Dispute Resolution proceedings or agreed assessment proceedings under section 122D or the time taken through adjournment by the taxpayer not exceeding sixty days shall be excluded from the computation of the period specified in the first proviso.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, brackets and figures "sub-section (1) or (4)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002 <sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Full stop substituted and two provisos added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "twenty" substituted by the Finance Act. 2022.

<sup>1</sup>[122A. Revision by the Commissioner.—(1) The Commissioner may <sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[, suomoto,]] ] call for the record of any proceeding under this Ordinance or under the repealed Ordinance in which an order has been passed by any <sup>4</sup>[Officer of Inland Revenue]other than the Commissioner (Appeals).

Subject to sub-section (3), where, after making such inquiry as is (2) necessary, Commissioner considers that the order requires revision, the Commissioner may <sup>5</sup>[suomoto] make such revision to the order as the Commissioner deems fit.

An order under sub-section (2) shall not be prejudicial to the person to (3) whom the order relates.

- (4) The Commissioner shall not revise any order under sub-section (2) if-
  - (a) an appeal against the order lies to the Commissioner (Appeals) or to the Appellate Tribunal, the time within which such appeal may be made has not expired; or
  - (b) the order is pending in appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) or has been made the subject of an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal.1

<sup>6</sup>[(5) If any order is remanded back to any lower authority by the Commissioner for modification, alteration, implementation of directions or de novo proceedings, the order giving effect to the directions of the Commissioner shall be issued within one hundred and twenty days.]

7[122B. Revision by the <sup>8</sup>[Chief Commissioner].—(1) The <sup>9</sup>[Chief Commissioner] may, either of his own motion or on an application made by the taxpayer for revision, call for the record of any proceedings relating to issuance of an exemption or lower rate certificate with regard to collection or deduction of tax at source under this Ordinance, in which an order has been passed by any authority subordinate to him.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "suomoto" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Taxation Officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Words added by Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "Regional Commissioner" Substituted by "Chief Commissioner" by Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The words "Regional Commissioner" Substituted by "Chief Commissioner" by Finance Act, 2014.

Where, after making such inquiry as is necessary, <sup>1</sup>[Chief Commissioner] (2) considers that the order requires revision, the 2[Chief Commissioner] may, after providing reasonable opportunity of being heard to the taxpaver, make such order as he may deem fit in the circumstances of the case.]

<sup>3</sup>[<sup>4</sup>[]]

<sup>5</sup>[122D. Agreed assessment in certain cases.- (1) Where a taxpayer, in response to a notice under sub-section (9) of section 122, intends to settle his case, he may file offer of settlement in the prescribed form before the assessment

<sup>4</sup>Section 122C omitted by Finance Act 2017,the omitted section 122C is read as under:

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the provisional assessment order completed under sub-section (1) shall be treated as the final assessment order after the expiry of <sup>4</sup> [forty-five] days from the date of service of order of provisional assessment and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly: <sup>4</sup>["Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not apply, if-

- return of income along with wealth statement, wealth reconciliation statement and other (a) documents required under sub-section (2A) of section 116 are filed by the person being an individual or an association of persons for the relevant tax year during the said period of fortyfive days; and
  - the individual or an association of persons presents accounts and documents for (b) conducting audit of income tax affairs for that tax year:

Provided further that the provisions of sub-section (2) shall not apply-

- to a company, if return of income tax alongwith audited accounts or final accounts, as the (a) case may be, for the relevant tax year are filed by the company electronically during the said period of forty-five days: and
- if the company presents accounts and documents for conducting audit of its income tax (b) affairs for that tax year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Regional Commissioner" Substituted by "Chief Commissioner" by Finance Act, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Regional Commissioner" Substituted by "Chief Commissioner" by Finance Act, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted section "122C" read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;122C. Provisional assessment. ---- (1) Where in response to a notice under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 114 a person fails to furnish return of income for any tax year, the Commissioner may, based on any available information or material and to the best of his judgment, make a provisional assessment of the taxable income of the person and issue a provisional assessment order specifying the taxable income assessed and the tax due thereon.

<sup>(2)</sup> Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the provisional assessment completed under sub-section (1) shall be treated as the final assessment after the expiry of sixty days from the date of service of order of provisional assessment and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly:

Provided that the provisions of sub-section (2) shall not apply if return of income along with wealth statement, wealth reconciliation statement and other documents required under sub-section (2A) of section 116 are filed by the person for the relevant tax year during the said period of sixty days."

<sup>&</sup>quot;122C. Provisional assessment.— (1) Where in response to a notice under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 114 a person fails to furnish return of income for any tax year, the Commissioner may, based on any available information or material and to the best of his judgment, make a provisional assessment of the taxable income or income of the person and issue a provisional assessment order specifying the taxable income or income assessed and the tax due thereon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New Section 122D inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

oversight committee, hereinafter referred to as the Committee, in addition to filing reply to the Commissioner.

(2) The Committee after examining the aforesaid offer may call for the record of the case and after affording opportunity of being heard to the taxpayer, may decide to accept or modify the offer of the taxpayer through consensus and communicate its decision to the taxpayer.

- (3) Where the taxpayer is stratified with the decision of the Committee,-
- (a) the taxpayer shall deposit the amount of tax payable including any amount of penalty and default surcharge as per decision of the Committee;
- (b) the Commissioner shall amend assessment in accordance with the decision of the Committee after tax payable including any amount of penalty and default surcharge as per decision of the Committee has been paid;
- (c) the taxpayer shall waive the right to prefer appeal against such amended assessment; and
- (d) no further proceedings shall be undertaken under this Ordinance in respect of issues decided by the Committee unless the tax as per clause
   (c) has not been deposited by the taxpayer.

(4) Where the Committee has not been able to arrive at a consensus or where the taxpayer is not satisfied with the decision of the Committee, the case shall be referred back to the Commissioner for decision on the basis of reply of the taxpayer in response to notice under sub-section (9) of section 122 notwithstanding proceedings or decision, if any, of the Committee.

(5) The Committee shall comprise the following income tax authorities having jurisdiction over the taxpayer, namely:-

- (a) the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (b) the Commissioner Inland Revenue; and
- (c) the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue.

(6) This section shall not apply in cases involving concealment of income or where interpretation of question of law is involved having effect on other cases.

(7) The Board may make rules regulating the procedure of the Committee and for any matter connected with, or incidental to the proceedings of the Committee.]

**123.** Provisional assessment in certain cases.— (1) Where a concealed asset of any person is impounded by any department or agency of the Federal Government

or a Provincial Government, the Commissioner may, at any time before issuing any assessment order under section 121 or any amended assessment order under section 122, issue to the person a provisional assessment order or provisional amended assessment order, as the case may be, for the last completed tax year of the person taking into account the concealed asset.

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) Where an offshore asset of any person, not declared earlier, is discovered by the Commissioner or any department or agency of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government, the Commissioner may at any time before issuing any assessment order under section 121 or amended assessment order under section 122, issue to the person a provisional assessment order or provisional amended assessment order, as the case may be, for the last completed tax year of the person taking into account the offshore asset discovered.]

(2) The Commissioner shall finalise a provisional assessment order or a provisional amended assessment order as soon as practicable <sup>2</sup>[].

(3) In this section, "concealed asset" means any property or asset which, in the opinion of the Commissioner, was acquired from any income subject to tax under this Ordinance.

**124.** Assessment giving effect to an order. — (1) Except where sub-section (2) applies, where, in consequence of, or to give effect to, any finding or direction in any order made under Part III of this Chapter by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court, or Supreme Court an assessment order or amended assessment order is to be issued to any person, the Commissioner shall issue the order within two years from the end of the financial year in which the order of the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court, as the case may be, was served on the Commissioner.

(2) Where, by an order made under Part III of this Chapter by the <sup>3</sup>[] Appellate Tribunal, High Court, or Supreme Court, an assessment order is set aside <sup>4</sup>[wholly or partly,] and the Commissioner <sup>5</sup>[or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be,] is directed to <sup>6</sup>[pass] a new assessment order, the Commissioner <sup>7</sup>[or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be,] shall <sup>8</sup>[pass] the new order within <sup>9</sup>[one year from the end of the financial year in which] the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New subsection 1A inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "after making it" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "Commissioner (Appeals)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "make" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The word "make" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "six months from the date" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

Commissioner <sup>1</sup>[or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be,] is served with the order <sup>2</sup>[:]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that limitation under this sub-section shall not apply, if an appeal or reference has been preferred, against the order <sup>4</sup>[], passed by <sup>5</sup>[] Appellate Tribunal or a High Court.]

(3) Where an assessment order has been set aside or modified, the proceedings may commence from the stage next preceding the stage at which such setting aside or modification took place and nothing contained in this Ordinance shall render necessary the re-issue of any notice which had already been issued or the re-furnishing or re-filing of any return, statement, or other particulars which had already been furnished or filed.

(4) Where direct relief is provided in an order under section 129 or 132, the Commissioner shall issue appeal effect orders within two months of the date the Commissioner is served with the order.

(5) Where, by any order referred to in sub-section (1), any income is excluded —

- (a) from the computation of the taxable income of a taxpayer for any year and held to be included in the computation of the taxable income of the taxpayer for another year; or
- (b) from the computation of the taxable income of one taxpayer and held to be included in the computation of the taxable income of another taxpayer,

the assessment or amended assessment relating to that other tax year or other taxpayer, as the case may be, shall be treated as an assessment or amended assessment to be made in consequence of, or to give effect to, a finding or direction contained in such order.

(6) Nothing in this Part shall prevent the issuing of an assessment order or an amended assessment order to give effect to an order made under Part III of this Chapter by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court, or Supreme Court.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "setting aside the assessment" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "a Commissioner (Appeals)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>1</sup>[(7) The provisions of this section shall in like manner apply to any order issued by any High Court or the Supreme Court in exercise of original or appellate jurisdiction.]

<sup>2</sup>[**124A. Powers of tax authorities to modify orders, etc.**—(1) Where a question of law has been decided by a High Court or the Appellate Tribunal in the case of a taxpayer, on or after first day of July 2002, the Commissioner may, notwithstanding that he has preferred an appeal against the decision of the High Court or made an application for reference against the order of the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, follow the said decision in the case of the said taxpayer in so far as it applies to said question of law arising in any assessment pending before the Commissioner until the decision of the High Court or of the Appellate Tribunal is reversed or modified.

(2) In case the decision of High Court or the Appellate Tribunal, referred to in sub-section (1), is reversed or modified, the Commissioner may, notwithstanding the expiry of period of limitation prescribed for making any assessment or order, within a period of one year from the date of receipt of decision, modify the assessment or order in which the said decision was applied so that it conforms to the final decision.]

**125.** Assessment in relation to disputed property.— Where the ownership of any property the income from which is chargeable to tax under this Ordinance is in dispute in any Civil Court in Pakistan, an assessment order or amended assessment order in respect of such income may be issued at any time within one year after the end of the financial year in which the decision of the Court is made.

**126.** Evidence of assessment.— (1) The production of an assessment order or a certified copy of an assessment order shall be conclusive evidence of the due making of the assessment and, except in proceedings under Part III of this Chapter relating to the assessment, that the amount and all particulars of the assessment are correct.

(2) Any  ${}^{3}$ [order] of assessment or other document purporting to be made, issued, or executed under this Ordinance may not be –

- (a) quashed or deemed to be void or voidable for want of form; or
- (b) affected by reason of any mistake, defect, or omission therein,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "notice" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

if it is, in substance and effect, in conformity with this Ordinance and the person assessed, or intended to be assessed or affected by the document, is designated in it according to common understanding.

## PART III APPEALS

**127. Appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals).**—<sup>1</sup>[(1) Any person dissatisfied with any order passed by a Commissioner or an<sup>2</sup>[Officer of Inland Revenue] under <sup>3</sup>[sub-section (2A) of section 120,] section 121,122, 143, 144, <sup>4</sup>[162,] 170, 182, <sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[or 205], or an order under sub-section (1) of section 161 holding a person to be personally liable to pay an amount of tax, or an order under clause (f) of sub-section (3) of section 172 <sup>7</sup>[declaring] a person to be the representative of a non-resident person [or an order giving effect to any finding or directions in any order made under this Part by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court or Supreme Court], or an order under section 221 refusing to rectify the mistake, either in full or in part, as claimed by the taxpayer or an order having the effect of enhancing the assessment or reducing a refund or otherwise increasing the liability of the person <sup>8</sup>[, <sup>9</sup>[ <sup>10</sup>[]] may prefer an appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals) against the order.]

<sup>11</sup>[]

<sup>12</sup>[(2) No appeal under sub-section (1), shall be made by a taxpayer against an order of assessment unless the taxpayer has paid the amount of tax due under sub section (1) of section 137.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows: "(1) Any person dissatisfied with any proceeding under this Ordinance in which an order has been issued by a Commissioner of Income Tax (other than the Commissioner (Appeals)) or a taxation officer may prefer an appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals) against the order."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expressions inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The figures and commas "183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188 and 189" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word and figure "or 189" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "treating" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The words "a provisional" substituted by the word "an" by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The expression "except an assessment order under section 122C," omitted by the Finance Ordinance, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;No appeal may be made by a taxpayer against an assessment unless the amount of tax due under the assessment that is not in dispute and fifteen percent of the disputed tax has been paid by the taxpayer."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:
 "(2) No appeal under sub-section (1), shall be made by a taxpayer against an order of assessment unless the taxpayer has paid,—

<sup>(</sup>a) the amount of tax due under sub-section (1) of section 137 and

- (3) An appeal under sub-section (1) shall
  - (a) be in the prescribed form;
  - (b) be verified in the prescribed manner;
  - (c) state precisely the grounds upon which the appeal is made;
  - (d) be accompanied by the prescribed fee specified in sub-section (4); and
  - (e) be lodged with the Commissioner (Appeals) within the time set out in sub-section (5).

<sup>1</sup>[(3A) The Board may prescribe mechanism for electronic filing of the appeals.]

- (4) The prescribed fee <sup>2</sup>[shall be]
  - <sup>3</sup>[(a) in the case of appeal against an assessment-
    - (i) where the appellant is a company, five thousand rupees; or
    - (ii) where the appellant is not a company, two thousand and five hundred rupees; or]
  - (b) in any other case
    - (i) where the appellant is a company, <sup>4</sup>[five] thousand rupees; or
    - (ii) where the appellant is not a company, <sup>5</sup>[one thousand] rupees.

<sup>(</sup>b) no appeal under sub-section (1) shall be made by a taxpayer against] an order of assessment unless the taxpayer has paid the amount of tax due under sub-section (1) of section 137."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "is" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (a) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted clause read as follows: "(a) in the case of an appeal against an assessment, <sup>3</sup>[one thousand rupees]<sup>3</sup>[]; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "one" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "two hundred" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[(5) An appeal shall be preferred to the Commissioner (Appeals) within thirty days of the following—

- (a) where the appeal relates to any assessment or penalty, the date of service of the notice of demand relating to the said assessment or penalty, as the case may be; and
- (b) in any other case, the date on which the order to be appealed against is served.]

(6) The Commissioner (Appeals) may, upon application in writing by the appellant, admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in sub-section (5) if the Commissioner (Appeals) is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from lodging the appeal within that period.

**128.** Procedure in appeal.— (1) The Commissioner (Appeals) shall give notice of the day fixed for the hearing of the appeal to the appellant and to the Commissioner against whose order the appeal has been made.

<sup>2</sup>[(1A) Where in a particular case, the Commissioner (Appeals) is of the opinion that the recovery of tax levied under this Ordinance, shall cause undue hardship to the taxpayer, he, after affording opportunity of being heard to the Commissioner against whose order appeal has been made, may stay the recovery of such tax for a period not exceeding thirty days in aggregate.]

<sup>3</sup>["(1AA) The Commissioner (Appeals), after affording opportunity of being heard to the Commissioner against whose order appeal has been made, may stay the recovery of such tax for a further period of thirty days, provided that the order on appeal shall be passed within the said period of thirty days."]

(2) The Commissioner (Appeals) may adjourn the hearing of the appeal from time to time.

(3) The Commissioner (Appeals) may, before the hearing of an appeal, allow an appellant to file any new ground of appeal not specified in the grounds of appeal already filed by the appellant where the Commissioner (Appeals) is satisfied that the omission of the ground from the form of the appeal was not wilful or unreasonable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) An appeal shall be lodged with the Commissioner (Appeals) -

<sup>(</sup>a) where the appeal relates to an assessment order, within thirty days of the date of service of the demand relating to the assessment; or

<sup>(</sup>b) in any other case, within thirty days of the date of service of the notice of the decision or determination appealed against."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

(4) The Commissioner (Appeals) may, before disposing of an appeal, call for such particulars as the Commissioner (Appeals) may require respecting the matters arising in the appeal or cause further enquiry to be made by the Commissioner.

(5) The Commissioner (Appeals) shall not admit any documentary material or evidence which was not produced before the Commissioner unless the Commissioner (Appeals) is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from producing such material or evidence before the Commissioner.

**129.** Decision in appeal.— (1) In disposing of an appeal lodged under section 127, the Commissioner (Appeals) may –

- <sup>1</sup>[(a) make an order to confirm, modify or annul the assessment order after examining such evidence as required by him respecting the matters arising in appeal or causing such further enquires to be made as he deems fit; or]
- (b) in any other case, make such order as the Commissioner (Appeals) thinks fit.

(2) The Commissioner (Appeals) shall not increase the amount of any assessment order or decrease the amount of any refund unless the appellant has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against such increase or decrease, as the case may be.

(3) Where, as the result of an appeal, any change is made in the assessment of an association of persons or a new assessment of an association of persons is ordered to be made, the Commissioner (Appeals) may authorise the Commissioner to amend accordingly any assessment order made on a member of the association and the time limit in sub-section (2) of section 122 shall not apply to the making such amended assessment.

(4) As soon as practicable after deciding an appeal, the Commissioner (Appeals) shall <sup>2</sup>[specify in the order the amount of tax upheld and] serve <sup>3</sup>[] his order on the appellant and the Commissioner <sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The original clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>(</sup>a) in the case of an appeal against an assessment order -

make an order to set aside the assessment order and direct the Commissioner to make a new assessment order in accordance with any directions or recommendations of the Commissioner (Appeals); or

<sup>(</sup>ii) make an order to confirm, modify or annul the assessment order; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "notice of" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that such order shall be passed not later than one hundred and twenty days from the date of filing of appeal or within an extended period of sixty days, for reasons to be recorded in writing by the Commissioner (Appeals):

Provided further that any period during which the hearing of an appeal is adjourned at the request of the appellant or is postponed due to any appeal or proceedings or stay order, remand or alternative dispute resolution proceedings or for any other reason, shall be excluded in the computation of the aforementioned periods.]

<sup>2</sup>[]

3[]

4[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[130. Appellate Tribunal.- (1) There shall be established an Appellate Tribunal to be called the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue to exercise the powers and

<sup>3</sup>Sub-section (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (6) read as follows:

 $^4$  Sub-section (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (7) read as follows:

"(7) The provisions of sub-section (5) shall not apply unless a notice by the appellant stating that no order under sub-section (1) has been made is personally served by the appellant on the Commissioner (Appeals) not less than thirty days before the expiration of the period of four months."

<sup>5</sup> Section 130 substituted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019, the substituted section read as follows:

**"130. Appointment of the Appellate Tribunal.**—<sup>5</sup>[(1) There shall be established an Appellate Tribunal to be called the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue to exercise the powers and perform the functions conferred on the Appellate Inland Revenue tribunal by this Ordinance,

(2) The Inland Revenue Appellate Tribunal shall consist of a chairman and such other judicial and accountant members as are appointed in such numbers and in the manner as the Prime Minister may prescribe by the rules.]

(3) A person may be appointed as a judicial member of the Appellate Tribunal if the person

- (a) has exercised the powers of a District Judge and is qualified to be a Judge of the High Court; <sup>5</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[or]]
- (b) is or has been an advocate of a High Court and is qualified to be a Judge of the High Court <sup>5</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[.]]
- <sup>5</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[]] <sup>5</sup>[(4)
  - A person may be appointed as an accountant member of an appellate tribunal if,-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) Where the Commissioner (Appeals) has not made an order on an appeal before the expiration of <sup>2</sup>[four] months from the end of the month in which the appeal was lodged, the relief sought by the appellant in the appeal shall be treated as having been given and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect accordingly.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) For the purposes of sub-section (5), any period during which the hearing of an appeal is adjourned on the request of the appellant shall be excluded in the computation of the period of four months referred to in that sub-section."

perform the functions conferred on the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue by this Act.

- (2) The Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue shall consist of a chairman and such other judicial and accountant members who shall be appoints in such numbers and in such manner as the Prime Minister may prescribe by rules, which may be made and shall take effect notwithstanding anything contained in section 237 or any other law or rules for the time being in force.
  - (a) he is an officer of Inland Revenue <sup>5</sup>[Service] equivalent to the rank of Regional Commissioner; <sup>5</sup>[]
  - (b) a Commissioner Inland Revenue or Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) having at least <sup>5</sup>[three] years experience as Commissioner or Collector <sup>5</sup>[; <sup>5</sup>[]]
  - <sup>5</sup>[(c) a person who has, for a period of not less than ten years, practiced professionally as a chartered accountant within the meaning of the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961)<sup>5</sup>[;or]
  - <sup>5</sup>[(d) a person who has, for a period of not less than ten years, practiced professionally as a cost and management accountant within the meaning of Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966).]

(5) The Federal Government shall appoint a member of the Appellate Tribunal as Chairperson of the Tribunal<sup>5</sup>[and, except in special circumstances, the person appointed should be a judicial member]<sup>5</sup>[].

(6) The powers and functions of the Appellate Tribunal shall be exercised and discharged by Benches constituted from members of the Tribunal by the Chairperson of the Tribunal.

(7) Subject to sub-section (8), a Bench shall consist of not less than two members of the Appellate Tribunal and shall be constituted so as to contain an equal number of judicial and accountant members, or so that the number of members of one class does not exceed the number of members of the other class by more than one.

(8) The Federal Government may direct that all or any of the powers of the Appellate Tribunal shall be exercised by —

- (a) any one member; or
- (b) more members than one, jointly or severally.

<sup>5</sup>[(8A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (7) and (8), the <sup>5</sup>[Chairperson] may constitute as many benches consisting of a single member as he may deem necessary to hear such cases or class of cases as the Federal Government may by order in writing, specify.]

<sup>5</sup>[(8AA) The <sup>5</sup>[Chairperson] or other member of the Appellate Tribunal authorized, in this behalf by the <sup>5</sup>[Chairperson] may, sitting singly, dispose of any case where the amount of tax or penalty involved does not exceed <sup>5</sup>[one] million rupees.]

(9) Subject to sub-section (10), if the members of a Bench differ in opinion on any point, the point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority.

(10) If the members of a <sup>5</sup>[Bench] are equally divided on a point, they shall state the point on which they differ and the case shall be referred by the Chairperson for hearing on that point by one or more other members of the Appellate Tribunal, and the point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the members of the Tribunal who have heard the case including those who first heard it.

(11) If there are an equal number of members of the Appellate Tribunal, the Federal Government may appoint an additional member for the purpose of deciding the case on which there is a difference of opinion.

(12) Subject to this Ordinance, the Appellate Tribunal shall have the power to regulate its own procedure, and the procedure of Benches of the Tribunal in all matters arising out of the discharge of its functions including the places at which the Benches shall hold their sittings."

- (a) has been a Judge of a High Court;
- (b) is or has been a District Judge; or
- (c) is an advocate of a High Court with a standing of not less than ten years; or
- (d) possesses such other qualification as may be prescribed under sub-section (2) of this section.
- (4) No person shall be appointed as an accountant member of a Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue unless he -
  - (a) is an officer of the Inland Revenue Service equivalent in rank to that of <sup>1</sup>[Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue];
  - (b) is a Commissioner Inland Revenue or Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) having not less than three years experience as Commissioner <sup>2</sup>[];
  - (c) has for a period of not less than ten years practiced professionally as a chartered accountant within the meaning of the Chartered Accountants' Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961); or
  - (d) has for a period of not less than ten years practiced professionally as a cost and management accountant within the meaning of the Cost and Management Accountant' Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966).
- (5) The constitution, functioning of benches and procedure of the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue shall be regulated by rules which the Prime Minister may prescribe.
- (6) The rules in respect of the matters covered under this section made prior to commencement of the Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 shall continue in force unless amended or repealed.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Regional Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "or Collector" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

**131.** Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal.— (1) Where the <sup>1</sup>[taxpayer] or Commissioner objects to an order passed by the Commissioner (Appeals), the <sup>2</sup>[taxpayer] or Commissioner may appeal to the Appellate Tribunal against such order.

- (2) An appeal under sub-section (1) shall be----
  - (a) in the prescribed form;
  - (b) verified in the prescribed manner;
  - (c) accompanied <sup>3</sup>[, except in case of an appeal preferred by the Commissioner,] by the prescribed fee specified in sub-section (3); and
  - <sup>4</sup>[(d) preferred to the Appellate Tribunal within sixty days of the date of service of order of the Commissioner (Appeals) on the taxpayer or the Commissioner, as the case may be.]

<sup>5</sup>[(3) The prescribed fee shall be five thousand rupees in case of a company and two thousand rupees in case other than a company.]

(4) The Appellate Tribunal may, upon application in writing, admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in clause (d) of sub-section (2) if it is satisfied that the person appealing was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal within that period.

<sup>6</sup>[(5) Notwithstanding that an appeal has been filed under this section, tax shall, unless recovery thereof has been stayed by the Appellate Tribunal, be payable in accordance with the assessment made in the case:

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that if on filing of application in a particular case, the Appellate Tribunal is of the opinion that the recovery of tax levied

Provided further that the Appellate Tribunal shall not make an order which has the effect of staying the recovery of tax beyond the period of six months in aggregate.

Provided further that the Appellate Tribunal may stay the recovery of the tax on filing the appeal which order will remain operative for thirty days and during which period a notice

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "appellant" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "appellant" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "appellant" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "appellant" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020. The substituted subsection (3) read as follows: "(3) The prescribed fee shall be two thousand rupees."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Provisos substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted provisos read as follows"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that where recovery of tax has been stayed by the Appellate Tribunal by an order, such order shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of three months following the date on which it is made, unless the appeal is decided, or such order be withdrawn by the Appellate Tribunal earlier:

under this Ordinance and upheld by the Commissioner (Appeals), shall cause undue hardship to the taxpayer, the Tribunal, after affording opportunity of being heard to the Commissioner, may stay the recovery of such tax for a period not exceeding one hundred and eighty days in aggregate <sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided further that where recovery of tax has been stayed under this section, such stay order shall cease to have effect on expiration of the said period of one hundred and eighty days following the date on which the stay order was made and the Commissioner shall proceed to recover the said tax: ]

Provided further that in computing the aforesaid period of one hundred and eighty days, the period, if any, for which the recovery of tax was stayed by a High Court, shall be excluded.]]

**132.** Disposal of appeals by the Appellate Tribunal.— (1) The Appellate Tribunal may, before disposing of an appeal, call for such particulars as it may require in respect of the matters arising on the appeal or cause further enquiry to be made by the Commissioner.

<sup>3</sup>[(2) The Appellate Tribunal shall afford an opportunity of being heard to the parties to the appeal and, in case of default by any of the party on the date of hearing, the Tribunal <sup>4</sup>[] may proceed <u>ex parte</u> to decide the appeal on the basis of the available record.]

<sup>5</sup>[(2A) The Appellate Tribunal shall decide the appeal within six months of its filing;]

(3) Where the appeal relates to an assessment order, the Appellate Tribunal may, <sup>6</sup>[without prejudice to the powers specified in sub-section (2),] make an order to -

shall be issued to the respondent and after hearing the parties, order may be confirmed or varied as the Tribunal deems fit but stay order shall in no case remain operative for more than one hundred and eighty days."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The expression ":-" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows: "(2) The Appellate Tribunal shall give both parties to the appeal an opportunity of being heard either in person or through an authorised representative."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words and commas "may, if it deems fit, dismiss the appeal in default, or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

- (a) affirm, modify or annul the assessment order; or
- <sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>2</sup>[(c) remand the case to the Commissioner or the Commissioner (Appeals) for making such enquiry or taking such action as the Tribunal may direct.]

(4) The Appellate Tribunal shall not increase the amount of any assessment <sup>3</sup>[or penalty] or decrease the amount of any refund unless the taxpayer has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against such increase or decrease, as the case may be.

(5) Where, as the result of an appeal, any change is made in the assessment of an association of persons or a new assessment of an association of persons is ordered to be made, the Appellate Tribunal may authorise the Commissioner to amend accordingly any assessment order made on a member of the association and the time limit in sub-section (2) of section 122 shall not apply to the making of such amended assessment.

(6) Where the appeal relates to a decision other than in respect of an assessment, the Appellate Tribunal may make an order to affirm, vary or annul the decision, and issue such consequential directions as the case may require.

<sup>4</sup>[(7) The Appellate Tribunal shall communicate its order to the taxpayer and the Commissioner.]

5[]

<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted clause (b) read as follows:

"(b) set aside the assessment order and direct the Commissioner to make a new assessment order in accordance with the directions or recommendations of the Tribunal; or"

<sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>4</sup> Sub-section (7) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (7) read as follows: "(7) The Appellate Tribunal shall serve a notice of its order on the appellant and the Commissioner."

<sup>5</sup>Sub-section (8) omitted by Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (8) read as follows:

"(8) Where the Appellate Tribunal has not made an order in respect of an appeal before the expiration of six months from the end of the month in which the appeal was filed, the relief sought by the appellant in the appeal shall be treated as having been given and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect accordingly."

<sup>6</sup>Sub-section (9) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (9) read as follows:

"(9) For the purposes of sub-section (8), any period during which the hearing of an appeal is adjourned on the request of the appellant shall be excluded in the computation of the period of six months referred to in that sub-section.

(10) Save as provided in section 133, the decision of the Appellate Tribunal on an appeal shall be final.

<sup>1</sup>[**133. Reference to High Court**.— (1) Within ninety days of the communication of the order of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (7) of section 132, the aggrieved person or the Commissioner may prefer an application, in the prescribed form along with a statement of the case, to the High Court, stating any question of law arising out of such order.

(4) Where, on an application under sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal refuses to state the case on the ground that no question of law arises, the taxpayer or the Commissioner, as the case may be, may apply to the High Court and the High Court may, if it is not satisfied with the correctness of the decision of the Appellate Tribunal, frame a question of law for its consideration.

(5) An application under sub-section (4) shall be made within one-hundred and twenty days from the date on which the taxpayer or Commissioner, as the case may be, was served with order of the refusal.

(6) Sub-sections (10) through (14) shall apply to a question of law framed by the High Court in the same manner as they apply to a reference made under sub-section (1).

(7) If, on an application under sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal rejects the application on the ground that it is time-barred, the taxpayer or Commissioner may apply to the High Court and, if the High Court is not satisfied with the correctness of the Appellate Tribunal's decision, the Court may require the Appellate Tribunal to treat the application as made within the time allowed under sub-section (2).

(8) An application under sub-section (7) shall be made within ninety days from the date on which the taxpayer or Commissioner, as the case may be, was served with order of the rejection.

(9) If the High Court is not satisfied that the statement in a case referred under sub-section (3) is sufficient to enable it to determine the question raised thereby, the Court may refer the case back to the Appellate Tribunal to make such modification therein as the Court may direct.

(10) A reference to the High Court under this section shall be heard by a Bench of not less than two Judges of the High Court and, in respect of the reference, the provisions of section 98 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908) shall apply, so far as may be, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

(11) The High Court upon hearing a reference under this section shall decide the questions of law raised by the reference and deliver judgment thereon containing the grounds on which such decision is founded.

(12) A copy of the judgment of the High Court shall be sent under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar to the Appellate Tribunal which shall pass such orders as are necessary to dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

(13) The costs of a reference to the High Court under this section shall be at the discretion of the Court.

(14) Where a reference relates to an assessment, the tax due under the assessment shall be payable in accordance with the assessment, unless recovery of the tax has been stayed by the High Court.

(15) Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908) shall apply to an application under sub-section (1).

(16) An application under sub-section (1) by a person other than the Commissioner shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred rupees."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 133 substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The original section 133 read as follows:

**<sup>133.</sup>** Reference to High Court.- (1) Where the Appellate Tribunal has made an order on an appeal under section 132, the taxpayer or Commissioner may, by application in such form and accompanied by such documents as may be prescribed, require the Appellate Tribunal to refer any question of law arising out of such order to the High Court.

<sup>(2)</sup> An application under sub-section (1) shall be made within ninety days of the date on which the taxpayer or Commissioner, as the case may be, was served with the Appellate Tribunal's order.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where, on an application under sub-section (1), the Appellate Tribunal is satisfied that a question of law arises out of its order, it shall, within ninety days of receipt of the application, draw up a statement of the case and refer it to the High Court.

(2) The statement to the High Court referred to in sub-section (1), shall set out the facts, the determination of the Appellate Tribunal and the question of law which arises out of its order.

(3) Where, on an application made under sub-section (1), the High Court is satisfied that a question of law arises out of the order referred to in sub-section (1), it may proceed to hear the case.

(4) A reference to the High Court under this section shall be heard by a Bench of not less than two judges of the High Court and, in respect of the reference, the provisions of section 98 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), shall apply, so far as may be, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

(5) The High Court upon hearing a reference under this section shall decide the question of law raised by the reference and pass judgment thereon specifying the grounds on which such judgment is based and the Tribunal's order shall stand modified accordingly. The Court shall send a copy of the judgment under the seal of the Court to the Appellate Tribunal.

(6) Notwithstanding that a reference has been made to the High Court, the tax shall be payable in accordance with the order of the Appellate Tribunal:

Provided that, if the amount of tax is reduced as a result of the judgment in the reference by the High Court and the amount of tax found refundable, the High Court may, on application by the Commissioner within thirty days of the receipt of the judgment of the High Court that he wants to prefer petition for leave to appeal to the Supreme Court, make an order authorizing the Commissioner to postpone the refund until the disposal of the appeal by the Supreme Court.

(7) Where recovery of tax has been stayed by the High Court by an order, such order shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of six months following the day on which it was made unless the appeal is decided or such order is withdrawn by the High Court earlier.

(8) Section 5 of the Limitation Act, 1908 (IX of 1908), shall apply to an application made to the High Court under sub-section (1).

(9) An application under sub-section (1) by a person other than the Commissioner shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred rupees.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 134 omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted section 134 read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[]

**"134. Appeal to Supreme Court.-** (1) An appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court from any judgment of the High Court delivered on a reference made or question of law framed under section 133 in any case which the High Court certifies to be a fit one for appeal to the Supreme Court.

(2) The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), relating to appeals to the Supreme Court shall apply, so far as may be, in the case of an appeal under this section in like manner as they apply in the case of an appeal from decrees of a High Court.

(3) Where the judgment of the High Court is varied or reversed in appeal under this section, effect shall be given to the order of the Supreme Court in the manner provided in sub-section (12) of section 133 in the case of a judgment of the High Court.

(4) The provisions of sub-sections (11), (12) and (13) of section 133 shall apply in the case of an appeal to the Supreme Court made under this section as they apply to an appeal to the High Court under section 133."

<sup>1</sup>The section 134A substituted by the Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020, the substituted section read as follows:134A. Alternative Dispute Resolution.— (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Ordinance, or the rules made thereunder, an aggrieved person in connection with any dispute pertaining to—

- (a) the liability of tax against the aggrieved person, or admissibility of refunds, as the case may be;
- (b) the extent of waiver of default surcharge and penalty; or

(c) any other specific relief required to resolve the dispute,

may apply to the Board for the appointment of a committee for the resolution of any hardship or dispute mentioned in detail in the application, which is under litigation in any court of law or an Appellate Authority, except where criminal proceedings have been initiated or where interpretation of question of law is involved having effect on other cases.

(2) The Board may, after examination of the application of an aggrieved person, appoint a committee, within sixty days of receipt of such application in the Board, comprising,—

- (i) an officer of Inland Revenue not below the rank of a Commissioner;
- (ii) person to be nominated by the taxpayer from a panel notified by the Board comprising,-
  - (a) <sup>1</sup>[] chartered accountants, <sup>1</sup>[cost and management accountants] and <sup>1</sup>[] advocates having <sup>1</sup>[minimum ten years] experience in the field of taxation; and
  - (b) reputable businessmen as nominated by Chambers of Commerce and industry:

Provided that the taxpayer shall not nominate a Chartered Accountant <sup>1</sup>[or cost and management accountant] or an advocate if the said Chartered Accountant <sup>1</sup>[or cost and management accountant] or the advocate is or has been an auditor or an authorized representative of the taxpayer; and

 a retired Judge not below the rank of District and Sessions Judge, to be nominated through consensus by the members appointed under clauses (i) and (ii).

(3) The aggrieved person, or the Commissioner, or both, as the case may be, shall withdraw the appeal pending before any court of law or an Appellate Authority, after constitution of the committee by the Board under subsection (2).

(4) The committee shall not commence the proceedings under sub-section (5) unless the order of withdrawal by the court of law or the Appellate Authority is communicated to the Board:

Provided that if the order of withdrawal is not communicated within seventy five days of the appointment of the committee, the said committee shall be dissolved and provisions of this section shall not apply.

(5) The Committee appointed under sub-section (2) shall examine the issue and may, if it deems necessary, conduct inquiry, seek expert opinion, direct any officer of the Inland Revenue or any other person to conduct an audit and shall decide the dispute by majority, within one hundred and twenty days of its appointment:

Provided that in computing the aforesaid period of one hundred and twenty days, the period, if any, for communicating the order of withdrawal under sub-section (4) shall be excluded.

(6) The recovery of tax payable by a taxpayer in connection with any dispute for which a Committee has been appointed under sub- section (2) shall be deemed to have been stayed on withdrawal of appeal up to the date of decision by the Committee.

(7) The decision of the committee under sub-section (5) shall be binding on the Commissioner and the aggrieved person.

(8) If the Committee fails to decide within the period of one hundred and twenty days under sub-section (5), the Board shall dissolve the committee by an order in writing and the matter shall be decided by the court of law or the Appellate Authority which issued the order of withdrawal under sub-section (4) and the appeal shall be treated to be pending before such court of law or the Appellate Authority as if the appeal had never been withdrawn.

(9) The Board shall communicate the order of dissolution to the court of law or the Appellate Authority and the Commissioner.

(10) The aggrieved person, on receipt of the order of dissolution, shall communicate it to the court of law or the Appellate Authority, which shall decide the appeal within six months of the communication of said order.

<sup>1</sup>[**134A.** Alternative Dispute Resolution. – (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Ordinance, or the rules made thereunder, an aggrieved person in connection with any dispute pertaining to -

**"134A. Alternative Dispute Resolution.** — (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Ordinance, or the rules made thereunder, an aggrieved person in connection with any dispute pertaining to—

- the liability of tax of one hundred million and above against the aggrieved person or admissibility of refund, as the case may be;
- (b) the extent of waiver of default surcharge and penalty; or
- (c) any other specific relief required to resolve the dispute; may apply to the Board for the appointment of a committee for the resolution of any hardship or dispute mentioned in detail in the application, which is under litigation in any court of law or an Appellate Authority, except where criminal proceedings have been initiated.
- (2) The application for dispute resolution shall be accompanied by an initial proposition for resolution of the dispute, including an offer of tax payment, from which, the applicant would not be entitled to retract.

(3) The Board may, after examination of the application of an aggrieved person, appoint a committee, within forty five days of receipt of such application in the Board, comprising,—

- (i) Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue having jurisdiction over the case;
- (ii) person to be nominated by the taxpayer from a panel notified by the Board comprising
  - (a) chartered accountants, cost and management accountants and advocates having a minimum of ten years' experience in the field of taxation;
  - (b) officers of the Inland Revenue Service who have retired in BS 21 or above; or
  - (c) reputable businessmen as nominated by Chambers of Commerce and Industry: Provided that the taxpayer shall not nominate a Chartered Accountant or an advocate if the said Chartered Accountant or the advocate is or has been an auditor or an authorized representative of the taxpayer; and
  - (d) person to be nominated through consensus by the members appointed under (i) and (ii) above, from the panel as notified by the Board in clause (ii) above:

Provided that where the member under this clause cannot be appointed through consensus, the Board may nominate a member proposed by the taxpayer eligible to be nominated as per clause (ii).

(4) The aggrieved person, or the Commissioner, or both, as the case may be, shall withdraw the appeal pending before any court of law or an Appellate Authority, after constitution of the committee by the Board under sub-section (3), in respect of dispute as mentioned in sub-section (1).

(5) The committee shall not commence the proceedings under sub-section (6) unless the order of withdrawal by the court of law or the Appellate Authority is communicated to the Board:

Provided that if the order of withdrawal is not communicated within seventy five days of the appointment of the committee, the said committee shall be dissolved and provisions of this section shall not apply.

(6) The Committee appointed under sub-section (3) shall examine the issue and may, if it deems necessary, conduct inquiry, seek expert opinion, direct any officer of the Inland Revenue or any other person to conduct an audit and shall decide the dispute by majority, within one hundred and twenty days of its appointment:

Provided that in computing the aforesaid period of one hundred and twenty days, the period, if any, for communicating the order of withdrawal under sub-section (5) shall be excluded.

<sup>(11)</sup> The aggrieved person may make the payment of income tax and other taxes as decided by the committee under sub-section (5) and all decisions, orders and judgments made or passed shall stand modified to that extent.

<sup>(12)</sup> The Board may prescribe the amount to be paid as remuneration for the services of the members of the Committee, other than the member appointed under clause (i) of sub-section (2).

<sup>(13)</sup> The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 134A substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The Substituted section read as follows:

- the liability of tax of one hundred million rupees or above against the aggrieved person or admissibility of refund, as the case may be;
- (b) the extent of waiver of default surcharge and penalty; or
- (c) any other specific relief required to resolve the dispute, may apply to the Board for the appointment of a committee for the resolution of any hardship or dispute mentioned in detail in the application, which is under litigation in any court of law or an appellate authority, except where criminal proceedings have been initiated.

(2) The application for dispute resolution under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by an initial proposition for resolution of the dispute, including an offer of tax payment.

(3) The Board may, after examination of the application of an aggrieved person, appoint a committee, within fifteen days of receipt of such application in the Board, comprising, –

- a retired judge not below the rank of a judge of a High Court, who shall also be the Chairperson of the Committee, to be nominated by the Board from a panel notified by the Law and Justice Division for such purpose;
- (ii) the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue having jurisdiction over the case; and

<sup>(7)</sup> The decision by the Committee under sub-section (6) shall not be cited or taken as a precedent in any other case or in the same case for a different tax year.

<sup>(8)</sup> The recovery of tax payable by a taxpayer in connection with any dispute for which a Committee has been appointed under sub-section (3) shall be deemed to have been stayed on withdrawal of appeal up to the date of decision by the Committee or the dissolution of the Committee whichever is earlier.

<sup>(9)</sup> The decision of the committee under sub-section (6) shall be binding on the Commissioner and the aggrieved person.

<sup>(10)</sup> If the Committee fails to decide within the period of one hundred and twenty days under sub-section (6), the Board shall dissolve the committee by an order in writing and the matter shall be decided by the court of law or the Appellate Authority which issued the order of withdrawal under sub-section (5) and the appeal shall be treated to be pending before such court of law or the Appellate Authority as if the appeal had never been withdrawn.

<sup>(11)</sup> The Board shall communicate the order of dissolution to the court of law or the Appellate Authority and the Commissioner.

<sup>(12)</sup> The aggrieved person, on receipt of the order of dissolution, shall communicate it to the court of law or the Appellate Authority, which shall decide the appeal within six months of the communication of said order.

<sup>(13)</sup> The aggrieved person may make the payment of income tax and other taxes as decided by the committee under sub-section (6) and all decisions, orders and judgments made or passed shall stand modified to that extent.

<sup>(14)</sup> The Board may prescribe the amount to be paid as remuneration for the services of the members of the Committee, other than the member appointed under clause (i) of sub-section (3).

<sup>(15)</sup> The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

- (iii) a person to be nominated by the taxpayer from a panel notified by the Board comprising
  - (a) chartered accountants, cost and management accountants and advocates having a minimum of ten years' experience in the field of taxation;
  - (b) officers of the Inland Revenue Service who stood retired in BS 21 or above; or
  - (c) reputable businessmen as nominated by the Chambers of Commerce and Industry:

Provided that the taxpayer shall not nominate a chartered accountant or an advocate if the said chartered accountant or the advocate is or has been an auditor or an authorized representative of the taxpayer.

(4) The Board shall communicate the order of appointment of Committee to the aggrieved person, court of law or the appellate authority where the dispute is pending and to the concerned Commissioner.

(5) The Committee appointed under sub-section (3) shall examine the issue and may, if it deems necessary, conduct inquiry, seek expert opinion, direct any officer of the Inland Revenue or any other person to conduct an audit and shall decide the dispute by majority, within forty-five days of its appointment extendable by another fifteen days for the reasons to be recorded in writing.

(6) The decision by the Committee under sub-section (5) shall not be cited or taken as a precedent in any other case or in the same case for a different tax year.

(7) The recovery of tax payable by a taxpayer in connection with any dispute for which a Committee has been appointed under sub-section (3) shall be deemed to have been stayed on the constitution of Committee till the final decision or dissolution of the Committee, whichever is earlier.

(8) The decision of the Committee under sub-section (5) shall be binding on the Commissioner when the aggrieved person, being satisfied with the decision, has withdrawn the appeal pending before the court of law or any appellate authority in respect of dispute as mentioned in sub-section (1) and has communicated the order of withdrawal to the Commissioner:

Provided that if the order of withdrawal is not communicated to the Commissioner within sixty days of the service of decision of the Committee upon the aggrieved person, the decision of the Committee shall not be binding on the Commissioner.

(9) Subject to sub-section (10), the Commissioner shall also withdraw the appeal, if any, pending before any court of law or an appellate authority in respect

of dispute as mentioned in sub-section (1) within thirty days of the communication of the order of withdrawal by the aggrieved person to the Commissioner.

(10) The aggrieved person shall make the payment of income tax and other taxes and within such time as decided by the Committee under sub-section(5) and all decisions and orders made or passed shall stand modified to that extent.

(11) If the Committee fails to decide within the period of sixty days under sub-section (5), the Board shall dissolve the Committee by an order in writing and the matter shall be decided by the court of law or the appellate authority where the dispute is pending under litigation.

(12) The Board shall communicate the order of dissolution to the aggrieved person, court of law or the appellate authority and to the Commissioner.

(13) On receipt of the order of dissolution, the court of law or the appellate authority shall decide the appeal within six months of the communication of the said order.

(14) The Board may prescribe the amount to be paid as remuneration for the services of the members of the Committee, other than the member appointed under clause (ii) of sub-section (3).

(15) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

(5) No application for revision of an assessment order may be made under sub-section (1) unless the amount of tax due under the assessment that is not in dispute has been paid by the taxpayer.

(6) An application under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by –

- (b) in any other case -
  - (i) where the applicant is a company, a fee of two thousand rupees; or
  - (ii) where the applicant is not a company, a fee of five hundred rupees.

(7) An order by the Commissioner declining to interfere shall not be treated as an order prejudicial to the applicant."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 135 omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted section 135 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;135. Revision by the Commissioner.-** (1) The Commissioner may either of the Commissioner's own motion or on application in writing by a person for revision, call for the record of any proceeding under this Ordinance in which an order has been passed by any taxation officer other than the Commissioner (Appeals).

<sup>(2)</sup> Subject to sub-section (3), where, after making such inquiry as is necessary, Commissioner considers that the order requires revision, the Commissioner may make such revision to the order as the Commissioner thinks fit.

<sup>(3)</sup> An order under sub-section (2) shall not be prejudicial to the person to whom the order relates.

<sup>(4)</sup> The Commissioner shall not revise any order under sub-section (2) if –

<sup>(</sup>a) where an appeal against the order lies to the Commissioner (Appeals) or to the Appellate Tribunal, the time within which such appeal may be made has not expired, or the person has not waived their right of appeal;

<sup>(</sup>b) the order is pending on appeal before the Commissioner (Appeals) or has been made the subject of an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal; or

<sup>(</sup>c) in the case of an application made by a person, the application has not been made within ninety days of the date on which such order was served on the person, unless the Commissioner is satisfied that the person was prevented by sufficient cause from making the application within the time allowed.

<sup>(</sup>a) in relation to an assessment order, a fee of the lesser of two thousand five hundred rupees or ten per cent of the tax assessed; or

**136.** Burden of proof.— In any appeal <sup>1</sup>[by a taxpayer] under this Part, the burden shall be on the taxpayer to prove, on the balance of probabilities —

- (a) in the case of an assessment order, the extent to which the order does not correctly reflect the taxpayer's tax liability for the tax year; or
- (b) in the case of any other decision, that the decision is erroneous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

# **PART IV** COLLECTION AND RECOVERY OF TAX

**137.** Due date for payment of tax.— (1) The tax payable by a taxpayer on the taxable income of the taxpayer <sup>1</sup>[including the tax payable under <sup>2</sup>[]] <sup>3</sup>[section <sup>4</sup>[113 or] 113A] for a tax year shall be due on the due date for furnishing the taxpayer's return of income for that year.

<sup>5</sup>[(2) Where any tax is payable under an assessment order or an amended assessment order or any other order issued by the Commissioner under this Ordinance, a notice shall be served upon the taxpayer in the prescribed form specifying the amount payable and thereupon the sum so specified shall be paid within <sup>6</sup>[<sup>7</sup>[thirty]] days from the date of service of the notice <sup>8</sup>[:] <sup>9</sup>[]

<sup>10</sup>[Provided that the due date for payment of tax payable under sub- section (7) of section 147 shall be the date specified in sub-section (5) or sub-section (5A) or first proviso to sub-section (5B) of section 147.]

<sup>11</sup>[<sup>12</sup>[]]

<sup>13</sup>[<sup>14</sup>[]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words and figure "section 113 or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Where an assessment order or amended assessment order is issued by the Commissioner, the tax payable under the order shall be payable within fifteen days from the date of the assessment order is issued. "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "thirty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "fifteen" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted provision read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that the tax payable as a result of provisional assessmentorder under section 122C, as specified in the notice under sub-section (2) shall be payable immediately after a period of forty-five days from the date of service of the notice"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted provision read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that the taxpayer may pay the tax payable prior to expiry of the period of forty-five days specified in the first proviso."

(3) Nothing in sub-section (2)  ${}^{1}$ [or (4)] shall affect the operation of sub-section (1).

(4) Upon written application by a taxpayer, the Commissioner may, where good cause is shown, grant the taxpayer an extension of time for payment of tax due <sup>2</sup>[under sub-section (2)] or allow the taxpayer to pay <sup>3</sup>[such tax] in instalments of equal or varying amounts as the Commissioner may determine having regard to the circumstances of the case.

(5) Where a taxpayer is permitted to pay tax by instalments and the taxpayer defaults in payment of any instalments, the whole balance of the tax outstanding shall become immediately payable.

(6) The grant of an extension of time to pay tax due or the grant of permission to pay tax due by instalments shall not preclude the liability for 4[default surcharge] arising under section 205 from the due date of the tax under subsection 5[(2)].

6[]

<sup>7</sup>[**138. Recovery of tax out of property and through arrest of taxpayer.**— (1) For the purpose of recovering any tax due by a taxpayer, the Commissioner may serve upon the taxpayer a notice in the prescribed form requiring him to pay the said amount within such time as may be specified in the notice.

(2) If the amount referred to in the notice issued under sub-section (1) is not paid within the time specified therein or within the further time, if any, allowed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "any tax due" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word s "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The brackets and figure "(1)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted sub-section (7) read as under:
 "(7) A taxpayer dissatisfied with a decision under sub-section (4) may challenge the decision

only under Part III of this Chapter."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Section 138 substituted by Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 138 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;138. Tax as a debt due to the Federal Government.-** (1) Any tax due under this Ordinance by a taxpayer shall be a debt due to the Federal Government and shall be payable in the manner and at the place prescribed.

<sup>(2)</sup> Any tax that has not been paid by the due date may be sued for and recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction by the Commissioner acting in the Commissioner's official name.

<sup>(3)</sup> In any suit under sub-section (2), the production of a certificate signed by the Commissioner stating the name and address of the taxpayer and the amount of tax due shall be conclusive evidence of the amount of tax due by such taxpayer."

by the Commissioner, the Commissioner may proceed to recover from the taxpayer the said amount by one or more of the following modes, namely:—

- (a) attachment and sale of any movable or immovable property of the taxpayer;
- (b) appointment of a receiver for the management of the movable or immovable property of the taxpayer; <sup>1</sup>[]
- (c) arrest of the taxpayer and his detention in prison for a period not exceeding six months <sup>2</sup>[; and
- (d) as specified under clauses (a), (ca) and (d) of sub-section (I) of section 48 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.]

(3) For the purposes of recovery of tax under sub-section (2), the Commissioner shall have the same powers as a Civil Court has under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), for the purposes of the recovery of any amount due under a decree.

(4) The <sup>3</sup>[Board] may make rules regulating the procedure for the recovery of tax under this section and any other matter connected with, or incidental to, the operation of this section.]

<sup>4</sup>[**138A. Recovery of tax by District Officer (Revenue).**— (1) The Commissioner may forward to the District Officer (Revenue) of the district in which the taxpayer resides or carries on business or in which any property belonging to the taxpayer is situated, a certificate specifying the amount of any tax due from the taxpayer, and, on receipt of such certificate, the District Officer (Revenue) shall proceed to recover from the taxpayer the amount so specified as, it were an arrear of land revenue.

(2) Without prejudice to any other power of the District Officer (Revenue) in this behalf, he shall have the same powers as a Civil Court has under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), for the purpose of the recovery of the amount due under a decree.]

<sup>5</sup>[138B. Estate in bankruptcy.—(1) If a taxpayer is declared bankrupt, the tax liability under this Ordinance shall pass on to the estate in bankruptcy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "and" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Full stop substituted by "semi colon" and the word "and" thereafter new clause (d) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

(2) If tax liability is incurred by an estate in bankruptcy, the tax shall be deemed to be a current expenditure in the operations of the estate in bankruptcy and shall be paid before the claims preferred by other creditors are settled.]

**139.** Collection of tax in the case of private companies and associations of persons.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], where any tax payable by a private company (including a private company that has been wound up or gone into liquidation) in respect of any tax year cannot be recovered from the company, every person who was, at any time in that tax year —

- (a) a director of the company, other than an employed director; or
- (b) a shareholder in the company owning not less than ten per cent of the paid-up capital of the company,

shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the tax due by the company.

(2) Any director who pays tax under sub-section (1) shall be entitled to recover the tax paid from the company or a share of the tax from any other director.

(3) A shareholder who pays tax under sub-section (1) shall be entitled to recover the tax paid from the company or from any other shareholder to whom clause (b) of sub-section (1) applies in proportion to the shares owned by that other shareholder.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in any law, where any tax payable by a member of an association of persons in respect of the member's share of the income of the association in respect of any tax year cannot be recovered from the member, the association shall be liable for the tax due by the member.

<sup>2</sup>[(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, for the time being in force, where any tax payable by an association of persons in respect of any tax year cannot be recovered from the association of persons, every person who was, at any time in that year, a member of the association of persons, shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the tax due by the association of persons.

(6) Any member who pays tax under sub-section (5) shall be entitled to recover the tax paid from the association of persons or a share of the tax from any other member.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. <sup>2</sup>New sub-sections (5) and (6) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>1</sup>[(7)] The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any amount due under this section as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

140. Recovery of tax from persons holding money on behalf of a taxpayer.—
(1) For the purpose of recovering any tax due by a taxpayer, the Commissioner may, by notice, in writing, require any person –

- (a) owing or who may owe money to the taxpayer; or
- (b) holding or who may hold money for, or on account of the taxpayer;
- (c) holding or who may hold money on account of some other person for payment to the taxpayer; or
- (d) having authority of some other person to pay money to the taxpayer,

to pay to the Commissioner so much of the money as set out in the notice by the date set out in the notice<sup>2</sup>[:]

<sup>3</sup>["Provided that the Commissioner shall not issue notice under this sub-section for recovery of any tax due from a taxpayer if the said taxpayer has filed an appeal under section 127 in respect of the order under which the tax sought to be recovered has become payable and the appeal has not been decided by the Commissioner (Appeals), subject to the condition that <sup>4</sup>[ten] per cent of the said amount of tax due has been paid by the taxpayer."]

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), the amount set out in a notice under sub-section (1) —

- (a) where the amount of the money is equal to or less than the amount of tax due by the taxpayer, shall not exceed the amount of the money; or
- (b) in any other case, shall be so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount of tax due by the taxpayer.

(3) Where a person is liable to make a series of payments (such as salary) to a taxpayer, a notice under sub-section (1) may specify an amount to be paid out of each payment until the amount of tax due by the taxpayer has been paid.

(4) The date for payment specified in a notice under sub-section (1) shall not be a date before the money becomes payable to the taxpayer or held on the taxpayer's behalf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (5) re-numbered as sub-section (7) through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full-stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The expression "twenty-five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

(5) The provisions of sections 160, 161, 162 and 163, so far as may be, shall apply to an amount due under this section as if the amount were required to be deducted from a payment under Division III of Part V of this Chapter.

(6) Any person who has paid any amount in compliance with a notice under sub-section (1) shall be treated as having paid such amount under the authority of the taxpayer and the receipt of the Commissioner constitutes a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person to the taxpayer to the extent of the amount referred to in such receipt.

<sup>1</sup>[]

- <sup>2</sup>[]
- 3[]

(10) In this section, "person" includes any Court, Tribunal or any other authority.

**141.** Liquidators.— (1) Every person (hereinafter referred to as a "liquidator") who is –

- (a) a liquidator of a company;
- (b) a receiver appointed by a Court or appointed out of Court;
- (c) a trustee for a bankrupt; or
- (d) a mortgagee in possession,

shall, within fourteen days of being appointed or taking possession of an asset in Pakistan, whichever occurs first, give written notice thereof to the Commissioner.

(2) The Commissioner shall, within three months of being notified under sub-section (1), notify the liquidator in writing of the amount which appears to the Commissioner to be sufficient to provide for any tax which is or will become payable by the person whose assets are in the possession of the liquidator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted sub-section (7) read as follows: "(7) Where an amount has been paid under sub-section (1), the taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit for the amount (unless the amount paid represents a final tax on the taxpayer's income) in computing the tax due by the taxpayer on the taxpayer's taxable income for the tax year in which the amount was paid."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (8) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted sub-section (8) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(8) The tax credit allowed under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (9) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted sub-section (9) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(9) A tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed under this section for a tax year that is not able to be credited under sub-section (3) of section 4 for the year must be refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with section 170."

(3) A liquidator shall not, without leave of the Commissioner, part with any asset held as liquidator until the liquidator has been notified under sub-section (2).

- (4) A liquidator
  - (a) shall set aside, out of the proceeds of sale of any asset by the liquidator, the amount notified by the Commissioner under subsection (2), or such lesser amount as is subsequently agreed to by the Commissioner;
  - (b) shall be liable to the extent of the amount set aside for the tax of the person who owned the asset; and
  - (c) may pay any debt that has priority over the tax referred to in this section notwithstanding any provision of this section.

(5) A liquidator shall be personally liable to the extent of any amount required to be set aside under sub-section (4) for the tax referred to in sub-section (2) if, and to the extent that, the liquidator fails to comply with the requirements of this section.

(6) Where the proceeds of sale of any asset are less than the amount notified by the Commissioner under sub-section (2), the application of sub-sections (4) and (5) shall be limited to the proceeds of sale.

(7) This section shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

(8) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any amount due under this section as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

**142.** Recovery of tax due by non-resident member of an association of persons.— (1) The tax due by a non-resident member of an association of persons in respect of the member's share of the profits of the association shall be assessable in the name of the association or of any resident member of the association and may be recovered out of the assets of the association or from the resident member personally.

(2) A person making a payment under this section shall be treated as acting under the authority of the non-resident member and is hereby indemnified in respect of the payment against all proceedings, civil or criminal, and all processes, judicial or extra-judicial, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in any written law, contract or agreement.

(3) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any amount due under this section as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

**143.** Non-resident ship owner or charterer.— (1) Before the departure of a ship owned or chartered by a non-resident person from any port in Pakistan, the

master of the ship shall furnish to the Commissioner a return showing the gross amount specified in sub-section (1) of section 7 in respect of the ship.

(2) Where the master of a ship has furnished a return under sub-section (1), the Commissioner shall <sup>1</sup>[, after calling for such particulars, accounts or documents as he may require,] determine the amount of tax due under section 7 in respect of the ship and, as soon as possible, notify the master, in writing, of the amount payable.

(3) The master of a ship shall be liable for the tax notified under subsection (2) and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to such tax as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

(4) Where the Commissioner is satisfied that the master of a ship or nonresident owner or charterer of the ship is unable to furnish the return required under sub-section (1) before the departure of the ship from a port in Pakistan, the Commissioner may allow the return to be furnished within thirty days of departure of the ship provided the non-resident owner or charterer has made satisfactory arrangements for the payment of the tax due under section 7 in respect of the ship.

(5) The Collector of Customs or other authorised officer shall not grant a port clearance for a ship owned or chartered by a non-resident person until the Collector or officer is satisfied that any tax due under section 7 in respect of the ship has been paid or that arrangements for its payment have been made to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

(6) This section shall not relieve the non-resident owner or charterer of the ship from liability to pay any tax due under this section that is not paid by the master of the ship.

**144.** Non-resident aircraft owner or charterer. — (1) A non-resident owner or charterer of an aircraft 2[ ] liable for tax under section 7, or an agent authorised by the non-resident person for this purpose, shall furnish to the Commissioner, within forty-five days from the last day of each quarter of the financial year, a return, in respect of the quarter, showing the gross amount specified in sub-section (1) of section 7 of the non-resident person for the quarter.

(2) Where a return has been furnished under sub-section (1), the Commissioner shall <sup>3</sup>[, after calling for such particulars, accounts or documents as he may require,] determine the amount of tax due under section 7 by the non-resident person for the quarter and notify the non-resident person, in writing, of the amount payable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "shall be" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

(3) The non-resident person shall be liable to pay the tax notified under sub-section (2) within the time specified in the notice and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to such tax as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

(4) Where the tax referred to in sub-section (3) is not paid within three months of service of the notice, the Commissioner may issue to the authority by whom clearance may be granted to the aircraft operated by the non-resident person a certificate specifying the name of the non-resident person and the amount of tax due.

(5) The authority to whom a certificate is issued under sub-section (4) shall refuse clearance from any airport in Pakistan to any aircraft owned or chartered by the non-resident until the tax due has been paid.

<sup>1</sup>[**145. Assessment of persons about to leave Pakistan.**— (1) Where any person is likely to leave Pakistan during the currency of tax year or shortly after its expiry with no intention of returning to Pakistan, he shall give to the Commissioner a notice to that effect not less than fifteen days before the probable date of his departure (hereinafter in this section referred to as the 'said date').

(2) The notice under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by a return or returns of taxable income in respect of the period commencing from the end of the latest tax year for which an assessment has been or, where no such assessment has been made, a return has been made, as the case may be, and ending on the said date, or where no such assessment or return has been made, the tax year or tax years comprising the period ending on the said date; and the period commencing from the end of the latest tax year to the said date shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to be a tax year (distinct and separate from any other tax year) in which the said date falls.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), the Commissioner may serve a notice on any person who, in his opinion, is likely to leave Pakistan during the current tax year or shortly after its expiry and has no intention of returning to Pakistan, to furnish within such time as may be specified in such notice, a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 145 substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted section 145 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;145. Collection of tax from persons leaving Pakistan permanently.-** (1) Where the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may leave Pakistan permanently without paying tax due under this Ordinance, the Commissioner may issue a certificate containing particulars of the tax due to the Commissioner of Immigration and request the Commissioner of Immigration to prevent that person from leaving Pakistan until that person -

<sup>(</sup>a) makes payment of tax in full; or

<sup>(</sup>b) makes an arrangement satisfactory to the Commissioner for payment of the tax due.

<sup>(2)</sup> A copy of a certificate issued under sub-section (1) shall be served on the person named in the certificate if it is practicable to do so.

<sup>(3)</sup> Payment of the tax specified in the certificate to a customs or immigration officer or the production of a certificate signed by the Commissioner stating that the tax has been paid or satisfactory arrangements for payment have been made shall be sufficient authority for allowing the person to leave Pakistan."

return or returns of taxable income for the tax year or tax years for which the taxpayer is required to furnish such return or returns under sub-section (2).

(4) The taxable income shall be charged to tax at the rates applicable to the relevant tax year and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.]

<sup>1</sup>[(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, for the time being in force, where on the basis of information received from any offshore jurisdiction, the Commissioner has reason to believe that such person who is likely to leave Pakistan may be involved in offshore tax evasion or such person is about to dispose of any such asset, the Commissioner may freeze any domestic asset of the person including any asset beneficially owned by the person for a period of one hundred and twenty days or till the finalization of proceeding including but not limited to recovery proceedings under this Ordinance whichever is earlier.]

**146.** Recovery of tax from persons assessed in Azad Jammu and Kashmir <sup>2</sup>[and Gilgit-Baltistan.]— (1) Where any person assessed to tax for any tax year under the law relating to income tax in the Azad Jammu and Kashmir <sup>3</sup>[or Gilgit-Baltistan] has failed to pay the tax and the income tax authorities of the Azad Jammu and Kashmir <sup>4</sup>[or Gilgit-Baltistan] cannot recover the tax because —

- (a) the person's resi44dence is in Pakistan; or
- (b) the person has no movable or immovable property in the Azad Jammu and Kashmir<sup>5</sup>[or Gilgit-Baltistan],

the Deputy Commissioner in the Azad Jammu and Kashmir <sup>6</sup>[or Gilgit-Baltistan] may forward a certificate of recovery to the Commissioner and, on receipt of such certificate, the Commissioner shall recover the tax referred to in the certificate in accordance with this Part.

(2) A certificate of recovery under sub-section (1) shall be in the prescribed form specifying —

(a) the place of residence of the person in Pakistan;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New sub-section (5) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act 2017.

- (b) the description and location of movable or immovable property of the person in Pakistan; and
- (c) the amount of tax payable by the person.

<sup>1</sup>[**146A. Initiation, validity, etc., of recovery proceedings.**— (1) Any proceedings for the recovery of tax under this Part may be initiated at any time.

(2) The Commissioner may, at any time, amend the certificate issued under section 138A, or recall such certificate and issue fresh certificate, as he thinks fit.

(3) It shall not be open to a taxpayer to question before the District Officer (Revenue) the validity or correctness of any certificate issued under section 138A, or any such certificate as amended, or any fresh certificate issued, under subsection (2).

(4) The several modes of recovery provided in this Part shall be deemed to be neither mutually exclusive nor affect in any way any other law for the time being in force relating to the recovery of debts due to the Government and the Commissioner may have recourse to any such mode of recovery notwithstanding that the tax due is being recovered from a taxpayer by any other mode.]

<sup>2</sup>[**146B. Tax arrears settlement incentives scheme.—** (1) Subject to provisions of this Ordinance, the Board may make scheme in respect of recovery of tax arrears or withholding taxes and waiver of <sup>3</sup>[default surcharge]or penalty levied thereon.

(2) The Board may make rules under section 237 for implementation of such scheme.]

<sup>4</sup>[**146C. Assistance in the recovery and collection of taxes.**— The provisions of sections 138, 138A, 138B, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 146A, and 146B shall mutatis mutandis apply in respect of assistance in collection and recovery of taxes in pursuance of a request from a foreign jurisdiction under a tax treaty, a multilateral convention, an intergovernmental agreement or similar arrangement or mechanism.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 146C inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>[**146D. Recovery of liability outstanding under other laws.** – (1) Where any outstanding liability in or under any other statute or law for the time being in force enacted through an Act of Parliament, in respect of any defaulter is –

- (a) treated as Income Tax arrears in that law;
- (b) required to be recovered or collected by Commissioner (Inland Revenue); or
- (c) is referred to Commissioner (Inland Revenue) for the recovery -

the Commissioner (Inland Revenue) shall recover the said liability and deposit the receipts in the designated account specified in that law.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 146D inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

# **PART V** ADVANCE TAX AND DEDUCTION OF TAX AT SOURCE

# Division I

## Advance Tax Paid by the Taxpayer

**147.** Advance tax paid by the taxpayer.— (1) Subject to sub-section (2), every taxpayer <sup>1</sup>[whose income was charged to tax for the latest tax year under this Ordinance or latest assessment year under the repealed Ordinance] other than –

- <sup>2</sup>[]
- (b) income chargeable to tax under sections 5, 6 and 7;
- <sup>3</sup>[]
- (c) income subject to deduction of tax at source under section 149; <sup>4</sup>[and]
- 5[]
- (d) income from which tax has been collected under Division II or deducted under Division III<sup>6</sup>[or deducted or collected under Chapter XII] and for which no tax credit is allowed as a result of sub-section (3) of section 168,

shall be liable to pay advance tax for the year in accordance with this section.

(2) This section does not apply to an individual where the individual's <sup>7</sup>[] latest assessed taxable income excluding income referred to in clauses <sup>8</sup>[(b),] (c) and (d) of sub-section (1) is less than  ${}^{9}[{}^{10}[{}^{11}[$ one million] ] rupees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "who derives or expects to derive income chargeable to tax under this Ordinance in a tax year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (a) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. Omitted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) income chargeable to tax under the head "Capital Gains";

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (ba) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (ba) read as follows: "(ba) income chargeable to tax under section 15;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (ca) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (ca) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(ca) income chargeable to tax under section 233 and clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 233A;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "or association of persons" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "(a), (b),(ba)" substituted by (b) through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "one hundred and fifty thousand" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The word "two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The words "five hundred thousand" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(4) Where the taxpayer is<sup>3</sup>[an association of persons or] a company, the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:-

#### (A x B/C) -D

Where -

A is the taxpayer's turnover for the quarter <sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that where the taxpayer fails to provide turnover or the turnover for the quarter is not known, it shall be taken to be one-fourth of one hundred and ten percent of the turnover of the latest tax year for which a return has been filed;]

B is the tax assessed to the taxpayer for the latest tax year <sup>6</sup>[.]

<sup>7</sup>["*Explanation.*- For removal of doubt it is clarified that tax assessed includes tax under sections <sup>8</sup>[4C,] 113 and 113C."]

"(4) where the taxpayer is a company, the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:-

Where -

(A/4) - B

- A is the tax assessed to the taxpayer for the latest tax year or latest assessment year under the repealed Ordinance: and
- B is the tax paid in the quarter for which a tax credit is allowed under section 168, other than tax deducted under section 149 or 155."

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) Advance tax shall be payable by a taxpayer in respect of the following periods, namely:-

<sup>(</sup>a) 1<sup>st</sup> of July to 30<sup>th</sup> September (referred to as the "September quarter");

<sup>(</sup>b) 1<sup>st</sup> October to 31st December (referred to as the "December quarter");

<sup>(</sup>c) 1st January to 31st March (referred to as the "March quarter"); and

<sup>(</sup>d) 1st April to 30th June (referred to as the "June quarter")."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The semi colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Semicolon substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

- C is the taxpayer's turnover for the latest tax year; and
- D is the tax paid in the quarter for which a tax credit is allowed under section 168<sup>1</sup>[].]

<sup>2</sup>[(4A) Any taxpayer <sup>3</sup>[including a banking company] who is required to make payment of advance tax in accordance with sub-section (4), shall estimate the tax payable for the relevant tax year, at any time before the second installment is due. In case the tax payable is likely to be more than the amount that the taxpayer <sup>4</sup>[including a banking company] is required to pay under sub-section (4), the taxpayer <sup>5</sup>[including a banking company] shall furnish to the Commissioner on or before the due date of the second quarter an estimate of the amount of tax payable by the taxpayer <sup>6</sup>[including a banking company] and thereafter pay fifty per cent of such amount by the due date of the second quarter of the tax year after making adjustment for the amount, if any, already paid in terms of sub-section (4). The remaining fifty per cent of the estimate shall be paid after the second quarter in two equal installments payable by the due date of the third and fourth quarter of the tax year."]

<sup>7</sup>[(4AA) Tax liability under <sup>8</sup>[sections <sup>9</sup>[4C,] 113 and 113C] shall also be taken into account while working out payment of advance tax liability under this section.]

<sup>10</sup>[(<sup>11</sup>[4B]) Where the taxpayer is an individual <sup>12</sup>[] having latest assessed income of <sup>13</sup>[ <sup>14</sup>[one million] rupees or more as determined under sub-section (2),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, comma and figure ", other than tax deducted under section 155" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (4A) omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The substituted sub-section read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4A) Any taxpayer who is required to make payment of advance tax in accordance with subsection (4), shall estimate the tax payable by him for the relevant tax year, at any time before the last instalment is due. In case the tax payable is likely to be more than the amount he is required to pay under sub-section (4), the taxpayer shall furnish to the Commissioner an estimate of the amount of tax payable by him and thereafter pay such amount after making adjustment for the amount (if any) already paid in terms of sub-section (4)".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The expression "section 113" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Sub-section (4A) re-numbered by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The words "or an association of persons" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>The word "two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>The word "five hundred thousand" substituted by the Finance Act 2017.

the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: -

"(A/4) - B

Where -

- A is the tax assessed to the taxpayer for the latest tax year or latest assessment year under the repealed Ordinance; and
- **B** is the tax paid in the quarter for which a tax credit is allowed under section 168, other than tax deducted under section 149 <sup>1</sup>[].]

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.* – For removal of doubt, it is clarified that tax assessed includes tax liability under section 4C.]

- (5) Advance tax is payable by <sup>3</sup>[an individual <sup>4</sup>[]] to the Commissioner—
  - (a) in respect of the September quarter, on or <sup>5</sup>[before] the <sup>6</sup>[15th day of September];
  - (b) in respect of the December quarter, on or before the <sup>7</sup>[15th day of December];
  - in respect of the March quarter, on or before the <sup>8</sup>[15th day of March]; and
  - (d) in respect of the June quarter, on or before the <sup>9</sup>[15th day of June].

<sup>10</sup>[(5A) Advance tax shall be payable by an association of persons or a company to the Commissioner —

- "(5A) Advance tax is payable by a company to the Commissioner -
  - (a) in respect of the September quarter, on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of October;
  - (b) in respect of the December quarter, on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of January;
  - (c) in respect of the March quarter, on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of April; and
  - (d) in respect of the June quarter, on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of June."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words and figure "or 155" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Explanation added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "a taxpayer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "or an association of persons" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "by" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The figure and words "7<sup>th</sup> day of October" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The figure and words "7<sup>th</sup> day of January" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The figure and words "7<sup>th</sup> day of April" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The figure and words "21<sup>st</sup> day of June" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Sub-section (5A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted sub-section (5A) read as follows:

- (a) in respect of the September quarter, on or before the 25<sup>th</sup> day of September;
- (b) in respect of the December quarter, on or before the 25<sup>th</sup> day of December;
- (c) in respect of the March quarter, on or before the 25<sup>th</sup> day of March; and
- (d) in respect of the June quarter, on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of June.]

<sup>1</sup>[(5B) Adjustable advance tax on capital gain from sale of securities shall be chargeable as under, namely:—

S.No.	Period	Rate of Advance Tax
1	2	3
1		of a 2% of the capital gains onths. derived during the quarter.
2		of a 1.5% of the capital gains nonths derived during the quarter:
Provided that such advance tax shall be payable to the Commissioner within a period of <sup>2</sup> [twenty-one] days after the close of each quarter:		
Provided further that the provisions of this sub-section shall not be applicable to individual investors.]		
$^{\rm 3}\xspace[(5C)$ Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, every person deriving income from the business of –		
(i)	construction and disposal buildings; or	of residential, commercial or other
(ii)		esidential, commercial or other plots for liable to pay adjustable advance tax on

### TABLE

development and sale of residential, commercial or other plots for itself or otherwise, shall be liable to pay adjustable advance tax on Project-by-Project basis, as may be prescribed, for the tax year as per

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "seven" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (5C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

the rates specified in Part IIB of the First Schedule in four equal installments:

Provided that such advance tax shall be payable to the Commissioner in accordance with sub-sections (5) and (5A):

Provided further that the provisions of sub-sections (7) to (10) shall mutatis mutandis apply.]

<sup>1</sup>[(6) If any taxpayer who is required to make payment of advance tax under sub-section (1) estimates at any time before the last installment is due, that the tax payable by him for the relevant tax year is likely to be less than the amount he is required to pay under sub-section (1), the taxpayer may furnish to the Commissioner an estimate of the amount of the tax payable by him, and thereafter pay such estimated amount, as reduced by the amount, if any, already paid under sub-section (1), in equal installments on such dates as have not expired <sup>2</sup>[:]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that an estimate of the amount of tax payable shall contain turnover for the completed quarters of the relevant tax year, estimated turnover of the remaining quarters along with reasons for any decline in estimated turnover, documentary evidence of estimated expenses or deductions which may result in lower payment of advance tax and the computation of the estimated taxable income of the relevant tax year <sup>4</sup>[.]

## 5[]]

<sup>6</sup>[(6A) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, where the taxpayer is a company or an association of persons, advance tax shall be payable by it in the absence of last assessed income or declared turnover also. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (6) substituted by the Finance Act, 2004. The substituted sub-section (6) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) The turnover of a taxpayer for the period from 16<sup>th</sup> to 30<sup>th</sup> June of the June quarter shall be taken to be equal to the turnover for the period from 1<sup>st</sup> to 15<sup>th</sup> June of that quarter."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Second proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that where the Commissioner is not satisfied with the documentary evidence provided or where an estimate of the amount of tax payable is not accompanied by details mentioned in the first proviso, the Commissioner may reject the estimate after providing an opportunity of being heard to the taxpayer and the taxpayer shall pay advance tax according to the formula contained in sub-section (4)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (6A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-section (6A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6A) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, where the taxpayer is a company, advance tax shall be payable by it in the absence of last assessed income also. The taxpayer shall estimate the amount of advance tax payable on the basis of estimated Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009."

taxpayer shall estimate the amount of advance tax payable on the basis of quarterly turnover of the company or an association of persons, as the case may be, and thereafter pay such amount after, —

- (a) taking into account tax payable under <sup>1</sup>[sections 113 and 113C] as provided in sub-section (4AA); and
- (b) making adjustment for the amount (if any) already paid.]
- ²[ ]
- <sup>3</sup>[]

(7) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any advance tax due under this section as if the amount due were tax due under an assessment order.

<sup>4</sup>[(7A) The Board may prescribe the manner for furnishing of the estimate and calculation of the amount of tax payable under this section through Iris or any other automated system specified by the Board.]

(8) A taxpayer who has paid advance tax under this section for a tax year shall be allowed a tax credit for that tax in computing the tax due by the taxpayer on the taxable income of the taxpayer for that year.

(9) A tax credit allowed for advance tax paid under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4.

(10) A tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed under this section for a tax year that is not able to be credited under sub-section (3) of section 4 for the year shall be refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with section 170.

# 5[]

<sup>6</sup>[**147A.** Advance tax from provincial sales tax registered person.- (1) Every provincial sales tax registered person shall be liable to pay adjustable advance tax at the rate of three per cent of the turnover declared before the provincial revenue authority.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "section 113" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (a) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) taking into account tax payable under section 113 as provided in sub-section (4AA);"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (b) read as follows: "(b) making adjustment for the amount (if any) already paid."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New sub-section (7A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Sub-section (11) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted sub-section (11) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(11) In this section, "turnover" shall not include amounts referred to in clauses (a), (b), (ba), (c) and (d) of sub-section (1)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

(2) The advance tax under sub-section (1) shall be paid monthly at the time when sales tax return is to be filed with the provincial revenue authority.

(3) Advance tax paid under this section may be taken into account while working out advance tax payable under section 147.

(4) The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any advance tax due under this section as if the amount due were tax due under an assessment order.

(5) A taxpayer who has paid advance tax under this section for a tax year shall be allowed a tax credit for that tax in computing the tax due by the taxpayer on the taxable income of the taxpayer for that year.

(6) A tax credit allowed for advance tax paid under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4.

(7) A tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed under this section for a tax year that is not able to be credited under sub-section (3) of section 4 for the year shall be refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with section 170.

(8) This section shall not apply to a person <sup>1</sup>[whose name was appearing in the active taxpayers' list] on the thirtieth day of June of the previous tax year.]

# **Division II** Advance Tax Paid to a Collection Agent

**148. Imports.**— (1) The Collector of Customs shall collect advance tax from every importer of goods on the value of the goods at the rate specified in Part II of the First Schedule <sup>2</sup>[in respect of goods classified in Parts I to III of the Twelfth Schedule] <sup>3</sup>[:

Provided that the Board may, by a notification in the official Gazette, add in the Twelfth Schedule any entry thereto or omit any entry therefrom or amend any entry therein:

Provided further that in case of goods classified under Part III of the Twelfth Schedule which are used both as raw material and finished goods, the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify that goods imported by a person or class of persons as raw material for its own use shall be treated as classified under Part II of the Twelfth Schedule, subject to such conditions and procedure as may be prescribed.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Words "who was filer" substituted from Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The "full stop" substituted by "colon" and thereafter proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[]]

<sup>3</sup>["(2A) Notwithstanding omission of sub-section (2), any notification issued under the said sub-section and for the time being in force, shall continue to remain in force, unless <sup>4</sup>[amended or] rescinded by the Board through notification in the official Gazette.";]

5[]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[]

(5) Advance tax shall be collected in the same manner and at the same time as the customs-duty payable in respect of the import or, if the goods are exempt from customs-duty, at the time customs-duty would be payable if the goods were dutiable.

(6) The provisions of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), in so far as relevant, shall apply to the collection of tax under this section.

- "(2) This section shall not apply to -
  - (a) the re-importation of re-usable containers for re-export qualifying for customsduty and sales tax exemption on temporary import under the Customs Notification No. S.R.O. 344(1)/95, dated the 25<sup>th</sup> day of April, 1995; or
     (b) the importation of the following petroleum products –

"Motor Spirit (MS), Furnace Oil (FO), JP-1 and MTBE"."

<sup>2</sup> Omitted by Finance act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows:-

"(2)Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall apply to any goods or class of goods or persons or class of persons importing such goods or class of goods as may be specified by the Board."

<sup>3</sup> Inserted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>5</sup>Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) Where a manufacturer imports raw materials (other than edible oils) exclusively for the manufacturer's own use, the Commissioner may certify a reduction (of up to seventy five per cent) of the rate of advance tax applicable under this section if the aggregate of tax paid or collected in a tax year equals the amount of tax paid by the manufacturer in the immediately preceding year."

<sup>6</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows: " (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (3), a person being a manufacturer who is liable to pay advance tax under section 147, imports raw materials (other than edible oils) exclusively for his, or as the case may be, its own use, the Commissioner shall upon application in writing by such person, issue an exemption certificate effective from the date on which the certificate is issued to the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June next falling:

Provided that where the person to whom an exemption certificate has been issued fails to pay any instalment due, the Commissioner may cancel the certificate."

<sup>7</sup>Sub-section (4A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted sub-section (4A) read as follows:-"(4A) Where, in the case of a person whose income is not subject to final taxation, the Commissioner is satisfied that such person is not likely to pay any tax (other than tax under section 113), the Commissioner shall, upon application in writing made by such person, issue certificate allowing payment of tax collectable under this section at a reduced rate of 0.5%"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2007. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

 $^1[(7)$  The tax  $^2[required to be] collected under this section shall be <math display="inline">^3[minimum]$  tax  $^4[$ ] on the income of the importer arising from the imports subject to sub-section (1) and this sub-section shall not apply in the case of import of  $^5[goods$  on which tax is required to be collected under this section  $^6[$ ] by an industrial undertaking for its own use.]  $^7[$ ]

<sup>8</sup>[(7A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (7), the tax required to be collected under this section shall be minimum tax on the income every person arising from imports of following goods –

- (i) edible oil;
- (ii) packaging material;
- (iii) paper and paper board; or
- (iv) plastics:

- (ii) have imports exceeding Rs.500 million during the tax year;
- (iii) own total assets exceeding Rs [350] million at the close of the tax year;
- (iv) is single object company;
- (v) maintain computerized records of imports and sale of goods;
- (vi) maintain a system for issuance of 100% cash receipts on sales;
- (vii) present accounts for tax audit every year;
- (viii) is registered<sup>7</sup>[under the Sales Tax Act, 1990] and
- make sales of industrial raw material of manufacturer registered [Under the Sales Tax Act,1990] [; and] ]

[(e) a foreign produced film imported for the purposes of screening and viewing.]

<sup>8</sup> The sub-section (7A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (7) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted sub-section (7) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) Except in the case of an industrial undertaking importing goods as raw materials, plant, machinery and equipment for its own use, the tax collected under this section shall be a final tax on the income of the importer arising from the imports subject to sub-section (1)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Words "a final" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Expression "except as provided under sub-section (8)" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Words "at the rate of 1% or 2%" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The hyphen and clauses (a),(c),(d)and (e) omitted through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 — (a) raw material, plant, machinery, equipment and parts by an industrial undertaking for its own use;

<sup>[]</sup> 

<sup>(</sup>c) [motor vehicles] in CBU condition by manufacturer of [motor vehicles] [;]

<sup>[(</sup>d) large import houses, who,---

<sup>(</sup>i) have paid-up capital of exceeding Rs. [250] million;

Provided that the Board with the approval of Minister in-charge may, by a notification in the official Gazette, add any entry thereto or omit any entry therefrom or amend any entry therein this sub-section.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

(9) In this section –

"Collector of Customs" means the person appointed as Collector of Customs under section 3 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), and includes a Deputy Collector of Customs, an Additional Collector of Customs, or an officer of customs appointed as such under the aforesaid section;  $^2$ []

<sup>3</sup>["Value of goods means---

- (a) in case of goods chargeable to tax at retail price under the Third Schedule of the Sales Tax Act, 1990, the retail price of such goods increased by sales tax payable in respect of the import and taxable supply of the goods; and]
- (b) in case of all other goods; the value of the goods as determined under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), as if the goods were subject to ad valorem duty increased by the custom-duty, federal excise duty and sales tax, if any, payable in respect of the import of the goods.; and]]
- 4[]

- (b) edible oil;
- (c) packing material; and
- (d) plastic raw material imported by an industrial undertaking falling under PCT headings 39.01 to 39.12.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (8) and (8A) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020 the omitted subsection read as follows:

<sup>[ ] [(8)</sup> The tax required to be collected from a person under this section shall be minimum tax for a tax year on the import of—

<sup>[(</sup>a)]

<sup>[(8</sup>A) The tax collected under this section at the time of import of ships by ship-breakers shall be [minimum] tax.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expressions substituted by the Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted expressions read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;value of the goods means the value of the goods as determined under the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), as if the goods were subject to *ad valorem* duty increased by the customs-duty, federal excise duty and sales tax, if any, payable in respect of the import of the goods."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The Explanation omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted explanation read as follows:

*<sup>&</sup>quot;Explanation.*- For the purpose of this section the expression "edible oils" includes crude oil, imported as raw material for manufacture of ghee or cooking oil"

<sup>1</sup>[]

# **Division III** Deduction of Tax at Source

**149. Salary.** — (1) Every <sup>2</sup>[person responsible for] paying salary to an employee shall, at the time of payment, deduct tax from the amount paid at the employee's average rate of tax computed at the rates specified in Division I of Part I of the First Schedule on the estimated income of the employee chargeable under the head "Salary" for the tax year in which the payment is made after making<sup>3</sup>[adjustment of tax withheld from employee under other heads and tax credit admissible under section 61 <sup>4</sup>[and 63] during the tax year after obtaining documentary evidence], as may be necessary, for<sup>5</sup>[:]

- <sup>6</sup>[(i) tax withheld from the employee under this Ordinance during the tax year;
- (ii) any excess deduction or deficiency arising out of any previous deduction; or
- (iii) failure to make deduction during the year;]

(2) The average rate of tax of an employee for a tax year for the purposes of sub-section (1) shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:-

### A/B

where -

- A is the tax that would be payable if the amount referred to in component **B** of the formula were the employee's taxable income for that year; and
- **B** is the employee's estimated income under the head "Salary" for that year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 148(A) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;148A. Tax on local purchase of cooking oil or vegetable ghee by certain persons.—** (1)The manufacturers of cooking oil or vegetable ghee, or both, shall be chargeable to tax at the rate of two percent on purchase of locally produced edible oil.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax payable under sub-section (1) shall be final tax in respect of income accruing from locally produced edible oil."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "employer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "such adjustment" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The expression "62, 63 and 64" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "any excess deduction or deficiency arising out of any previous deduction or failure to make a deduction during the year." substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>1</sup>[(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), every person responsible for making payment for directorship fee or fee for attending board meeting or such fee by whatever name called, shall at the time of payment, deduct tax at the rate of twenty percent of the gross amount payable.

(4) Tax deductible under sub-section (3) shall be adjustable.]

**150.** Dividends. — Every <sup>2</sup>[person] paying a dividend shall deduct tax from the gross amount of the dividend paid <sup>3</sup>[or collect tax from the amount of dividend in specie] <sup>4</sup>[] at the rate specified in <sup>5</sup>[Division I of Part III] of the First Schedule.

<sup>6</sup>[]

7[]

**151. Profit on debt.** — (1) Where –

- <sup>8</sup>[(a) a person pays yield on an account, deposit or a certificate under the National Savings Scheme or Post Office Savings Account;]
  - (b) a banking company <sup>9</sup>[or] financial institution pays any profit on a debt, being an account or deposit maintained with the company or institution; <sup>10</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) and (4) added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "resident company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "or collect tax from the shareholder in the case of bonus shares," omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "Division III of Part I" substituted by the expression "Division I of Part III" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 150A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;**150A. Return on investment in Sukuks**— Every special purpose vehicle, or a company, at the time of]making payment of a return on investment in *sukuks* to a sukuk holder shall deduct tax from the gross amount of return on investment at the rate specified in Division IB of Part III of the First Schedule."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) a person pays yield on a National Savings Deposit Certificate, including a Defence Savings Certificate, under the National Savings Scheme;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

- <sup>1</sup>[(c) the Federal Government, a Provincial Government or a <sup>2</sup>[Local Government] pays to any person <sup>3</sup>[] profit on any security <sup>4</sup>[other than that referred to in clause (a)] issued by such Government or authority; or]
- <sup>5</sup>[(d) a banking company, a financial institution, a company referred to in <sup>6</sup>[sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of clause (b)] of sub-section (2) of section 80, or a finance society pays any profit on any bond, certificate, debenture, security or instrument of any kind (other than a loan agreement between a borrower and a banking company or a development finance institution) to any person other than financial institution.]

the payer of the profit shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division IA of Part III of the First Schedule from the gross amount of the yield or profit paid as reduced by the amount of Zakat, if any, paid by the recipient under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVII of 1980), at the time the profit is paid to the recipient.

<sup>7</sup>[(1A) Every special purpose vehicle or a company, at the time of making payment of a return on investment in sukuks to a sukuk holder shall deduct tax from the gross amount of return on investment at the rate specified in Division IB of Part III of the First Schedule.]

(2) This section shall not apply to any profit on debt that is subject to subsection (2) of section 152.

<sup>8</sup>[(3) Tax deductible under this section shall be a <sup>9</sup>[minimum] tax on the profit on debt arising to a taxpayer, except where —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (c) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted clause (c) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, a local authority, banking company, financial institution, company referred to in clauses (a) and (b) of the definition of "company" in subsection (2) of section 80, or finance society pays any profit on any bond, certificate, debenture, security or instrument of any kind (other than a loan agreement between a borrower and a banking company or a development finance institution) to any person other than a financial institution, "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The commas and words ", other than a financial institution," omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words, letters and brackets "clauses (a) and (b)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-section (1A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) Tax deductible under this section shall be a final tax on the profit on debt arising to a taxpayer other than a company:

Provided that in the case of a non-filer other than a company the final tax shall be equal to the tax deductible in the case of filer and the tax deducted in excess of that shall be advance income tax adjustable against tax liability."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The word "final" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

(a) taxpayer is a company; or

(b) profit on debt is taxable under section 7B.]

**152.** Payments to non-residents.— (1) Every person paying an amount of <sup>1</sup>[royalty] or fees for technical services to a non-resident person that is chargeable to tax under section 6 shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division IV of Part I of the First Schedule.

 $^{2}$ [(1A) Every person making a payment in full or part (including a payment by way of advance) to a non-resident person on the execution of –

- (a) a contract or sub-contract under a construction, assembly or installation project in Pakistan, including a contract for the supply of supervisory activities in relation to such project; or
- (b) any other contract for construction or services rendered relating thereto; or
- (c) a contract for advertisement services rendered by T.V. Satellite Channels,

shall deduct tax from the gross amount payable under the contract at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>3</sup>[(1AA) Every person making a payment of insurance premium or reinsurance premium to a non-resident person shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>4</sup>[(1AAA)Every person making a payment for advertisement services to a non-resident media person relaying from outside Pakistan shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in <sup>5</sup>[Division II] of Part III of the First Schedule.]

6[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted for the word "royalties" by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "Division IIIA" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (1B) inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>1</sup>[(1B) The tax deductible under sub-sections (1A), (1AA) and (1AAA) shall be a minimum tax on the income of the non-resident persons in respect of payments mentioned therein.

(1BA) Every person responsible for making payment directly or through an agent or intermediary to a non-resident person for foreign produced commercial for advertisement on any television channel or any other media, shall deduct tax at the rate of twenty percent from the gross amount paid. The tax deductible under this sub-section shall be final tax on the income of non-resident person arising out of such payment.]

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>[(1C) Every banking company or a financial institution remitting outside Pakistan an amount of fee for offshore digital services, chargeable to tax under section 6, to a non-resident person on behalf of any resident or a permanent establishment of a non-resident in Pakistan shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division IV of Part I of the First Schedule.]

<sup>6</sup>[(1D) Every banking company or a financial institution maintaining special convertible rupee account (SCRA) of a non-resident company having no permanent establishment in Pakistan shall deduct tax from capital gain arising on the disposal of debt instruments and Government securities including treasury bills and Pakistan investment bonds invested through SCRA at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-sections (1B), (1BB) and (1BBB) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted subsections read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1B) The tax <sup>1</sup>[deductible] under sub-section (1A) shall be a <sup>1</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of a nonresident person arising from a contract <sup>1</sup>[.]

<sup>(1</sup>BB) The tax <sup>1</sup>[deductible] under sub-section (1AA) shall be a <sup>1</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of the non-resident person arising out of such payment.]

<sup>(1</sup>BBB) The tax deductible under sub-section (1AAA) shall be minimum tax on the income of non-resident person arising out of such payment."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 omitted proviso read as follow:

Provided that the provisions of this sub-section shall not apply in respect of a non-resident person unless he opts for the final tax regime.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (1BB) inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The new Sub-section (1BBB) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>New sub-sections (1D) and (1E) inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment), 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>1</sup>[(1DA) Every banking company maintaining a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or a non-resident Pakistani Rupee Value Account (NRVA) of a non-resident individual holding Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC) shall deduct tax from capital gain arising on the disposal of debt instruments and government securities and certificates (including Shariah compliant variant) invested through aforesaid accounts at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>2</sup>[(1DB) Every special purpose vehicle or a company, at the time of making payment of a return on investment in sukuks to a non-resident sukuk holder shall deduct tax from the gross amount of return on investment at the rate specified in Division IB of Part III of the First Schedule.]]

<sup>3</sup>[(1DC) Every exchange company licensed by the State Bank of Pakistan shall deduct tax at the time of making payment of service charges or commission or fee, by whatever name called, to the global money transfer operators, international money transfer operators or such other persons engaged in international money transfers or cross-border remittances for facilitating outward remittances, at the rates given in Division IV, Part I of the First Schedule:

Provided that where such person retains service charges or commission or fee, by whatever name called from the amount payable to the exchange company on any account, the exchange company shall be deemed to have paid the service charges or commission or fee, by whatever name called and the exchange company shall collect the tax accordingly.

(1DD) Every banking company while making payment to card network company or payment gateway or any other person, of any transaction fee or licensing fee or service charges or commission or fee by whatever name called or interbank financial telecommunication services, shall deduct tax at the rates given in Division IV, Part I of the First Schedule:

Provided that where card network company or payment gateway or any other person retains money in relation to aforementioned services from the amount payable to the banking company on any account, the banking company shall be deemed to have paid the amount and the banking company shall collect the tax accordingly]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (1DA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this insertion was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (1DB) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-sections (1DC) and (1DD) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

 $^{1}$ [(1E) The tax deductible under sub-sections (1D), (1DA)  $^{2}$ [(IDB), (1DC) and (IDD)] shall be a final tax in respect of persons and income mentioned therein.]

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), every person paying an amount to a non-resident person (other than an amount to which sub-section (1)  ${}^{3}$ [or subsection (1A)  ${}^{4}$ [, (1AA)]  ${}^{5}$ [, (1AAA),  ${}^{6}$ [(1C)] or (2A)] applies)] shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>7</sup>[(2A) Every prescribed person making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person—

- <sup>8</sup>[(a)] for the sale of goods <sup>9</sup>[except where the sale is made by the importer of the goods and tax under section 148 in respect of such goods has been paid and the goods are sold in the same condition as they were when imported];
- <sup>10</sup>[(b)] for the rendering of or providing services; and
- <sup>11</sup>[(c)] on the execution of a contract, other than a contract for the sale of goods or the rendering of or providing services, shall, at the time of making the payment, deduct tax from the gross amount payable (including sales tax, if any) at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>12</sup>[(2AA) sub-section (1AA) shall not apply to an amount, with the written approval of the Commissioner, hat is taxable to a permanent establishment in Pakistan of the non-resident person.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (1E) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier an amendment was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1E) The tax deductible under sub-section (1D) shall be a final tax on the income of the non-resident company arising out of such capital gain."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "and (1DB)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (i) re-numbered by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Clause (ii) re-numbered by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Clause (iii) re-numbered by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>1</sup>[(2B) the tax deductible under sub-section (2A) shall be minimum tax:

Provided that tax deductible under clause (a) of sub-section (2A) shall not be minimum tax where payments are received for sale of goods by a company being a manufacturer of such goods.]

- (3) Sub-section (2) does not apply to an amount
  - that is subject to deduction of tax under section 149, 150, <sup>2</sup>[]<sup>3</sup>[ (a) ] 156 <sup>4</sup>[or 233];
  - (b) with the written approval of the Commissioner, that is taxable to a permanent establishment in Pakistan of the non-resident person:
  - (c) that is payable by a person who is liable to pay tax on the amount as representative of the non-resident person under subsection (3) of section 172; or
  - where the non-resident person is not chargeable to tax in (d) respect of the amount.

Where a person claims to be a representative of a non-resident (4) person for the purposes of clause (c) of sub-section (3), the person shall file a declaration to that effect with the Commissioner prior to making any payment to the non-resident person.

<sup>5</sup>[<sup>6</sup>[(4A) The Commissioner may, on application made <sup>7</sup>[in the prescribed form] by the recipient of payment referred to in sub-section (1A) having permanent establishment in Pakistan, or by a recipient of payment referred to in sub-section (2A), as the case may be, and after making such inquiry as the Commissioner thinks fit, allow by order in writing, in cases where the tax deductable under sub-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (2B) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted subsection read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2B) The tax deductible under clause (b) of sub-section (2A) shall be a minimum tax and the provisions of sub-clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of clause (b) of sub-section (3) <sup>1</sup>[] of section 153 shall *mutatis mutandis* apply."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The figure and comma "153," omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The figure and comma "155," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (4A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted sub-section (4A) reads as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4A) The Commissioner may, on application made by the recipient of a payment referred to in sub-section (2A) and after making such inquiry as the Commissioner thinks fit, may allow in cases where the tax deductable under sub-section (2A) is adjustable, by order in writing, any person to make the payment, without deduction of tax or deduction of tax at a reduced rate.";]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

section (1) or sub-section (2A) is <sup>1</sup>[not minimum tax], any person to make the payment without deduction of tax or deduction of tax at a reduced rate.";]]

<sup>2</sup>[(4B) The Commissioner may, in case of payment that constitutes part of an overall arrangement of a cohesive business operation as referred to in paragraph (ii) of sub-clause (g) of clause (41) of section 2, on application made by the person making payment and after making such inquiry, as the Commissioner thinks fit, allow by order in writing, the person to make payment after deduction of tax equal to <sup>3</sup>[twenty] percent of the tax chargeable on such payment under subsection (1A):

Provided that the credit of the tax so deducted shall be available to the permanent establishment of the non-resident accounting for overall profits arising on the overall cohesive business operation.]

(5) Where a person intends to make a payment to a non-resident person without deduction of tax under this section,<sup>4</sup>[other than payments liable to reduced rate under relevant agreement for avoidance of double taxation,] the person shall, before making the payment, furnish to the Commissioner a notice in writing setting out —

- (a) the name and address of the non-resident person; <sup>5</sup>[]
- (b) the nature and amount of the payment <sup>6</sup>[;and
- (c) such other particulars as may be prescribed.]

<sup>7</sup>[(5A) The Commissioner on receipt of notice shall <sup>8</sup>[, within thirty days,] pass an order accepting the contention or making the order under sub-section (6)] <sup>9</sup>[:

Provided that the Commissioner shall be deemed to have issued the exemption certificate upon the expiry of thirty days and the certificate shall be automatically processed and issued by Iris subject to the condition that in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "adjustable" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New sub-section (4B) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "thirty" substituted by "twenty" through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "and" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The "full stop" substituted by "semi colon" and the word "and" thereafter new clause (c) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Full stop substituted with a colon and new provisos added by the Finance Act, 2023.

computing the said period of thirty days, there shall be excluded days taken for adjournment by the applicant:

Provided further that the Commissioner may modify or cancel the certificate issued automatically by Iris on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing after providing an opportunity of being heard.]

(6) Where a person has notified the Commissioner of a payment under sub-section (5) and the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that the non-resident person is chargeable to tax under this Ordinance in respect of the payment, the Commissioner may, by <sup>1</sup>[order] in writing, direct the person making the payment to deduct tax from the payment in accordance with sub-section (2).

- (7) Sub-section (5) shall not apply to a payment on account of -
  - <sup>2</sup>[(a) an import of goods where title to the goods passes outside Pakistan and is supported by import documents, except where —
    - (i) the supply is made in connection with the overall arrangement for the supply of goods, installation, construction, assembly, commission, guarantees or supervisory activities and all or principal activities are undertaken or performed either by the associates of the person supplying the goods or its permanent establishment, whether or not the title passes outside Pakistan and whether or not the goods are imported in the name of the associate or any other person; or
    - the supply is made by a resident person or a Pakistan permanent establishment of a non-resident person in connection with the overall arrangement as referred to in sub-clause (i); or" ]
  - (b) educational and medical expenses remitted in accordance with the regulations of the State Bank of Pakistan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "notice" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (a) substituted by the finance Act 2018, the substituted clause (a) is read as follows

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) an import of goods where title to the goods passes outside Pakistan2[and is supported by import documents], except an 2[] import that is part of an overall arrangement for the supply of goods, their installation, and any commission and guarantees in respect of the supply where –

the supply is made by the head office outside Pakistan of a person to a permanent establishment of the person in Pakistan;

the supply is made by a permanent establishment of the person outside Pakistan to a permanent establishment of the person in Pakistan;

<sup>(</sup>iii) the supply is made between associates; or

<sup>(</sup>iv) the supply is made by a resident person or a Pakistan permanent establishment of a nonresident person; or"

 $^{1}$ [(8) In this section "prescribed person" means a prescribed person as defined in sub-section (7) of section 153.]

²[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 152A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;152A. Payment for foreign produced commercials.**— (1) Every person responsible for making payment directly or through an agent or intermediary to a non-resident person for foreign produced commercial for advertisement on any television channel or any other media shall deduct tax at the rate of twenty percent from the gross amount paid.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax deductable under sub-section (1), shall be final tax on the income of non-resident person arising out of such payment."

<sup>1</sup>[153. Payments for goods, services and contracts.— (1) Every prescribed person making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person <sup>1</sup>[ $]^2$ []—

- (a) for the sale of goods;
- (b) for the rendering of or providing of services;
- (c) on the execution of a contract, other than a contract for the sale of goods or the rendering of or providing of services,

shall, at the time of making the payment, deduct tax from the gross amount payable at the rate specified in Division III of Part III of the First Schedule.

(1A) Every exporter or an export house making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person or permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person for the rendering of or providing of services of stitching, dying, printing, embroidery, washing, sizing and weaving, shall at the time of making the payment, deduct tax from the gross amount payable at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.

(2) The gross amount payable for a sale of goods shall include the sales tax, if any, payable in respect of the sale.

(3) Omitted.

(4) The Commissioner may, on application made by the recipient of a payment referred to in sub-section (1) and after making such enquiry as the Commissioner thinks fit, allow, by order in writing, any person to make the payment without deduction of tax.

- (5) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to
  - (a) a sale of goods where
    - (i) the sale is made by the importer of the goods;
    - (ii) the importer has paid tax under section 148 in respect of the goods; and
    - (iii) the goods are sold in the same condition they were in when imported;
    - (b) a refund of any security deposit;
    - (ba) a payment made by the Federal Government, a Provincial Government or a Local Government] to a contractor for construction materials supplied to the contractor by the said Government or the authority;
    - (bb) a cotton ginner who deposits in the Government Treasury, an amount equal to the amount of tax deductible on the payment being made to him, and evidence to this effect is provided to the "prescribed person";
  - (c) the purchase of an asset under a lease and buy back agreement by a modaraba, leasing company, banking company or financial institution; or
  - (d) any payment for securitization of receivables by a Special Purpose Vehicle to the Originator.
  - (e) Omitted.

(6) The tax deducted under this section shall be a final tax on the income of a resident person arising from transactions referred to in sub-section (1) or (1A):

Provided that sub-section (6) shall not apply to companies in respect of transactions referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1):

Provided further that this sub-section shall not apply to payments received on account of-

- (i) advertisement services, by owners of newspapers and magazines;
- (ii) sale of goods and execution of contracts by a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan; and
- (iii) the rendering of or providing of services referred to in sub-clause (b) of sub-section (1):

Provided that tax deducted under sub-clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be minimum tax.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 153 substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted section 153 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;153.** Payments for goods and services. — (1) Every prescribed person making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person or permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person—

- (a) for the sale of goods <sup>3</sup>[including toll manufacturing] <sup>4</sup>[, except where payment is less than seventy-five thousand Rupees in aggregate, during a financial year];
- (b) for the rendering of or providing of services <sup>5</sup>[except where payment is less than thirty thousand Rupees in aggregate, during a financial year];
- (c) on the execution of a contract, <sup>6</sup>[including contract signed by a sportsperson] <sup>7</sup>[but not including] a contract for the sale of goods

- (8A) Omitted previously.
- (9) In this section, –

"prescribed person" means –

- (a) the Federal Government;
- (b) a company;
- (c) an association of persons constituted by, or under law;
- (cc) a non-profit organization;
- (d) a foreign contractor or consultant;
- (e) a consortium or joint venture;
- (f) an exporter or an export house for the purpose of sub-section (1A);
- (g) an association of persons, having turnover of fifty million rupees or above in tax year 2007 <sup>1</sup>[or in any subsequent tax year.
- (h) an individual, having turnover of fifty million rupees or above in the tax year 2009 or in any subsequent year.

"services" includes the services of accountants, architects, dentists, doctors, engineers, interior decorators and lawyers, otherwise than as an employee.

"sale of goods" includes a sale of goods for cash or on credit, whether under written contract or not "manufacturer" for the purpose of this section means, a person who is engaged in production or manufacturing of goods, which includes-

- (a) any process in which an article singly or in combination with other articles, material, components, is either converted into another distinct article or produce is so changed, transferred, or reshaped that it becomes capable of being put to use differently or distinctly; or
- (b) a process of assembling, mixing, cutting or preparation of goods in any other manner."

<sup>1</sup>The word "or" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>2</sup>The words "permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>3</sup>The words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>7</sup> The words "other than" substituted by the words "but not including" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>(6</sup>A) The provisions of sub-section (6) in so far as they relate to payments on account of supply of goods from which tax is deductible under this section shall not apply in respect of a company being a manufacturer of such goods.

<sup>(6</sup>B) Omitted previously.

<sup>(7)</sup> Omitted previously.

<sup>(8)</sup> Where any tax is deducted by a person making a payment to a Special Purpose Vehicle, on behalf of the Originator, the tax is credited to the Originator.

or the rendering of or providing services, shall, at the time of making the payment, deduct tax from the gross amount payable (including sales tax, if any) at the rate specified in Division III of Part III of the First Schedule <sup>1</sup>[;]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that where the recipient of the payment under clause (b) receives the payment through an agent or any other third person and the agent or, as the case may be, the third person retains service charges or fee, by whatever name called, from the payment remitted to the recipient, the agent or the third person shall be treated to have been paid the service charges or fee by the recipient and the recipient shall collect tax along with the payment received.]

(2) Every exporter or an export house making a payment in full or part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person or permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person for rendering of or providing services of stitching, dying, printing, embroidery, washing, sizing and weaving, shall at the time of making the payment, deduct tax from the gross amount payable at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.

(3) The tax <sup>3</sup>[deductible] under <sup>4</sup>[] sub-section (1) and under sub-section (2) of this section, on the income of a resident person or <sup>5</sup>[], shall be <sup>6</sup>[minimum] tax.

Provided that,-

- (a) tax deducted under clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall <sup>7</sup>[not be minimum tax] where payments are received on sale or supply of goods, by a,
  - (i) company being a manufacturer of such goods; or
  - (ii) public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Fullstop substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "deducted" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "clauses (a) and (c) of" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words " permanent establishment in Pakistan of a non-resident person" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "final" substituted by the Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "be adjustable" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- (c) tax deducted under clause (c) of sub-section (1) shall be adjustable if payments are received by a public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan, on account of execution of contracts<sup>2</sup>[]<sup>3</sup>[]<sup>4</sup>[.

"*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is explained that the income of resident person referred to in sub-section (3) means the amount on which tax is deductible under sub-section (1) or (2) of this section.]

- 5[]
- 6[]

(4) The Commissioner may, on application made by the recipient of a payment referred to in sub-section (1) and after making such inquiry as the Commissioner thinks fit, may allow in cases where tax deductible under sub-section (1) is <sup>7</sup>[not minimum], by an order in writing, any person to make the payment,—

1["(iii) the said excess amount shall not be carried forward in case of a company for which provisions of this clause are not applicable under clause (94) of Part IV of the Second Schedule; 1[]";]

<sup>2</sup>substituted "." by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>3</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (b) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause reads as follow:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) tax deductible shall be a minimum tax on transactions referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1)." <sup>1</sup>["(i) where the aforesaid minimum tax for providing or rendering services, in respect of sectors as specified in clause (94) of Part IV of the Second Schedule is in excess of tax payable under Division II of Part. I of the First Schedule, the excess amount of tax paid shall be carried forward for adjustment against tax liability under the aforesaid Part of the subsequent tax year;"]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>["(ii) where the excess tax is not wholly adjusted, the amount not adjusted shall be carried forward to the following tax year and adjusted against tax liability under the aforesaid Part for that year, and so on, but the said excess shall not be carried forward to more than five tax years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the excess was first paid; and"]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Semi colon substituted with a full stop and new explanation added by the by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Claude (d) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows: "(d)tax deducted under clause (c) of sub-section (1) in respect of a sportsperson shall be <sup>5</sup>[minimum] tax <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[; and] "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Claude (e) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows: "(e) tax deducted under clause (b) of sub-section (1) by person making payments to electronic and print media for advertising services shall be <sup>6</sup>[minimum] tax <sup>6</sup>[]."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The word "adjustable" substituted by the Finance Act 2019

- (a) without deduction of tax; or
- (b) deduction of tax at a reduced rate 1[;

Provided that the Commissioner shall issue certificate for payment under clause (a) of sub-section (1) without deduction of tax within fifteen days of filing of application to a <sup>2</sup>[company] if advance tax liability has been discharged:

Provided further that the Commissioner shall be deemed to have issued the exemption certificate upon the expiry of fifteen days to the aforesaid <sup>3</sup>[] company and the certificate shall be automatically processed and issued by Iris:

Provided also that the Commissioner may modify or cancel the certificate issued automatically by Iris on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing after providing an opportunity of being heard.]

4[]

- (5) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to
  - (a) a sale of goods where the sale is made by the importer of the goods and tax under section 148 in respect of such goods has been paid and the goods are sold in the same condition as they were when imported;
  - 5[]
  - (c) a refund of any security deposit;
  - (d) a payment made by the Federal Government, a Provincial Government or a Local Government to a contractor for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Full stop substituted by sami colon and new provisos added through Finance Act, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "public company listed on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "public listed" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-section (4A) omitted through Finance Act, 2019, omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>(4</sup>A) The Commissioner, on an application made by the recipient of a payment referred to in clause (94) of Part IV of the Second Schedule, in cases where the said recipient has fulfilled the conditions as specified in the said clause, by an order in writing for a period of at least three months, may allow any person to make the payment without deduction of tax in respect of payments as referred to in clauses (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153:

Provided that the recipient of the payment has made advance payment of tax equal to two percent of the total turnover of the corresponding period of the immediately preceding tax year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) payments made to traders of yarn by the taxpayers specified in the zero- rated regime of sales tax (as provided under clause (45A) of Part-IV of the Second Schedule);"

construction materials supplied to the contractor by the said Government or the authority;

- <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- (f) the purchase of an asset under a lease and buy back agreement by a modaraba, leasing company, banking company or financial institution; or
- (g) any payment for securitization of receivables<sup>2</sup>["or issuance of *sukuks*"] by a Special Purpose Vehicle to the Originator.

(6) Where any tax is deducted by a person making a payment for a Special Purpose Vehicle, on behalf of the Originator, the tax is credited to the Originator.

- (7) In this section,
  - (i) "prescribed person" means—
    - (a) the Federal Government;
    - (b) a company;
    - (c) an association of persons constituted by, or under law;
    - (d) a non-profit organization;
    - (e) a foreign contractor or consultant;
    - (f) a consortium or joint venture;
    - (g) an exporter or an export house for the purpose of subsection (2);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (e) omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. The omitted clause (e) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(e) a cotton ginner who deposits in the Government Treasury, an amount equal to the amount of tax deductible on the payment being made to him, and evidence to this effect is provided to the "prescribed person".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

- (h) an association of persons, having turnover of <sup>1</sup>[one hundred] million rupees or above in <sup>2</sup>[any of the preceding tax years]; <sup>3</sup>[
- (i) an individual, having turnover of <sup>4</sup>[one hundred] million rupees or above in <sup>5</sup>[any of the preceding tax years]; <sup>6</sup>[]
- [(j) a person registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990 <sup>7</sup>[having turnover of one hundred million rupees or more in any of the preceding tax years]; <sup>8</sup>[or]]
- <sup>9</sup>[(k) a person deriving income from the business of construction and sale of residential, commercial or other buildings (builder); or
- a person deriving income from the business of development and sale of residential, commercial or other plots (developer).]
- (ii) "services" includes the services of accountants, architects, dentists, doctors, engineers, interior decorators and lawyers, otherwise than as an employee;
- (iii) "sale of goods" includes a sale of goods for cash or on credit, whether under written contract or not;
- (iv) "manufacturer" means a person who is engaged in production or manufacturing of goods, which includes—
  - (a) any process in which an article singly or in combination with other articles, material, components, is either converted into another distinct article or product is so changed, transferred, or reshaped that it becomes capable of being put to use differently or distinctly; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "fifty" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "tax year 2007 or in any subsequent tax year" substituted by the finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "fifty" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "the tax year 2009 or in any subsequent tax year" substituted by the finance Act 2018.
<sup>6</sup>The word "or" omitted by the finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 <sup>8</sup>Inserted by the finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

- (v) "turnover" means—
  - the gross sales or gross receipts, inclusive of sales tax and federal excise duty or any trade discounts shown on invoices, or bills, derived from the sale of goods;
  - (b) the gross fees for the rendering of services for giving benefits including commissions;
  - (c) the gross receipts from the execution of contracts; and
  - (d) the company's share of the amounts stated above of any association of persons of which the company is a member.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[]

**154. Exports.** — (1) Every authorised dealer in foreign exchange shall, at the time of realisation of foreign exchange proceeds on account of the export of goods by an exporter, deduct tax from the proceeds at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.

4[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 153A omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. Earlier it was substituted by the Finance Act, 2012, which was inserted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted section 153A read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;153A. Payment to traders and distributors.—** (1) Every manufacturer, at the time of sale to distributors, dealers and wholesalers, shall collect tax at the rate specified in Part IIA of the First Schedule, from the aforesaid persons, to whom such sales have been made.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax credit for the tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be allowed in computing the tax due by the person on the taxable income for the tax year in which the tax was collected."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New section 153B inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 153B omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;153B. Payment of royalty to resident persons.-** (1) Every person paying an amount of royalty, in full or in part including by way of advance, to a resident person shall deduct tax from the gross amount payable (including Federal excise duty and provincial sales tax, if any) at the rate specified in Division IIIB of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax deductible under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-sections (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted sub-section read as follows: "(2) Every authorised dealer in foreign exchange shall, at the time of realisation of foreign exchange proceeds on account of the commission due to an indenting commission agent, deduct tax from the proceeds at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule."

(3) Every banking company shall, at the time of realisation of the proceeds on account of a sale of goods to an exporter under an inland back-toback letter of credit or any other arrangement as prescribed by the <sup>1</sup>[Board], deduct tax from the amount of the proceeds at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>2</sup>[(3A) The Export Processing Zone Authority established under the Export Processing Zone Authority Ordinance, 1980 (VI of 1980), shall at the time of export of goods by an industrial undertaking located in the areas declared by the Federal Government to be a Zone within the meaning of the aforesaid Ordinance, collect tax at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>3</sup>[(3B) Every direct exporter and an export house registered under the Duty and Tax Remission for Exports Rules, 2001 provided in Sub-Chapter 7 of Chapter XII of the Customs Rules, 2001 <sup>4</sup>[and Export Facilitation Scheme, 2021] shall, at the time of making payment for a firm contract to an indirect exporter defined under the said rules, deduct tax at the rates specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.]

<sup>5</sup>[(3C) The Collector of Customs at the time of clearing of goods exported shall collect tax from the gross value of such goods at the rate specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule.]

(4) The tax <sup>6</sup>[deductible] under <sup>7</sup>[this section] shall be a final tax on the income arising from the <sup>8</sup>[transactions referred to in this section].

 ${}^{9}[$ "(5) The provisions of sub-section (4) shall not apply to a person who opts not to be subject to final taxation:

Provided that this sub-section shall be applicable from tax year 2015 and the option shall be exercised every year at the time of filing of return under section 114:

Provided further that the tax deducted under this sub-section shall be minimum tax."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "deducted" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word, figures, brackets and commas "sub-section (1), (3), (3A) or (3B)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "export or sale to an exporter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>1</sup>[**154A. Export of Services.—** (1) Every authorized dealer in foreign exchange shall, at the time of realization of foreign exchange proceeds on account of the following, deduct tax from the proceeds at the rates specified in Division IVA of Part III of the First Schedule –

- (a) exports of computer software or IT services or IT enabled services <sup>2</sup>[where the exporter is registered with and duly certified by the Pakistan Software Export Board (PSEB).];
- (b) services or technical services rendered outside Pakistan or exported from Pakistan;
- (c) royalty, commission or fees derived by a resident company from a foreign enterprise in consideration for the use outside Pakistan of any patent, invention, model, design, secret process or formula or similar property right, or information concerning industrial, commercial or scientific knowledge, experience or skill made available or provided to such enterprise;
- (d) construction contracts executed outside Pakistan <sup>3</sup>[:
- (da) foreign commission due to an indenting commission agent;]
- (e) other services rendered outside Pakistan as notified by the Board from time to time;

(2) The tax deductible under this section shall be a final tax on the income arising from the transactions referred to in this section, upon fulfilment of the following conditions –

- (a) return has been filed;
- <sup>4</sup>[(b) withholding tax statements for the relevant tax year have been filed if required under the Ordinance;] and
- (c) sales tax returns under Federal or Provincial laws have been filed, if required under the law <sup>5</sup>[:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 154A inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "in case tax credit under section 65F is not available" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "; and" substituted with colon and new clause (da) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (b) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted clause read as follows:
 "(b) withholding tax statements for the relevant tax year have been filed;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full stop substituted with a colon and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2023.

Provided that this condition shall not apply in case of an exporter mentioned in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of this section.]

(d) no credit for foreign taxes paid shall be allowed.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (2) shall not apply to a person who does not fulfill the specified conditions or who opts not to be subject to final taxation:

Provided that the option shall be exercised every year at the time of filing of return under section 114.

<sup>1</sup>[]

(5) The Board in consultation with State Bank of Pakistan shall prescribe mode, manner and procedure of payment of tax under this section.

(6) The Board shall have power to include or exclude certain services for applicability of provisions of this section.]

**155.** <sup>2</sup>[Rent of immoveable] property.— (1) <sup>3</sup>[Every] prescribed person making a payment in full or part (including a payment by way of advance) to any person on account of rent of immovable property (including rent of furniture and fixtures, and amounts for services relating to such property) shall deduct tax from the gross amount of rent paid at the rate specified in Division V of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>4</sup>[*Explanation.*- "gross amount of rent" includes the amount referred to in subsection (1) or (3) of section 16, if any.]

<sup>5</sup>[*Explanation.*— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the sub section (1) shall apply when a payment is made on account of rent of immoveable property irrespective of head of income]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Where a taxpayer, while explaining the nature and source of any amount, investment, money, valuable article, expenditure, referred to in section 111, takes into account any source of income which is subject to final tax in accordance with the provisions of this section, he shall not be entitled to take credit of a sum that can be reasonably attributed to the business activity or activities mentioned in subsection (1).]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "income from" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words, brackets, figure and comma "Subject to sub-section (2), every" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>2</sup>[(3) In this section, "prescribed person" means –
- (i) the Federal Government;
- (ii) a Provincial Government;
- (iii) <sup>3</sup>[Local Government];
- (iv) a company;
- (v) a non-profit organization<sup>4</sup>[or a charitable institution];
- (vi) a diplomatic mission of a foreign state; <sup>5</sup>[]
- <sup>6</sup>[(via) a private educational institution, a boutique, a beauty parlour, a hospital, a clinic or a maternity home;]
- <sup>7</sup>[(vib) individuals or association of persons paying gross rent of rupees one and a half million and above in a year; or]
  - (vii) any other person notified by the <sup>8</sup>[Board] for the purpose of this section.]

**156. Prizes and winnings.**—(1) Every person paying <sup>9</sup>[prize on] a prize bond, or winnings from a raffle, lottery, <sup>10</sup>[prize on winning a quiz, prize offered by companies for promotion of sale,] or cross-word puzzle shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division VI of Part III of the First Schedule.

(2) Where a prize, referred to in sub-section (1), is not in cash, the person while giving the prize shall collect tax on the fair market value of the prize.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows: "(2) The tax deducted under sub-section (1) shall be a final tax on the income from property."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:
"(3) In this section, "prescribed person" means the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, local authority, a company, a non-profit organisation or a diplomatic mission of a foreign state."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>1</sup>[(3) The tax <sup>2</sup>[deductible] under sub-section (1) or collected under <sup>3</sup>[sub-]section (2) shall be final tax on the income from prizes or winnings referred to in the said sub-sections.]

<sup>4</sup>[**156A. Petroleum Products.**— (1) Every person selling petroleum products to a petrol pump operator shall deduct tax from the amount of commission or discount allowed to the operator at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part III of the First schedule.

(2) The tax <sup>5</sup>[deductible] under sub-section (1) shall be a final tax on the income arising from the sale of petroleum products to which sub-section (1) applies.]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[]

Pension System Rules, 2005.

<sup>7</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted section 157 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) The tax deducted under sub-section (1) shall be a final tax on the prize bond or winnings."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "deducted" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "deducted" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 156B omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows: **156B. Withdrawal of balance under Pension Fund.**— (1) A pension fund manager making payment from individual pension accounts, maintained under any approved Pension Fund, shall deduct tax at the rate specified in sub-section (6) of section 12 from any amount –

<sup>(</sup>a) withdrawn before the retirement age <sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>[Provided that the tax shall not be deducted in case of the eligible person suffering from any disability as mentioned in sub-rule (2) of rule 17 of the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 which renders him unable to continue with any employment at the age which he may so elect to be treated as the retirement age or the age as on the date of such disability if not so elected by him.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>[Provided further that the tax shall not be deducted on the share of the nominated survivor of the deceased eligible person and would be treated as if the eligible person had reached the age of retirement.]

<sup>(</sup>b) withdrawn, if in excess of <sup>6</sup>[fifty per cent] of his accumulated balance at or after the retirement age:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>[Provided that the tax shall not be deducted in case, the balance in the eligible persons' individual pension account is invested in an approved income payment plan of a pension fund manager or paid to a life insurance company for the purchase of an approved annuity plan or is transferred to another individual pension account of the eligible person or the survivors' pension account in case of death of the eligible person maintained with any other pension fund manager as specified in the Voluntary

**<sup>&</sup>quot;157. Petroleum products.-** (1) Every person selling petroleum products to a petrol pump operator shall deduct tax from the amount of commission or discount allowed to the operator at the rate specified in Division VII of Part III of the First Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax deducted under sub-section (1) shall be a final tax on the income arising from the sale of petroleum products to which sub-section (1) applies."

<sup>1</sup>[**158.Time of deduction of tax.**— A person required to deduct tax from an amount paid by the person shall deduct tax —

- (a) in the case of deduction under section 151, at the time the amount is <sup>2</sup>[paid or] credited to the account of recipient <sup>3</sup>[, whichever is earlier]; and
- (b) in other cases, at the time the amount is actually paid 4[;and]
- <sup>5</sup>["(c) amount actually paid shall have the meaning as may be prescribed.";]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 158 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;158. Time of deduction of tax.- A person required to deduct tax from an amount paid by the person shall deduct the tax at the earlier of -

 <sup>(</sup>a) the time the amount is credited to the account of the recipient; or
 (b) the time of amount is actually paid."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Substituted "." By Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

# **Division IV**

### General Provisions Relating to the Advance Payment of Tax or the Deduction of Tax at Source

**159.** Exemption or lower rate certificate.— (1) Where the Commissioner is satisfied that an amount <sup>1</sup>[] to which Division II or III of this Part <sup>2</sup>[or Chapter XII] applies is –

- (a) exempt from tax under this Ordinance; or
- (b) subject to tax at a rate lower than that specified in the First Schedule <sup>3</sup>[; or
- (c) is subject to hundred percent tax credit under <sup>4</sup>[under this Ordinance], ]

the Commissioner shall, upon application in writing by the person,<sup>5</sup>[in the prescribed form] issue the person with an exemption or lower rate certificate <sup>6</sup>[:

Provided that in case of a company, the Commissioner shall issue exemption or lower rate certificate under this section within fifteen days of filing of application by the company:

Provided further that the Commissioner shall be deemed to have issued the exemption certificate upon the expiry of fifteen days from filing of application by the aforesaid company and the certificate shall be automatically processed and issued by Iris:

Provided also that the Commissioner may modify or cancel the certificate issued automatically by Iris on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing after providing an opportunity of being heard.]

<sup>7</sup>[(1A) The Commissioner shall, upon application from a person,<sup>8</sup>[in the prescribed form] whose income is not likely to be chargeable to tax under <sup>9</sup>[] this

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "paid to a person" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Comma substituted by a semi colon and a new clause (c) added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "section 100C" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted and three provisos added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The word "the" omitted by the Finance Act, 2004.

Ordinance, issue exemption certificate for the profit on debt referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 151.]

(2) A person required to collect advance tax under Division II of this Part or deduct tax from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>1</sup>[or deduct or collect tax under Chapter XII] shall collect or deduct the full amount of tax specified in Division II or III <sup>2</sup>[or Chapter XII], as the case may be, unless there is in force a certificate issued under sub-section (1) relating to the collection or deduction of such tax, in which case the person shall comply with the certificate.

3[4[]]

- 5[]
- 6[[]]

<sup>7</sup>[(6) Notwithstanding omission of sub-sections (3), (4) and (5), any notification issued under the said sub-sections and for the time being in force, shall continue to remain in force, unless rescinded by the Board through notification in the official Gazette.]

**160.** Payment of tax collected or deducted.— Any tax that has been collected or purported to be collected under Division II of this Part or deducted or purported to be deducted under Division III of this Part <sup>8</sup>[or deducted or collected, or purported to be deducted or collected under Chapter XII] shall be paid to the

- (a) amend the rates of withholding tax prescribed under this Ordinance; or
- (b) exempt persons, class of persons, goods or class of goods from withholding tax under this Ordinance."

<sup>6</sup>Omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:-

"(5) The Board shall place all notifications issued under sub-section (3) in a financial year before both Houses of Majlis-e-Shoora (Parliament)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) The Board may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, amend the rates of withholding tax prescribed under the Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) The Board may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4)All such amendments shall have effect in respect of any tax year beginningon any date before or after the commencement of the financial year in which the notification is issued and shall not be applicable in respect of income on which tax withheld is treated as discharge of final tax liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

Commissioner by the person making the collection or deduction within the time and in the manner as may be prescribed.

### 161. Failure to pay tax collected or deducted. -- (1) Where a person-

- (a) fails to collect tax as required under Division II of this Part <sup>1</sup>[or Chapter XII] or deduct tax from a payment as required under Division III of this Part <sup>2</sup>[or Chapter XII] <sup>3</sup>[or as required under section 50 of the repealed Ordinance]; or
- (b) having collected tax under Division II of this Part <sup>4</sup>[or Chapter XII] or deducted tax under Division III of this Part <sup>5</sup>[or Chapter XII] fails to pay the tax to the Commissioner as required under section 160, <sup>6</sup>[or having collected tax under section 50 of the repealed Ordinance pay to the credit of the Federal Government as required under sub-section (8) of section 50 of the repealed Ordinance,]

the person shall be personally liable to pay the amount of tax to the Commissioner <sup>7</sup>[who may <sup>8</sup>[pass an order to that effect and] proceed to recover the same.]

<sup>9</sup>[(1A) No recovery under sub-section (1) shall be made unless the person referred to in sub-section (1) has been provided with an opportunity of being heard.

(1B) Where at the time of recovery of tax under sub-section (1) it is established that the tax that was to be deducted from the payment made to a person or collected from a person has meanwhile been paid by that person, no recovery shall be made from the person who had failed to collect or deduct the tax but the said person shall be liable to pay <sup>10</sup>[default surcharge]at the rate of <sup>11</sup>["twelve"]per cent per annum from the date he failed to collect or deduct the tax to the date the tax was paid.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>New sub-sections "(1A) & (1B)" inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The word "eighteen" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

(2) A person personally liable for an amount of tax under sub-section (1) as a result of failing to collect or deduct the tax shall be entitled to recover the tax from the person from whom the tax should have been collected or deducted.

<sup>1</sup>[(3) The Commissioner may, after making, or causing to be made, such enquiries as he deems necessary, amend or further amend an order of recovery under sub-section (1), if he considers that the order is erroneous in so far it is prejudicial to the interest of revenue:

Provided that the order recovery shall not be amended, unless the person referred to in sub-section (1) has been provided an opportunity of being heard.]

**162.** Recovery of tax from the person from whom tax was not collected or deducted.— (1) Where a person fails to collect tax as required under Division II of this Part <sup>2</sup>[or Chapter XII] or deduct tax from a payment as required under Division III of this Part <sup>3</sup>[or Chapter XII,] the Commissioner may <sup>4</sup>[pass an order to that effect and] recover the amount not collected or deducted from the person from whom the tax should have been collected or to whom the payment was made.

(2) The recovery of tax under sub-section (1) does not absolve the person who failed to deduct tax as required under Division III of this Part <sup>5</sup>[or Chapter XII] from any other legal action in relation to the failure, or from a charge of <sup>6</sup>[default surcharge] or the disallowance of a deduction for the expense to which the failure relates, as provided for under this Ordinance.

**163.** Recovery of amounts payable under this Division.— The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to any amount required to be paid to the Commissioner under this Division as if it were tax due under an assessment order.

**164.** Certificate of collection or deduction of tax.—(1) Every person collecting tax under Division II of this Part or deducting tax from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>7</sup>[or <sup>8</sup>[deducting or collecting tax under] Chapter XII] shall, at the time of collection or deduction of the tax, furnish to the person from whom the tax has been collected or to whom the payment from which tax has been deducted has

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New sub-section (3) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

been made, <sup>1</sup>[copies of the <sup>2</sup>[Computerized Payment Receipt (CPR)] or any other equivalent document along with] a certificate setting out the amount of tax collected or deducted and such other particulars as may <sup>3</sup>[] be prescribed<sup>4</sup>[:

Provided that in case of persons or class of persons notified as SWAPS agent, SWAPS Payment Receipt (SPR) shall be replaced with Computerized Payment Receipt (CPR).]

(2) A person required to furnish a return of taxable income for a tax year shall attach to the return <sup>5</sup>[copies of the <sup>6</sup>[Computerized Payment Receipt (CPR) or SWAPS Payment Receipt (SPR)] on the basis of which a certificate is] provided to the person under this section in respect of tax collected or deducted in that year <sup>7</sup>[].]

<sup>8</sup>[164A. <sup>9</sup>[Settlement of transactions liable to Withholding Tax by SWAPS agents]. – (1) Subject to the Ordinance, the Board may, by notification in the official gazette, notify any person or class of persons required to deduct or collect tax under the Ordinance to integrate with Synchronized Withholding Administration and Payment System and to act as SWAPS agent within the time and in the manner as may be prescribed.

(2) The tax collected or purported to be collected or deducted or purported to be deducted under the Ordinance by a notified SWAPS agent and credited to the Commissioner through digital mode, shall be treated to have been paid under section 160 of the Ordinance.

(3) Where tax has been paid by a notified SWAPS agent in accordance with sub-section (2) of this section, copy or number of SWAPS Payment Receipt (SPR) shall replace copy or number of Computerized Payment Receipts (CPR) for the purposes of the Ordinance.

(4) Any notified SWAPS agent shall not be eligible for tax credit under Part X of Chapter III of the Ordinance and exemption under any of the provisions of the Ordinance if notified SWAPS agent fails to integrate with Board.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "challan of payment" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "pass an order to that effect and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Full stop substituted with colon and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "any certificate" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words "challan of payment" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words and figure "and such certificate shall be treated as sufficient evidence of the collection or deduction for the purposes of section 168".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 164A inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "Payment of tax collected or deducted by SWAPS agents" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023

(5) All persons from whom the tax has been collected or deducted by the notified SWAPS agents shall be eligible for credit of tax withheld against SPR issued by SWAPS Agent.

(6) All other provisions of the Ordinance, not specifically dealt with in this section, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to the notified SWAPS agents.]

**165. Statements.—** (1) Every person collecting tax under Division II of this Part <sup>1</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>2</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] or deducting tax from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>3</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>4</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] shall, <sup>5</sup>[] furnish to the Commissioner a <sup>6</sup>[quarterly] statement in the prescribed form setting out—

- (a) the name, <sup>7</sup>[Computerized National Identity Card Number, National Tax Number] and address of each person from whom tax has been collected under Division II of this Part <sup>8</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>9</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] or to whom payments have been made from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part <sup>10</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>11</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] in <sup>12</sup>[each <sup>13</sup>[quarter]]
- (b) the total amount of payments made to a person from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part <sup>14</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>15</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] in <sup>16</sup>[each <sup>17</sup>[quarter]]
- (c) the total amount of tax collected from a person under Division II of this Part <sup>18</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>19</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] or deducted from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019. <sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "within two months after the end of the financial year or within such further time as the Commissioner may allow by order in writing," omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "biannual" substituted through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019. <sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019. <sup>12</sup>The words "the year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The word "half year" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>The words "the year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>The word "half year" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

payments made to a person under Division III of this Part <sup>1</sup>[or Chapter XII <sup>2</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule]] in<sup>3</sup>[each <sup>4</sup>[quarter]]; and

(d) such other particulars as may be prescribed <sup>5</sup>[:]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided that every person as provided in sub-section (1) shall be required to file withholding statement even where no withholding tax is collected or deducted during the period <sup>7</sup>[:]

"Provided further that this section shall not apply where information required under sub-section (1) has been furnished under section 165A.";]

<sup>8</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that this subsection overrides all conflicting provisions contained in the Protection of Economic Reforms Act, 1992 (XII of 1992), the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of 1947) and the regulations made under the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 (XXXIII of 1956), if any, on the subject, in so far as divulgence of information under section 165 is concerned.]

<sup>9</sup>[(1A) Every person involved or engaged in economic transactions as prescribed by the Board shall furnish to the Commissioner a quarterly statement in the prescribed form and manner. ";and]

<sup>10</sup>[(2) Every prescribed person collecting tax under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII <sup>11</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule] or deducting tax under Division III of this

Part of Chapter XII <sup>12</sup>[or the Tenth Schedule] shall furnish statements under subsection (I) <sup>13</sup>[or (1A)] as per the following schedule, namely:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "the year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "half year" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Full stop substituted by colon and thereafter new provision added through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>New sub-section (1A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>In section 165 expression "Chapter XII" wherever occurs the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>After expression "Chapter XII" the words "or the Tenth Schedule" inserted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>The expression added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- <sup>1</sup>[(a) in respect of quarter ending on the 31<sup>st</sup> day of March, on or before the 20<sup>th</sup> day of April;
  - (b) in respect of quarter year ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, on or before the 20<sup>th</sup> day of July;
  - (c) in respect of quarter ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, on or before the 20<sup>th</sup> day of October; and
  - (d) in respect of quarter ending on or before the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, on or before the 20<sup>th</sup> day of January.]

<sup>2</sup>[(2A) Any person who, having furnished statement under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, may file a revised statement within sixty days of filing of statement under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), as the case may be.]

<sup>3</sup>[(2B) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, the Commissioner as he deems lit may by notice in writing require any person, collecting or deducting tax under this Ordinance, to furnish a statement for any period specified in the notice within such period of time as may be specified in the notice.]

 ${}^{4}$ [(3)  ${}^{5}$ [Board] may prescribe a statement requiring any person to furnish information  ${}^{6}$ [ ] in respect of any transactions in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner  ${}^{7}$ [.]]

<sup>8</sup>[(4) A person required to furnish a statement under sub-section <sup>9</sup>[(1)], may apply in writing, to the Commissioner for an extension of time to furnish the statement after the due date and the Commissioner if satisfied that a reasonable cause exists for non-furnishing of the statement by the due date may, by an order in writing, grant the applicant an extension of time to furnish the statement.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The clauses (a) and (b) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted clauses read as follows:

<sup>(</sup>a) in respect of the half-year ending on the 30th June, on or before the 31st day of July; and

<sup>(</sup>b) in respect of the half-year ending on the 31<sup>st</sup> December, on or before the 31<sup>st</sup> day of January.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (2B) inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "periodically" omitted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The figure "(2)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>1</sup>[(5) The Board may make rules relating to electronic furnishing of statements under this section including,-

- (a) mandatory electronic filing of statements; and
- (b) determination of eligibility of the data of such statements and eintermediaries, etc.]

 $^{2}$ [(6) Every person deducting tax from payment under section 149 shall furnish to the Commissioner an annual statement in the prescribed form and manner  $^{3}$ [.]

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<sup>5</sup>[(7) Every prescribed person collecting tax under Division II of this Part, Chapter XII or the Tenth Schedule or deducting tax from a payment under Division III of this Part, Chapter XII or the Tenth Schedule shall, e-file to the Commissioner an annual statement for the relevant tax year within thirty days of the end of tax year in addition to statement to be filed under sub-section (6) of this section.

(8) Every prescribed person collecting tax under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII, the Tenth Schedule or deducting tax from a payment under Division III of this Part, Chapter XII or the Tenth Schedule shall also e-file to the Commissioner a statement in the prescribed form reconciling the amounts mentioned in annual statement filed under sub-section (7) with the amounts declared in the return, audited accounts or financial statements by the due date of filing of return of income as provided under section 118 of the Ordinance.]

<sup>6</sup>[**165A. Furnishing of information by banks.**— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force including but not limited to the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), the Protection of Economic Reforms Act, 1992 (XII of 1992), the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of 1947) and the regulations made under the State Bank of Pakistan Act, 1956 (XXXIII of 1956), if any, on the subject every banking company shall make arrangements to provide to the Board in the prescribed form and manner,—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Semi-colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that annual statement shall also be filed where the income exceeds three hundred thousand rupees but does not exceed three hundred and fifty thousand rupees in a tax year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Sub-sections (7) and (8) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

- <sup>1</sup>[(a) a list of persons containing particulars of cash withdrawals exceeding fifty thousand Rupees in a day and tax deductions thereon <sup>2</sup>[], aggregating to Rupees one million or more during each preceding calendar month.";]
- (b) a list containing particulars of deposits aggregating rupees <sup>3</sup>[ten] million or more made during the preceding calendar month;
- (c) a list of payments made by any person against bills raised in respect of a credit card issued to that person, aggregating to rupees <sup>4</sup>[two] hundred thousand or more during the preceding calendar month;
- <sup>5</sup>[(d) a list of persons receiving profit on debt <sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[] and tax deductions thereon during preceding financial year] <sup>8</sup>[; and
- <sup>9</sup>[]
- (f) a list of persons containing particulars of their business accounts opened or re-designated during each preceding calendar month.]

(2) Each banking company shall also make arrangements to nominate a senior officer at the head office to coordinate with the Board for provision of any information and documents in addition to those listed in sub-section (1), as may be required by the Board.

(3) The banking companies and their officers shall not be liable to any civil, criminal or disciplinary proceedings against them for furnishing information required under this Ordinance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2018 ,the substituted clause is read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot; (a) online access to its central database containing details of its account holders and all transactions made in their accounts;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Words "for filers and non-filers" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "one" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "one" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (d) substituted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018. The substituted clause (d) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;a consolidated list of loans written off exceeding rupees one million during a calendar year" and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The expressions "exceeding <sup>6</sup>[] five hundred thousand rupees" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Words "for non-filers" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Full stop substituted with semi colon and the word "and" and a new clause added by the by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clause (e) omitted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018. The omitted clause (e) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(e) a copy of each currency transactions report and suspicious transactions report generated and submitted by it to the Financial Monitoring Unit under the Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010 (VII of 2010)."

(4) Subject to section 216, all information received under this section shall be used only for tax purposes and kept confidential.]

<sup>1</sup>**[165B. Furnishing of information by financial institutions including banks.**—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force including but not limited to the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), the Protection of Economic Reforms Act,1992 (XII of 1992), the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of1947) and any regulations made under the State Bank of Pakistan Act,1956 (XXXIII of 1956) on the subject, every financial institution shall make arrangements to provide information regarding non-resident<sup>2</sup>[or any other reportable] persons to the Board in the prescribed form and manner for the purpose of automatic exchange of information under bilateral agreement or multilateral convention.

(2) <sup>3</sup>[All] information received under this section shall be used only for tax and related purposes and kept confidential."]

4[(3) For the purpose of this section, the terms "reportable person" and "financial institution" shall have the meaning as provided in Chapter XIIA of the Income Tax Rules, 2002.]

**166.** Priority of tax collected or deducted. — (1) Tax collected by a person under Division II  ${}^{5}$ [of this Part or Chapter XII] or deducted from a payment under Division III of this Part  ${}^{6}$ [or Chapter XII] shall be —

- (a) held by the person in trust for the <sup>7</sup>[Federal] Government; and
- (b) not subject to attachment in respect of any debt or liability of the person.

(2) In the event of the liquidation or bankruptcy of a person who has collected <sup>8</sup>[] or deducted tax from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>9</sup>[or Chapter XII], the amount collected or deducted shall not form part of the estate of the person in liquidation or bankruptcy and the Commissioner shall have a first claim for that amount before any distribution of property is made.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word and figure "Subject to section 216, all" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "tax under Division II of this Part" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

(3) Every amount that a person is required to deduct from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>1</sup>[or Chapter XII] shall be –

- (a) a first charge on the payment; and
- (b) deducted prior to any other amount that the person may be required to deduct from the payment by virtue of an order of any Court or under any other law.

**167. Indemnity.**— A person who has deducted tax from a payment under <sup>2</sup>[Division III of this Part] <sup>3</sup>[or Chapter XII] and remitted the deducted amount to the Commissioner shall be treated as having paid the deducted amount to the recipient of the payment for the purposes of any claim by the recipient for payment of the deducted tax.

**168.** Credit for tax collected or deducted. — (1) For the purposes of this Ordinance —

- (a) the amount of any tax deducted from a payment under Division III of this Part <sup>4</sup>[or Chapter XII] shall be treated as income derived by the person to whom the payment was made; and
- (b) the amount of any tax collected under Division II of this Part <sup>5</sup>[or Chapter XII] or deducted under Division III of this Part <sup>6</sup>[or Chapter XII] shall be treated as tax paid by the person from whom the tax was collected or deducted.

(2) Subject to sub-sections <sup>7</sup>[(2A), (2B),] (3) and (4), where an amount of tax has been collected from a person under Division II of this Part <sup>8</sup>[or Chapter XII] or deducted from a payment made to a person under Division III of this Part <sup>9</sup>[or Chapter XII], the person shall be allowed a tax credit for that tax in computing the tax due by the person on the taxable income of the person for the tax year in which the tax was collected or deducted.

<sup>10</sup>[(2A) Where a company is a member of an association of persons which is taxed in accordance with section 92 and an amount of tax has been collected

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Substituted for the words, figure and comma "Division II, Division III" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

from an association of persons under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII or deducted from a payment made to the said association under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII, the company shall be allowed a tax credit, in respect of tax collected or deducted from the association of persons, according to the following formula, namely:—

## (A/B) x C

Where —

- A is the amount of share of profits before tax received by the company as a member from the association of persons;
- **B** is the taxable income of the association of persons; and
- **C** is the amount of tax withheld in the name of the association of persons.

(2B) No tax credit shall be allowed for any tax collected or deducted from an association of persons in respect of an amount for which credit has been allowed under sub-section (2A) to a company being a member of the association.]

 $^{1}$ [(3) No tax credit shall be allowed for any tax collected or deducted that is a final tax under—

- ²[(a)]
- <sup>3</sup>[(b)]
- <sup>4</sup>[(C)]
- <sup>5</sup>[(ca) sub-section (1E) of section 152;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) No tax credit shall be allowed for any tax collected or deducted that is a final tax under clauses (a), (b) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 151, sub-section (1B) of section 152, sub-section (6)] of section 153, sub-section (4) of section 154, section 155 sub-section (3) of section 156, sub-section (2) of section 156A, section 233, clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 233A or sub-section (5) of section 234 or section 234A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (a) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: (a) sub-section (7) of section 148;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: (b) sub-section (3) of section 151;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: (c) sub-section (1B) and (1BB) of section 152;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> After omitted clause (c) new clauses (ca) and (cb) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

(4) A tax credit allowed under this section shall be applied in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 4.

(5) A tax credit or part of a tax credit allowed under this section for a tax year that is not able to be credited under sub-section (3) of section 4 for the year shall be refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with section 170.

<sup>9</sup>[(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law or any rules for the time being in force, no amount shall be deducted on account of service charges from the tax withheld or collected by any person under the provisions of this Ordinance.]

<sup>10</sup>[(7) In case any amount is deducted on account of service charges, by the person, the said person will be liable to pay the said amount to the Federal

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (d) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: 6[] sub-section (3) of section 153;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words, comma and brackets "clauses (a), (c) and (d) of" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (ea) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: sub-section (3) of section 233;<sup>2</sup>[and]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (i) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (i) read as follows: "(i) sub-section (5) of section 234; and"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> In section 168 in sub-section (3) clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019 the omitted clause read as follows: Sub-section (3) of section 234(A)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Clause (k) added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2009.

Government and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply in so far as they apply to the recovery of tax.]

# **169.** Tax collected or deducted as a final tax.— (1) This section shall apply where —

- <sup>1</sup>[]
  - (b) the <sup>2</sup>[tax required to be deducted] is a final tax under <sup>3</sup>[subsection (1E) of section 152, 152A], sub-section (4) of section 154, <sup>4</sup>[sub-section (2) of section 154A] <sup>5</sup>[] sub-section (3) of section 156, <sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[sub-section (2) [or] <sup>8</sup>section 156A or <sup>9</sup>[subsection (7) of section 236Z] <sup>10</sup>[]<sup>11</sup>[]] on the income from which it <sup>12</sup>[was deductible].
- (2) Where this section applies
  - (a) the income shall not be chargeable to tax under any head of income in computing the taxable income of the person;
  - (b) no deduction shall be allowable under this Ordinance for any expenditure incurred in deriving the income;
  - (c) the amount of the income shall not be reduced by ---
    - (i) any deductible allowance under Part IX of Chapter III; or
    - (ii) the set off of any loss;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (a) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 the substituted clause read as follows: "(a) the <sup>1</sup>[advance tax required to be collected <sup>1</sup>[or paid]] is a final tax under sub-section (7) of section 148 <sup>1</sup>[,148A] <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>1</sup>[or section 234A] on the income to which it relates; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "deduction of tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expressions "sub-section (3) of section 151], sub-section (1B) <sup>3</sup>[or sub-section (1BB)] of section 152, <sup>3</sup>[<sup>3</sup>] sub-section (3) of section 153], <sup>3</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[sub-section (1AAA) of section 152", substituted by Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word, digit and comma "section 155," omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words, figures and brackets "or sub-section (2) of section 157" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "of" substituted by the word "or" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The expressions omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted expressions read as follows: "sub-section <sup>10</sup>[(1) and] (3) of section 233"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The words, brackets, figure and letters "or clause (a) and clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 233A" omitted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The words "has been deducted" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

- (d) the tax deducted shall not be reduced by any tax credit allowed under this Ordinance; <sup>1</sup>[]
- (e) there shall be no refund of the tax collected or deducted <sup>2</sup>[unless the tax so collected or deducted is in excess of the amount for which the taxpayer is chargeable under this Ordinance<sup>3</sup>[; and].]
- <sup>4</sup>[(f) tax deductible has not been deducted, or short deducted, the said non-deduction or short deduction may be recovered under section 162, and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.]

(3) Where all the income derived by a person in a tax year is subject to final taxation under the provisions referred to in sub-section (1) or under sections 5, 6 <sup>5</sup>[and] 7 <sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[an assessment shall be treated to have been made under section 120 <sup>8</sup>[]

<sup>9</sup>[*Explanation.*— The expression, "an assessment shall be treated to have been made under section 120" means,—

- (a) the Commissioner shall be taken to have made an assessment of income for that tax year, and the tax due thereon equal to those respective amounts specified in the return <sup>10</sup>[]; and
- (b) the return <sup>11</sup>[ ] shall be taken for all purposes of this Ordinance to be an assessment order.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Comma substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words, figure, comma and brackets "and 15, (other than dividend received by a company)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The expression omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted expressions read as follows: "and the person shall not be required to furnish a return of income under section 114 for the year"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The expression omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted expressions read as follows: "or statement under "sub-section (4) of section 115"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The expression omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted expressions read as follows: "or statement under "sub-section (4) of section 115"

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(4) Where the tax collected or deducted is final tax under any provision of this Ordinance and hundred percent higher tax rate has been prescribed for the said tax under the Tenth Schedule, the final tax shall be the tax rate prescribed in the First Schedule and the excess tax collected under the Tenth Schedule specified for persons not appearing in the active taxpayers' list shall be adjustable in case the return is filed before finalization of assessment as provided in rule 4 of the Tenth Schedule.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Where a taxpayer, while explaining the nature and source of any amount, investment, money, valuable article, expenditure, referred to in section 111, takes into account any source of income which is subject to tax in accordance with the provisions of sections 148, 153, 154, 156 or subsection (5) of section 234, he shall not be entitled to take credit of any sum as is in excess of an amount which if taxed at a rate or rates, other than the rate applicable to the income chargeable to tax under aforesaid sections 148, 153, 154, 156 or sub-section (5) of section 234 would have resulted in tax liability equal to the tax payable in respect of income under any of the aforesaid sections."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In section 169 for sub-section (4) substituted through Finance Act, 2019, substituted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>(4)</sup> Where the tax collected or deducted is final tax under any provision of the Ordinance and separate rates for filer and non-filer have been prescribed for the said tax, the final tax shall be the tax rate for filer and the excess tax deducted or collected on account of higher rate of non-filer shall be adjustable in the return filed for the relevant tax year.

## PART VI REFUNDS

**170. Refunds.**— (1) A taxpayer who has paid tax in excess of the amount which the taxpayer is properly chargeable under this Ordinance may apply to the Commissioner for a refund of the excess.

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) Where any advance or loan, to which sub-clause (e) of clause (19) of section 2 applies, is repaid by a taxpayer, he shall be entitled to a refund of the tax, if any, paid by him as a result of such advance or loan having been treated as dividend under the aforesaid provision.]

- (2) An application for a refund under sub-section (1) shall be -
  - (a) made in the prescribed form;
  - (b) verified in the prescribed manner; and
  - (c) made within <sup>2</sup>[three] years of the later of -
    - (i) the date on which the Commissioner has issued the assessment order to the taxpayer for the tax year to which the refund application relates; or
    - (ii) the date on which the tax was paid.

(3) Where the Commissioner is satisfied that tax has been overpaid, the Commissioner shall —

- (a) apply the excess in reduction of any other tax due from the taxpayer under this Ordinance;
- (b) apply the balance of the excess, if any, in reduction of any outstanding liability of the taxpayer to pay other taxes; and
- (c) refund the remainder, if any, to the taxpayer.

(4) The Commissioner shall, within <sup>3</sup>[sixty] days of receipt of a refund application under sub-section (1), serve on the person applying for the refund an order in writing of the decision <sup>4</sup>[after providing the taxpayer an opportunity of being heard].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "forty five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>1</sup>[(5) A person aggrieved by—

- (a) an order passed under sub-section (4); or
- (b) the failure of the Commissioner to pass an order under subsection (4) within the time specified in that sub-section,

may prefer an appeal under Part III of this Chapter.]

<sup>2</sup>[(6) The Board may make rules regulating procedure for expeditious processing and automatic payment of refunds through centralized processing system with effect from a date to be notified by the Board.]

<sup>3</sup>[**170A. Electronic processing and electronic issuance of Refunds by the Board.**—Notwithstanding anything contained in section 170 of this Ordinance, commencing from tax year 2021, the Board may process and issue refund to the taxpayer who has filed the return of income without requiring refund application by the taxpayer to the extent of tax credit verified by the Board's computerized system as may be prescribed. The refund amount sanctioned under this section shall be electronically transferred in the taxpayer's notified bank account.]

**171.** Additional payment for delayed refunds.—(1) Where a refund due to a taxpayer is not paid within three months of the date on which it becomes due, the Commissioner shall pay to the taxpayer a further amount by way of compensation at the rate of  ${}^{4}$ [ ${}^{5}$ [KIBOR plus 0.5 per cent]] per annum of the amount of the refund computed for the period commencing at the end of the three month period and ending on the date on which it was paid  ${}^{6}$ [:]

<sup>7</sup>[Provided that where there is reason to believe that a person has claimed the refund which is not admissible to him, the provision regarding the payment of such additional amount shall not apply till the investigation of the claim is completed and the claim is either accepted or rejected.]

(2) For the purposes of this section, a refund shall be treated as having become due —

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows:
 "(5) A person dissatisfied with a decision referred to in sub-section (4) may challenge the decision only under Part III of this Chapter."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New sub-section (6) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June,2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 170A inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "KIBOR" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "fifteen" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

- (a) in the case of a refund required to be made in consequence of an order on an appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals), an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal, a reference to the High Court or an appeal to the Supreme Court, on the date of receipt of such order by the Commissioner; <sup>1</sup>[or]
- (b) in the case of a refund required to be made as a consequence of a revision order under section <sup>2</sup>[122A], on the date the order is made by the Commissioner; or
- (c) in any other case, on the date the refund order is made.

<sup>3</sup>[*Explanation.*—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that where a refund order is made on an application under subsection (1) of section 170, for the purpose of compensation, the refund becomes due from the date refund order is made and not from the date the assessment of income treated to have been made by the Commissioner under section 120.]

**4[171A. Payment of refund through income tax refund bonds.-** (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 170 and 171, the income tax refunds payable under this Ordinance may also be paid through income tax refund bonds to be issued by FBR Refund Settlement Company Limited, in book-entry form through an establishment licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan as a central depository under the Securities Act, 2015 (III of 2015), in lieu of payment to be made through issuance of cheques or bank debit advice.

(2) The Board shall issue a promissory note to FBR Refund Settlement Company Limited, hereinafter referred to as the company, incorporating the details of refund claimants and the amount of refund determined as payable to each for issuance of income tax refund bonds, hereinafter referred to as the bonds, of the same amount.

(3) The bonds shall be issued in value in multiples of one hundred thousand rupees.

(4) The bonds so issued have maturity period of three years and shall bear annual simple profit at ten percent.

(5) The bonds shall be traded freely in the country's secondary markets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Substituted for the figure "135" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New Section 171A inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

- (5) The bonds shall be accepted by the banks as collateral.
- (6) There shall be no compulsory deduction of *Zakat* against bonds and *Sahib-e-Nisab* may pay *Zakat* voluntarily according to *Shariah*.
- (7) After period of maturity, the company shall return the promissory note to the Board and the Board shall make the payment of amount due under the bonds, along with profit due, to the bond holders.
- (8) The bonds shall be redeemable in the manner as in sub-section (9) before maturity only at the option of the Board along with simple profit payable at the time of redemption in the light of general or specific policy to be formulated by the Board.
- (9) The refund under sub-section (1) shall be paid in the aforesaid manner to the claimants who opt for payment in such manner.
- (10) The Federal Government may notify procedure to regulate the issuance, redemption and other matters relating to the bonds, as may be required.]

# PART VII REPRESENTATIVES

**172. Representatives.**—(1) For the purposes of this Ordinance and subject to sub-sections (2) and (3), "representative" in respect of a person for a tax year, means –

- (a) where the person is an individual under a legal disability, the guardian or manager who receives or is entitled to receive income on behalf, or for the benefit of the individual;
- (b) where the person is a company (other than a trust, a Provincial Government, or <sup>1</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan), the principal officer of the company;
- (c) where the person is a trust declared by a duly executed instrument in writing whether testamentary or otherwise (including any Wakf deed which is valid under the MussalmanWakf Validation Act, 1913 (VI of 1913)), any trustee of the trust;
- (d) where the person is a Provincial Government, or <sup>2</sup>[Local Government] in Pakistan, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of moneys or funds on behalf of the Provincial Government or<sup>3</sup>[Local Government];
- (e) where the person is an association of persons, the principal officer of the association or, in the case of a firm, any partner in the firm;
- (f) where the person is the Federal Government, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of moneys or funds on behalf of the Federal Government; or
- (g) where the person is a public international organisation, or a foreign government or political sub-Division of a foreign government, any individual responsible for accounting for the receipt and payment of moneys or funds in Pakistan on behalf of the organisation, government, or political sub-Division of the government.

(2) Where the Court of Wards, the Administrator General, the Official Trustee, or any receiver or manager appointed by, or under, any order of a Court receives or is entitled to receive income on behalf, or for the benefit of any person,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

such Court of Wards, Administrator General, Official Trustee, receiver, or manager shall be the representative of the person for a tax year for the purposes of this Ordinance.

(3) Subject to sub-sections (4) and (5), where a person is a non-resident person, the representative of the person for the purposes of this Ordinance for a tax year shall be any person in Pakistan –

- (a) who is employed by, or on behalf of, the non-resident person;
- (b) who has any business connection with the non-resident person<sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.*— In this clause the expression "business connection" includes transfer of an asset or business in Pakistan by a non-resident;]

- (c) from or through whom the non-resident person is in receipt of any income, whether directly or indirectly;
- (d) who holds, or controls the receipt or disposal of any money belonging to the non-resident person;
- (e) who is the trustee of the non-resident person; or
- (f) who is declared by the Commissioner by <sup>3</sup>[an order] in writing to be the representative of the non-resident person.

(4) A bonafide independent broker in Pakistan who, in respect of any transactions, does not deal directly with, or on behalf of, a non-resident principal but deals with, or through a non-resident broker, shall not be treated as a representative of the non-resident principal in respect of such transactions, if –

- (a) the transactions are carried on in the ordinary course of business through the first-mentioned broker; and
- (b) the non-resident broker is carrying on such transactions in the ordinary course of its business and not as a principal.

(5) No person shall be declared <sup>4</sup>[ ] as the representative of a nonresident person unless the person has been given an opportunity by the Commissioner of being heard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Semi-colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Substituted for the word "notice" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "or treated" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

**173.** Liability and obligations of representatives. — (1) Every representative of a person shall be responsible for performing any duties or obligations imposed by or under this Ordinance on the person, including the payment of tax.

(2) Subject to sub-section (4), any tax that, by virtue of sub-section (1), is payable by a representative of a taxpayer shall be recoverable from the representative only to the extent of any assets of the taxpayer that are in the possession or under the control of the representative.

(3) Every representative of a taxpayer who pays any tax owing by the taxpayer shall be entitled to recover the amount so paid from the taxpayer or to retain the amount so paid out of any moneys of the taxpayer that are in the representative's possession or under the representative's control.

<sup>1</sup>[(3A) Any representative, or any person who apprehends that he may be assessed as a representative, may retain out of any money payable by him to the person on whose behalf he is liable to pay tax (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "principal"), a sum equal to his estimated liability under this Ordinance, and in the event of disagreement between the principal and such a representative or a person as to the amount to be so retained, such representative or person may obtain from the Commissioner a certificate stating the amount to be so retained pending final determination of the tax liability, and the certificate so obtained shall be his authority for retaining that amount.]

(4) Every representative shall be personally liable for the payment of any tax due by the representative in a representative capacity if, while the amount remains unpaid, the representative -

- (a) alienates, charges or disposes of any moneys received or accrued in respect of which the tax is payable; or
- (b) disposes of or parts with any moneys or funds belonging to the taxpayer that is in the possession of the representative or which comes to the representative after the tax is payable, if such tax could legally have been paid from or out of such moneys or funds.

(5) Nothing in this section shall relieve any person from performing any duties imposed by or under this Ordinance on the person which the representative of the person has failed to perform.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

### **PART VIII** RECORDS, INFORMATION COLLECTION AND AUDIT

**174. Records.**— (1) Unless otherwise authorised by the Commissioner, every taxpayer shall maintain in Pakistan such accounts, documents and records as may be prescribed.

(2) The Commissioner may disallow <sup>1</sup>[or reduce] a taxpayer's claim for a deduction if the taxpayer is unable, without reasonable <sup>2</sup>[cause], to provide a receipt, or other record or evidence of the transaction or circumstances giving rise to the claim for the deduction.

(3) The accounts and documents required to be maintained under this section shall be maintained for <sup>3</sup>[six]years after the end of the tax year to which they relate <sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that where any proceeding is pending before any authority or court the taxpayer shall maintain the record till final decision of the proceedings.]

<sup>6</sup>[*Explanation.*— Pending proceedings include proceedings for assessment or amendment of assessment, appeal, revision, reference, petition or prosecution and any proceedings before an Alternative Dispute Resolution Committee"] <sup>7</sup>[:

Provided that limitation prescribed under this sub-section shall not apply to the records pertaining to income, assets, expenses or transactions to which clause (ii) of sub-section (2) of section 111 applies.]

<sup>8</sup>[(4) For the purpose of this section, the expression "deduction" means any amount debited to trading account, manufacturing account, receipts and expenses account or profit and loss account.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "excuse" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>1</sup>[(5) The Commissioner may require any person to install and use an Electronic Tax Register of such type and description as may be prescribed for the purpose of storing and accessing information regarding any transaction that has a bearing on the tax liability of such person.]

**175.** Power to enter and search premises.— (1) In order to enforce any provision of this Ordinance (including for the purpose of making an audit of a taxpayer or a survey of persons liable to tax), the Commissioner or any officer authorised in writing by the Commissioner for the purposes of this section –

- (a) shall, at all times and without prior notice, have full and free access<sup>2</sup>[including real-time electronic access]to any premises, place, accounts, documents or computer;
- (b) may stamp, or make an extract or copy of any accounts, documents or computer-stored information to which access is obtained under clause (a);
- (c) may impound any accounts or documents and retain them for so long as may be necessary for examination or for the purposes of prosecution;
- (d) may, where a hard copy or computer disk of information stored on a computer is not made available, impound and retain the computer for as long as is necessary to copy the information required; and
- (e) may make an inventory of any articles found in any premises or place to which access is obtained under clause (a).

<sup>3</sup>[(2) The Commissioner may authorize any valuer or expert to enter any premises and perform any task assigned to him by the Commissioner.]

(3) The occupier of any premises or place to which access is sought under sub-section (1) shall provide all reasonable facilities and assistance for the effective exercise of the right of access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) The Commissioner may authorise any valuer to enter any premises or place to inspect such accounts and documents as may be necessary to enable the valuer to make a valuation of an asset for the purposes of this Ordinance."

(4) Any accounts, documents or computer impounded and retained under sub-section (1) shall be signed for by the Commissioner or an authorised officer.

(5) A person whose accounts, documents or computer have been impounded and retained under sub-section (1) may examine them and make extracts or copies from them during regular office hours under such supervision as the Commissioner may determine.

(6) Where any accounts, documents or computer impounded and retained under sub-section (1) are lost or destroyed while in the possession of the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of the accounts, documents or computer for the loss or destruction.

(7) This section shall have effect notwithstanding any rule of law relating to privilege or the public interest in relation to access to premises or places, or the production of accounts, documents or computer-stored information.

(8) In this section, "occupier" in relation to any premises or place, means the owner, manager or any other responsible person on the premises or place.

<sup>1</sup>[(9) For the purpose of clause (a) of sub-section (1), the Board may make rules relating to electronic real-time assess for audit or a survey of persons liable to tax.]

<sup>2</sup>[**175A. Real-time access to information and databases.-** (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, including but not limited to the National Database and Registration Authority Ordinance, 2000 (Ordinance VIII of 2000), and the Emigration Ordinance, 1979(Ordinance XVIII of 1979), arrangements shall be made to provide real-time access of information and database to the Board in the prescribed form and manner by-

- (a) the National Database and Registration Authority with respect to information pertaining to National Identity Card, Pakistan Origin Card, Overseas Identity Card, Alien Registration Card, and other particulars contained in the Citizen Database.
- (b) the Federal Investigation Agency and the Bureau of Emigration and Overseas Employment with respect to details of international travel;
- (c) the Federal Investigation Agency and the Bureau of Emigration and Overseas Employment with respect to details of international entry and exit of all persons and information pertaining to work permits, employment visas and immigration visas;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New sub-section (9) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New section 175A inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- (d) the Islamabad Capital Territory and provincial and local land record and development authorities with respect to record-of-rights including digitized edition of record-of-rights, periodic record, record of mutations and report of acquisition of right;
- (e) the Islamabad Capital Territory and provincial Excise and Taxation Departments with respect to information regarding registration of vehicles, transfer of ownership and other associated record;
- (f) All electricity suppliers and gas transmission and distribution companies with respect to particulars of a consumer, the units consumed and the amount of bill charged or paid:

Provided that where the connection is shared or is used by a person other than the owner, the name and CNIC of the owner and the user shall also be furnished:

Provided further that all electricity suppliers and gas transmission and distribution companies shall make arrangements by the 1<sup>st</sup> day of January, 2021 for allowing consumers to update the ratio of sharing of a connection or the particulars of users, as the case may be; and

(g) any other agency, authority, institution or organization notified by the Board.

(2) The Board shall make arrangements for laying the infrastructure for real-time access to information and database under sub-section (1) and aligning it with its own database in the manner as may be prescribed.

(3) Until real-time access to information and database is made available under sub-section (1), such information and data shall be provided periodically in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

(4) Subject to section 216, all information received under this section shall be used only for tax purposes and kept confidential.]

<sup>1</sup>[**175B. National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA).** (1) The National Database and Registration Authority shall, on its own motion or upon application by the Board, share its records and any information available or held by it, with the Board, for broadening of the tax base or carrying out the purposes of the Ordinance.

(2) The National Database and Registration Authority may —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New section 175B inserted through Finance Act, 2022.

- (i) submit proposals and information to the Board with a view to broadening the tax base;
- (ii) identify in relation to any person, whether a taxpayer or not -
  - (a) income, receipts, assets, properties, liabilities, expenditures, or transactions that have escaped assessment or are under-assessed or have been assessed at a low rate, or have been subjected to excessive relief or refund or have been misdeclared or misclassified under a particular head of income or otherwise;
  - (b) the value of anything mentioned in sub-clause (a) of clause (ii), if such value is at variance with the value notified by the Board or the district authorities, as the case may be, or if no such value has been notified the true or market value; and
- (iii) enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Board for a secure exchange and utilization of a person's information.

(3) The Board may use and utilize any information communicated to it by the National Database and Registration Authority and forward such information to an income tax authority having jurisdiction in relation to the subject matter regarding the information, who may utilize the information for the purposes of the Ordinance.

(4) The National Database and Registration Authority may compute indicative income and tax liability of anyone mentioned under sub-sections (1) or (2) by use of artificial intelligence, mathematical or statistical modeling or any other modern device or calculation method.

(5) The indicative income and tax liability computed by the National Database and Registration Authority under sub-section (4) shall be notified by the Board to the person in respect of whom such indicative income and tax liability has been determined, who shall have the option to pay the determined amount on such terms, conditions, installments, discounts, reprieves pertaining to penalty and default surcharge, and time limits that may be prescribed by the Board.

(6) In case the person against whom a liability has been determined under sub-section (4), does not pay such liability within the time prescribed under sub-section (5), the Board shall take action under the Ordinance, upon the basis of tax liability computed under sub-section (4).

(7) If the person against whom the liability has been determined under sub-section (4) pays such liability in terms of sub-section (5), such payment shall

be construed to be an amended assessment order under section 120 or subsection (1) of section 122 or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be.

(8) For the purposes of sub-sections (4) and (5), the Board may prescribe the extent of installments, reprieves pertaining to penalty and default surcharge and time limits.]

**176.** Notice to obtain information or evidence.— (1) The Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require any person, whether or not liable for tax under this Ordinance –

- <sup>1</sup>[(a) to furnish to the Commissioner or an authorised officer, any information relevant to any tax leviable under this Ordinance or to fulfill any obligation under any agreement with foreign government or governments or tax jurisdiction, as specified in the notice; or; and]
- (b) to attend at the time and place designated in the notice for the purpose of being examined on oath by the Commissioner or an authorised officer concerning the tax affairs of that person or any other person and, for that purpose, the Commissioner or authorised officer may require the person examined to produce any accounts, documents, or computer-stored information in the control of the person <sup>2</sup>[; "or"]
- <sup>3</sup>[(c) the firm of chartered accountants <sup>4</sup>[ <sup>5</sup>[ ] or a firm of cost and management accountants as defined under the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966)], as appointed by the <sup>6</sup>[Board or the Commissioner], to conduct audit under section 177, for any tax year, may with the prior approval of the Commissioner concerned, enter the business premises of a taxpayer, <sup>7</sup>[ ] to obtain any information, require production of any record, on which the required information is stored and examine it within such premises; and such firm may if specifically delegated by the Commissioner, also exercise the powers as provided in sub-section (4).]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clause (a) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) to furnish to the Commissioner or an authorised officer, any information relevant to any tax <sup>1</sup>[leviable] under this Ordinance as specified in the notice; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Comma omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "Board" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words and comma "selected for audit," omitted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) A special audit panel appointed under sub-section (11)of section 177, for any tax year, may, with the prior approval of the Commissioner concerned, enter the business premises of a taxpayer, to obtain any information, require production of any record, on which the required information is stored and examine it within such premises and such panel may if specifically delegated by the Commissioner, also exercise the powers as provided in subsection(4).]

(2) The Commissioner may impound any accounts or documents produced under sub-section (1) and retain them for so long as may be necessary for examination or for the purposes of prosecution.

(3) <sup>2</sup>[The person from whom information is required, may at his option, furnish the same electronically in any computer readable media.] Where a hard copy or computer disk of information stored on a computer is not made available as required under sub-section (1), the Commissioner may require production of the computer on which the information is stored, and impound and retain the computer for as long as is necessary to copy the information required.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the Commissioner shall have the same powers as are vested in a Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (Act V of 1908), in respect of the following matters, namely: —

- (a) enforcing the attendance of any person and examining the person on oath or affirmation;
- (b) compelling the production of any accounts, records, computerstored information, or computer;
- (c) receiving evidence on affidavit; or
- (d) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses.

(5) This section shall have effect notwithstanding any <sup>3</sup>[law or rules] relating to privilege or the public interest in relation to the production of accounts, documents, or computer-stored information or the giving of information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "rule of law" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>1</sup>[**177. Audit.**— <sup>2</sup>[(1) The Commissioner may call for any record or documents including books of accounts maintained under this Ordinance or any there law for the time being in force for conducting audit of the income tax affairs of the person and where such record or documents have been kept on electronic data, the person shall allow access to the Commissioner or the officer authorized by the Commissioner for use of machine and software on which such data is kept and the Commissioner or the officer may have access to the required information and data and duly attested hard copies of such information or data for the purpose of investigation and proceedings under this Ordinance in respect of such person or any other person:

Provided that—

 the Commissioner may, after recording reasons in writing call for record or documents including books of accounts of the taxpayer; and

- (a) the person's history of compliance or non-compliance with this Ordinance;
- (b) the amount of tax payable by the person;
- (c) the class of business conducted by the person; and
- (d) any other matter that the commissioner considers relevant.

(1B) After completion of the audit under sub-section (1A) or sub-section (3), the Commissioner may, if considered necessary, after obtaining taxpayer's explanation on all the issues raised in the audit, amend the assessment under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be.

(2) The fact that a person has been audited in a year shall not preclude the person from being audited again in the next and following years where there are reasonable grounds for such audits, particularly having regard to the factors in sub-section (1).

(3) The Central Board of Revenue may appoint a firm of Chartered Accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961(X of 1961), to conduct an audit of the income tax affairs of any person and the scope of such audit shall be as determined by the Central Board of Revenue on a case by case basis.

(4) Any person employed by a firm referred to in sub-section (3) may by authorised by the commissioner, in writing, to exercise the powers in sections 175 and 176 for the purposes of the conducting audit under that subsection."

<sup>2</sup> Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

"(1) The Commissioner may call for any record or documents including books of accounts maintained under this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force for conducting audit of the income tax affairs of the person and where such record or documents have been kept on electronic data, the person shall allow access to the Commissioner or the officer authorized by the Commissioner for use of machine and software on which such data is kept and the Commissioner or the officer may take into possession such machine and duly attested hard copies of such information or data for the purpose of investigation and proceedings under this Ordinance in respect of such person or any other person:

Provided that the Commissioner shall not call for record or documents of the taxpayer after expiry of six years from the end of the tax year to which they relate."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 177 substituted by the Finance Act, 2004. The Substituted section 177 read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;177. Audit:- (1) The commissioner may select any person for an audit of the person's income tax affairs having regard to-

<sup>(1</sup>A) After selection of a person for audit under sub-section (1), the Commissioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (including examination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of that person.

(b) the reasons shall be communicated to the taxpayer while calling record or documents including books of accounts of the taxpayer:

Provided further that the Commissioner shall not call for record or documents of the taxpayer after expiry of six years from the end of the tax year to which they relate.]

<sup>1</sup>[(2) After obtaining the record of a person under sub-section (1) or where necessary record is not maintained, the Commissioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (including examination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of that person or any other person and may call for such other information and documents as he may deem appropriate.]

<sup>2</sup>[(2A) For the purpose of sub-section (2), the Commissioner may conduct audit proceedings electronically through video links, or any other facility as prescribed by the Board.

(2AA) Where a taxpayer—

- (a) has not furnished record or documents including books of accounts;
- (b) has furnished incomplete record or books of accounts; or
- (c) is unable provide sufficient explanation regarding the defects in records, documents or books of accounts,

it shall be construed that taxable income has not been correctly declared and the Commissioner shall determine taxable income on the basis of sectoral benchmark ratios prescribed by the Board.

*Explanation.*—The expression "sectoral benchmark ratios" means standard business sector ratios notified by the Board on the basis of comparative cases and includes financial ratios, production ratios, gross profit ratio, not profit ratio, recovery ratio, wastage ratio and such other ratios in respect of such sectors as may be prescribed.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows: "(2) After obtaining the record of a person under sub-section (1) or where necessary record is not maintained, the Commissioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (including examination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of that person or any other person and may call for such other information and documents as he may deem appropriate."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New sub-sections (2A) and (2AA) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>1</sup>[]

²[]

3[]

<sup>4</sup>[(6) After compilation of the audit, the Commissioner shall, after obtaining taxpayer's explanation on all the issues raised in the audit, issue an audit report containing audit observations and finding.]

<sup>5</sup>[(6A) After issuing the audit report, the Commissioner may, if considered necessary, amend the assessment under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be, after providing an opportunity of being heard to the taxpayer under sub-section (9) of section 122.]

(7) The fact that a person has been audited in a year shall not preclude the person from being audited again in the next and following years where there are reasonable grounds for such audits  ${}^{6}$ [].

(8) The <sup>7</sup>[Board] may appoint a firm of Chartered Accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961) <sup>8</sup>[or a firm of Cost and Management Accountants as defined under the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966)], or a firm of Cost and Management Accountants as defined under the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) The Board shall keep the criteria confidential."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:
 "(4) In addition to the selection referred to in sub-section (2), the Commissioner may also select a person or classes of persons for an audit of the person's income tax affairs having regard to -

<sup>(</sup>a) the person's history of compliance or non-compliance with this Ordinance;

<sup>(</sup>b) the amount of tax payable by the person;

<sup>(</sup>c) the class of business conducted by the person; and

<sup>(</sup>d) any other matter which in the opinion of Commissioner is material for determination of correct income."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (5) read as follows:
 "(5) After selection of a person or classes of persons for audit under sub-section (2) or (4),

the Commissioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (including examination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of such person or classes of persons."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-section (6) substituted through Finance Act, 2019 substituted sub-section (6) read as follows: (6) After completion of the audit 4[], the Commissioner may, if considered necessary, after obtaining taxpayer's explanation on all the issues raised in the audit, amend the assessment under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New sub-section (6A) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words, comma, brackets and figure "particularly having regard to the factors in sub-section (4)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

(XIV of 1966) to conduct an audit of the income tax affairs of any person  $^{1}$ [or classes of persons  $^{2}$ []] and the scope of such audit shall be as determined by the  $^{3}$ [Board]  $^{4}$ [or the Commissioner] on a case to case basis.

(9) Any person employed by a firm referred to in sub-section (8) may be authorized by the Commissioner, in writing, to exercise the powers in sections 175 and 176 for the purposes of conducting an audit under that sub-section.]

<sup>5</sup>[(10) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (2) and (6) where a person fails to produce before the Commissioner or a firm of Chartered Accountants or a firm of Cost and Management Accountants appointed by the Board or the Commissioner under sub-section (8) to conduct an audit, any accounts, documents and records, required to be maintained under section 174 or any other relevant document, electronically kept record, electronic machine or any other evidence that may be required by the Commissioner or the firm of Chartered Accountants or the firm of Cost and Management Accountants for the purpose of audit or determination of income and tax due thereon, the Commissioner may proceed to make best judgment assessment under section 121 of this Ordinance and the assessment treated to have been made on the basis of return or revised return filed by the taxpayer shall be of no legal effect.]

<sup>6</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the powers of the Commissioner under this section are independent of the powers of the Board under section 214C and nothing contained in section 214C restricts the powers of the Commissioner to call for the record or documents including books of accounts of a taxpayer for audit and to conduct audit under this section.]

<sup>7</sup>[(11) The Board may appoint as many special audit panels as may be necessary, comprising two or more members from the following:—

- (a) an officer or officers of Inland Revenue;
- (b) a firm of chartered accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961);
- (c) a firm of cost and management accountants as defined under the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966); or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "selected for audit by the Commissioner or by the Board" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by Finance Act, 2015.

- (d) any other person <sup>1</sup>[including a foreign expert or specialist] as directed by the Board, to conduct an audit, including a forensic audit, of the income tax affairs of any person or classes of persons and the scope of such audit shall be as determined by the Board or the Commissioner on case-to-case basis.
- <sup>2</sup>[(e) a tax audit expert deployed under an audit assistance programme of an international tax organization or a tax authority outside Pakistan:

Provided that in case the member is not an officer of Inland Revenue, the person shall only be included as a member in the special audit panel if an agreement of confidentiality has been entered into between the Board and the person, international tax organization or a tax authority, as the case may be.]

(12) Special audit panel under sub-section (1) shall be headed by a Chairman who shall be an officer of Inland Revenue.

(13) Powers under sections 175 and 176 for the purposes of conducting an audit under sub-section (11), shall only be exercised by an officer or officers of Inland Revenue, who are member or members of the special audit panel, and authorized by the Commissioner.

(14) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (2) and(6), where a person fails to produce before the Commissioner or a special audit panel under sub-section (11) to conduct an audit, any accounts, documents and records, required to be maintained under section 174 or any other relevant document, electronically kept record, electronic machine or any other evidence that may be required by the Commissioner or the panel, the Commissioner may proceed to make best judgment assessment under section 121 and the assessment treated to have been made on the basis of return or revised return filed by the taxpayer shall be of no legal effect.

(15) If any one member of the special audit panel, other than the Chairman, is absent from conducting an audit, the proceedings of the audit may continue, and the audit conducted by the special audit panel shall not be invalid or be called in question merely on the ground of such absence.

(16) Functions performed by an officer or officers of Inland Revenue as members of the special audit panel, for conducting audit, shall be treated to have been performed by special audit panel.

(17) The Board may prescribe the mode and manner of constitution, procedure and working of the special audit panel."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by Finance Act, 2018

**178.** Assistance to Commissioner.— Every Officer of Customs, <sup>1</sup>[] Provincial Excise and Taxation, District Coordination Officer, District Officers including District Officer – Revenue, the Police and the Civil Armed Forces is empowered and required to assist the Commissioner in the discharge of the Commissioner's functions under this Ordinance.

**179.** Accounts, documents, records and computer-stored information not in Urdu or English language.— Where any account, document, record or computer-stored information referred to in section 174, 175 or 176 is not in the Urdu or English language, the Commissioner may, by notice in writing, require the person keeping the account, document, record or computer-stored information to provide, at the person's expense, a translation into the Urdu or English language by a translator approved by the Commissioner for this purpose.

**180.** Power to collect information regarding exempt income.— The <sup>2</sup>[Board] may, by notification in the official Gazette, authorise any department or agency of the Government to collect and compile any data in respect of incomes from industrial and commercial undertakings exempt from tax under this Ordinance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words and commas "Federal Excise, Sales Tax," omitted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

## <sup>1</sup>[**PART IX** TAXPAYER'S REGISTRATION

**181. Taxpayer's registration.**— (1) Every taxpayer shall apply in the prescribed form and in the prescribed manner for registration.

(2) The Commissioner having jurisdiction over a case, where necessitated by the facts of the case, may also register a taxpayer in the prescribed manner.

(3) Taxpayers' registration scheme shall be regulated through the rules to be notified by the Board 2[3["."]]

### <sup>4</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[]]

<sup>6</sup>[(4) From tax year 2015 and onwards, in case of individuals having Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) issued by the National Database and Registration Authority, CNIC shall be used as National Tax Number.]

<sup>7</sup>[181A. Active taxpayers' list.— (1) The Board shall have the power to institute active taxpayers' list.

(2) Active taxpayers' list shall be regulated as may be prescribed.]

<sup>8</sup>[**181AA. Compulsory registration in certain cases.-**(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law, for the time being in force, any application for

<sup>1</sup>Part IX ssubstituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted "Part IX" read as follows:

#### **"PART IX**

#### NATIONAL TAX NUMBER CERTIFICATE

**181.** National Tax Number Certificate.- (1) Every taxpayer shall apply in the prescribed form and in the prescribed manner for a National Tax Number Certificate.

(2) An application under sub-section (1) shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(3) The Commissioner having jurisdiction over an applicant under sub-section (1) may after examination of all relevant documents and evidence, and after satisfying himself of the genuineness of the application, may direct issuance of the National Tax Number Certificate for a period prescribed by Commissioner:

Provided that the Board may in the case of individuals allow use of National Identity Card, issued by the National Database and Registration Authority, in place of National Tax Number."

<sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>3</sup> Substituted ":" by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>5</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-

"Provided that the Board may in case of individuals allow, in place of National Tax Number, use of Computerized National Identity Card issued by the National Database and Registration Authority."

<sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

commercial or industrial connection of electricity or natural gas, shall not be processed and such connection shall not be provided unless the person applying for electricity or gas connection is registered under section 181.]

<sup>1</sup>[**181B. Taxpayer card.**— Subject to this Ordinance, the Board may make a scheme for introduction of a tax-payer honour card for individual taxpayers, who fulfill a minimum criteria to be eligible for the benefits as contained in the scheme.]

<sup>2</sup>[**181C. Displaying of National Tax Number**.— Every person deriving income from business chargeable to tax, who has been issued a National Tax Number, shall display his National Tax Number at a conspicuous place at every place of his business.]

<sup>3</sup>[181D. Business licence scheme.- <sup>4</sup>[(1)] Every person engaged in any business, profession or vocation shall be required to obtain and display a business licence as prescribed by the Board.]

 $^{5}$ [(2) Where a person fails to obtain business licence under sub-section (1), the Commissioner may, in addition to and not in derogation of any punishment to which the person may be liable under this Ordinance or any other law, impose a fine of –

- (a) twenty thousand Rupees, in case of a taxpayer deriving income chargeable to tax under this Ordinance; or
- (b) five thousand Rupees, in all other cases.

(3) The Commissioner may, by an order in writing, cancel a business licence issued under sub-section (1) after providing an opportunity of being heard to the person, if -

- (a) such person fails to notify any change in particulars within thirty days of such charge; or
- (b) such person is convicted of any offence under any federal tax law.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New Section (181D) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Provision re-numbered as sub-section (1) through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New sub-sections (2) & (3) inserted through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019, dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

<sup>1</sup>[**181E. Record of beneficial owners.**- (1) Every company and association of persons shall electronically furnish particulars of its beneficial owners in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Every company and association of persons shall update the particulars of its beneficial owners as and when there is a change in the particulars of the beneficial owners.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New Section 181E inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>1</sup>[**182. Offences and penalties.**— (1) Any person who commits any offence specified in column (2) of the Table below shall, in addition to and not in derogation of any punishment to which he may be liable under this Ordinance or any other law, be liable to the penalty mentioned against that offence in column (3) thereof:—

#### TABLE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 182 substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted section 182 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;182. Penalty for failure to furnish a return or statement.-** (1) Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to furnish, within the time allowed under this Ordinance, return of income or a statement as required under sub-section (4) of section 115 or wealth statement for any tax year as required under this Ordinance shall be liable for a penalty equal to one-tenth of one per cent of the tax payable for each day of default subject to a minimum penalty of five hundred rupees and a maximum penalty of twenty-five per cent of the tax payable in respect of that tax year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to furnish, within the time allowed under this Ordinance, any statement required under section 165 shall be liable for a penalty of two thousand rupees.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where a person liable to a penalty under sub-section (2) continues to fail to furnish the statement, the person shall be liable for an additional penalty of two hundred rupees for each day of default after the imposition of the penalty under sub-section (2)."

S.	Offences	Penalties	Section of
No.			the Ordinance
			to which
			offence has
			reference
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.		<ul> <li><sup>2</sup>[]</li> <li><sup>3</sup>[Such person shall pay a penalty equal to higher of –</li> <li>(a) 0.1% of the tax payable in respect of that tax year for each day of default; or</li> <li>(b) rupees one thousand for each day of default:</li> </ul>	114 *[and 118]
		<ul> <li>default:</li> <li>Provided that minimum penalty shall be</li> <li>(i) rupees ten thousand in case of individual having seventy-five percent or more income from salary; or</li> <li>(ii) rupees fifty thousand in all other cases:</li> <li>Provided further that maximum penalty shall not exceed two hundred percent of tax payable by the person in a tax year:</li> <li>Provided also that the amount of penalty shall be reduced by 75%, 50% and 25% if the return is filed within one, two and three months respectively after the due date or extended due date of filing of return as prescribed under the law;</li> <li><i>Explanation.</i>— For the purposes of this entry, it is declared that the expression "tax payable" means tax chargeable on the taxable income on the basis of assessment made or treated to have been made under section 120, 121, 122 or 122D;]</li> </ul>	
<sup>4</sup> [1A.	Where any person fails to furnish a statement as required under section <sup>5</sup> [] 165, or 165A <sup>6</sup> [, 165A or 165B] within the due date.]	<sup>7</sup> [Such person shall pay a penalty of Rs.5000 if the person had already paid the tax collected or withheld by him within the due date for payment and the statement is filed within ninety days from the due date for filing the statement and, in all other cases, a penalty of Rs.2500 for each day of default from the due date subject to a minimum penalty of Rs. 10,000] <sup>8</sup> [: Provided that where it stands established that no tax was required to be deducted or collected during the relevant period, minimum amount of penalty shall be ten thousand Rupees.";	<sup>9</sup> [ ] 165 and 165A <sup>10</sup> [, 165A and 165B]

<sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>7</sup>The expression "Such person shall pay a penalty of Rs. 2500 for each day of default subject to a minimum penalty of ten thousand rupees" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words and figures "Where any person fails to furnish a return of income or a statement as required under section 115 or wealth statement or wealth reconciliation statement or statement under section 165 within the due date" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words and figures "Such person shall pay a penalty equal to 0.1% of the tax payable for each day of default subject to a minimum penalty of five thousand rupees and a maximum penalty of 25% of the tax payable in respect of that tax year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The expression "Such person shall pay a penalty equal to 0.1% of the tax payable in respect of that tax year for each day of default subject to a maximum penalty of 50% of the tax payable provided that if the penalty worked out as aforesaid is less than <sup>3</sup>[forty] thousand rupees or no tax is payable for that tax year such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>3</sup>[forty] thousand rupees] <sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>[Provided that If seventy-five percent of the income is from salary and the amount of income under salary is less than five million Rupees, the minimum amount of penalty shall be five thousand Rupees] <sup>3</sup>[:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that if taxable income is up-to eight hundred thousand Rupees, the minimum amount of penalty shall be five thousand Rupees:

Provided also that the amount of penalty shall be reduced by 75%, 50% and 25% if the return is filed within one, two and three months respectively after the due date or extended due date of filing of return as prescribed under the law.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the purposes of this entry, it is declared that the expression "tax payable" means tax chargeable on the taxable income on the basis of assessment made or treated to have been made under section 120, 121, 122 or 122C." substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>In column (2) the figure "115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier these amendments were made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>In column (4) the figure "115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

4			
<sup>1</sup> [1AA.	fails to furnish wealth statement or wealth reconciliation	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>2</sup> ["0.1% of the taxable income per week or Rs. <sup>3</sup> [100,000] whichever is higher."]	
	statement.		
⁵[IAAA	fails to furnish a foreign assets and income statement within the due date.	Such persons shall pay a penalty of 2 percent of the foreign income or value of the foreign assets for each year of default.	-
2.	to issue cash memo	Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three <i>per cent</i> of the amount of the tax involved, whichever is higher.	
3.	Any person who is required to apply for registration under this Ordinance but fails to make an application for registration.	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>6</sup> [ten] thousand rupees.	181
4.		Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees.	181
7[]	-		
<sup>8</sup> []			
4B		Such a person shall pay a penalty at the rate of Rs. <sup>9</sup> [100,000] for each connection provided to an unregistered person.	181AA]

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> S. No. 4A and entries relating thereto in column (2), (3) and (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted S. No. 4 read as follows:

"4A.	Any person who is required to furnish	Such a person shall pay a penalty of Rs.	114A"
	or update a taxpayer's profile but fails	2,500 for each day of default from the	
	to furnish or update within the due	due date subject to a minimum penalty	
	date.	of Rs. 10,000.	

<sup>9</sup> The figure "10,000" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Substituted "Rs.100 for each day of default." by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Figure "20,000" substituted by "100,000" though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>In column (4) the figure "115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Word "five" substituted by "ten" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>New serials "4A" and "4B" inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

5.	to deposit the amount of tax due or any part thereof in the time or manner laid down		137
	to pay the tax due on the basis of an order under section 129 on or before the due date given in the notice under sub-section (2) of section 137 issued in consequence of the said order, and does not file an appeal under section 131 the penalty payable shall be reduced by 50%.]		
6.	repeats erroneous calculation in the return for more than one year whereby amount of tax <sup>2</sup> [paid is] less than the actual		137
7.	to maintain records	Such person shall pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or five <i>per cent</i> of the amount of tax on income whichever is higher.	174 <sup>6</sup> [,108]
8.	Where a taxpayer who, without any reasonable cause, in non- compliance with provisions of section 177—		177
	produce the record of documents on receipt of first notice.		
	(b) fails to produce the record or documents on receipt of second notice; and		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "is paid" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Word "five" substituted by "thirty" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The word "ten" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

		such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>1</sup> [one hundred] thousand rupees.	
9.	to furnish the	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>3</sup> [twenty-five] thousand rupees for the first default and <sup>4</sup> [fifty] thousand rupees for each subsequent default.	176
10.	misleading statement to an Inland Revenue Authority either in writing or orally or electronically including a	deemed under section 120, no penalty shall be imposed to the extent of the tax shortfall occurring as a result of the taxpayer taking a reasonably arguable position on the application of this Ordinance to the taxpayers' position.	
	filed or furnished under this Ordinance;		
	leading information or document or statement to an Income Tax Authority either in writing or orally or electronically;		
	(c) omits from a statement made or information furnished to an Income Tax Authority any matter or thing without which the statement or the information is false or misleading in a material particular.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "fifty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "five" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "ten" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Figure "100%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>In column (4) the figure "115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "and general" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

11.	Any person who denies or obstructs the access of the Commissioner or any officer authorized by the Commissioner to the premises, place, accounts, documents, computers or stocks.	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>1</sup> [fifty] thousand rupees or <sup>2</sup> [fifty] <i>per cent</i> of the amount of tax involved, whichever, is higher.	175 and 177
12.	concealed income or furnished inaccurate particulars of such income, including but not limited to the suppression of any income or amount chargeable to tax, the	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>1</sup> [one hundred] thousand rupees or an amount equal to the tax which the person sought to evade whichever is higher. However, no penalty shall be payable on mere disallowance of a claim of exemption from tax of any income or amount declared by a person or mere disallowance of any expenditure declared by a person to be deductible, unless it is proved that the person made the claim knowing it to be wrong.	20, 111 and General
13.	Any person who obstructs any Income Tax Authority in the performance of his official duties.	Such person shall pay a penalty of twenty five thousand rupees.	209, 210 and General.
14.	contravenes any of the	Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees or three <i>per cent</i> of the amount of tax involved, which-ever is higher.	General.
15.	collect or deduct tax as	Such person shall pay a penalty of <sup>2</sup> [forty] thousand rupees or the 10% of the amount of tax which-ever is higher.	
<sup>4</sup> [16.		Such person shall pay a penalty of five thousand rupees.	181C <sup>6</sup> [and 181D] ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Word "twenty five" substituted by "fifty" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "one hundred" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

7[17.	institution or reporting entity who fails to furnish		165B	108	and
18. <sup>8</sup> [ <sup>9</sup> [	keep and maintain	1% of the value of transactions, the record of which is required to be maintained under section 108 and Income Tax Rules, 2002.	108.]		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "twenty five" substituted by "one hundred" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

<sup>9</sup> S. Nos. 19 and 20 omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted S. Nos read as follows:

19	Where any manufacturer of a motor vehicle accepts or processes any application for booking or purchase of a locally manufactured motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of clause (a) of section 227C	Such person shall pay a penalty of 5 percent of the value of the motor vehicle	227C
20	<ul> <li>(i) Where any registering authority of Excise and Taxation Department accepts, processes or registers any application for registration of a locally manufactured motor vehicle or for the first registration of an imported vehicle in violation of the provisions of clause (a) of section 227C.</li> <li>(ii) Where any authority responsible for registering, recording or attesting the transfer of immovable property accepts or processes the registration or attestation of such property in violation of the provisions of clause (b) of section 227C.</li> </ul>	Such person shall pay a penalty of 3 percent of the value of motor vehicle or immovable property.	227C"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "twenty five" substituted by "forty" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The entries "148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 153A, 154, 155, 156, 156A, 156B, 158, 160, 231A, 231B, 233, 233A, 234, 234A, 235, 236A, 236A," in column (4), substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

r			
			]]
1["21	purchases immovable property having fair market value greater	Such person shall pay a penalty of five percent of the value of property determined by the Board under sub-section (4) of section 68 or by the provincial authority for the purpose of stamp duty, whichever is higher.	75A
22	evader is involved in offshore tax evasion	Such person shall pay a penalty of one hundred thousand rupees or an amount equal to two hundred per cent of the tax which the person sought to evade, whichever is higher.	General
23	of any translation or declaration made by a	Such person shall pay a penalty of three hundred thousand rupees or an amount equal to two hundred per cent of the tax which was sought to be evaded, whichever is higher.	General
24	involved in asset	Such person shall pay a penalty of one hundred thousand rupees or an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the tax whichever is higher.	General

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New serial numbers (21 to 28) and corresponding entries added through Finance Act, 2019.

25	Financial Institution fails to comply with	Such Reporting Financial Institution shall pay a penalty of Rs.10,000 for each default and an additional Rs. 10,000 each month until the default is redressed.	
26	Financial Institution files an incomplete or	Such Reporting Financial Institution shall pay a penalty of Rs.10,000 for each default and an additional Rs. 10,000 each month until the default is redressed.	
27	Financial Institution fails to obtain valid		
28	Jurisdiction Person fails to furnish valid	Such Reporting Financial Institution shall pay a penalty of Rs.5,000 for each default and an additional Rs. 5,000 each month until the default is redressed.]	

1[29	fails to declare business bank account(s), in his registration application or fails to amend his registration profile to declare existing business	Such person shall pay a penalty of Rs. 10,000 for each day of default since the date of submission of application for registration or date of opening of undeclared business bank account whichever is later: Provided that if penalty worked out as aforesaid is less than Rs.100,000 for each undeclared bank account, such person shall pay a penalty of Rs.100,000 for each undeclared business bank account: Provided further that this provision shall be applicable from the first day of October, 2021 during which period the taxpayer may update their registration forms.	181]
<sup>2</sup> [30		Such company or Association of Persons shall pay a penalty of Rs. 1,000,000/- for each default.	181E
31	to integrate or perform roles and functions as specified, after being	Such person shall pay a penalty of: (i) Rs.50,000 for first default of 07 days (ii) Rs. 100,000 for second default of next 07 days (iii) Rs. 50,000 for each week after the second consecutive week of default: Provided that no penalty shall be imposed for the period for which extension from integration is granted by the Commissioner subject to the condition that, if the SWAPS Agent fails to integrate within such extended time, penalties shall be imposed as if no extension was granted.	164A
32	integrated for	Such person shall pay a penalty of five hundred thousand rupees or two hundred per cent of the amount of tax involved, whichever is higher.	237A

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> S. No. 29 added by the Finance Act, 2021.
 <sup>2</sup> S. Nos. 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34 and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

	which does not carry the prescribed invoice number or QR code or bears duplicate invoice number or counterfeit QR code, or defaces the prescribed invoice number or QR code, or any person who abets commissioning of such offence.		
33	required to integrate his business for monitoring, tracking, reporting or recording of sales, services and	Such person shall be liable to pay a penalty up to one million rupees, and if continues to commit the same offence after a period of two months after imposition of penalty as aforesaid, his business premises shall be sealed till such time he integrates his business in the manner as stipulated under sub- section (3) of section 237A, as the case may be.	237A
34	integrate his business as stipulated under sub-section (3) of section 237A, who fails to get himself registered under the Ordinance, and if registered, fails to integrate in the manner as required under the law and	<ul> <li>ii) penalty of one million rupees for second default after fifteen days of order for first default;</li> <li>iii) penalty of two million rupees for third default after fifteen days of order for second default;</li> <li>iv)penalty of three million rupees for fourth default after fifteen days of order for third default:</li> </ul>	237A

(2) The penalties specified under sub-section (1) shall be applied in a consistent manner and no penalty shall be payable unless an order in writing is

passed by the Commissioner, Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal after providing an opportunity of being heard to the person concerned <sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that where the taxpayer admits his default he may voluntarily pay the amount of penalty due under this section.]

<sup>3</sup>[Explanation.—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that establishing mens rea is not necessary for levying of penalty under this section.]

(3) Where a Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal makes an order under sub-section (2), the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, shall immediately serve a copy of the order on the Commissioner and thereupon all the provision of this Ordinance relating to the recovery of penalty shall apply as if the order was made by the Commissioner.

(4) Where in consequence of any order under this Ordinance, the amount of tax in respect of which any penalty payable under sub-section (1) is reduced, the amount of penalty shall be reduced accordingly.]

<sup>4</sup>[182A. Return not filed within due date. — (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, where a person fails to file a return of income under section 114 by the due date as specified in section 118 or by the date as extended by the Board under section 214A or extended by the Commissioner under section 119, as the case may be, such person shall—

(a) not be included in the active taxpayers' list for the year for which return was not filed within the due date <sup>5</sup>[:]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided that without prejudice to any other liability under this Ordinance, the person shall be included in the active taxpayer ' list on filing return after the due date, if the person pays surcharge at Rupees-

- (i) twenty thousand in case of a company;
- (ii) ten thousand in case of an association of persons;
- (iii) one thousand in case of an individual.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Word ";and" substituted by colon through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>New proviso inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

"Explanation.—For the removal of doubt it is clarified that the provisions of this section shall apply from tax year 2018 and onwards for which the first Active Taxpayers List is to be issued on first day of March, 2019 under Income Tax Rules, 2002.; and

- (b) not be allowed, for that tax year, to carry forward any loss under Part VIII of Chapter IV <sup>1</sup>[;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(c) not be issued refund during the period the person is not included in the active taxpayers' list; and
- (d) not be entitled to additional payment for delayed refund under section 171 and the period the person is not included in the active taxpayers' list, shall not be counted for computation of additional payment for delayed refund.]
- <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>[**183. Exemption from penalty and default surcharge**.— The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, or the Board by an order

- (a) twenty thousand in case of a company;
- (b) ten thousand in case of an association of persons; and
- (c) one thousand in case of an individual."

<sup>5</sup>Section 183 substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted section 183 read as follows:

**"183.** Penalty for non-payment of tax.- (1) A taxpayer who fails to pay any tax (other than penalty imposed under this section) due under this Ordinance by the due date shall be liable for a penalty equal to –

- (a) in the case of the first default, five per cent of the amount of tax in default;
- (b) in the case of a second default, an additional penalty of twenty per cent of the amount of tax in default;
- (c) in the case of a third default, an additional penalty of twenty-five per cent of the amount of tax in default; and
- (d) in the case of a fourth and subsequent default, an additional penalty of up to fifty per cent of the amount of tax in default as determined by the Commissioner, but the total penalty in respect of the amount of tax in default shall not exceed one hundred per cent of such amount of tax.

(2) Where, in consequence of any order under this Ordinance, the amount of tax in respect of which any penalty imposed under sub-section (1) is reduced, the amount of the penalty shall be reduced accordingly."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Full stop substituted by semicolon through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New clauses (c) & (d) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New sub-section (2) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Where a person fails to furnish or update a taxpayer's profile within the due date or time period specified in sub-section (3) of section 114A or within the date as extended by the Board under section 214A, such person shall not be included in the active taxpayers' list for the latest tax year ending prior to the aforesaid due date or extended date:

Provided that without prejudice to any other liability under this Ordinance, such person shall be included in the active taxpayers' list upon filing the taxpayer's profile after the due date or extended date, if the person pays surcharge at Rupees—

published in the official Gazette for reasons to be recorded in writing, exempt any person or class of persons from payment of the whole or part of the penalty and default surcharge payable under this Ordinance subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in such notification or, as the case may be, order.]

- <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]
- 3[]
- 4[]

(b) the claiming of any deduction for any expenditure not actually incurred; or

(4) Where a Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal makes an order under sub-section (1), the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, shall immediately serve a copy of the order on the Commissioner and thereupon all the provisions of this Ordinance relating to the recovery of penalty shall apply as if the order were made by the Commissioner. (5) Where, in consequence of any order under this Ordinance, the amount of tax in respect of which any penalty imposed under sub-section (1) is reduced, the amount of the penalty shall be reduced accordingly."

<sup>2</sup> Section 185 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 185 read as follows:

**"185. Penalty for failure to maintain records.-** A person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to maintain records as required under this Ordinance shall be liable for a penalty equal to –

- (a) in the case of the first failure, two thousand rupees;
- (b) in the case of a second failure, five thousand rupees; and
- (c) in the case of a third and subsequent failure, ten thousand rupees."

<sup>3</sup> Section 186 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 186 read as follows:

**"186. Penalty for non-compliance with notice.-** (1) A person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with any notice served on the person under section 116 or 176 shall be liable for a penalty equal to –

- (a) in the case of the first failure, two thousand rupees;
- (b) in the case of a second failure, five thousand rupees; or
- (c) in the case of a third and subsequent failure, ten thousand rupees.

(2) Where a person liable for a penalty under sub-section (1) has an assessed tax liability for the tax year in which the failure occurred of less than twenty thousand rupees, the amount of the penalty imposed under sub-section (1) shall be reduced by seventy-five per cent."

<sup>4</sup> Section 187 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 187 read as follows: "**187. Penalty for making false or misleading statements.-** (1) Where a person –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 184 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 184 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;184. Penalty for concealment of income.- (1) Where, in the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance, the Commissioner, Commissioner (Appeals), or the Appellate Tribunal is satisfied that any person has either in the said proceedings or in any earlier proceedings relating to an assessment in respect of the same tax year concealed income or furnished inaccurate particulars of such income, the Commissioner, Commissioner (Appeals), or the Appellate Tribunal, as the case may be, may, by an order in writing, impose upon the person a penalty equal to the amount of tax which the person sought to evade by concealment of income or the furnishing of inaccurate particulars of such income.

<sup>(2)</sup> For the purposes of sub-section (1), concealment of income or the furnishing of inaccurate particulars of income shall include –

<sup>(</sup>a) the suppression of any income or amount chargeable to tax;

<sup>(</sup>c) any act referred to in sub-section (1) of section 111.

<sup>(3)</sup> Where any income or amount declared by a taxpayer is claimed by the taxpayer to be exempt from tax or any expenditure declared by a taxpayer is claimed by the taxpayer to be deductible, the mere disallowance of such claim shall not constitute concealment of income or the furnishing of inaccurate particulars of income, unless it is proved that the taxpayer made the claim knowing it to be wrong.

<sup>1</sup>[]

- ²[]
- 3[]
- (a) makes a statement to an income tax authority that is false or misleading in a material particular or omits from a statement made to an income tax authority any matter or thing without which the statement is false or misleading in a material particular; and
- (b) the tax liability (including the liability for advance tax under section 147) of the person computed on the basis of the statement is less than it would have been if the statement had not been false or misleading (the difference hereinafter referred to as the "tax shortfall"),

the person shall be liable for a penalty equal to -

- (i) where the statement or omission was made knowingly or recklessly, two hundred per cent of the tax shortfall; or
- (ii) in any other case (other than where sub-section (2) applies), twenty-five per cent of the tax shortfall.

(2) In the case of an assessment order under section 120, no penalty shall be imposed under sub-section (1) to the extent to which the tax shortfall arose as a result of the taxpayer taking a reasonably arguable position on the application of this Ordinance to the taxpayer's position.

(3) A reference in this section to a statement made to an income tax authority is a reference to a statement made in writing or orally to that authority acting in the performance of the authority's duties under this Ordinance, and shall include a statement made -

- (a) in an application, certificate, declaration, notification, return, objection or other document made, prepared, given, filed or furnished under this Ordinance;
- (b) in information required to be furnished under this Ordinance;
- in a document furnished to an income tax authority otherwise than pursuant to this Ordinance;
- (d) in answer to a question asked of a person by an income tax authority; or
- (e) to another person with the knowledge or reasonable expectation that the statement would be conveyed to an income tax authority."

<sup>1</sup>Section 188 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 188 read as follows:

**"188. Penalty for failure to give notice.-** (1) Where a person fails to give notice of the discontinuance of the person's business as required under section 117, the Commissioner may impose a penalty on the person not exceeding the amount of tax payable by the person for the tax year in which the business was discontinued.

(2) Where a person fails to give notice of the person's appointment as liquidator as required under section 141, the Commissioner may impose a penalty on the person not exceeding ten thousand rupees."

<sup>2</sup>Section 189 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 189 read as follows:

"**189. Penalty for obstruction.-** Where any person obstructs the Commissioner or a taxation officer in discharge of the Commissioner or officer's functions under this Ordinance, the Commissioner may impose a penalty on the person not exceeding ten thousand rupees."

<sup>3</sup>Section 190 omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted section 190 read as follows:

**"190.** Imposition of penalty.- (1) No penalty may be imposed under this Part on any person unless the person is given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

(2) Subject to sub-section (3), the imposition of a penalty under this Part shall be without prejudice to any other liability incurred by the person under this Ordinance.

(3) The imposition of a penalty in relation to an act or omission shall be an alternative to prosecution under Part XI of this Chapter.

(4) If a penalty has been paid under this Part and the Commissioner institutes a prosecution proceeding under Part XI of this Chapter in respect of the same act or omission, the Commissioner

## PART XI OFFENCES AND PROSECUTIONS

#### 191. Prosecution for non-compliance with certain statutory obligations. —

- (1) Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to -
  - <sup>1</sup>[(a) comply with a notice under sub-section (3)<sup>2</sup>[and sub-section (4)] of section 114 or sub-section (1) of section 116;]
    - (b) pay advance tax as required under section 147;
    - (c) comply with the obligation under Part V of this Chapter<sup>3</sup>[or chapter XII] to collect or deduct tax and pay the tax to the Commissioner;
    - <sup>4</sup>[(ca) furnish particulars or complete or accurate particulars of persons mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 165;]
    - (d) comply with a notice served under section 140 or 176;
    - (e) comply with the requirements of <sup>5</sup>[sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of] section 141; <sup>6</sup>[ ]
    - (f) provide reasonable facilities and assistance as required under subsection (3) of section 175 <sup>7</sup>[; <sup>8</sup>[ ]
    - (g) declare business bank account(s) in the registration form or updated registration form or return of income or wealth statement] <sup>9</sup>[;
    - (h) integrate his business with Board's computerized system; or
    - (i) generate tax invoice verifiable by the Board's system;";

shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or both.

shall refund the amount of penalty paid, and the penalty shall not be payable unless the prosecution is withdrawn.

<sup>(5)</sup> A penalty under sections 182, 183, 185, 186 and 187 shall be imposed by the Commissioner.

<sup>(6)</sup> The provisions of Parts III and IV of this Chapter shall apply to an assessment of penalty as if it were an assessment of tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) furnish a return of income as required under section 114 or a wealth statement as required under section 116;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New clause (ca) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Comma substituted, the word "and" inserted and clause (g) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Comma substituted and clauses (h) and (i) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

(2) If a person convicted of an offence under clause (a) of sub-section (1) fails, without reasonable excuse, to furnish the return of income or wealth statement to which the offence relates within the period specified by the Court, the person shall commit a further offence punishable on conviction with a fine <sup>1</sup>[not exceeding fifty thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

**192.** Prosecution for false statement in verification. — Any person who makes a statement in any verification in any return or other document furnished under this Ordinance which is false and which the person knows or believes to be false, or does not believe to be true, the person shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine <sup>2</sup>[upto hundred thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both.

<sup>3</sup>[**192A. Prosecution for concealment of income**.— (1) Where, in the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance, any person has either in the said proceedings or in any earlier proceedings concealed income or furnished inaccurate particulars of such income and revenue impact of such concealment or furnishing of inaccurate particulars of such income is five hundred thousand rupees or more shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with imprisonment upto two years or with fine or both.

(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), concealment of income or the furnishing of inaccurate particulars of income shall include–

- (a) the suppression of any income or amount chargeable to tax;
- (b) the claiming of any deduction for any expenditure not actually incurred; or
- (c) any act referred to in sub-section (1) of section 111.]

<sup>4</sup>[**192B. Prosecution for concealment of an offshore asset.-** (1) Any person who fails to declare an offshore asset to the Commissioner or furnished inaccurate particulars of an offshore asset and revenue impact of such concealment or furnishing of inaccurate particulars is ten million rupees or more shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with imprisonment up to three years or with a fine up to five hundred thousand Rupees or both.]

**193. Prosecution for failure to maintain records.**—A person who fails to maintain records as required under this Ordinance shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New sub section 192B inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

- (a) where the failure was deliberate, a fine<sup>1</sup>[not exceeding fifty thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both; or
- (b) in any other case, a fine<sup>2</sup>[not exceeding fifty thousand rupees].

**194. Prosecution for improper use of National Tax Number** <sup>3</sup>[**Certificate**].— A person who knowingly or recklessly uses a false National Tax Number <sup>4</sup>[Certificate] including the National Tax Number <sup>5</sup>[Certificate] of another person on a return or other document prescribed or used for the purposes of this Ordinance shall commit an offence punishable with a fine <sup>6</sup>[not exceeding fifty thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

# **195.** Prosecution for making false or misleading statements. — (1) A person who –

- makes a statement to <sup>7</sup>[an income tax authority] that is false or misleading in a material particular; or
- (b) omits from a statement made to <sup>8</sup>[an income tax authority] any matter or thing without which the statement is misleading in a material particular,

shall commit an offence punishable on conviction -

- (i) where the statement or omission was made knowingly or recklessly, with a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both; or
- (ii) in any other case, with a fine.

(2) A person shall not commit an offence under sub-section (1) if the person did not know and could not reasonably be expected to have known that the statement to which the prosecution relates was false or misleading.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "Card" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "Card" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "Card" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "a taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "a taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

(3) <sup>1</sup>["Entry against S.No 10 in column (2) of the Table in sub-section (1) of section 182"] shall apply in determining whether a person has made a statement to <sup>2</sup>[an income tax authority].

<sup>3</sup>[195A. Prosecution for non-compliance with notice under section 116A.— Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with a notice under sub-section (2) of section 116A; shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with imprisonment up to one year or with a fine up to fifty thousand Rupees or both.

**195B. Prosecution for enabling offshore tax evasion.** Any enabler who enables, guides or advises any person to design, arrange or manage a transaction or declaration in such a manner which results in offshore tax evasion, shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or with a fine up to five million Rupees or both.]

**196. Prosecution for obstructing** <sup>4</sup>**[an income tax authority. —]** A person who obstructs <sup>5</sup>[an income tax authority]in discharge of functions under this Ordinance shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or both.

**197. Prosecution for disposal of property to prevent attachment.** — Where the owner of any property, or a person acting on the owner's behalf or claiming under the owner, sells, mortgages, charges, leases or otherwise deals with the property after the receipt of a notice from the Commissioner with a view to preventing the Commissioner from attaching it, shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine <sup>6</sup>[upto hundred thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both.

**198.** Prosecution for unauthorised disclosure of information by a public servant.— A person who discloses any particulars in contravention of <sup>7</sup>[subsection 1B of section 107 or] section 216 shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine <sup>8</sup>[of not less than five hundred thousand rupees] or imprisonment for a term not exceeding <sup>9</sup>[one year], or both.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted "Sub-section (3) of section 187" by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "a taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New sub-sections (195A) & (195B) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "a taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "a taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "six months" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

**199. Prosecution for abetment.** — Where a person <sup>1</sup>[knowingly and wilfully] aids, abets, assists, incites or induces another person to commit an offence under this Ordinance, the first-mentioned person shall commit an offence punishable on conviction with a fine or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or both.

**200.** Offences by companies and associations of persons. — (1) Where an offence under this Part is committed by a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was -

- (a) the principal officer, a director, general manager, company secretary or other similar officer of the company; o
- (b) acting or purporting to act in that capacity,

shall be, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, guilty of the offence and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

(2) Where an offence under this Part is committed by an association of persons, every person who, at the time the offence was committed, was a member of the association shall be, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, guilty of the offence and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

- (3) Sub-sections (1) and (2) shall not apply to a person where -
  - (a) the offence was committed without the person's consent or knowledge; and
  - (b) the person has exercised all diligence to prevent the commission of the offence as ought to have been exercised having regard to the nature of the person's functions and all the circumstances.

**201.** Institution of prosecution proceedings without prejudice to other action.— Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, a prosecution for an offence against this Ordinance may be instituted without prejudice to any other liability incurred by any person under this Ordinance.

<sup>2</sup>[**202. Power to compound offences.**—Notwithstanding any provisions of this Ordinance, where any person has committed any offence, the <sup>3</sup>[Chief Commissioner] may, with the prior approval of the Board, either before or after the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 202 substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-section "202" read as follows: "202. Power to compound offences.- Where any person has committed any offence under this Part, the Commissioner may either before or after the institution of proceedings, compound such offence and order that such person pay the amount for which the offence may be compounded."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Director General" substituted by Finance Act, 2012.

institution of proceedings, compound such offence subject to payment of tax due along with <sup>1</sup>[default surcharge]and penalty as is determined under the provisions of this Ordinance.]

**203. Trial by Special Judge.**—<sup>2</sup>[(1) The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint as many Special Judges as it may consider necessary, and where it appoints more than one Special Judge, it shall specify in the notification the territorial limits within which each of them shall exercise jurisdiction <sup>3</sup>[:

Provided that the Federal Government may, by notification in official Gazette, declare that a special judge appointed under section 185 of the Customs Act 1969 (IV of 1969) shall have jurisdiction to try offences under this Ordinance.]

<sup>4</sup>[(1A) A Special Judge shall be a person who is or has been a Sessions Judge and shall, on appointment, have the jurisdiction to try exclusively an offence punishable under this Part other than an offence referred to in section 198.]

<sup>5</sup>[(1B) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), except those of Chapter XXXVIII, thereof shall apply to the proceedings of the court of a Special Judge and, for the purposes of the said provisions, the court of Special Judge shall be deemed to be a Court of Sessions trying cases, and a person conducting prosecution before the court of a Special Judge shall be deemed to be a Public Prosecutor.]

(2) A Special Judge shall take cognisance of, and have jurisdiction to try, an offence triable under sub-section (1) only upon a complaint in writing made by the Commissioner <sup>6</sup>[:

Provided that where the offence of concealment of income which has resulted in non-payment of tax of rupees one hundred and above in case of a filer and rupees twenty five million or above in case of non-filer, the procedure provided in section 203B shall be applicable.]

<sup>7</sup>[(3) The Federal Government may, by order in writing, direct the transfer, at any stage of the trial, of any case from the court of one Special Judge to the court

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by Finance Act, 2010. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) The Federal Government" may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint as many special judges as it may consider necessary, and where it appoints more than one Special Judge, shall specify in the notification the territorial limits within which each of them shall exercise jurisdiction."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by a colon and a proviso added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2010.

of another Special Judge for disposal, whenever it appears to the Federal Government that such transfer shall promote the ends of justice or tend to the general convenience of parties or witnesses.]

<sup>1</sup>[(4) In respect of a case transferred to a Special Judge by virtue of sub-section (1) or under sub-section (3), such Judge shall not, by reason of the said transfer, be bound to recall and record again any witness who has given evidence in the case before the transfer and may act on the evidence already recorded by or produced before the court which tried the case before the transfer.]

<sup>2</sup>[**203A. Appeal against the order of a Special Judge.**— An appeal against the order of a Special Judge shall lie to the respective High Court of a Province within thirty days of the passing of the order and it shall be heard as an appeal under the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 (Act V of 1898) by a single Judge of the High Court.]

<sup>3</sup>[203B. Power to arrest and prosecute.—(1) Where on the basis of material evidence brought on record, as a result of audit conducted by the auditors in terms of sub-section (8) of section 177 read with section 214C of this Ordinance, an assessment is made or amended under section 121 or 122 of this Ordinance, as the case may be, and the assessing officer records a finding that the taxpayer has committed the offence of concealment of income which has resulted in non-payment of tax of Rupees one hundred million and above in case of a filer and rupees twenty five million or above in case of non-filer, the taxpayer may be arrested after obtaining written approval of the committee specified under subsection (2).

(2) The committee under sub-section (1) shall comprise the Minister for Finance and Revenue, the Chairman of the Board and the senior most member of the Board.

(3) All arrests made under this Ordinance shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2) or any other provision of this Ordinance, where any person has committed offence of concealment of income or any offence warranting prosecution under this Ordinance, the Chief Commissioner with the prior approval of the Board may, either before or after the institution of any proceedings for recovery of tax, compound the offence if such person pays the amount of tax due along with such

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sections 203B to 203I added by the Finance Act, 2021.

default surcharge and penalty as is determined under the provisions of this Ordinance.

(5) Where the person suspected of offence of concealment of income or any offence warranting prosecution under this Ordinance is a company, every director or officer of that company whom the authorised officer has reason to believe is personally responsible for actions of the company contributing to offence of concealment of income or any offence warranting prosecution under this Ordinance shall be liable to arrest:

Provided that any arrest under this sub-section shall not absolve the company from the liabilities of payment of tax, default surcharge and penalty imposed under this Ordinance.

**203C.** Procedure to be followed on arrest of a person.— (1) When an officer of Inland Revenue authorized under sub-section (1) of section 203B in this behalf arrests a person under section 203B, he shall immediately intimate the fact of the arrest of that person to the Special Judge who may direct such officer to produce that person at such time and place and on such date as the Special Judge considers expedient and such Officer shall act accordingly.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the sub-section (1), any person arrested under this Ordinance shall be produced before the Special Judge or, if there is no Special Judge within a reasonable distance, to the nearest Judicial Magistrate, within twenty-four hours of such arrest, excluding the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the Court of the Special Judge or, as the case may be, of such Magistrate.

(3) When any person is produced under sub-section (2) before the Special Judge, he may, on the request of such person, after perusing the record, if any and after giving the prosecution an opportunity of being heard, admit him to bail on his executing a bond, with or without sureties, or refuse to admit him to bail and direct his detention at such place as he deems fit:

Provided that nothing herein contained shall preclude the Special Judge from cancelling the bail of any such person at a subsequent stage if, for any reason, he considers such cancellation necessary, but before passing such order he shall afford such person an opportunity of being heard, unless for reasons to be recorded he considers that the affording of such opportunity shall defeat the purposes of this Ordinance.

(4) When such person is produced under sub-section (2) before a Judicial Magistrate, such Magistrate may, after authorising his detention in such custody at such place and for such period as he considers necessary or proper for facilitating his earliest production before the Special Judge, direct his production before the Special Judge on a date and time to be fixed by him or direct such

person to be forthwith taken to, and produced before, the Special Judge and he shall be so taken.

(5) Nothing in sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) shall preclude the Special Judge or the Judicial Magistrate from remanding any such person to the custody of an officer of Inland Revenue holding inquiry against that person if such officer makes a request in writing to that effect, and the Special Judge or the Judicial Magistrate, after perusing the record, if any, and hearing such person, is of the opinion that for the completion of inquiry or investigation it is necessary to make such order:

Provided that the period of such custody shall not exceed more than fourteen days.

(6) When any person is arrested under this Ordinance, an officer of Inland Revenue shall record the fact of arrest and other relevant particulars in the register specified in sub-section (10) and shall immediately proceed to inquire into the charge against such person and if he completes the inquiry within twenty four hours of his arrest, excluding the time necessary for journey as aforesaid, he may, after producing such person before the Special Judge or the nearest Judicial Magistrate, make a request for his further detention in his custody.

(7) While holding an inquiry under sub-section (6), an officer of Inland Revenue shall exercise the same powers as are exercisable by an officer in charge of a police station under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), but such officer shall exercise such powers subject to the foregoing provisions of this section while holding an inquiry under this Ordinance.

(8) If an officer of Inland Revenue, after holding an inquiry as aforesaid, is of the opinion that there is no sufficient evidence or reasonable ground for suspicion against such person, he shall release him on his executing a bond, with or without sureties, and shall direct such person to appear, as and when required, before the Special Judge, and make a report to the Special Judge for the discharge of such person and shall make a full report of the case to his immediate superior.

(9) The Special Judge to whom a report has been made under sub-section, (8) may, after the perusal of record of the inquiry, and hearing the prosecution, agree with such report and discharge the accused or, if he is of the opinion that there is sufficient ground for proceedings against such person, proceed with his trial and direct the prosecution to produce evidence.

(10) An officer of Inland Revenue empowered to hold inquiry under this section shall maintain a register to be called "Register of Arrests and Detentions" in the prescribed form in which he shall enter the name and other particulars of every person arrested under this Ordinance, together with the time and date of arrest, the details of the information received, the details of things, goods or

documents, recovered from his custody, the name of the witnesses and the explanation, if any, given by him and the manner in which the inquiry has been conducted from day to day and, such register or authenticated copies of its aforesaid entries shall be produced before the Special Judge, whenever such Officer is so directed by him.

(11) After completing the inquiry, an officer of Inland Revenue shall, as early as possible, submit to Special Judge a complaint in the same form and manner in which the officer in-charge of a police station submits a report, before a court.

(12) Magistrate of the first class may record any statement or confession during inquiry under this Ordinance, in accordance with the provisions of section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

(13) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this section, Board, with the approval of the Federal Minister-in-charge, may, by notification in the official Gazette, authorize any other officer working under the Board to exercise the powers and perform the functions of an officer of Inland Revenue under this section, subject to such conditions, if any, that it may deem fit to impose.

**203D.** Special Judges.— (1) The Federal Government shall by notification in the official Gazette, appoint as many Special Judges as it considers necessary and, where it appoints more than one Special Judge, it shall specify in the notification the headquarter of each Special Judge and the territorial limits within which he shall exercise jurisdiction under this Ordinance.

(2) No person shall be appointed as a Special Judge unless he is or has been a Sessions Judge.

**203E.** Cognizance of offences by Special Judges.— (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force, a Special Judge may, within the limits of his jurisdiction, take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Ordinance upon—

- (a) a report in writing made by an officer of Inland Revenue or by any other officer especially authorized in this behalf by the Federal Government; or
- (b) receiving a complaint or information of facts constituting such offence made or communicated by any person; or
- (c) his own knowledge acquired during any proceeding before him under this Ordinance or under any other law for the time being in force.

(2) Upon the receipt of report under clause (a) of sub-section (1), the Special Judge shall proceed with the trial of the accused.

(3) Upon the receipt of a complaint or information under clause (b), or acquired in the manner referred to in clause (c) of subsection (1), the Special Judge may, before issuing a summon or warrant for appearance of the person complained against, hold a preliminary inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or falsehood of the complaint, or direct any magistrate or any officer of Inland Revenue or any police officer to hold such inquiry and submit a report, and such Magistrate or officer shall conduct such inquiry and make report accordingly.

(4) If, after conducting such inquiry or after considering the report of such Magistrate or officer, the Special Judge is of the opinion that there is—

- (a) no sufficient ground for proceeding, he may dismiss the complaint, or
- (b) sufficient ground for proceeding, he may proceed against the person complained against in accordance with law.

(5) A special Judge or a Magistrate or an officer holding inquiry under subsection (3) may hold such inquiry, as early as possible, in accordance with the provision of section 202 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898).

**203F. Special Judge, etc. to have exclusive jurisdiction.**— Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or in any other law for the time being in force no,–

- (a) court other than the Special Judge having jurisdiction, shall try an offence punishable under this Ordinance;
- (b) other court or officer, except in the manner and to the extent specifically provided for in this Ordinance, shall exercise any power, or perform any function under this Ordinance;
- (c) court, other than the High Court, shall entertain, hear or decide any application, petition or appeal under chapters XXXI and XXXII of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), against or in respect of any order or direction made under this Ordinance; and
- (d) no court, other than the Special Judge or the High Court, shall entertain any application or petition or pass any order or give any direction under chapters XXXVII, XXXIX, XLIV or XLV of the aforesaid Code.

**203G.** Provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to apply.— (1) The provision of the Code of Criminal procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, shall apply to the proceedings of the court of a Special Judge and such court shall be deemed to be a court of Sessions for the purpose of the said Code and the provisions of Chapter XXIIA of the foresaid Code, so far as applicable and with the necessary

modifications, shall apply to the trial of cases by the Special Judge under this Ordinance.

(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), shall have effect as if an offence punishable under this Ordinance were one of the offences referred to in sub-section (1) of section 337 of the said Code.

**203H. Transfer of cases.**—(1) Where more than one Special Judge are appointed within the territorial jurisdiction of a High Court, the High Court, and where not more than one Special Judge is so appointed, the Federal Government, may by order in writing direct the transfer, at any stage of the trial, of any case from the court of one Special Judge to the Court of another Special Judge for disposal, whenever it appears to the High Court or, as the case may be, the Federal Government, that such transfer may promote the ends of justice or tend to the general convenience of the parties or witnesses.

(2) In respect of a case transferred to a Special Judge under subsection (1), such Special Judge shall not by reason of the said transfer, be bound to recall and rehear any witness whose evidence has been recorded in the case before the transfer and may act upon the evidence already recorded or produced before the court which tried the case before the transfer.

**203I.** Place of sittings.—A Special Judge shall ordinarily hold sittings at his headquarters but, keeping in view the general convenience of the parties or the witnesses, he may hold sittings at any other place.]

**204.** Power to tender immunity from prosecution.— (1) The <sup>1</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-in-charge] may, for the purpose of obtaining the evidence of any person appearing to have been directly or indirectly concerned in, or privy to the concealment of income or to the evasion of tax, tender to such person immunity from prosecution for any offence under this Ordinance or under the Pakistan Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860), or under any other Federal Law on condition of the person making full and true disclosure of the whole circumstances relating to the concealment of income or evasion of tax.

(2) A tender of immunity made to, and accepted by, the person concerned shall render the person immune from prosecution for any offence in respect of which the tender was made and to the extent specified in the immunity.

(3) If it appears to the <sup>2</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-in-charge] that any person to whom immunity has been tendered under this section has not complied with the conditions on which the tender was made or is concealing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

anything or giving false evidence, the <sup>1</sup>[Board with the approval of the Minister-incharge] may withdraw the immunity, and any such person may be tried for the offence in respect of which the tender of immunity was made or for any other offence of which the person appears to have been guilty in connection with the same matter.

## PART XII <sup>2</sup>[DEFAULT SURCHARGE]

#### 205. <sup>3</sup>[Default surcharge]. - (1) A person who fails to pay -

- <sup>4</sup>[(a) any tax, excluding the advance tax under section 147 and <sup>5</sup>[default surcharge]under this section;]
  - (b) any penalty; or
  - (c) any amount referred to in section 140 or 141,

on or before the due date for payment shall be liable for <sup>6</sup>[default surcharge] at a rate equal to <sup>7</sup>[<sup>8</sup>["12"] per cent per annum] on the tax, penalty or other amount unpaid computed for the period commencing on the date on which the tax, penalty or other amount was due and ending on the date on which it was paid [:]

<sup>9</sup>[Provided that if the person opts to pay the tax due on the basis of an order under section 129 on or before the due date given in the

<sup>4</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "ADDITIONAL TAX" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was repromulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) any tax, including any advance payment of tax under section 147;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "KIBOR plus three per cent per quarter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The figure "18" substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

notice under sub-section (2) of section 137 issued in consequence of the said order, and does not file an appeal under section 131, he shall not be liable to pay default surcharge for the period beginning from the due date of payment in consequence of an order appealed against to the date of payment in consequence of notice under sub-section (2) of section 137.]

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) A person who fails to pay advance tax under section 147 shall be liable for <sup>2</sup>[default surcharge] at a rate equal to <sup>3</sup>[<sup>4</sup>["12"]per cent per annum] on the amount of tax unpaid computed for the period commencing on the date on which it was due and ending on the date on which it was paid or date on which the return of income for the relevant tax year was due, whichever is earlier.]

<sup>5</sup>[(1B) Where, in respect of any tax year, any taxpayer fails to pay tax under sub-section <sup>6</sup>[(4A), or] (6) of section 147 or the tax so paid is less than <sup>7</sup>[ninety] per cent of the tax chargeable for the relevant tax year, he shall be liable to pay <sup>8</sup>[default surcharge]at the rate of <sup>9</sup>[ <sup>10</sup>[12] per cent per annum] on the amount of tax so chargeable or the amount by which the tax paid by him falls short of the <sup>11</sup>[ninety] per cent, as the case may be; and such <sup>12</sup>[default surcharge] shall be calculated from the first day of April in that year to the date on which assessment is made or the thirtieth day of June of the financial year next following, whichever is the earlier <sup>13</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "KIBOR plus three per cent per quarter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The figure "18" substituted by Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The word "eighty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The words "KIBOR plus three per cent per quarter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The figure "18" substituted by Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The word "eighty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Fullstop substituted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>1</sup>["Provided that in the case of person having a special tax year, the default surcharge shall be calculated on and from the first day of the fourth quarter of the special tax year till the date on which assessment is made or the last day of special tax year, whichever is earlier.";]

(2) Any <sup>2</sup>[default surcharge] paid by a person under sub-section (1) shall be refunded to the extent that the tax, penalty or other amount to which it relates is held not to be payable.

(3) A person who fails to  ${}^{3}$ [collect tax, as required under Division II of Part V of this Chapter or Chapter XII or deduct tax as required under Division III of Part V of this Chapter or Chapter XII or fails to] pay an amount of tax collected or deducted as required under section 160 on or before the due date for payment shall be liable for  ${}^{4}$ [default surcharge] at a rate equal to  ${}^{5}$ [ ${}^{6}$ ["12"] per cent per annum] on the amount unpaid computed for the period commencing on the date the amount was required to be collected or deducted and ending on the date on which it was paid to the Commissioner  ${}^{7}$ [:]

<sup>8</sup>[Provided that if the person opts to pay the tax due on the basis of an order under section 129 on or before the due date given in the notice under sub-section (2) of section 137 issued in consequence of the said order and does not file an appeal under section 131, he shall not be liable to pay default surcharge for the period beginning from the date of order under section 161 to the date of payment.]

<sup>9</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was repromulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "KIBOR plus three per cent per quarter" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The figure "18" substituted by Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) Additional tax imposed under sub-section (3) shall be borne personally by the person obliged to collect or deduct the tax, and no part shall be recoverable from the taxpayer."

(5) The Commissioner shall make an assessment of any <sup>1</sup>[default surcharge]imposed under this Part in accordance with the provisions of Part II of this Chapter as if the <sup>2</sup>[default surcharge] were tax.

(6) The provisions of Parts III and IV apply to an assessment of <sup>3</sup>[default surcharge]as if it were an assessment of tax.

<sup>4</sup>[(7) Where a person is liable for default surcharge under this Part, the Commissioner may, at his discretion, make assessment of default surcharge for the period of default or part thereof, notwithstanding that the tax due has not actually been paid.]

<sup>5</sup>[205A. Reduction in <sup>6</sup>[default surcharge], consequential to reduction in tax or penalty.— Where, in consequence of any order made under this Ordinance, the amount of tax or penalty in respect of which <sup>7</sup>[default surcharge] is chargeable under section 205 is reduced, the <sup>8</sup>[default surcharge], if any, levied under the aforesaid section shall be reduced accordingly.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New sub-section (7) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

## PART XIII CIRCULARS

**206.** Circulars. —(1) To achieve consistency in the administration of this Ordinance and to provide guidance to taxpayers and officers of the <sup>1</sup>[Board], the <sup>2</sup>[Board] may issue Circulars setting out the Board's interpretation of this Ordinance.

<sup>3</sup>[(2) A circular issued by the <sup>4</sup>[Board] shall be binding on all Income Tax Authorities and other persons employed in the execution of the Ordinance, under the control of the said Board other than Commissioners of Income Tax (Appeals).]

(3) A Circular shall not <sup>5</sup>[be] binding on a taxpayer.

<sup>6</sup>[206A. Advance ruling.— (1) The <sup>7</sup>[Board] may, on application in writing by a non-resident taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer an advance ruling setting out the Commissioner's position regarding the application of this Ordinance to a transaction proposed or entered into by the taxpayer.

(2) Where the taxpayer has made a full and true disclosure of the nature of all aspects of the transaction relevant to the ruling and the transaction has proceeded in all material respects as described in the taxpayer's application for the ruling, the ruling is <sup>8</sup>[binding] on the Commissioner with respect to the application to the transaction of the law as it stood at the time the ruling was issued.

(3) Where there is any inconsistency between a circular and an advance ruling, priority shall be given to the terms of the advance ruling  ${}^{9}[{}^{10}[.]]$ 

<sup>11</sup>[<sup>12</sup>[ ] ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) A Circular shall be binding on the Central Board of Revenue, other than the Commissioner (Appeals)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The word "blinding" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that this section shall not apply to a non-resident taxpayer having a permanent establishment in Pakistan."

## CHAPTER XI ADMINISTRATION

## PART I GENERAL

<sup>1</sup>[**207. Income tax authorities.—** (1) There shall be the following Income Tax authorities for the purposes of this Ordinance and rules made thereunder, namely:—

- (a) Board:
- (b) Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (c) Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (d) Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals);
- (e) Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (f) Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue;

- (a) Board;
- (b) Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (c) Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (d) Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals);
- (e) Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (f) Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (g) Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- (h) Officer of Inland Revenue;
- (i) Special Officer Inland Revenue; and
- (j) Inspector Inland Revenue.

(5) An officer vested with the powers and functions of the Commissioner, shall be subordinate to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 207 substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted section 207 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;207. Income tax authorities.- (1)** There shall be the following income tax authorities for the purposes of this Ordinance and rules made thereunder, namely:-

<sup>(2)</sup> The Board shall examine, supervise and oversee the general administration of this Ordinance.

<sup>(3)</sup> The Chief Commissioners Inland Revenue and Commissioners Inland Revenue (Appeals) shall be subordinate to the Board and Commissioners Inland Revenue, shall be subordinate to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

<sup>(4)</sup> Subject to sub-section (5), Additional Commissioners Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioners Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioners Inland Revenue, Officer of Inland Revenue, Special Officers Inland Revenue and Inspectors Inland Revenue shall be subordinate to the Commissioners Inland Revenue.

- (g) Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue;
- <sup>1</sup>[(ga) Special audit panel;"]
- (h) Inland Revenue Officer;
- (i) Inland Revenue Audit Officer;
- <sup>2</sup>[(ia) District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue;
- (ib) Assistant Director Audit.]
- (j) Superintendent Inland Revenue;
- (k) Inspector Inland Revenue; and
- (I) Auditor Inland Revenue;

(2) The Board shall examine, supervise and oversee the general administration of this Ordinance.

<sup>3</sup>[(3) The income tax authorities specified in sub-section (1) except in clause (a) shall be subordinate to the Board.]

<sup>4</sup>[(3A) Commissioners Inland Revenue, Additional Commissioners Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioners Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioners Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officers, Inland Revenue Audit <sup>5</sup>[Officers] <sup>6</sup>[, District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue, Assistant Director Audit], Superintendents Inland Revenue, Auditors Inland Revenue and Inspectors Inland Revenue, shall be subordinate to the Chief Commissioners Inland Revenue.]

(4) Subject to sub-section (5), Additional Commissioners Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioners Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officers, Inland Revenue Audit Officers <sup>7</sup>[, District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue, Assistant Director Audit], Superintendents Inland Revenue, Auditors Inland Revenue and Inspectors Inland Revenue shall be subordinate to the Commissioners Inland Revenue.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2012. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) The Chief Commissioners Inland Revenue and Commissioners Inland Revenue (Appeals) shall be subordinate to the Board and Commissioners Inland Revenue, shall be subordinate to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "officer" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2017.

(4A) Deputy Commissioners Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioners Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officers, Inland Revenue Audit Officers <sup>1</sup>[, District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue, Assistant Director Audit], Superintendents Inland Revenue, Auditors Inland Revenue and Inspectors Inland Revenue shall be subordinate to the Additional Commissioners Inland Revenue.

(5) An officer vested with the powers and functions of Commissioner shall be subordinate to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.]

<sup>2</sup>[208. Appointment of income tax authorities.— <sup>3</sup>[(1) The Board may appoint as many Chief Commissioners Inland Revenue, Commissioners Inland Revenue (Appeals), Additional Commissioners Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioners Inland Revenue, Assistant Commissioners Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Officers, Inland Revenue Audit Officers <sup>4</sup>[, District Taxation Officer Inland Revenue, Assistant Director Audit], Superintendents Inland Revenue, Inspectors Inland Revenue, Auditors Inland Revenue and such other executive or ministerial officers and staff as may be necessary.]

(2) Subject to such orders or directions as may be issued by the <sup>5</sup>[Board], any income tax authority may appoint any income tax authority subordinate to it and such other executive or ministerial officers and staff as may be necessary.

(3) All appointments, other than of valuers, chartered accountants or experts, made under this Ordinance, shall be subject to rules and orders of the Federal Government regulating the terms and conditions of persons in public services and posts.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 208 substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 208 read as follows: "208. Central Board of Revenue.- The Central Board of Revenue shall exercise the general administration of this Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) The Central Board of Revenue may appoint as many Regional Commissioners of Income Tax, Commissioners of Income Tax, Commissioners of Income Tax (Appeals), taxation officers and such other executive or ministerial officers and staff as may be necessary."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>1</sup>[209. Jurisdiction of income tax authorities. —  $^2$ [(1) Subject to this Ordinance, the <sup>3</sup>[Chief Commissioners], the Commissioners and the Commissioners (Appeals) shall perform all or such functions and exercise all or such powers under this Ordinance as may be assigned to them in respect of such persons or classes of persons or such areas as the <sup>4</sup>[Board] may direct <sup>5</sup>[:] ]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided that the Board or the Chief Commissioner, as the case may be, may transfer jurisdiction in respect of cases or persons from one Commissioner to another.]

(2) The <sup>7</sup>[Board] or the <sup>8</sup>[Chief Commissioner] may, by an order, confer upon or assign to any <sup>9</sup>[officer of Inland Revenue] all or any of the powers and functions conferred upon or assigned to the Commissioner, under this Ordinance,

<sup>2</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:

<sup>3</sup>The words "Regional Commissioners" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

Section 209 substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 209 read as follows:

 <sup>&</sup>quot;209.Appointment of Regional Commissioners of Income Tax and Commissioners of Income Tax. (1) The Central Board of Revenue may appoint as many Regional Commissioners of Income Tax and Commissioners of Income Tax as may be necessary.

<sup>(2)</sup> Subject to such orders or directions as may be issued by the Central Board of Revenue, any Regional Commissioner of Income Tax may appoint any subordinate income tax authority subordinate and such other executive or ministerial officers and staff as may be necessary.

<sup>(3)</sup> Subject to such orders or directions as may be issued by the Central Board of Revenue, any Commissioner of Income Tax may appoint such executive or ministerial officers and staff as may be necessary.

<sup>(4)</sup> All appointments under this Ordinance shall be subject to the rules and orders of the Federal Government regulating the terms and conditions of service of persons in public services and posts."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) Subject to this Ordinance, the Regional Commissioners, the Commissioners and the Commissioners (Appeals) shall perform all or such functions and exercise all or such powers, under this Ordinance, in respect of such persons or classes of persons or such areas, as may be assigned to them by orders or directions issued by the Central Board of Revenue."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "Regional Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was repromulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

in respect of any person or persons or classes of persons or areas <sup>1</sup>[as may be specified in the order] <sup>2</sup>[;

Provided that the Board may also confer upon or assign to any Officer of Inland Revenue the aforesaid powers and functions through Automated Case Selection System:

Provided further that the Board may make rules for conferment or assignment of such powers and functions through Automated Case Selection System.]

<sup>3</sup>[*Explanation.---* For the purpose of this sub-section, the expression "Automated Case Selection System" means an algorithm for randomized allocation of cases by using suitable technological modes.]

(3) An order under sub-section (2) by the 4[Chief Commissioner] shall be made only with the approval of the 5[Board].

(4) The <sup>6</sup>[Officer of Inland Revenue] referred to in sub-section (2) shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, be treated to be the Commissioner.

(5) Within the area assigned to him, the Commissioner shall have jurisdiction, —

- (a) in respect of any person carrying on business, if the person's place of business is within such area, or where the business is carried on in more than one place, the person's principal place of business is within such area; or
- (b) in respect of any other person, if the person resides in such area:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In sub-section (2) for the full stop at the end, a colon shall be substituted and thereafter provisos added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Explanation added through Finance act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Regional Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was repromulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

(6) Where a question arises as to whether a Commissioner has jurisdiction over a person, the question shall be decided by the <sup>1</sup>[Chief Commissioner] or <sup>2</sup>[Chief Commissioners] concerned and, if they are not in agreement, by the <sup>3</sup>[Board].

(7) No person shall call into question the jurisdiction of a Commissioner after that person has furnished a return of income to the Commissioner or, where the person has not furnished a return of income, after the time allowed by any notice served on the person for furnishing such return has expired.

(8) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, every Commissioner shall have all the powers conferred by, or under, this Ordinance on him in respect of any income arising within the area assigned to him.

<sup>4</sup>[(8A) The power to confer jurisdiction under this section shall include the power to transfer jurisdiction from one income tax authority to another.]

(9) Where, in respect of any proceedings under this Ordinance, an income tax authority is succeeded by another, the succeeding authority may continue the proceedings from the stage it was left by that authority's predecessor.]

<sup>5</sup>[**209A. Uniform.-** The Board may by notification in the official gazette, prescribe rules for wearing of uniform by officers and staff of Inland Revenue Service of Pakistan.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Regional Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was repromulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Regional Commissioners" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>1</sup>[**210. Delegation.** —(1) The Commissioner <sup>2</sup>[subject to sub-section (1A),] may, by an order in writing, delegate to any <sup>3</sup>[Officer of Inland Revenue, subordinate to the Commissioner] all or any of the powers or functions conferred upon or assigned to the Commissioner under this Ordinance, other than the power of delegation.

<sup>4</sup>[(1A) The Commissioner shall not delegate the powers of amendment of assessment contained in sub-section (5A) of section 122 <sup>5</sup>[ and amendment of an order of recovery under sub-section (3) of section 161] to <sup>6</sup>[an officer of Inland Revenue below the rank of Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue.]

<sup>7</sup>[(1B) The Commissioner may, by an order in writing, delegate to a special audit panel appointed under sub-section (11) of section 177, or to a firm of chartered accountants or a firm of cost and management accountants appointed

(a) in respect of any person carrying on business, if the person's place of business is within such area, or where the business is carried on in more than one place, the person's principal place of business is within such area; or

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>5</sup>The expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>7</sup>Substituted by Finance Act, 2015. The substituted sub-section (1B) read as follows:-

"(1B) The Commissioner may delegate the powers to a firm of chartered accountants or a firm of Cost and Management Accountants]appointed by the Board or the Commissioner to conduct the audit of persons for audit under section 177."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 210 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;210. Jurisdiction of Regional Commissioners of Income Tax and Commissioners of Income Tax.-** (1) Subject to this Ordinance, the Regional Commissioners of Income Tax and the Commissioners of Income Tax shall perform such functions in respect of such persons or classes of person, or such areas, as may be assigned to them by directions issued by the Central Board of Revenue.

<sup>(2)</sup>Where any directions issued under sub-section (1) have assigned to two or more income tax authorities the same function in respect of the same persons or class of persons, or the same areas, they shall perform their functions in accordance with such orders as the Central Board of Revenue, or any other authority to whom they are subordinate, may make for the allocation of functions and the distribution of the work performed.

<sup>(3)</sup>Within a Commissioner's assigned area, the Commissioner shall have jurisdiction, -

<sup>(</sup>b) in respect of any other person, if the person resides within such area.

<sup>(4)</sup>Where a question arises as to whether a Commissioner has jurisdiction over any person, the question shall be decided by the Regional Commissioner or Regional Commissioners concerned and, if they are not in agreement, by the Central Board of Revenue.

<sup>(5)</sup>No person shall call into question the jurisdiction of a Commissioner after the person has furnished a return of income to the Commissioner or, where the person has not furnished a return, after the time allowed by any notice served on the person for furnishing such return has expired.

<sup>(6)</sup>Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, every Commissioner shall have all the powers conferred by, or under this Ordinance on a Commissioner in respect of any income arising within the Commissioner's assigned area.

<sup>(7)</sup>Where any application may be made by a person under this Ordinance, the application shall be made to the Commissioner with jurisdiction over the person or to the taxation officer with delegated power in respect of the application."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "taxation officer below the rank of Additional Commissioner of Income Tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

by the Board or the Commissioner to conduct an audit of person under section 177, all or any of the powers or functions to conduct an audit under this Ordinance.]

(2) An order under sub-section (1) may be in respect of all or any of the persons, classes of persons or areas falling in the jurisdiction of the Commissioner.

(3) The Commissioner shall have the power to cancel, modify, alter or amend an order under sub-section (1).

<sup>1</sup>[**211. Power or function exercised.** —(1) Where, by virtue of an order under section 210, a <sup>2</sup>[an officer of Inland Revenue <sup>3</sup>[or by a special audit panel appointed under sub-section (11) of section 177] ] exercises a power or performs a function of the Commissioner, such power or function shall be treated as having been exercised or performed by the Commissioner.

(2) The exercise of a power, or the performance of a function, of the Commissioner by a <sup>4</sup>[an officer of Inland Revenue] shall not prevent the exercise of the power, or the performance of the function, by the Commissioner.]

<sup>5</sup>[(3) The Board or, with the approval of the Board, an authority appointed under this Ordinance, shall be competent to exercise all powers conferred upon any authority subordinate to it.]

<sup>6</sup>[**212. Authority of approval.**— The <sup>7</sup>[Board] may, by a general or special order, authorise the <sup>8</sup>[Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue] or the Commissioner to grant approval in any case where such approval is required from the <sup>9</sup>[Board] under any provision of this Ordinance.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 211 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;211. Delegation.-** The Commissioner may delegate to any taxation officer any duty, power, or function conferred or imposed on the Commissioner under this Ordinance, other than the power of delegation under this section."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "a taxation officer" substituted by Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "a taxation officer" substituted by Finance (amendment) ordinance, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 212 read as follows: "212. Authority of approval.- The Central Board of Revenue may, by general or special order, in writing, authorise the Regional Commissioner or the Commissioner to grant approval in any case where such approval is required from the Central Board of Revenue under any provision of this Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "Regional Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>1</sup>[**213. Guidance to income tax authorities.**— In the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance, the Commissioner or any taxation officer may be assisted, guided or instructed by any income tax authority to whom he is subordinate or any other person authorised in this behalf by the <sup>2</sup>[Board].]

<sup>3</sup>[**214. Income tax authorities to follow orders of the** <sup>4</sup>**[Board].** —(1) Subject to sub-section (2), all income tax authorities and other persons employed in the execution of this Ordinance shall observe and follow the orders, instructions and directions issued by the <sup>5</sup>[Board].

(2) No orders, instructions or directions shall be given by the <sup>6</sup>[Board] that will interfere with the discretion of the Commissioner (Appeals) in the exercise of his appellate function.]

<sup>7</sup>[**214A. Condonation of time limit.**— Where any time or period has been specified under any of the provisions of the Ordinance or rules made there-under within which any application is to be made or any act or thing is to be done, the Board may, <sup>8</sup>[at any time before or after the expiry of such time or period,] in any case or class of cases, permit such application to be made or such act or thing to be done within such time or period as it may consider appropriate <sup>9</sup>[.]

<sup>10</sup>[*Explanation,—* For the purpose of this section, the expression "any act or thing is to be done" includes any act or thing to be done by the taxpayer or by the authorities specified in section 207.]

Provided that the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, and subject to such limitations or conditions as may be specified therein,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 213 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;213. Exercise of jurisdiction by successor.-** Where, in respect of any proceedings under this Ordinance, an income tax authority is succeeded by another, the succeeding authority may continue the proceedings from the stage at which it was left by that authority's predecessor."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 214 substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 214 read as follows: "214. Guidance to Commissioner or taxation officer. In the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance, the Commissioner or any taxation officer with delegated power under section 211 may be assisted, guided or instructed by any income tax authority to whom he is subordinate or any other person authorised in this behalf by the Central Board of Revenue."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

empower any Commissioner or <sup>1</sup>[Chief Commissioner] under this Ordinance to exercise the powers under this section in any case or class of cases.]

<sup>2</sup>[**214B. Power of the Board to call for records.**— (1) The Board may, of its own motion, call for and examine the record of any departmental proceedings under this Ordinance or the rules made there-under for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or propriety of any decision or order passed therein and may pass such order as it may think fit:

Provided that no order imposing or enhancing any tax or penalty than the originally levied shall be passed unless the person affected by such order has been given an opportunity of showing cause and of being heard.

(2) No proceedings under this section shall be initiated in a case where an appeal is pending.

(3) No order shall be made under this section after the expiry of three years from the date of original decision or order.]

<sup>3</sup>[**214C. Selection for audit by the Board.—** (1) The Board may select persons or classes of persons for audit of Income Tax affairs through computer ballot which may be random or parametric as the Board may deem fit.

<sup>4</sup>[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or any other law, for the time being in force, the Board shall keep the parameters confidential.]

(2) Audit of Income Tax affairs of persons selected under sub-section (1) shall be conducted as per procedure given in section 177 and all the provisions of the Ordinance, except the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 177, shall apply accordingly.

(3) For the removal of doubt it is hereby declared that Board shall be deemed always to have had the power to select any persons or classes of persons for audit of Income Tax affairs.]

<sup>5</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is declared that the powers of the Commissioner under section 177 are independent of the powers of the Board under this section and nothing contained in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Director General" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

this section restricts the powers of the Commissioner to call for the record or documents including books of accounts of a taxpayer for audit and to conduct audit under section 177.]

<sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[]

- <sup>3</sup>[**214E. Closure of audit.** <sup>4</sup>[(1)] Notwithstanding the omission of section 214D, audit of income tax affairs of a taxpayer under sub-section (2) of section 214D shall be deemed to have been concluded, if
  - taxpayer has been selected for audit under sub-section (1) of the omitted section 214D;
  - (ii) notice under section 122 has not been issued;
  - (iii) the taxpayer has revised return voluntarily, by thirty first day of December, 2018, alongwith payment of 25% higher tax than the tax paid with return on the basis of taxable income and where no tax is payable 2% of the turnover and where no turnover is declared penalty under entry at Serial No. 1 of sub-section (1) of section 182 has been paid voluntarily:

Provided that the condition of revision, 25% higher tax or 2% of the turnover shall not apply, if the taxable income of the taxpayer includes only salary income or income subject to final taxation under sub-section (1) of section 169 or subject to taxation under section 5, 5AA, 6, 7, 7A or 7B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 214D Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 214D omitted by the Finance Act, 2018. The omitted section 214D is read as follows: <sup>2</sup>214D. Automatic

selection for audit.—(1) A person shall be automatically selected for audit of its income tax affairs for a tax year, if the return is not filed within the date it is required to be filed as specified in section 118, or, as the case may be, not filed within the time extended by the Board under section 214A or further extended for a period not exceeding thirty days by the Commissioner under section 119; or the tax payable under sub-section (1) of section 137has not been paid.

<sup>(2)</sup> Audit of income tax affairs of persons automatically selected under sub-section (1) shall be conducted as per procedure given in section 177 and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly:

Provided that audit proceedings shall only be initiated after the expiry of ninety days from the date as mentioned in sub-section (1).

<sup>(3)</sup> Subject to section 182, 205 and 214C, sub-section (1) shall not apply if the person files the return within ninety days from the date as mentioned in sub-section (1) and—

twenty-five percent higher tax, than the tax paid during immediately preceding tax year, has been paid by a person on the basis of taxable income and had declared taxable income in the return for immediately preceding tax year; or

tax at the rate of two percent of the turnover or the tax payable under Part I of the First Schedule, whichever is higher, has been paid by a person alongwith the return and in the immediately preceding tax year has either not filed a return or had declared income below taxable limit:

Provided that where return has been filed for the immediately preceding tax year, turnover declared for the tax year is not less than the turnover declared for the immediately preceding tax year.

<sup>(4)</sup> The provisions of sub-section (1) and sections 177 and214C shall not apply, for a tax year, to a person registered as retailer under rule (4) of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007 subject to the condition that name of the person registered under rule (4) of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007remained on the sales tax active taxpayers' list throughout the tax year.

<sup>(5)</sup> Sub-section (4) shall have effect from the date as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Provision re-numbered through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019, dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

Explanation.— For the removal of doubt it is clarified that only audit initiated as a result of automatic selection under the omitted section 214D shall stand abated under this section and audit initiated or to be initiated on the basis of definite information or otherwise as per provisions of section 177 or 214C shall be conducted independently."

<sup>1</sup>[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), the Board may prescribe procedure for conclusion of audit of income tax affairs of a person automatically selected for audit under omitted section 214D.

The prescribed procedure under sub-section (2) may include (3) acceptance of declared income of a taxpayer for a tax year subject to conditions specified therein.]

<sup>2</sup>[215. Furnishing of returns, documents etc. —(1) Where, by virtue of an order under section 210, the Commissioner has delegated to any <sup>3</sup>[an officer of Inland Revenue]the function and power to receive, or to call for and receive, any returns of income, certificates, documents, accounts and statements from any person <sup>4</sup>[] the <sup>5</sup>[person] shall furnish such returns, certificates, documents, accounts and statements to that 6[officer of Inland Revenue]and, when furnished, shall be treated as having been furnished to the Commissioner.

(2) where a person is allowed, under any provision of this Ordinance, to make an application to the Commissioner and the Commissioner has delegated to any 7[officer of Inland Revenue]the function or power to receive the application,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-sections (2) & (3) inserted through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December,

<sup>2019</sup> <sup>2</sup> Section 215 substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted section 215 read as follows: "215. Taxation officers to follow orders of Central Board of Revenue.- (1) Subject to sub-section (2), all taxation officers and other persons employed in the execution of this Ordinance shall observe and follow the orders, instructions and directions of the Central Board of Revenue.

No orders, instructions or directions shall be given by the Central Board of Revenue (2) that will interfere with the discretion of the Commissioner (Appeals) in the exercise the appellate function of the Commissioner (Appeals)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "or persons or class of persons (hereinafter called 'filer')," omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "filer" substituted by "person" through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the

such application, when made, shall be treated as having been made to the Commissioner.]

**216.** Disclosure of information by a public servant.- (1) All particulars contained in –

- (a) any statement made, return furnished, or accounts or documents produced under the provisions of this Ordinance;
- (b) any evidence given, or affidavit or deposition made, in the course of any proceedings under this Ordinance, other than proceedings under Part XI of Chapter X; or
- (c) any record of any assessment proceedings or any proceeding relating to the recovery of a demand,

shall be confidential and no public servant save as provided in this Ordinance may disclose any such particulars.

<sup>1</sup>[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the *Qanun-e-Shahadat*, 1984 (P.O. No. 10 of 1984), the National Accountability Ordinance, 1999 (XVIII of 1999), the Federal Investigation Agency Act, 1974 (VIII or 1975) and the Right of Access to Information Act, 2017 (XXXIV of 2017), or any other law for the time being in force, no court or any other authority shall, save as provided in the Ordinance, require any public servant to produce before it any return, accounts, or documents contained in, or forming a part of the records relating to any proceedings under the Ordinance, or declarations made under the Voluntary Declaration of Domestic Assets Act, 2018, the Foreign Assets (Declaration and Repatriation) Act, 2018 or the Assets Declaration Act, 2019 or any records of the Income Tax Department generally, or any part thereof, or to give evidence before it in respect thereof;]

(3) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall preclude the disclosure of any such particulars -

substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Qanun-e-1[Shahadat], 1984 (P.O. Order No. 10 of 1984), or any other law for the time being in force, no court or other authority shall be, save as provided in this Ordinance, entitled to require any public servant to produce before it any return, accounts, or documents contained in, or forming a part of the records relating to any proceedings under this Ordinance, or any records of the Income Tax Department generally, or any part thereof, or to give evidence before it in respect thereof."

- to any person acting in the execution of this Ordinance, where it is necessary to disclose the same to him for the purposes of this Ordinance;
- (b) to any person authorised by the Commissioner in this behalf, where it is necessary to disclose the same to such person for the purposes of processing of data and preparation of computer printouts relating to returns of income or calculation of tax;
- where the disclosure is occasioned by the lawful employment under this Ordinance of any process for the service of any notice or the recovery of any demand;
- (d) to the Auditor-General of Pakistan for the purpose of enabling the Auditor-General to discharge his functions under the Constitution;
- to any officer appointed by the Auditor-General of Pakistan or the Commissioner to audit income tax receipts or refunds;
- (f) to any officer of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government authorised by such Government in this behalf as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling that Government to levy or realise any tax imposed by it;
- (g) to any authority exercising powers under <sup>1</sup>[the <sup>2</sup>[Federal Excise Act, 2005], ] the Sales Tax Act, 1990, the Wealth Tax Act, 1963 (XV of 1963), or the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling its duty to exercise such powers;
- (h) occasioned by the lawful exercise by a public servant of powers under the Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899) to impound an insufficiently stamped document;
- (i) to the State Bank of Pakistan to enable it to compile financial statistics of international investment and balance of payment;
- (j) as may be required by any order made under sub-section (2) of section 19 of the Foreign Exchange Regulation Act, 1947 (VII of 1947), or for the purposes of any prosecution for an offence under section 23 of that Act;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, commas, figures and brackets " the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Estate Duty Act, 1950 (X of 1950)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words, comma, figure and brackets "Central Excises Act, 1944 (I of 1944)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

- (k) to the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Monopolies Control Authority for the purposes of the Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969 (XVII of 1969), the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices (Control and Prevention) Ordinance, 1970 (VI of 1970), the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] or the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act, 1997, as the case may be;
- <sup>2</sup>[(ka) Employees Old Age Benefit Institution in respect of information regarding salaries in statements furnished under section 165;]
- <sup>3</sup>[]
- 4[ ]
- (I) relevant to any inquiry into a charge of misconduct in connection with income tax proceedings against a legal practitioner or an accountant;
- (m) to a Civil Court in any suit or proceeding to which the Federal Government or any income tax authority is a party which relates to any matter arising out of any proceedings under this Ordinance;
- (n) for the purposes of a prosecution for any offence under the Pakistan Penal Code, 1860 (XLVI of 1860), in respect of any such statement, returns, accounts, documents, evidence, affidavit or deposition, or for the purposes of a prosecution for any offence under this Ordinance;
- (o) relevant to any inquiry into the conduct of an official of the Income Tax Department to any person or officer appointed to hold such inquiry, or to a Public Service Commission, established under the Federal Public Service Commission Ordinance, 1977 (XLV of 1977), when exercising its functions in relation to any matter arising out of such inquiry;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (kb) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:
 "(kb) to National Database and Registration Authority for the purpose of broadening of the tax base;"

- (p) as may be required by any officer or department of the Federal Government or of a Provincial Government for the purpose of investigation into the conduct and affairs of any public servant, or to a Court in connection with any prosecution of the public servant arising out of any such investigation;
- (q) to an authorised officer of the government of any country outside Pakistan with which the Government has entered into an agreement under section 107 for the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion as may be required to be disclosed in pursuance of that agreement; or
- (r) to the Federal Tax Ombudsman appointed under the Establishment of the Office of Federal Tax Ombudsman Ordinance, 2000 (XXXV of 2000) <sup>1</sup>[; or]
- <sup>2</sup>[(s) to the Financial Monitoring Unit (FMU) for the purpose of performing functions as laid down in the Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010 (VII of 2010)] <sup>3</sup>[; or
  - (t) in respect of any high-level public officials and public servants in BPS-17 and above, their spouses, children or benamidars, or any person in relation to whom the afore-mentioned persons are beneficial owner:

Provided that nothing in clause (t) shall apply to those who are expressly excepted under clause (iv) of sub-section (m) of section 5 of the National Accountability Ordinance, 1999 (Ordinance No. XVIII of 1999).

Explanation.— "High-level public officials" mean politically exposed persons as defined by a rule, regulation, executive order or instrument; or under any law for the time being in force.]

(4) Nothing in this section shall apply to the production by a public servant before a Court of any document, declaration, or affidavit filed or the giving of evidence by a public servant in respect thereof.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop substituted by semi colon and word "or" through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New clause (s) added through Tax Law(Second Amendment) 2019, dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by semi colon and word "or" and clause (t) added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

(5) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall prevent the <sup>1</sup>[Board] from publishing, with the prior approval of the Federal <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[Government], any such particulars as are referred to in that sub-section.

(6) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall prevent the Federal Government from publishing particulars and the amount of tax paid by a holder of a public office as defined in the <sup>4</sup>[National Accountability Bureau Ordinance, 1999 (XVIII of 1999).]

<sup>5</sup>[(6A) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall prevent the Board from providing data to any person approved by the Federal Government to process and analyze such data for broadening of tax base or for checking evasion:

Provided that such data shall be anonymized before transmission to the person and identifying particulars of the taxpayers shall be kept confidential."]

<sup>6</sup>[(6B) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall prevent the Board from publishing the names of offshore evaders, in the print and electronic media who have evaded offshore tax equal to or exceeding rupees two and half million Rupees.

(6C) Nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall prevent the Board from publishing the names of offshore tax enablers, in the print and electronic media who have enabled offshore tax evasion.]

(7) Any person to whom any information is communicated under this section, and any person or employee under the first-mentioned person's control, shall be, in respect of that information, subject to the same rights, privileges, obligations, and liabilities as if the person were a public servant and all the provisions of this Ordinance, so far as may be, shall apply accordingly.

(8) No prosecution may be instituted under this section except with the previous sanction of the <sup>7</sup>[Board].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "Government" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The expression "Minister-in-charge" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words, figures brackets and comma "Ehtesab Act, 1997 (IX of 1997)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-sections (6B) & (6C) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

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**217.** Forms and notices; authentication of documents.—(1) Forms, notices, returns, statements, tables and other documents required under this Ordinance may be in such form as determined by the <sup>3</sup>[Board] for the efficient administration of this Ordinance and publication of such documents in the official Gazette shall not be required.

(2) The Commissioner shall make the documents referred to in subsection (1) available to the public in the manner prescribed.

(3) A notice or other document issued, served or given by the Commissioner under this Ordinance shall be sufficiently authenticated if the name or title of the Commissioner, or authorised <sup>4</sup>[Officer of Inland Revenue], is printed, stamped or written on the notice or document<sup>5</sup>[or if it is computer generated and bears the authentication in the manner prescribed by the Board].

**218.** Service of notices and other documents.— (1) Subject to this Ordinance, any notice, order or requisition required to be served on a resident individual (other than in a representative capacity) for the purposes of this Ordinance shall be treated as properly served on the individual if –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New section 216A inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 216A omitted by Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>216</sup>A.** Proceeding against authority and persons.- (1) Subject to section 227, the Board shall prescribe rules for initiating criminal proceedings against any authority mentioned in section 207 and officer of the Directorate General mentioned in Part II and Part III of Chapter XI including any person subordinate to the aforesaid authorities or officers of the Directorates General who wilfully and deliberately commits or omits an act which results in under benefit or advantage to the authority or the officer or official or to any other person.

<sup>(2)</sup> Where proceedings under sub-section (1) have been initiated against the authority or officer or official, the Board shall simultaneously intimate the relevant Government agency to initiate criminal proceedings against the person referred to in sub-section (1).

<sup>(3)</sup> The proceedings under this section shall be without prejudice to any other liability that the authority or officer or official or the person may incur under any other law for the time being in force."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "taxation officer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

- (a) personally served on the individual or, in the case of an individual under a legal disability or a non-resident individual, the representative of the individual;
- (b) sent by registered post or courier service to the place specified in clause (b) <sup>1</sup>[of sub-section (2)] or to the individual's usual or last known address in Pakistan; <sup>2</sup>[ ]
- (c) served on the individual in the manner prescribed for service of a summons under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908) <sup>3</sup>[; or]
- <sup>4</sup>[(d) served on the individual electronically in the prescribed manner.]

(2) Subject to this Ordinance, any notice, order or requisition required to be served on any person (other than a resident individual to whom sub-section (1) applies) for the purposes of this Ordinance shall be treated as properly served on the person if –

- (a) personally served on the representative of the person;
- (b) sent by registered post or courier service to the person's registered office or address for service of notices under this Ordinance in Pakistan, or where the person does not have such office or address, the notice is sent by registered post to any office or place of business of the person in Pakistan; <sup>5</sup>[ ]
- (c) served on the person in the manner prescribed for service of a summons under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908)
   <sup>6</sup>[; or]
- <sup>7</sup>[(d) served on the individual electronically in the prescribed manner.]

(3) Where an association of persons is dissolved, any notice, order or requisition required to be served under this Ordinance on the association may be served on any person who was <sup>8</sup>[the principal officer or] a member of the association immediately before such dissolution.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "or" omitted by the Finance Act 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

(4) Where section 117 applies, any notice, order or requisition required to be served under this Ordinance on the person discontinuing the business may be served on the person personally or on any individual who was the person's representative at the time of discontinuance.

(5) The validity of any notice issued under this Ordinance or the validity of any service of a notice under this Ordinance shall not be called into question after the return to which the notice relates has been furnished or the notice has been otherwise complied with.

**219.** Tax or refund to be computed to the nearest Rupee.—In the determination of any amount of tax or refund payable under this Ordinance, fractions of a rupee less than fifty paisa shall be disregarded and fractions of a rupee equal to or exceeding fifty paisa shall be treated as one rupee.

**220.** Receipts for amounts paid.— The Commissioner shall give a receipt for any tax or other amount paid or recovered under this Ordinance.

**221.** Rectification of mistakes.— (1) The Commissioner, the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal may, by an order in writing, amend any order passed by <sup>1</sup>[him] to rectify any mistake apparent from the record on <sup>2</sup>[his or its] own motion or any mistake brought to <sup>3</sup>[his or its] notice by a taxpayer or, in the case of the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal, the Commissioner.

<sup>4</sup>[(1A) The Commissioner may, by an order in writing, amend any order passed under the repealed Ordinance by the Deputy Commissioner, or an Income Tax Panel, as defined in section 2 of the repealed Ordinance to rectify any mistake apparent from the record on his own motion or any mistake brought to his notice by a taxpayer and the provisions of sub-section (2), sub-section (3) and subsection (4) shall apply in like manner as these apply to an order under sub-section (1).]

(2) No order under sub-section (1) which has the effect of increasing an assessment, reducing a refund or otherwise applying adversely to the taxpayer shall be made unless the taxpayer has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "them" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "their" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "their" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier sub-section (1A) was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003. The said sub-section (1A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1A) The Commissioner may, by an order in writing, amend any order passed under the repealed Ordinance by the Deputy Commissioner, or an Income Tax Panel, as defined in section 2 of the repealed Ordinance."

(3) Where a mistake apparent on the record is brought to the notice of the Commissioner <sup>1</sup>[or] Commissioner (Appeals) <sup>2</sup>[], as the case may be, and no order has been made under sub-section (1) before the expiration of the financial year next following the date on which the mistake was brought to their notice, the mistake shall be treated as rectified and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall have effect accordingly.

(4) No order under sub-section (1) may be made after five years from the date of the order sought to be rectified.

**222.** Appointment of expert. — The Commissioner may appoint any expert as the Commissioner considers necessary for the purposes of this Ordinance, including for the purposes of audit or valuation.

<sup>3</sup>[222A. Fee and service charges.- <sup>4</sup>[(1)] The <sup>5</sup>[Board with the approval of Federal Minister-in-charge] may, be notification in the official Gazette, and subject to such conditions, limitations or restrictions as it may deem fit to impose, levy fee and services charges for valuation or in respect of any other service or control mechanism provided by any formation under the control of the Board, including ventures of public-private partnership at such rates as may be specified in the notification.]

<sup>6</sup>[(2) The Board may authorize and prescribe the manner in which fee and service charges collected including by ventures of public-private partnership under this section are expended.]

**223.** Appearance by authorised representative. — (1) Any taxpayer who is entitled or required to attend before the Commissioner, the Commissioner (Appeals) or the Appellate Tribunal in connection with any proceeding under this Ordinance may, except when required under section 176 to attend personally, attend by an authorised representative.

(2) For the purposes of this section and subject to sub-section (3), an authorised representative of a taxpayer shall be a person who is a representative of the person under section 172 and any of the following persons, namely:–

- (a) A relative of the taxpayer;
- (b) a current full-time employee of the taxpayer;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Comma substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "or the Appellate Tribunal" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New section 222A added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Re-numbered as sub-section (1) of section 222A by the by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "Federal Government" substituted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment), 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (2) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

- (c) any officer of a scheduled bank with which the taxpayer maintains a current account or has other regular dealings;
- (d) any legal practitioner entitled to practice in any Civil Court in Pakistan;
- (e) any accountant; or
- (f) any income tax practitioner.
- (3) For the purposes of this section
  - no person who has been dismissed or removed from service in the Income Tax Department shall be entitled to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1);
  - (b) no person having resigned from service after having been employed in the Income Tax Department for not less than two years shall be entitled to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1) for a period of two years from the date of resignation;
  - (c) no person having retired from service in the Income Tax Department shall be entitled to represent a taxpayer under subsection (1) for a period of one year from the date of retirement in any case in which the person had made or approved, as the case may be, any order of assessment, refund or appeal within one year before the date of retirement; or
  - (d) no person who has become insolvent shall be entitled to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1) for so long as the insolvency continues;
  - (e) no person who has been convicted of an offence in relation to any income tax proceedings under this Ordinance shall be entitled to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1) for such period as the Commissioner may, by order in writing, determine.

(4) Where any legal practitioner or accountant is found guilty of misconduct in a professional capacity by any authority entitled to take disciplinary action against the legal practitioner or accountant, an order passed by that authority shall have effect in relation to any right to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1) as it has in relation to the person's right to practice as a legal practitioner or accountant.

(5) Where any person (other than a person to whom sub-section (4) applies) is found guilty of misconduct in relation to any income tax proceeding, the

Commissioner may, by an order in writing, direct that the person cease to represent a taxpayer under sub-section (1) before the Commissioner, Commissioner (Appeals) or Appellate Tribunal.

(6) The Commissioner shall not make an order under clause (e) of subsection (3) or sub-section (5) in respect of any person, unless the Commissioner has given the person a reasonable opportunity to be heard.

(7) Any person against whom an order under clause (e) of sub-section (3) or sub-section (5) has been made may, within thirty days of service of notice of the order, appeal to the <sup>1</sup>[Board] to have the order cancelled.

(8) The <sup>2</sup>[Board] may admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in sub-section (7) if satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from lodging the appeal within the period.

(9) No order made under clause (e) of sub-section (3) or sub-section (5) shall take effect until thirty days after notice of the order is served on the person or, where an appeal has been lodged under sub-section (7), until the disposal of the appeal.

(10) The <sup>3</sup>[Board] may make rules under section <sup>4</sup>[237]for the registration of income tax practitioners and related matters, including establishing a code of conduct for such practitioners.

(11) In this section –

"accountant" means -

- (a) a chartered accountant within the meaning of the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961);
- (b) a cost and management accountant within the meaning of the Cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966); or
- (c) a member of any association of accountants recognised for the purposes of this section by the <sup>5</sup>[Board]; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The figure "232" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

"income tax practitioner" means a person who is registered as such by the <sup>1</sup>[Board], being a person who possesses such qualifications as may be prescribed for the purposes of this section or who has retired after putting in satisfactory service in the Income Tax Department for a period of not less than ten years in a post or posts not below that of Income Tax Officer.

**224.** Proceedings under the Ordinance to be judicial proceedings. —Any proceedings under this Ordinance before the Commissioner, Commissioner (Appeals) or Appellate Tribunal shall be treated as judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Pakistan Penal Code, 1860 (Act XLV of 1860), and for the purposes of section 196 of the Pakistan Penal Code, 1860 (Act XLV of 1860).

**225.** Proceedings against companies under liquidation. —Notwithstanding anything contained in <sup>2</sup>[section 310 of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], leave of the Court shall not be required for continuing with or commencing any proceeding under this Ordinance against a company in respect of which a winding up order has been made or Provisional Liquidator appointed.

**226.** Computation of limitation period.—In computing the period of limitation, there shall be excluded –

- (a) in the case of an appeal or an application under this Ordinance, the day on which the order complained of was served and, if the taxpayer was not furnished with a copy of the order when the notice of the order was served on the taxpayer, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of such order; and
- <sup>3</sup>[(b) in the case of an assessment or other proceeding under this Ordinance,—
  - (i) the period, if any, for which such proceedings were stayed by any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority; or
  - (ii) the period, if any, for which any proceeding for the tax year remained pending before any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "section 316 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (b) substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted clause (b) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) in the case of an assessment or other proceeding under this Ordinance, the period, if any, for which such proceedings were stayed by any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority."

**227.** Bar of suits in Civil Courts.— <sup>1</sup>[(1)] No suit or other legal proceeding shall be brought in any Civil Court against any order made <sup>2</sup>[or any notice issued] under this Ordinance, and no prosecution, suit or other proceedings shall be made against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Ordinance or any rules or orders made <sup>3</sup>[or notices issued] thereunder.

<sup>4</sup>["Explanation.—For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that Civil Court includes any court exercising power of the civil court."]

<sup>5</sup>[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, no investigation or inquiry shall be undertaken or initiated by any governmental agency against any officer or official for anything done in his official capacity under this Ordinance, rules, instructions or direction made or issued there-under without the prior approval of the Board.]

<sup>6</sup>[**227A. Reward to officers and officials of Inland Revenue.**— (1) In cases <sup>7</sup>[(i)] involving concealment or evasion of income tax and other taxes, cash reward shall, only after realization of part or whole of the taxes involved in such cases, be sanctioned to the officers and officials of Inland Revenue for their meritorious conduct in such cases <sup>8</sup>[and (ii) for other meritorious services] and to the informer providing credible information leading to such detection.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure in this behalf and also specify the apportionment of reward sanctioned under this section for individual performance or to collective welfare of the officers and officials of Inland Revenue.]

<sup>9</sup>[227B. Reward to whistleblowers.—(1) The Board may sanction reward to whistleblowers in cases of concealment or evasion of income tax, fraud, corruption or misconduct providing credible information leading to such detection of tax.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure in this behalf and also specify the apportionment of reward sanctioned under this section for whistleblowers.

(3) The claim for reward by the whistleblower shall be rejected, if-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Re-numbered as sub-section (1) by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

(a) the information provided is of no value;

<sup>1</sup>[(aa) the information is not supported by any evidence;]

- (b) the Board already had the information;
- (c) the information was available in public records; or
- (d) no collection of taxes is made from the information provided from which the Board can pay the reward.

(4) For the purpose of this section, "whistleblower" means a person who reports concealment or evasion of income tax leading to detection or collection of taxes, fraud, corruption or misconduct, to the competent authority having power to take action against the person or an income tax authority committing fraud, corruption, misconduct, or involved in concealment or evasion of taxes."]

<sup>2</sup>[227BA. Reward and benefits for certain persons.— (1) The Board may sanction rewards to e-intermediaries for filing of returns of new taxpayers.

(2) The Board with the approval of Federal Minister in-charge may announce benefits, rebates, tax credits, allowances and any other incentive in cash or otherwise for class or classes of persons.

(3) The Board with the approval of the Federal Minister in-charge may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure in this behalf and also notify the class or classes of persons eligible under this section. The provisions of this section shall take effect from the date notified by the Board.]

<sup>3</sup>[]

- <sup>3</sup>["Provided that the provisions of clause (a) shall not apply in respect of,-
- <sup>3</sup>[(i) locally manufactured motor vehicle; or]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 227BA inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Section 227C omitted through Finance Act 2019, omitted section read as follows:-

<sup>227</sup>C. Restriction on purchase of certain assets.— Notwithstanding anything contained in any law, for the time being in force,—

<sup>(</sup>a) any application for booking, registration or purchase of a new locally manufactured motor vehicle or for first registration of an imported vehicle shall not be accepted or processed by any vehicle registering authority of Excise and Taxation Department or a manufacturer of a motor vehicle respectively, unless the person is a filer.; and

<sup>(</sup>b) any application or request by a person to any authority responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer of any immovable property, exceeding five million rupees, for registering or attesting the transfer shall not be accepted or processed by such authority, unless the person is a filer<sup>3</sup>[:]" ]

<sup>1</sup>[227D.- Automated impersonal tax regime.- (1) The Board may design an alternate impersonal taxation regime whereby personal interaction will be minimized.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, prescribe the procedure in this behalf.

(3) This section shall be applicable only for low risk and compliant taxpayers as may be prescribed.]

<sup>2</sup>[**227E. E-hearing.—** (1) The Board may design and prescribe e-hearing module for the purpose of conducting hearings, granting opportunity of being heard and electronically receiving any information for the purpose of this Ordinance.

(2) The recording of e-hearing proceedings shall be admissible as evidence before any forum or court of law for the purpose of this Ordinance.

(3) The Board may make rules for the purpose of this section.]

<sup>(</sup>ii) a person holding a Pakistan origin card or a national identity card for overseas Pakistanis <sup>3</sup>[or a non-resident Pakistani citizen holding international passport] who produces a certificate from a scheduled bank of receipt of foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels during a period of sixty days prior to the date of booking, registration or purchase of motor vehicle: Provided further that the provisions of clause (b) shall not apply to,—

<sup>(</sup>i) a legal heir acquiring property in inheritance; or

<sup>(</sup>ii) a person holding a Pakistan origin card or a national identity card for overseas Pakistanis <sup>3</sup>[or a non-resident Pakistani citizen holding international passport] who produces a certificate from a scheduled bank for receipt of foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels during a period of sixty days prior to the date of registering, recording or attesting transfer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New section 227D inserted through Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 227BA inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

# PART II

## <sup>1</sup>[DIRECTORATES-GENERAL]

<sup>2</sup>[228. The Directorate General of <sup>3</sup>[] Internal Audit. — (1) The Directorate General of <sup>4</sup>[] Internal Audit shall consist of a Director-General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of <sup>5</sup>[] Internal Audit.]

<sup>6</sup>[**229**. <sup>7</sup>**[Inland Revenue Service Academy].**— (1) The <sup>8</sup>[Inland Revenue Service Academy] shall consist of a Director-General, Additional Director-General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such officers as the Board, may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the <sup>9</sup>[Inland Revenue Service Academy] and its officers.]

(a) The Director-General of Inspection; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The heading "DIRECTORATE-GENERAL OF INTERNAL AUDIT" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 228 substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The substituted section 228 read as follows:
 "228. Appointment of Directorate-General of Inspection.- (1) The Federal Government shall

appoint a Directorate-General of Inspection to exercise the powers and discharge the functions conferred on it under this Part.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Directorate-General shall consist of a Director-General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors, Extra-Assistant Directors and Inspectors, as the Director-General may consider necessary to be appointed from among the officers of the Income Tax Group."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Inspection and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Inspection and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Inspection and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier section 229 was omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. Which read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;229. Inspection authorities.-** (1) There shall be the following classes of inspection authorities for the purposes of this Ordinance, namely:-

<sup>(</sup>b) Directors of Inspection.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Directors of Inspection shall be subordinate to the Director-General of Inspection."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "Directorate General of Training and Research" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "Directorate General of Training and Research" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "Directorate General of Training and Research" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>1</sup>[**230. Directorate General (Intelligence and Investigation), Inland Revenue**.—(1) The Directorate General (Intelligence and Investigation) Inland Revenue shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

- (2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette,-
  - (a) specify the functions and jurisdiction of the Directorate General and its officers; and
  - (b) confer the powers of authorities specified in section 207 upon the Directorate General and its officers.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012. Earlier it was omitted by the Finance Act, 2005, which read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;230. Jurisdiction of Inspection Authorities.-** (1) Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, the Directors of Inspection shall perform their functions in respect of such persons or classes of persons or such areas as may be assigned to them by the Director-General.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Director-General or a Director of Inspection may assign any function in respect of any area, or office or offices located within an area, case, class of cases, person or classes of persons to any inspection officer working under his control.

<sup>(3)</sup> In this section, "inspection officer" means an Additional Director of Inspection, a Deputy Director of Inspection, an Assistant Director and an Extra-Assistant Director."

# [PART III

## <sup>2</sup>[DIRECTORATES-GENERAL]

**230A.** Directorate-General of Withholding Taxes.— (1) The Directorate-General of Withholding Taxes shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board, may by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate-General of Withholding Taxes.]

<sup>3</sup>[230B. Directorate-General of Law.— The Directorate-General of Law shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors, Law Officers and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate-General of Law.]

<sup>4</sup>[**230C. Directorate-General of Research and Development.**— (1) The Directorate-General of Research and Development shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate-General of Research and Development.]

<sup>5</sup>[230D. Directorate-General of Broadening of Tax Base.— (1) The Directorate-General of Broadening of Tax Base shall consist of a Director-General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate-General of Broadening of Tax Base.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The heading "DIRECTORATE-GENERAL OF WITHHOLDING TAXES" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>1</sup>[230E Directorate General of International <sup>2</sup>[Tax] Operations.—(I) The Directorate General of international Tax Operations shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

- (2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette,
  - (a) specify the functions and jurisdiction of the Directorate General and its officers; and
  - (b) confer the powers of authorities specified in section 207 upon the Directorate General and its officers.

(3) The functions and powers of the Directorate General of International Tax Operations shall include but not limited to-

- (a) receive and send information from other jurisdictions under spontaneous, automatic and on demand exchange of information under exchange of information agreements;
- (b) levy and recover tax by passing an assessment order under section I23(1A) in case of undeclared off-shore assets and incomes;
- (c) receive, transmit and exchange country reports to the jurisdictions that are parties to international by country agreements with Pakistan; and
- (d) conduct transfer pricing audit in cases selected for such audit by the Director General of international Tax Operations.

(4) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the criteria for selection of the taxpayer for transfer pricing audit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[230E. Directorate-General of Transfer Pricing.— (1) The Directorate-General of Transfer Pricing shall consist of a Director-General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

<sup>(2)</sup> The functions of the Directorate General of Transfer Pricing shall be to conduct transfer pricing audit.

*Explanation:* For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that transfer pricing audit refers to the audit for determination of transfer price at arm's length in transactions between associates and is independent of audit under section 177, 214C or 214D which is audit of the income tax affairs of the taxpayer.

<sup>(3)</sup> The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the criteria for selection of the taxpayer for transfer pricing audit and may further specify functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate-General of Transfer Pricing.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "Tar" substituted by the Finance Act, 2019.

Explanation- For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that transfer pricing audit refers to the audit for determination of transfer price at arm's length in transactions between associates and is independent tax audit under section 177 and 2l4C which is audit of the income tax affairs of the taxpayer.

<sup>1</sup>[(5) Transfer pricing audit of cases selected under clause (d) of subsection (3) shall be conducted as per procedure given in section 177 and all the provisions of the Ordinance, except the first proviso to sub-section (1), sub-section (6A), (10) and (14) of section 177, shall apply accordingly.

(6) Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the Commissioner from determination of transfer price at arm's length in transactions between associates while conducting audit of income tax affairs of a taxpayer under section 177 or 214C or during proceedings under section 122.]

<sup>2</sup>[230F. Directorate General of Immovable Property.—(1) The Directorate-General of Immovable Property, (hereinafter referred to as Directorate-General in this section, shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors and Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions and jurisdiction of the Directorate-General and its officers.

(3) The Directorate-General may, subject to the provisions and conditions as may be prescribed, initiate proceedings for the acquisition of property for the reasons and purposes specified in sub-section (4).

(4) The proceedings under sub-section (3) shall be initiated, where the Directorate-General, on the basis of valuation made by it, has reason to believe that any immovable property of a fair market value has been transferred by a person, hereinafter referred to as the transferor, to another person, hereinafter referred to as the transferor, bereinafter to as the transfere, for a consideration which is less than the fair market value of the immovable property and that the consideration for such transfer as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New sub-sections (5) & (6) inserted through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019, dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

agreed to between the transferor and transferee has been understated in the instrument of transfer for the purposes of -

- (a) the avoidance or reduction of withholding tax obligations under this Ordinance;
- (b) concealment of unexplained amount referred to in sub- section
   (1) of section 111 representing investment in immovable property; or
- (c) avoidance or reduction of capital gains tax under section 37.

(5) The Directorate-General may appoint any valuer or expert as it considers necessary for the purposes of determination of valuation including fair market value of immovable property.

(6) The mode and manner of appointment of a valuer or expert shall be as may be prescribed.

(7) The valuation made under sub-section (4) and reasons that consideration is less than the fair market value shall be recorded in writing.

(8) No proceedings shall be initiated in respect of any immovable property after expiration of a period of six months from the end of the month in which the instrument of transfer in respect of such property is registered, recorded or attested.

(9) The mode and manner of initiation of proceedings and acquisition of immovable property under this section shall be as may be prescribed:

Provided that the proceedings shall not be initiated unless the transferee is provided with an opportunity of being heard and where the objection by the transferee, if any, is rejected by the Directorate-General, it shall record in writing the reasons for rejection through an order.

(10) If the Directorate-General is satisfied with the objections or reasons furnished by the transferee or the transferor, it shall, by order in writing, declare that the property shall not be acquired under this section.

(11) If after hearing the objections, if any, and after taking into account all the relevant material on record, the Directorate-General is satisfied that the fair market value of such property exceeds the consideration by more than fifty per cent of such consideration and that transfer as agreed to between the transferor and the transferee has not been truly stated in the instrument of transfer it may, after obtaining approval of the Board, make an order for acquisition of the immovable property under this section.

(12) The transferee may prefer express appeal to the Appellate Tribunal of Immovable Property against the order of acquisition of any immovable property under sub-section (11) within sixty days of service of a copy of such order.

(13) There shall be established an Appellate Tribunal of Immovable Property to exercise the powers conferred on the Tribunal under this section.

(14) The appointment of members of the Tribunal, powers, functions, constitution of the Tribunal and mode and manner of disposal of appeals shall be as may be prescribed.

(15) The Appellate Tribunal may, after giving the appellant and the Directorate-General an opportunity of being heard, pass such order as it thinks fit.

(16) The transferee or the Directorate-General aggrieved by any order of the Tribunal may, within sixty days of the date on which the order under sub-section (15) is served, prefer an appeal against such order to the High Court.

(17) As soon as may be after the order for acquisition of immovable property made under sub-section (11) becomes final, the Directorate-General may, by notice in writing, order the transferee or any other person who may be in possession of the immovable property to surrender or deliver possession thereof to the Directorate-General within thirty days of the date of the service of the notice.

(18) The order referred to in sub-section (11) becomes final if either no appeal has been there against filed or on appeal filed before the Tribunal, the order is confirmed and no appeal is filed before the High Court or on appeal filed before the High Court the order is confirmed.

(19) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law or any agreement for the time being in force, where order referred to in sub-section (11) becomes final, the immovable property and all rights including ownership rights thereof shall be vested in the Federal Government and shall be treated to be in the same position in relation to such rights as the person in whom such rights would have continued to vest if such order had not become final.

(20) Where any immovable property is acquired under this section, the Board shall make the payment of consideration for acquisition to the person or

persons entitled thereto, as soon as may be, after the property becomes vested in the Federal Government.

(21) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 68, for the purpose of this section,—

- (a) "consideration for acquisition" means a sum equal to the aggregate of the amount of the consideration for the transfer of immovable property and hundred per cent of such consideration;
- (b) "fair market value" in relation to an immovable property means the price that the immovable property would ordinarily fetch on sale in the open market on the date of execution of the instrument of transfer of such property;
- (c) "immovable property" means any land with or without a superstructure or any building or part of a building or any rights therein and includes, where any land or any building or part of a building is transferred along with any machinery, plant, equipment, furniture and fittings; and
- (d) "transfer" in relation to any immovable property means transfer of such property by way of sale or exchange or lease for a term of not less than ten years.

(22) The provisions of this section shall come into force on such date as the Federal Government may, by notification in official Gazette, appoint.

#### <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[230G. Directorate General of Special Initiative.- (1) The Directorate General of Special Initiative shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette,-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In section 230F, sub-section (23) omitted through Finance Act 2019, omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>(23)</sup> From the date of appointment as mentioned in sub-section (22), rates mentioned in column (3) of the Table in Division XVIII shall be 1% and provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (4) of section 111, section 236C, section 236W and Division X of Part IV of the First Schedule shall not apply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New section (230G) & (230H) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

- (a) specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Special Initiative and its officers; and
- (b) confer the powers of authorities specified in section 207 upon the Directorate General and its officers.

**230H.** Directorate General of Valuation.- (1) The Directorate General of Valuation shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

(2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette,-

- (a) specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Valuation and its officers; and
- (b) confer the powers authorities specified in section 207 upon the Directorate General and its officers.]

<sup>1</sup>[230]. Directorate General of Compliance Risk Management.— (1) The Directorate General of Compliance Risk Management shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such other officers as the Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

- (2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette —
- (a) specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Compliance Risk Management and its officers; and
- (b) confer the powers of authorities specified in section 207 upon the Directorate General and its officers.]

<sup>2</sup>[**230J. International Centre of Tax Excellence. –** (1) There shall be established an Institute to be known as International Centre of Tax Excellence.

(2) The functions of the Institute shall be to help contribute to the development of tax policy, prepare model national tax policy, deliver interdisciplinary research in tax administration and policy, international tax cooperation, revenue forecasting, conduct international seminars, workshops and conferences on the current issues faced by tax authorities in the field of international taxation, capacity building of Inland Revenue Officers, tax analysis, improve the design and delivery of tax administration for maximising revenue within existing provisions to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 230I inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 230J inserted by the Finance Act 2023.

close the tax gap or any other function as directed by the Board or the Federal Government.

(3) There shall be a Nominating Committee comprising the Minister-in-Charge, Secretary Revenue Division and Secretary Finance which shall be responsible for recommending a panel to the Federal Government for the appointment of an Executive Director and independent members of the Executive Committee.

(4) There shall an Executive Committee comprising Chairman, Federal Board of Revenue, Member (IR-Policy), Member (IR-Operations) and two independent members to be appointed by the Federal Government. Executive Director shall act as Secretary of the Executive Committee.

(5) The Nominating Committee shall apply the prescribed criteria for making recommendations of the panel for Executive Director and independent members of the Executive Committee.

(6) Executive Director and independent members of the Executive Committee shall be appointed by the Federal Government.

(7) Executive Director shall also be the Chief Executive of the Institute and shall work to ensure efficient functioning and day to day administrative functions of the Institute and shall be independent in the discharge of its functions specified under sub-section (8).

(8) Executive Committee, for every fiscal year, shall assign the requirements of the Board to be undertaken by the Institute, during the year.

(9) The Executive Committee shall prescribe rules for recruitment of the employees of the Institute and Executive Director shall act in accordance with the rules. At least fifty per cent of the employees shall be serving Inland Revenue officers having at least 5 years of experience of tax policy or tax administration.

(10) The remuneration and term of employment of the employees of the Institute shall be as prescribed by the Federal Government.

(11) The Board may establish a committee to monitor the establishment of the Institute including appointment of the Project Director for the purpose.

(12) The Board may, provide such data to the Institute as is necessary for processing and analysis and for discharging its obligations under sub-section (8):

Provided that such data shall be anonymized before transmission to the Institute and identifying particulars of the taxpayers shall be kept confidential and provisions of sub-section (7) of section 216 shall apply accordingly.

(13) The Executive Committee may by notification in the official gazette make rules for carrying out the purposes of this section.]

## CHAPTER XII TRANSITIONAL ADVANCE TAX PROVISIONS

²[	]			
3[	]			
<sup>4</sup> [	]			
<sup>5</sup> [	1			

- (a) To carry out inspections of income tax cases and offices;
- (b) to investigate or cause investigation to be carried out in respect of -
  - (i) cases involving leakage of revenue or evasion of taxes; and
    - (ii) Regional Commissioners of Income Tax, Commissioners of Income Tax, taxation officers and any other staff of income tax offices allegedly involved in corruption and malpractice, and recommend to the competent authority appropriate disciplinary action;
- (c) to carry out audit of cases or offices involving income tax revenues;
- (d) to recommend to the Central Board of Revenue in matters of tax policy, tax administration and tax operations;
- (e) to furnish an annual report about the workings of Income Tax Offices to the Central Board of Revenue by the thirty-first day of December, following the end of the financial year to which it relates; and
- (f) to carry out any other work or function that may be assigned to it by the Federal Government.

(2) In discharge of its functions under sub-section (1), the Directorate-General shall have the powers specified in section 176."

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

- <sup>3</sup> Section 231A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:
  - **"231A. Cash withdrawal from a bank.**—<sup>3</sup>[(1) Every banking company shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division VI of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the payment for cash withdrawal, or the sum total of the payments for cash withdrawal in a day, exceeds <sup>3</sup>[fifty] thousand rupees.]

<sup>3</sup>["*Explanation.*- For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the said fifty thousand rupees shall be aggregate withdrawals from all the bank accounts in a single day."

- <sup>4</sup> Sub-section (2) omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows:-
- "(2) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of withdrawals made by,-
  - (a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
  - (b) a foreign diplomat or a diplomatic mission in Pakistan; or
  - (c) a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner that his income during the tax year is exempt."

<sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 231 omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted section 231 read as follows: "231. Functions and Powers of Directorate.- (1) The functions of the Directorate-General of Inspection shall be, namely:-

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[231AB. Advance tax on cash withdrawal. — (1) Every banking company shall deduct advance adjustable tax at the rate of 0.6% of the cash withdrawal from a person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list on the sum total of the payments for cash withdrawal in a day, exceeding fifty thousand rupees.

**Explanation.** – For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the said fifty thousand rupees shall be aggregate cash withdrawals in a single day.]

<sup>4</sup>[**231B.** Advance tax on <sup>5</sup>[ ] motor vehicles.— (1) Every motor vehicle registering authority of Excise and Taxation Department shall collect advance tax at the time of registration of a motor vehicle, at the rates specified in Division VII of Part IV of the First Schedule <sup>6</sup>[:]

(3) The advance tax under this section shall be collected at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part IV of the First Schedule, where the sum total of payments for transactions mentioned in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) as the case may be, exceed twenty-five thousand rupees in a day.

<sup>2</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by Finance Act, 2015. Omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:-

"(4) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of transactions made by,-

- (a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
- (b) a foreign diplomat or a diplomatic mission in Pakistan; or
- (c) a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner that its income during the tax year is exempt.]

<sup>3</sup> Section 231AB inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>4</sup> Section 231B substituted by the Finance Act, 2014. The substituted section 231B read as follows:

<sup>4</sup>[231B. Advance tax on private motor vehicles.— Every motor vehicle registering authority of Excise and Taxation Department shall collect advance tax at the time of registration of a new locally manufactured motor vehicle, at the rates specified in Division VII of Part IV of the First Schedule:

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not be applicable in the case of -

- (a) the Federal Government;
- (b) the Provincial Government;
- (c) the Local Government;
- (d) a foreign diplomat; or
- (e) a diplomatic mission in Pakistan."

<sup>5</sup> The word "private" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>6</sup> Full-stop substituted by the Finance Act 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 231AA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;231AA. Advance tax on transactions in bank.—** (1) Every banking company, non-banking financial institution, exchange company or any authorized dealer of foreign exchange shall collect advance tax at the time of sale against cash of any instrument, including Demand Draft, Pay Order, CDR, STDR, SDR, RTC, or any other instrument of bearer nature or on receipt of cash on cancellation of any of these instruments<sup>1</sup>["."] <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>(2)</sup> Every banking company, non-banking financial institution, exchange company or any authorized dealer of foreign exchange shall collect advance tax at the time of transfer of any sum against cash through online transfer, telegraphic transfer, mail transfer or any other mode of electronic transfer.

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that no collection of advance tax under this subsection shall be made after five years from the date of first registration as specified in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (6).]

<sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[(1A) Every leasing company or a scheduled bank or a non-banking financial institution or an investment bank or a *modaraba* or a development finance institution, whether *shariah* compliant or under conventional mode, at the time of leasing of a motor vehicle to a <sup>4</sup>["person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list"], either through *ijara* or otherwise, shall collect advance tax at the rate of four per cent of the value of the motor vehicle. ]

(2) Every motor vehicle registering authority of Excise and Taxation Department shall collect advance tax at the time of transfer of registration or ownership of a  ${}^{5}$ [] motor vehicle, at the rates specified in Division VII of Part IV of the First Schedule:

Provided that no collection of advance tax under this subsection shall be made on transfer of vehicle after five year from the date of first registration in Pakistan.

<sup>6</sup>[(2A) Every motor vehicle registration authority of Excise and Taxation Department shall, at the time of registration, collect tax at the rates specified in Division VII of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the locally manufactured motor vehicle has been sold prior to registration by the person who originally purchased it from the local manufacturer.]

(3) Every manufacturer of a motor <sup>7</sup>["vehicle"]shall collect, at the time of sale of a motor car or jeep, advance tax at the rate specified in Division VII of Part IV of the First Schedule from the person to whom such sale is made.

(4) Sub-section (1) shall not apply if a person produces evidence that tax under sub-section (3) in case of a locally manufactured vehicle or tax under section 148 in the case of imported vehicle was collected from the same person in respect of the same vehicle.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$ Sub-section (1A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted sub-section (1A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (1A) Every leasing company or a scheduled bank or an investment bank or a development finance institution or a modaraba shall, at the time of leasing of a motor vehicle to a non-filer, collect advance tax at the rate of three per cent of the value of the motor vehicle."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "non-filer" substituted though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "private" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (2A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier sub-section (2A) was inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The word "car or jeep" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

(5) The advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable:

Provided that the provisions of this section shall not be applicable in the case of  $- % \left( {{\left[ {{{\rm{T}}_{\rm{T}}} \right]}_{\rm{T}}} \right)$ 

- (a) the Federal Government;
- (b) a Provincial Government;
- (c) a Local Government;
- (d) a foreign diplomat; or
- (e) a diplomatic mission in Pakistan.]

 $^{1}\![(6)$  For the purposes of this section the expression "date of first registration" means—

- (a) the date of issuance of broad arrow number in case a vehicle is acquired from the Armed Forces of Pakistan;
- (b) the date of registration by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in case the vehicle is acquired from a foreign diplomat or a diplomatic mission in Pakistan;
- (c) the last day of the year of manufacture in case of acquisition of an unregistered vehicle from the Federal or a Provincial Government; and
- (d) in all other cases the date of first registration by the Excise and Taxation Department.

<sup>2</sup>[(7) For the purpose of this section, motor vehicle includes car, caravan automobiles, jeep, limousine, pickup, sports utility vehicle, trucks, vans, wagon and any other automobile excluding–

- (i) a motor vehicle used for public transportation, carriage of goods and agriculture machinery;
- (ii) a rickshaw or a motorcycle rickshaw and
- (iii) any other motor vehicle having engine capacity upto 200cc.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (7) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) For the purpose of this section "motor vehicle" includes car, jeep, van, sports utility vehicle, pick-up trucks for private use, caravan automobile, limousine, wagon and any other automobile used for private purpose.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.*--- For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that a motor vehicle does not include a rickshaw, motorcycle-rickshaw and any other motor vehicle having engine capacity upto 200cc."

<sup>1</sup>[**231C. Advance tax on foreign domestic workers.** – (1) Any authority issuing or renewing domestic aide visa to any foreign national as a domestic worker at the time of issuing or renewing such visa shall collect from the agency, sponsor or the person as the case may be, employing the services of such foreign national a tax of two hundred thousand rupees.

(2) The tax collected or collectible under this section shall be adjustable advance tax for the tax year to which it relates on the income of such agency, sponsor or a person, as the case may be, employing the services of such foreign national.]

#### <sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[233. Brokerage and commission. — (1) Where any payment on account of brokerage or commission is made by the Federal Government, a Provincial

- (a) clearing an outstation cheque of an amount excluding twenty-five thousand rupees;
- (b) issuing a demand draft, pay order, special deposit receipts, cash deposit receipt or rupee traveller's cheque; and
- (c) effecting a telegraphic or electronic transfer of funds, from the drawer of such cheque, draft, pay order, receipt or person ordering transfer of funds.
  - (2) Advance tax under sub-section (1) shall not be collected in the case of payments made
- by —
- (a) Federal Government, Provincial Governments, statutory bodies and universities;
- (b) a non-profit organization within the meaning of clause (37) of section 2;
- (c) an industrial undertaking or institution exempt from tax under the Second Schedule;
- (d) a public company whose shares are traded on a registered stock exchange in Pakistan;
- (e) a foreign diplomat or a foreign diplomatic mission in Pakistan;
- (f) a branch or office of a company to another branch or office of such company;
- (g) a person who holds National Tax Number and furnishes a statement to that bank in the prescribed form and manner."

<sup>3</sup> Section 233 substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The substituted section 233 read as follows:

**"233. Brokerage and Commission.-** (1) Where any payment on account of brokerage or commission is made by the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, a local authority, a company or an association of persons constituted by, or under, any law (hereinafter called the "principal") to any person <sup>B</sup>[other than travel agents and insurance agents] (hereinafter called the "agent"), the principal shall deduct advance tax at the rate specified in Part IV of the First Schedule from such payment.

(2) If the agent retains commission or brokerage from any amount remitted by him to the principal, he shall be deemed to have been paid the commission or brokerage by the principal and the principal shall collect advance tax from the agent.

(3) Where any payment on account of brokerage or commission is made by the principal to a travel agent or an insurance agent, the principal shall deduct advance tax at the rate specified in Part IV of the First Schedule from such payment.

(4) Where any tax is collected from a person under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3), the tax so collected shall be the final tax on the income of such persons."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 231C inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted section 232 read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;232. Transfer of funds. -** (1) Advance tax at the rate specified in Part-IV of the First Schedule shall be collected by a person —

Government, a<sup>1</sup>[Local Government], a company or an <sup>2</sup>[association of person or individual having turnover of hundred million rupees or more] (hereinafter called the "principal") to a <sup>3</sup>[] person (hereinafter called the "agent"), the principal shall deduct advance tax at the rate specified in <sup>4</sup>[Division II of] Part IV of the First Schedule from such payment.

(2) If the agent retains Commission or brokerage from any amount remitted by him to the principal, he shall be deemed to have been paid the commission or brokerage by the principal and the principal shall collect advance tax from the agent.

<sup>5</sup>[(2A) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (1), where the principal is making payment on account of commission to an advertising agent, directly or through electronic or print media, the principal shall deduct tax (in addition to tax required to be deducted under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 on advertising services excluding commission), at the rate specified in Division II of Part IV of the First Schedule on the amount equal to-

Where A = amount paid or to be paid to electronic or print media for advertising services (excluding commission) on which tax is deductible under clause (b) of sub-section (I) of section 153.

(2B) Tax deducted under sub-section (2A) shall be <sup>6</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of the advertising agent.]

(3) Where any tax is <sup>7</sup>[required to be] collected from a person under subsection (1), <sup>8</sup>[such tax] shall be the <sup>9</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of such persons.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "association of persons constituted by, or under any law" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "resident" omitted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "final" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The words "the tax so collected" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The word "final" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>1</sup>[Explanation.— For the removal of doubt, it is explained that the income of person referred to in sub-sections (2B) and (3) means the amount on which tax is deductible under sub-sections (1) or (2A) of this section.]

<sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

**234.** <sup>6</sup>**[Tax on motor vehicles].**— (1) Any person <sup>7</sup>[at the time of] collecting motor vehicle tax shall also collect advance tax at the rates specified in <sup>8</sup>[Division III of] Part IV of the First Schedule.

<sup>3</sup> Section 233A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:
 "233A. Collection of tax by a stock exchange registered in Pakistan.— (1) A stock exchange registered in Pakistan shall collect advance tax,—

- (a) at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part IV of First Schedule from its Members on purchase of shares in lieu of <sup>3</sup>[tax on] the commission earned by such Members; <sup>3</sup>[and]
- (b) at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part IV of First <sup>3</sup>[Schedule] from its Members on sale of shares in lieu of <sup>3</sup>[tax on] the commission earned by such Members<sup>3</sup>[.]
- <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[(2) The tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be <sup>3</sup>[adjustable].]

4 Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>5</sup> Section 233AA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**"233AA. Collection of tax by NCCPL.—**NCCPL shall collect advance tax from the members of Stock Exchange registered in Pakistan <sup>5</sup>[, margin financiers, trading financiers and lenders], in respect of margin financing in share business <sup>5</sup>[or providing of any margin financing, margin trading or securities lending under Securities (Leveraged Markets and Pledging) Rules, 2011 in share business] at the rate specified in Division <sup>5</sup>[IIB] of Part IV of First Schedule<sup>5</sup>[:]]

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any Mutual Fund specified in sub-clause (2) of clause (57) of Part I of the Second Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>[(3) This section shall not apply from the first day of March. 2019."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "Transport business" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

(2) If the motor vehicle tax is collected in instalments<sup>1</sup>[or lump sum] the advance tax may also be collected in instalments <sup>2</sup>[or lump sum] in like manner.

<sup>3</sup>[(2A) In respect of motor cars used for more than ten years in Pakistan, no advance tax shall be collected after a period of ten years.]

(3) In respect of a passenger transport vehicle with registered seating capacity of ten or more persons, advance tax shall not be collected after a period of ten years from the first day of July of the year of make of the vehicle.

(4) In respect of a goods transport vehicle with registered laden weight of <sup>4</sup>[] less than 8120 kilograms, advance tax shall not be collected after a period of ten years from the date of first registration of vehicle in Pakistan.

<sup>5</sup>[(5) Advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable.]

 ${}^{6}["(6)$  For the purpose of sub-sections (1) and (2) "motor vehicle" shall include the vehicles specified in sub-section (7) of section 231B."]

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"(5) Where tax is collected from any person being the owner of goods transport vehicle, the tax so collected shall be the final tax on the income of such person from plying, or hiring out, of such vehicle."

<sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>8</sup> Section 234A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

"234A CNG Stations.—(1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rate specified in Division VIB of Part III of the First Schedule on the amount of gas bill of a Compressed Natural Gas station.

(2) The person preparing gas consumption bill shall charge advance tax under sub-section (1) in the manner gas consumption charges are charged.

(3) The tax collected under this section<sup>8</sup>[and under section 235] shall be a <sup>8</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of a CNG station arising from the consumption of the gas referred to in sub-section (1). <sup>8</sup>[*Explanation.*— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that for the purposes of this section tax on income arising from consumption of gas referred to in sub-section (3) means the tax collected under sub-section (1) which is inclusive of sales tax and all incidental charges.]

<sup>9</sup>Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted sub-section (4) is read as follows:

"(4) The taxpayers shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax collected or deducted under any other head, during the tax year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Comma substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "2030 kilogram or more but" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Sub-section (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted sub-section (5) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

**235.** Electricity consumption.- (1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rates specified in <sup>1</sup>[Division IV of] Part-IV of the First Schedule on the amount of electricity bill of a commercial or industrial <sup>2</sup>[or domestic] consumer <sup>3</sup>[:

Provided that the provisions of sub-section (1) shall not apply to a domestic consumer of electricity if his name appears on the Active Taxpayers' List.]

<sup>4</sup>[]

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(2) The person preparing electricity consumption bill shall charge advance tax under sub-section (1) in the manner electricity consumption charges are charged.

<sup>6</sup>[*Explanation.*— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that for the purposes of this section electricity consumption bill referred to in sub-section (2) means electricity bill inclusive of sales tax and all incidental charges.]

(3) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected from a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner that his income during tax year is exempt from tax <sup>7</sup>[or that he has discharged advance tax liability <sup>8</sup>[under section 147 or whose entire income is subject to final tax regime or minimum tax regime under any provisions of this Ordinance other than this section]. ]

<sup>9</sup>[(4) Under this section, —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (1A) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Sub-section (1A) omitted and deemed to have been so omitted from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2022 by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this sub-section was omitted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 22.08.2022. Omitted sub-section (1A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1A) In addition to tax collectible under sub-section (1), there shall be collected tax at the rates given in the Division IV of Part IV of First Schedule from retailers and service providers as provided under section 99A of the Ordinance:

Provided that the tax shall not be collectible under this sub-section if the tax has been collected from the person under sub-section (9) of section 3 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 as provided in the general order issued under section 99A of the Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Expression inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The words "for the tax year" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sub-section (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-section (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) The tax collected under this section up to bill amount of twenty thousand rupees per month shall be minimum tax on the income of a person (other than a company). There shall be no refund

- (a) in the case of a taxpayer other than a company, tax collected upto bill amount of <sup>1</sup>[three hundred and sixty thousand Rupees per annum]shall be treated as minimum tax on the income of such persons and no refund shall be allowed;
- (b) in the case of a taxpayer other than a company, tax collected on monthly bill over and above thirty thousand rupees per month shall be adjustable; and
- <sup>2</sup>[(c)] in the case of a company, tax collected shall be adjustable against tax liability.]
- <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

**236.** Telephone <sup>6</sup>[and internet] users.- (1) Advance tax at the rates specified in <sup>7</sup>[Division V] Part IV of the First Schedule shall be collected on the amount of –

of the tax collected under this section, unless the tax so collected is in excess of the amount for which the taxpayer is chargeable under this Ordinance in the case of a company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "thirty thousand rupees per month" substituted by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (d) re-numbered by the Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sections 235A and 235B inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 235A omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;235A. Domestic electricity consumption.-** (1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rates specified in Division XIX of Part IV of the First Schedule on the amount of electricity bill of a domestic consumer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>[*Explanation.*— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that for the purposes of this section, electricity consumption bill referred to in sub-section (2) means electricity bill inclusive of sales tax and all incidental charges.]

<sup>(2)</sup> The person preparing electricity consumption bill shall charge advance tax under subsection (1) in the manner electricity consumption charges are charged.

<sup>(3)</sup> Tax collected under this section shall be adjustable against tax liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Section 235B omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows: **235B. Tax on steel melters** <sup>5</sup>**[and composite units].**- (1) There shall be collected tax from every steel melter, <sup>5</sup>**[and]** composite steel units, registered for the purpose of Chapter XI of Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007 at the rate of one rupee per unit of electricity consumed for the production of steel billets, ingots and mild steel (MS products) excluding stainless steel .

<sup>(2)</sup> The person preparing electricity consumption bill shall charge and collect the tax under sub-section (1) in the manner electricity consumption charges are charged and collected.

<sup>(3)</sup> The tax collected under sub- section (1) shall be deemed to be the tax required to be deducted under sub-section (1) of section 153, on the payment for local purchase of scrap.

<sup>(4)</sup> Tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be non-adjustable and credit of the same shall not be allowed to any person.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

- (a) telephone bill of a subscriber; <sup>1</sup>[]
- (b) prepaid cards for <sup>2</sup>[] telephones <sup>3</sup>[; <sup>4</sup>[]]
- (c) sale of units through any electronic medium or whatever form <sup>5</sup>[; and]
- <sup>6</sup>["(d) internet bill of a subscriber; and
  - (e) prepaid cards for internet."]

(2) The person preparing the telephone<sup>7</sup>[or internet] bill shall charge advance tax under sub-section (1) in the manner telephone<sup>8</sup>[or internet] charges are charged.

(3) The person issuing or selling prepaid cards for  ${}^{9}$ [ ] telephones  ${}^{10}$ [or internet] shall  ${}^{11}$ [collect] advance tax under sub-section (1) from the purchasers at the time of issuance or sale of cards.

 $^{12}$ [(3A) The person issuing or selling units through any electronic medium or whatever form shall collect advance tax under sub-section (1) from the purchaser at the time of issuance of sale of units.]

(4) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected from Government, a foreign diplomat, a diplomatic mission in Pakistan, or a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner that his income during the tax year is exempt from tax.

<sup>13</sup>[236A. Advance tax at the time of sale by auction.— (1) Any person making sale by public auction<sup>14</sup>[or auction by a tender], of any property or goods

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "mobile" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "and" omitted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The word "mobile" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The word "called" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>1</sup>[(including property or goods confiscated or attached)] either belonging to or not belonging to the Government, local Government, any authority, a company, a foreign association declared to be a company under sub-clause (vi) of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 80, or a foreign contractor or a consultant or a consortium or Collector of Customs or Commissioner of <sup>2</sup>[Inland Revenue] or any other authority, shall collect advance tax, computed on the basis of sale price of such property and at the rate specified in Division VIII of Part IV of the First Schedule, from the person to whom such property or goods are being sold.

<sup>3</sup>[*Explanation.---* For the removal of doubt it is clarified for the purpose of this section that---

- (a) the expression "sale by public auction or auction by a tender" includes renewal of a license previously sold by public auction or auction by a tender; and
- (b) where payment is received in instalments, advance tax is to be collected with each instalment.]

(2) The credit for the tax collected under sub-section (1) in that tax year shall, subject to the provisions of section 147, be given in computing the tax payable by the person purchasing such property in the relevant tax year or in the case of a taxpayer to whom section 98B or section 145 applies, the tax year, in which the "said date" as referred to in that section, falls or whichever is later.

*Explanation.*- For the purposes of this section, sale of any property includes the awarding of any lease to any person, including a lease of the right to collect tolls, fees or other levies, by whatever name called.]

<sup>4</sup>[(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (2), tax collected on a lease of the right to collect tolls shall be final tax.]

<sup>5</sup>[ <sup>6</sup>[ ]] <sup>7</sup>[ ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "confiscated or attached" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Income Tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Explanation added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 236B added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (4) read as follows:-

<sup>[(4)</sup> The advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of-

<sup>(</sup>a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government; or

<sup>(</sup>b) a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner Inland Revenue that income of such person during the tax year is exempt.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 236B omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[236C. Advance Tax on sale or transfer of immovable Property. — (1) <sup>2</sup>[Subject to sub-section (2A), any person] responsible for registering <sup>3</sup>[, recording] or attesting transfer of any immovable property shall at the time of registering <sup>4</sup>[,recording] or attesting the transfer shall collect from the seller or transferor advance tax at the rate specified in Division X of Part IV of the First Schedule <sup>5</sup>[:]

<sup>6</sup>[*Explanation*,—For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer includes person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer for local authority, housing authority, housing society, co-operative society <sup>7</sup>[, public and private real estate projects registered/governed under any law, joint ventures, private commercial concerns] and registrar of properties.]

<sup>8</sup>[Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to a seller, being the dependant of a *Shaheed* belonging to Pakistan Armed Forces or a person who dies while in the service of the Pakistan Armed Forces or the service of Federal or Provincial Government, in respect of first sale of immovable property acquired from or allotted by the Federal Government or Provincial Government or any authority duly certified by the official allotment authority, and the property acquired or allotted is in recognition of or for services rendered by the *Shaheed* or the person who dies in service] <sup>9</sup>[:

[Provided further that if the seller or transferor is a non-resident individual holding Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC) who had acquired the said immovable property through a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or NRP Rupee Value Account (NRVA) maintained with authorized banks in Pakistan under the foreign exchange regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan, the tax collected under this section

**<sup>&</sup>quot;236B.** Advance tax on purchase of air ticket.— (1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rate specified in Division IX of Part IV of the First Schedule, on the purchase of gross amount of domestic air ticket<sup>7</sup>[":"]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>["Provided that this section shall not apply to routes of Baluchistan coastal belt, Azad Jammu and Kashmir, Federally Administered Tribal Areas, Gilgit-Baltistan and Chitral."]

<sup>(2)</sup> The <sup>7</sup>[airline issuing] air ticket shall charge advance tax under sub-section (1) in the manner air ticket charges are charged.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>[(2A) The mode, manner and time of collection shall be as may be prescribed.]

<sup>7[(3)</sup> The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Any person" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution and addition were made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

from such persons shall be final discharge of tax liability in lieu of capital gains taxable under section 37 earned by the seller or transferor from the property so disposed of.]

- (2) The Advance tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable
- <sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that where immovable property referred to in subsection (1) is acquired and disposed of within the same tax year, the tax collected under this section shall be minimum tax.]

<sup>3</sup>[(2A) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law, for the time being in force, any person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer of any immovable property shall not register, record or attest transfer unless the seller or transferor has discharged its tax liability under section 7E and evidence to this effect has been furnished to the said person in the prescribed mode, form and manner."; ]

<sup>4</sup>[ ]
<sup>5</sup>[ ]
<sup>6</sup>[ ]
<sup>7</sup>[ ]
<sup>8</sup>[(4) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to:—

(a) a seller, if the seller is dependent of:

"(4) Sub-section (1) shall not apply to:----

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-section (2A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act 2015. The omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) The advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of Federal Government, Provincial Government or a Local Government."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted sub-section read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) Advance tax under sub-section (1) shall not be collected if the immovable property is held for a period exceeding <sup>6</sup>[four] years."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-section (4) omitted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016. The omitted sub-section read as follows:-

<sup>(</sup>a) a seller, if the seller is dependent of:

<sup>(</sup>i) a Shaheed belonging to Pakistan Armed Forces; or

<sup>(</sup>ii) a person who dies while in the service of the Pakistan Armed Forces or the Federal and Provincial Governments; and

<sup>(</sup>b) to the first sale of immovable property which has been acquired or allotted as an original allottee, duly certified by the official allotment authority."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Sub-section (4) added by the Income Tax (Fourth Amendment) Act, 2016 dated 02.12.2016.

- (i) a seller, if the seller is dependent of: a Shaheed belonging to Pakistan Armed Forces; or
- (ii) a person who dies while in the service of the Pakistan Armed Forces or the Federal and Provincial Governments; and
- (b) to the first sale of immovable property which has been acquired or allotted as an original allottee, duly certified by the official allotment authority.]

<sup>1</sup>[236CA. Advance tax on TV plays and advertisements.- (1) Any licensing authority certifying any foreign TV drama serial or a play dubbed in Urdu or any other language, for screening and viewing on any landing rights channel, shall collect advance tax at the rates specified in Division XA of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(2) Any licensing authority certifying any commercial for advertisement starring foreign actor, for screening and viewing on any landing rights channel shall collect advance tax at the rates specified in Division XA of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(3) The tax required to be collected under this section shall be minimum tax in respect of income arising from such drama serial or play or advertisement referred to in sub-section (1) or (2) of this section.]

 ${}^{2}$ [236CB. Advance tax on functions and gatherings. – (1) Every prescribed person shall collect advance tax at the rate specified in Division XI of Part IV of the First Schedule on the total amount of the bill from a person arranging or holding a function in a marriage hall, marquee, hotel, restaurant, commercial lawn, club, a community place or any other place used for such purpose, subject to such conditions or limitations as may be prescribed.

(2) Where the food, service or any other facility is provided by any other person, the prescribed person shall also collect advance tax on the payment for such food, service or facility at the rate specified in Division XI of Part IV of the First Schedule from the person arranging or holding the function.

(3) The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) and subsection (2) shall be adjustable.

- (4) In this section
  - (a) "function" includes any wedding related event, a seminar, a workshop, a session, an exhibition, a concert, a show, a party or any other gathering held for such purpose; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 236CA inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 236CB inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2023 (X of 2023) dated 23.02.2023.

(b) "prescribed person" includes the owner, a lease-holder, an operator or a manager of a marriage hall, marquee, hotel, restaurant, commercial lawn, club, a community place or any other place used for such purpose.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[236G. Advance tax on sales to distributors, dealers and wholesalers.— (1) Every manufacturer or commercial importer of <sup>3</sup>[pharmaceuticals, poultry and animal feed, edible oil and ghee, auto-parts, tyres, varnishes, chemicals, cosmetics, IT equipment,] electronics, sugar, cement, iron and steel products, fertilizer, motorcycles, pesticides, cigarettes, glass, textile, beverages, paint or foam sector, at the time of sale to distributors, dealers and wholesalers, shall collect advance tax at the rate specified in Division XIV of Part IV of the First Schedule, from the aforesaid person to whom such sales have been made.

(2) Credit for tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be allowed in computing the tax due by the distributor, dealer or wholesaler on the taxable income for the tax year in which the tax was collected.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 236D and 236F omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted sections read as follows: **236D. Advance tax on functions and gatherings.**— (1) Every prescribed person shall collect advance tax at the rate specified in Division XI of Part IV of the First Schedule on the total amount of the bill from a person arranging or holding a function in a marriage hall, marquee, hotel, restaurant, commercial lawn, club, a community place or any other place used for such purpose.

<sup>(2)</sup> Where the food, service or any other facility is provided by any other person, the prescribed person shall also collect advance tax on the payment for such food, service or facility at the rate specified in Division XI of Part IV of the First Schedule from the person arranging or holding the function.

<sup>(3)</sup> The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) shall be adjustable.

<sup>(4)</sup> In this section,-

<sup>(</sup>a) "function" includes any wedding related event, a seminar, a workshop, a session, an exhibition, a concert, a show, a party or any other gathering held for such purpose; and

<sup>(</sup>b) "prescribed person" includes the owner, a lease-holder, an operator or a manager of a marriage hall, marquee, hotel, restaurant, commercial lawn, club, a community place or any other place used for such purpose.] <sup>1</sup>[1]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[236F. Advance tax on cable operators and other electronic media.— (1) Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority, at the time of issuance of licence for distribution services or renewal of the licence to a licencee, shall collect advance tax at the rates specified in Division XIII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> The tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable.

<sup>(3)</sup> For the purpose of this section, "cable television operator" "DTH", "Distribution Service", "electronic media", "IPTV", "loop holder", "MMDS", "mobile TV", shall have the same meanings as defined in Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority Ordinance, 2002 (XIII of 2002) and rules made thereunder

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>**[236H. Advance tax on sales to retailers.**— (1) Every manufacturer, distributor, dealer, wholesaler or commercial importer of <sup>2</sup>[pharmaceuticals, poultry and animal feed, edible oil and ghee, auto-parts, tyres, varnishes, chemicals, cosmetics, IT equipment,] electronics, sugar, cement, iron and steel products, <sup>3</sup>[]motorcycles, pesticides, cigarettes, glass, textile, beverages, paint or foam sector, at the time of sale to retailers<sup>4</sup>[", and every distributor or dealer to another wholesaler in respect of the said sectors"], shall collect advance tax at the rate specified in Division XV of Part IV of the First Schedule, from the aforesaid person to whom such sales have been made.

(2) Credit for the tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be allowed in computing the tax due by the retailer on the taxable income for the tax year in which the tax was collected.]

<sup>5</sup>[]

<sup>6</sup>[ ]

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<sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>6</sup> Section 236HA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236HA. Tax on sale of certain petroleum products.—** (1) Every person selling petroleum products to a petrol pump operator or distributer, where such operator or distributer is not allowed a commission or discount, shall collect advance tax on ex-depot sale price of such products at the rate specified in Division XVA of Part IV of the First schedule.

(2) The tax deductible under sub-section (1) shall be a final tax on the income arising from the sale of petroleum products to which sub-section (1) applies.]"

<sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>8</sup> Section 236I omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236I. Collection of advance tax by educational institutions.**— (1) There shall be collected advance tax <sup>8</sup>[from a person not appearing on the active taxpayers' list] at the rate specified in Division XVI of Part-IV of the First Schedule on the amount of fee paid to an educational institution.

(2) The person preparing fee voucher or challan shall charge advance tax under subsection (1) in the manner the fee is charged.

(3) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected from a person <sup>8</sup>[on an amount which is paid by way of scholarship or] where annual fee does not exceed two hundred thousand rupees.

(4) The term "fee" includes, tuition fee and all charges received by the educational institution, by whatever name called, excluding the amount which is refundable.

(4) Tax collected under this section shall be adjustable against the tax liability of either of the parents or guardian making payment of the fee.]

 $^{8}\mbox{I}^{\prime\prime}(6)$  Advance tax under this section shall not be collected from a person who is a non-resident and,—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word and comma "fertilizer," substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>7</sup>[:

<sup>2</sup>[236K. Advance tax on purchase or transfer of immovable property.—(1) Any person responsible for registering <sup>3</sup>[,recording] or attesting transfer of any immovable property shall at the time of registering <sup>4</sup>[,recording] or attesting the transfer shall collect from the purchaser or transferee advance tax at the rate specified in Division XVIII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

<sup>5</sup>[*Explanation*,—For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer includes person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer for local authority, housing authority, housing society, co-operative society <sup>6</sup>[, public and private real estate projects registered/governed under any law, joint ventures, private commercial concerns] and registrar of properties.]

(2) The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable

Provided that if the buyer or transferee is a non-resident individual holding a Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC) who has acquired the said immovable property through a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or NRP Rupee Value Account (NRVA) maintained with authorized banks in Pakistan under the foreign exchange regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan, the tax collected under this section from such persons shall be final discharge of tax liability for such buyer or transferee.]

<sup>(</sup>i) furnishes copy of passport as an evidence to the educational institution that during previous tax year, his stay in Pakistan was less than one hundred eighty-three days;

<sup>(</sup>ii) furnishes a certificate that he has no Pakistan-source income; and

<sup>(</sup>iii) the fee is remitted directly from abroad through normal banking channels to the bank account of the educational institution."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The section 236J omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;236J. Advance tax on dealers, commission agents and** *arhatis etc.*— (1) Every market committee shall collect advance tax from dealers, commission agents or *arhatis*, etc. at the rates specified in Division XVII of Part-IV of the First Schedule at the time of issuance or renewal of licences.

<sup>(2)</sup> The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable.

<sup>(4)</sup> In this section "market committee" includes any committee or body formed under any provincial or local law made for the purposes of establishing, regulating or organizing agricultural, livestock and other commodity markets."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sections 236K, 236L, 236M and 236N inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution and addition were made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[(3) Any person responsible for collecting payments in installments for purchase or allotment of any immovable property where the transfer is to be effected after making payment of all installments, shall at the time of collecting installments collect from the allotee or transferee advance tax at the rate specified in Division XVIII of Part IV of the First Schedule] <sup>3</sup>[:

Provided that where tax has been collected along with installments, no further tax under this section shall be collected at the time of transfer of property in the name of buyer from whom tax has been collected in installments which is equal to the amount payable in this section.]

(4) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to a scheme introduced by the Federal Government, or Provincial Government or an Authority established under a Federal or Provincial law for expatriate Pakistanis<sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>5</sup>["Provided that the mode of payment by the expatriate Pakistanis in the said scheme or schemes shall be in the foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels."]

<sup>6</sup>[]

7[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-section (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-section (3) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) The advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, a Local Government or a foreign diplomatic mission in Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (3) inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by the finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 236L omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>236</sup>L.** Advance tax on purchase of international air ticket.— (1) Every airline, issuing ticket for journey originating from Pakistan, shall collect advance tax at the rates specified in Division XX of Part IV of the First Schedule, on the gross amount of international air tickets issued to passengers booking one-way or return, from Pakistan.

<sup>(2)</sup> The airline issuing air ticket shall collect or charge advance tax under sub-section (1) in the manner air ticket charges are collected or charged, either manually or electronically.

<sup>(3)</sup> The mode, manner and time of collection under sub-section (1) and time of collection shall be as may be prescribed.

<sup>(4)</sup> The advance tax collected under sub-section (1) shall be adjustable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 236M omitted by the Finance Act, 2018. The omitted section 236M read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;236M. Bonus shares** issued by companies quoted on stock exchange -- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, every company, quoted on stock exchange, issuing bonus shares to the shareholders of the company, shall withhold five percent of the bonus shares to be issued.

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[2360. Advance tax under this chapter.—The advance tax under this chapter shall not be collected <sup>3</sup>["or deducted from"] —

- (a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
- (b) a foreign diplomat or a diplomatic mission in Pakistan; or
- (c) a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner that his income during the tax year is exempt."]
- <sup>4</sup>[]

- (3) Tax under sub-section (2), shall be collected by the company, within fifteen days of the first day of closure of books.
- (4) If the shareholder fails to make the payment of tax under sub-section (2) within fifteen days or the company fails to collect the said tax within fifteen days, the company shall deposit the bonus share withheld under sub-section (1) in the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited or any other entity as may be prescribed.
- (5) Bonus share deposited in the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited or the entity prescribed under sub-section (4) shall be disposed of in the mode and manner as may be prescribed and the proceeds thereof shall be paid to the Commissioner, by way of credit to the Federal Government.
- (6) Issuance of bonus shares shall be deemed to be the income of the shareholder and the tax collected by a company under sub-section (2) or proceeds of the bonus shares disposed of and paid under sub-section (5) shall be treated to have been paid on behalf of shareholder.
- (7) Tax paid under this section shall be final tax on the income of the shareholder of the company arising from issuing of bonus shares."

<sup>1</sup>Section 236N omitted by the Finance Act, 2018. The omitted section 236N read as follows:

- **\*236N.** Bonus shares issued by companies not quoted on stock exchange .- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, every company, not quoted on stock exchange, issuing bonus shares to the shareholders of the company, shall deposit tax, within fifteen days of the closure of books, at the rate of five percent of the value of the bonus shares on the first day of closure of books, whether or not tax has been collected by the company under sub-section (3).
  - (2) Issuance of bonus shares shall be deemed to be the income of the shareholder and tax deposited under sub-section (1) shall be treated to have been deposited on behalf of the shareholder.
  - (3) A company liable to deposit tax under sub-section (1), shall be entitled to collect and recover the tax deposited under sub-section (1), from the shareholder, on whose behalf the tax has been deposited, before the issuance of bonus shares.
  - (4) If a shareholder neither makes payment of tax to the company nor collects its bonus shares, within three months of the date of issuance of bonus shares, the company may proceed to dispose of its bonus shares to the extent it has paid tax on its behalf under sub-section (1).
  - (5) Tax paid under this section shall be a final tax on the income of the shareholder of the company arising from issuance of bonus shares.
  - (6) The Board may prescribe rules for determination of value of shares under sub-section (1).]"
- <sup>2</sup> Section "236O" inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.
- <sup>3</sup> The words "in the case of withdrawals made by" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.
- <sup>4</sup> Section "236P" inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> Bonus shares withheld under sub-section (1) shall only be issued to a shareholder, if the company collects from the shareholder, tax equal to five percent of the value of the bonus shares issued to the shareholder including bonus share withheld, determined on the basis of day-end price on the first day of closure of books.

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup> Section 236P omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236P. Advance tax on banking transactions otherwise than through cash.**— (1) Every banking company shall collect advance adjustable tax from a <sup>1</sup>[person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list] at the time of sale of any instrument, including demand draft, pay order, special deposit receipt, cash deposit receipt, short term deposit receipt, call deposit receipt, rupee traveller's cheque or any other instrument of such nature.

(2) Every banking company shall collect advance adjustable tax from a <sup>1</sup>[ person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list] at the time of transfer of any sum through cheque or clearing, interbank or intra bank transfers through cheques, online transfer, telegraphic transfer, mail transfer, direct debit, payments through internet, payments through mobile phones, account to account funds transfer, real time third party account to account funds transfer, automated teller machine (ATM) transfers, or any other mode of electronic or paper based funds transfer.

(3) The advance tax under this section shall be collected at the rate specified in Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule, where the sum total of payments for all transactions mentioned in subsection (1) or subsection (2), as the case may be, exceed fifty thousand rupees in a day.

<sup>1</sup>["*Explanation*.- For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the said fifty thousand rupees shall be aggregate transfers from all the bank accounts in a single day."]

(4) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of <sup>1</sup>[] payments made for Federal, Provincial or local Government taxes."]"

<sup>2</sup> Section "236Q" inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>3</sup> Section "236Q" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236Q. Payment to residents for use of machinery and equipment.—**(1) Every prescribed person making a payment in full or in part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person for use or right to use industrial, commercial and scientific equipment shall deduct tax from the gross amount at the rate specified in Division XXIII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(2) Every prescribed person making a payment in full or in part including a payment by way of advance to a resident person on account of rent of machinery shall deduct tax from the gross amount at the rate specified in Division XXIII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(3) The tax deductible under sub-sections (1) and (2) shall be <sup>3</sup>[minimum] tax on the income of such resident person.

[Explanation.— For the removal of doubt, it is explained that the income of person referred to in sub-section (3) means the amount on which tax is deductible under sub-section (1) or (2) of this section.]

(4) In this section —prescribed personll means a prescribed person as defined in sub-section (7) of section 153.

- (5) The provisions of sub-section (1) and (2) shall not apply to-
- (a) agricultural machinery; and
- (b) machinery leased by a leasing company, an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution in respect of assets owned by the leasing company or an investment bank or a modaraba or a scheduled bank or a development finance institution."

<sup>4</sup> Section "236R" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows: **"236R. Collection of advance tax on education related expenses remitted abroad.—**(1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rate specified in Division XXIIV of Part-IV of the First Schedule on the amount of education related expenses remitted abroad.

 1[]]

 2[]]

 3[]4[]]

 5[]]

 6[]]

 7[]]

(3) Tax collected under this section shall be adjustable against the income of the person remitting payment of education related expenses.

(4) For the purpose of this section, "education related expenses" includes tuition fee, boarding and lodging expenses, any payment for distant learning to any institution or university in a foreign country and any other expense related or attributable to foreign education."

<sup>1</sup> Section "236S" inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>2</sup> Section 236S omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236S. Dividend in specie**.—Every person making payment of dividend-in-specie shall collect tax from the gross amount of the dividend in specie paid at the rate specified in Division I of Part III of the First Schedule."]

<sup>3</sup> Section "236T" inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>4</sup>Section "236T" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted section read as follows:-

**"236T. Collection of tax by Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited (PMEX).—**(1) Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited (PMEX) shall collect advance tax—

- (a) at the rates specified in Division XXII of Part IV of First Schedule from its members on purchase of futures commodity contracts;
- (b) at the rates specified in Division XXII of Part IV of First Schedule from its members on sale of futures commodity contracts; and

(2) The tax collected under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) shall be an adjustable tax."]

<sup>5</sup>Section 236U omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted section read as follows: **"236U. Advance tax on insurance premium.-** (1) Every insurance company shall collect advance tax at the time of collection of insurance premium from <sup>5</sup>[person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list] in respect of general insurance premium and life insurance premium, at the rates specified in Division XXV of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(2) Insurance premium collected through agents of the insurance company shall be treated to have been collected by the insurance company.

(3) Advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable."

<sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>7</sup> Section 236V omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**"236V. Advance tax on extraction of minerals.-** (1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rate specified in Division XXVI of Part-IV of the First Schedule on the value of minerals extracted, produced, despatched and carried away from the licensed or leased areas of the mines.

(2) Advance tax under sub-section (1) shall be collected by the provincial authority collecting royalty per metric ton from the lease-holder of mines or any person extracting minerals.

(3) Advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable.

(4) The value of the minerals for the purpose of this section shall be as specified by the Board."]"

<sup>(2)</sup> Banks, financial institutions, foreign exchange companies or any other person responsible for remitting foreign currency abroad shall collect advance tax from the payer of education related expenses.

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] **3**[] <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>[236Y. Advance tax on persons remitting amounts abroad through credit or debit or prepaid cards.— (1) Every banking company shall collect advance tax, at the time of transfer of any sum remitted outside Pakistan, on behalf of any person who has completed a credit card or debit card or prepaid card transaction with a person outside Pakistan at the rate specified in Division XXVII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

(2) The advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable.]

<sup>6</sup>[**236Z. Bonus shares issued by companies.** – (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, every company, issuing bonus shares to the shareholders of the company, shall withhold ten percent of the bonus shares to be issued.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Section 236W omitted through Finance Act, 2019, omitted section read as follow:

**<sup>236</sup>W.** Tax on purchase or transfer of immovable property.—(1) Every person responsible for registering<sup>1</sup>[,recording] or attesting transfer of any immovable property shall at the time of registering <sup>1</sup>[,recording] or attesting the transfer shall collect from the purchaser or transferee advance tax at the rate of three per cent of the amount computed under clause (c) of sub-section (4) of section 111.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[*Explanation*,—For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer includes person responsible for registering, recording or attesting transfer for local authority, housing authority, housing society, co-operative society and registrar of properties.]

<sup>2.</sup> Tax collected under sub-section (1) shall not be adjustable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Section 236X omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 omitted section read as follows: **"236X. Advance tax on tobacco.—** (1)Pakistan Tobacco Board or its contractors, at the time of collecting cess on tobacco, directly or indirectly, shall collect advance tax at the rate of five percent of the purchase value of tobacco from every person purchasing tobacco including manufacturers of cigarettes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Tax collected under this section shall be adjustable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 236Y omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted section read as follows:

**<sup>236</sup>Y.** Advance tax on persons remitting amounts abroad through credit or debit or prepaid cards.—(1) Every banking company shall collect advance tax, at the time of transfer of any sum remitted outside Pakistan, on behalf of any person who has completed a credit card transaction, a debit card transaction, or a prepaid card transaction with a person outside Pakistan at the rate specified in Division XXVII of Part IV of the First Schedule.

<sup>(2)</sup> The advance tax collected under this section shall be adjustable."]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 236Y inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 236Z inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

(2) Bonus shares withheld under sub-section (1) shall only be issued to a shareholder, if the company collects from the shareholder, tax equal to ten percent of the value of the bonus shares issued to the shareholder including bonus share withheld, determined on the basis of day-end price on the first day of closure of books in the case of listed company and the value as prescribed in case of other companies.

(3) Tax under sub-section (2), shall be deposited by the company, within fifteen days of closure of books, whether or not tax has been collected by the company under subsection (2).

(4) A company liable to deposit tax under this section shall be entitled to collect and recover the tax deposited from the shareholder, on whose behalf the tax has been deposited, before the issuance of bonus shares.

(5) If a shareholder neither makes payment of tax to the company nor collects its bonus shares, within fifteen days of the date of issuance of bonus shares, the company may proceed to dispose of its bonus shares to the extent it has paid tax on its behalf under this section.

(6) Issuance of bonus shares shall be deemed to be the income of the shareholder and the tax collected by a company under this section or proceeds of the bonus shares disposed of and paid under this section shall be treated to have been paid on behalf of the shareholder.

(7) Tax paid under this section shall be final tax on the income of the shareholder of the company arising from issuing of bonus shares.]

## CHAPTER XIII MISCELLANEOUS

**237.** Power to make rules.—(1) The <sup>1</sup>[Board] may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules for carrying out <sup>2</sup>[] the purposes of this Ordinance.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:–

- (a) the manner in, and procedure by, which the income, profits and gains chargeable to tax and the tax payable thereon under this Ordinance shall be determined in the case of
  - (i) income derived partly from agriculture and partly from other business; or
  - (ii) non-resident persons;
- <sup>3</sup>[(ab) ascertainment or determination of any income or class of income to be included in the total income of a taxpayer and any deduction from such income;]
  - (b) fees and other charges to be paid in respect of any matter referred to in this Ordinance;
  - (c) anything which is to be or may be prescribed under this Ordinance;
  - (d) the procedure for furnishing returns and other documents as required under this Ordinance, including on computer media or through electronic medium or for issuance of orders or notices, or levy of <sup>4</sup>[default surcharge]or penalty through electronic medium;
- <sup>5</sup>[(da) the procedure for approval of a non-profit organization;]
  - (e) contain provisions of a saving or transitional nature consequent upon the making of this Ordinance; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "of" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "additional tax " substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

(f) penalties for the contravention of the rules made under this Ordinance.

(3) The power to make rules conferred by this section shall be, except on the first occasion of the exercise thereof, subject to the condition of previous publication.

- (4) Where rules made under this section
  - (a) adversely affect a person;
  - (b) are of a transitional nature; and
  - (c) are made within twelve months after commencement of this Ordinance,

these may provide that they shall take effect from the date on which this Ordinance comes into force or a later date.

<sup>1</sup>[237A. Electronic record. — (1) The Board may require any person to use its information system and electronic resource, in order to replace or supplement, its manual business processes by automated business processes and substitute its paper based records by electronic record.

(2) Electronic record generated, maintained, issued, served, received, filed or requisitioned through the electronic resource of the Board shall by itself sufficiently and conclusively prove its validity, authenticity and integrity and shall be treated to have been done so according to the provisions of this Ordinance.]

<sup>2</sup>[(3) In case of an integrated enterprise, no sale shall be made or service shall be rendered, as the case may be, without generating fiscal invoices as prescribed.]

<sup>3</sup>[237B. Prize schemes to promote tax culture.- (1) The Board may prescribe prize schemes to encourage the general public to make purchases, or avail services only from integrated enterprises issuing tax invoices.

(2) The Board may prescribe procedure for mystery shopping in respect of invoices issued by integrated enterprises randomly and in case of any discrepancy, all the relevant provisions of the Ordinance shall apply accordingly.]

**238. Repeal.** — The Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 (XXXI of 1979), shall stand repealed on the date this Ordinance comes into force in pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-section (3) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 237B added by the Finance Act, 2022.

**239.** Savings. -1[(1) Subject to sub-section (2), in making any assessment in respect of any income year ending on or before the  $30^{\text{th}}$  day of June, 2002, the provisions of the repealed Ordinance in so far as these relate to computation of total income and tax payable thereon shall apply as if this Ordinance had not come into force.]

 $^{2}$ [(2) The assessment, referred to in sub-section (1), shall be made by an income tax authority which is competent under this Ordinance to make an assessment in respect of a tax year ending on any date after the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2002, and in accordance with the procedure specified in section 59 or 59A <sup>3</sup>[or 61] or 62 or 63, as the case may be, of the repealed Ordinance.]

<sup>4</sup>[(3) The provisions of <sup>5</sup>[sub-sections] (1) and (2) shall apply, in like manner, to the imposition or charge of any penalty, <sup>6</sup>[default surcharge]or any other amount, under the repealed Ordinance, as these apply to the assessment, so however that procedure for such imposition or charge shall be in accordance with the corresponding provisions of this Ordinance.]

(4) Any proceeding under the repealed Ordinance pending on the commencement of this Ordinance before any income tax authority, the Appellate Tribunal or any Court by way of appeal, reference, revision or prosecution shall be continued and disposed of as if this Ordinance has not come into force.

(5) Where the period prescribed for any application, appeal, reference or revision under the repealed Ordinance had expired on or before the commencement of this Ordinance, nothing in this Ordinance shall be construed as enabling such application, appeal, reference or revision to be made under this Ordinance by reason only of the fact that a longer period is specified or provision for an extension of time in suitable cases by the appropriate authority.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (1) read as follows:
 "(1) The repealed Ordinance shall continue to apply to the assessment year ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2003. "

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (2) read as follows:
 "(2) In making any assessment in respect of any income year ending on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2002, the provisions of the repealed Ordinance relating to the computation of total income and the tax payable thereon shall apply as if this Ordinance has not come into force."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-section (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (3) read as follows: "(3) Where any return of income has been furnished by a person for any assessment year ending on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2003, proceedings for the assessment of the person for that year shall be taken and continued as if this Ordinance has not come into force. "

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "sub-section" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

(6) Any proceeding for <sup>1</sup>[] prosecution in respect of an assessment for an income year ending on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2002 shall be taken and continued as if this Ordinance has not come into force.

(7) Any income tax, super tax, surcharge, penalty, <sup>2</sup>[default surcharge], or other amount payable under the repealed Ordinance may be recovered under this Ordinance, but without prejudice to any action already taken for the recovery of the amount under the repealed Ordinance.

(8) Any election or declaration made or option exercised by any person under any provision of the repealed Ordinance and in force immediately before the commencement of this Ordinance shall be treated as an election or declaration made, or option exercised under the corresponding provisions, if any, of this Ordinance.

(9) Anything done or action taken under the repealed Ordinance in so far as it is not inconsistent with the <sup>3</sup>[provisions] of this Ordinance shall, without prejudice to anything already done or any action already taken, be treated as having been done or taken under this Ordinance.

(10) Any agreement entered into, appointment made, approval given, recognition granted, direction, instruction, notification, notice, order or rule issued or made under any provision of the repealed Ordinance and in force or valid at the commencement of this Ordinance shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the corresponding provision of this Ordinance or any agreement, appointment entered into, approval given, recognition granted, direction, instruction, notification, notice, order or rule issued or made under this Ordinance, be treated as entered into, made, given, granted or issued, as the case may be, under that corresponding provision and shall unless revoked, cancelled or repealed by, or under, this Ordinance, continue in force accordingly.

(11) Any appointment, act of authority or other thing made or done by any authority or person and subsisting or in force at the commencement of this Ordinance which would have been made or done under any substantially corresponding provision of this Ordinance by any authority or person other than the one specified in the repealed Ordinance, or in any manner other than as specified in the repealed Ordinance shall continue in force and have effect as if it has been made or done under the corresponding provision of this Ordinance by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "the imposition of penalty or" omitted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "provision" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

the authority or person, or in the manner specified in the corresponding provision as if such provision had been in force when it was made or done.

<sup>1</sup>[(12) Any notification issued under section 50 of the repealed Ordinance and in force on the commencement of this Ordinance shall continue to remain in force, unless <sup>2</sup>[amended, modified], cancelled or repealed by, or under, this Ordinance.]

<sup>3</sup>[(13) The authority which issued any notification, notice, direction or instruction, or made any rule, agreement or appointment, or granted any approval or recognition, referred to in sub-sections (10) and (12), shall have the power to <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[amend, modify], cancel or repeal any such notification, notice, direction, instruction, rule, agreement, appointment, approval or recognition.]

<sup>6</sup>[(14) Any yield from National Saving Schemes of Directorate of National Savings where investment was made on or before 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2001 and any income derived from Mahana Amdani Account where monthly instalment does not <sup>7</sup>[exceed] one thousand rupees shall continue to remain exempt and any person paying such yield or income shall not deduct tax under section 151 therefrom and the recipient of such yield or income shall not be required to produce an exemption certificate under section 159 in support of the said exemption.]

(15) Section 107AA of the repealed Ordinance shall continue to apply until the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-section (12) substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (12) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(12) Clause 77C of Part I of the First Schedule of the repealed Ordinance shall continue to apply to the yield on National Savings Deposit Certificates issued before 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2001 and a person paying yield on such a Certificate shall not deduct tax under section 151 from the payment."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "revoked" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Sub-section (13) substituted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002. The substituted sub-section (13) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (13) There is no requirement for the holder of Certificate to which sub-section (14) applies to acquire an exemption certificate under section 159 to give effect to the exemption."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "revoke" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words and comma "amended, modified" substituted by the words and comma "amend, modify" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-section (14) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted sub-section (14) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot; (14) Clause (77C) of Part I of the First Schedule of the repealed Ordinance shall continue to apply to the yield on National Savings Deposit Certificates issued before 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2001, and a person paying yield on such a Certificate shall not deduct tax under section 151 from the payment, and the holder of such Certificate shall not be required to acquire an exemption certificate under section 159 to give effect to the said exemption.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The word "exceeds" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

(16) The Income Tax Rules made under the repealed Ordinance, on the valuation of perquisites shall continue to apply <sup>1</sup>[in respect of any income year ending on or before] the 30th day of June 2002.

(17) Item 8(5)(h) of the Third Schedule to the repealed Ordinance shall continue to apply to assets covered by the item.

## <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[239A. Transition to Federal Board of Revenue.—Any reference to the Central Board of Revenue, wherever occurring, in this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder and Notifications, Orders, or any other instrument issued thereunder shall be construed as a reference to the Federal Board of Revenue on the commencement of the Federal Board of Revenue Act, 2007.]

<sup>4</sup>[239B. Reference to authorities.— (1) Any reference to the Regional Commissioner of Income Tax, Commissioner of Income Tax, Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) and Taxation Officer, wherever occurring, in this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder <sup>5</sup>[and in any other law in force at the time of promulgation of this Ordinance] and notifications, orders, circulars or clarifications or any instrument issued thereunder shall be construed as reference to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue,

(18) In this section, "assessment year" means assessment year as defined in the repealed Ordinance;
 "income tax authority" means income tax authority as defined in section 3 of the repealed Ordinance;
 "income year" means income year as defined in the repealed Ordinance; and
 "repealed Ordinance" means the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 (XXXI of 1979)."

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "until" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was omitted by S.R.O. 633(I)/2002, dated 14.09.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003. The omitted sub-section (18) read as under:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(18) In this section, 'Income Tax authority' means an Income Tax authority as specified in section 3 of the repealed Ordinance."

Earlier this was substituted by Finance Act, 2002. The substituted sub-section (18) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted provision has been made effective from 05.06.2010 by sub-clause (77) of clause 8 of the Finance Act, 2010. Earlier the substitution was made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 which was re-promulgated as Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2010 and remained effective till 05.06.2010.Added by the Finance Act, 2010. The substituted Section 239B read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;239B. Reference to authorities.— (1) Any reference to the Regional Commissioner of Income Tax, Commissioner of Income Tax, Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) and Taxation Officer, wherever occurring, in this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder and notifications, orders, circulars or clarifications or any instrument issued thereunder shall be construed as reference to the Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue, Commissioner Inland Revenue, Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) and officer of Inland Revenue, respectively."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

Commissioner Inland Revenue, Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) and officer of Inland Revenue, respectively.]

**240.** Removal of difficulties.—(1) Subject to sub-section (2), if any difficulty arises in giving effect to any of the provisions of this Ordinance, the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, make such order, <sup>1</sup>[not]inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance, as may appear to it to be necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[241. Validation.—<sup>4</sup>[(1)] All notifications and orders issued and notified, in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Federal Government, before the commencement of Finance Act, 2017 shall be deemed to have been validly issued and notified in exercise of those powers.]

<sup>5</sup>[(2) Notwithstanding any omission, irregularity or deficiency in the establishment, or conferment of powers and functions, of the Directorate-General (Intelligence and Investigation), Inland Revenue and authorities specified in section 230, all orders passed, notices issued and actions taken in exercise or purported exercise of the powers and functions of the Commissioner under this Ordinance by the Directorate-General (Intelligence and Investigation), Inland Revenue or the authorities specified in section 230 shall be deemed to have been validly passed, issued and taken under this Ordinance.]

<sup>6</sup>[**242. Benefits of repealed provisions.**— The existing beneficiaries of exemptions or concessionary provisions of the Ordinance, already expired or expiring, on thirtieth day of June, 2021 or repealed by Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021 shall continue to enjoy benefits of the repealed provisions for the periods prescribed therein and subject to conditions and limitations specified therein.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "no" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-section (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted sub-section (2) read as follows: "(2) No such power shall be exercised under sub-section (1) after the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June 2004."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Re-numbered by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 242 added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The amendment read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;The following provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 20021 (XLIX of 2001) already expired or expiring on thirtieth day of June, 2021 are omitted, provided that the existing beneficiaries shall continue to enjoy benefits of the repealed provisions for the periods and subject to conditions and limitations specified in theses repealed provisions, namely:-

<sup>1-</sup> Section 65D;

<sup>2-</sup> Following clauses of Part-I of the Second Schedule :- (72), (126C), (126H), (126J), (126K), (126L) and (126N); and

<sup>3-</sup> Clause (18A) of Part-II of the Second Schedule."

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# THE FIRST SCHEDULE

# PART I

RATES OF TAX (See Chapter II)

## <sup>1</sup>[Division I

<sup>1</sup> Division I substituted though Finance Act, 2019, substituted Division I read as follows:

#### Division I

#### Rates of Tax for Individuals

<sup>1</sup>[(1) The rates of tax imposed on the taxable income of every individual, not being an individual to which paragraph (1A) of this Division applies, shall be as set out in the following table, namely:—

#### TABLE

S. No.	Taxable income	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the taxable income does not exceed Rs. 400,000	0%
2.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 800,000	Rs. 1,000
3.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 800,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,200,000	Rs. 2,000
4.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,400,000	5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 1,200,000
5.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 3,000,000	60,000 + 15% of the amount exceeding Rs. 2,400,000
6.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 3,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 4,000,000	150,000 + 20% of the amount exceeding Rs. 3,000,000
7.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 4,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 5,000,000	350,000 + 25% of the amount exceeding Rs. 4,000,000
8.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 5,000,000	600,000 + 29% of the amount exceeding Rs. 5,000,000

Provided that where the taxable income exceeds eight hundred thousand rupees the minimum tax payable shall be two thousand rupees.

(1A) Where the income of an individual chargeable under the head "salary" exceeds fifty per cent of his taxable income, the rates of tax to be applied shall be as set out in the following table, namely:—

S. No.	Taxable income	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the taxable income does not exceed Rs. 400,000	0%
2.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 800,000	Rs. 1,000
3.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 800,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,200,000	Rs. 2,000
4.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,500,000	5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 1,200,000
5.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.2,500,000 but does not exceed Rs. 4,000,000	65,000 + 15% of the amount exceeding Rs. 2,500,000
6.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 4,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 8,000,000	290,000 + 20% of the amount exceeding Rs. 4,000,000
7.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs. 8,000,000	1,090,000 + 25% of the amount exceeding Rs. 8,000,000

#### TABLE

## [Rates of Tax for Individuals and Association of Persons]

(1) Subject to clause (2), the rates of tax imposed on income of every individual and association of persons except a salaried individual shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:—

## <sup>1</sup>**[TABLE**

Provided that where the taxable income exceeds eight hundred thousand rupees the minimum tax payable shall be two thousand rupees."]

#### Rates of Tax for Association of Persons

S. No.	Taxable Income	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1	Where the tax able income does not exceed Rs.400,000	0%
2	Where the tax able income exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,200,000	5% of the amount exceeding Rs.400,000
3	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,400,000	Rs.40,000 + 10% of the amount exceeding Rs.1,200,000
4	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs 2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs.3,600,000	Rs.160,000 + 15% of The amount exceeding Rs.2,400,000
5	Where the taxable income Exceeds Rs.3,600,000 but does not exceed Rs.4,800,000	Rs.340,000 + 20% of the amount exceeding Rs.3,600,000
6	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.4,800,000 but does not exceed Rs.6,000,000	Rs.580,000+ 25% of The amount exceeding Rs.4,800,000
7	Where the tax able income exceeds Rs.6,000,000	Rs.880,000+ 30% of the amount exceeding Rs.6,000,000;

## <sup>1</sup> Table substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted Table read as follows:

TABLE

S#	Taxable Income	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs.600,000/-	0%
2.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 600,000 but does not exceed Rs. 800,000	5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 600,000
3.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 800,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,200,000	Rs. 10,000 + 12.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.800,000
4.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,400,000	Rs.60,000 + 17.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.1,200,000
5.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 3,000,000	Rs. 270,000 + 22.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.2,400,000
6.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.3,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 4,000,000	Rs.405,000 + 27.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.3,000,000
7.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.4,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 6,000,000	Rs. 680,000 + 32.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.4,000,000
8.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.6,000,000	Rs. 1,330,000 + 35% of the amount exceeding Rs.6,000,000.

S#	Taxable Income	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs. 600,000/-	0%
2.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 600,000 but does not exceed Rs. 800,000	7.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 600,000
3.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 800,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,200,000	Rs. 15,000 + 15% of the amount exceeding Rs. 800,000
4.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,400,000	Rs. 75,000 + 20% of the amount exceeding Rs. 1,200,000
5.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 3,000,000	Rs. 315,000 + 25% of the amount exceeding Rs. 2,400,000
6.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 3,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 4,000,000	Rs. 465,000 + 30% of the amount exceeding Rs. 3,000,000
7.	Where taxable income exceeds	Rs. 765,000 + 35% of the

(2) Where the income of an individual chargeable under the head "salary" exceeds seventy-five per cent of his taxable income, the rates of tax to be applied shall be as set out in the following table, namely:—

amount exceeding

Rs. 4,000,000.

## <sup>1</sup>[TABLE

<sup>1</sup> Table substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted Table read as follows:

Rs. 4,000,000

	TABLE	
S#	Taxable Income	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs. 600,000	Rs. 0
2.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.600,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,200,000	2.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 600,000
3.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,400,000	Rs. 15,000 + 12.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.1,200,000
4.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs.3,600,000	Rs. 165,000 + 20% of the amount exceeding Rs. 2,400,000

S#	Taxable Income	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs. 600,000/	0%
2.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 600,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,200,000	2.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 600,000
3.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,400,000	Rs. 15,000 + 12.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 1,200,000
4.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 2,400,000 but does not exceed Rs. 3,600,000	Rs. 165,000 + 22.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 2,400,000
5.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 3,600,000 but does not exceed Rs. 6,000,000	Rs. 435,000 + 27.5% of the amount exceeding Rs. 3,600,000
6.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs. 6,000,000	Rs. 1,095,000 + 35% of the amount exceeding Rs. 6,000,000.

# <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

5.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.3,600,000 but does not exceed Rs.6,000,000	Rs. 405,000 + 25% of the amount exceeding Rs.3,600,000
6.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.6,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.12,000,000	Rs. 1,005,000 + 32.5% of the amount exceeding Rs.6,000,000
7.	Where taxable income exceeds Rs.12,000,000	Rs. 2,955,000 + 35% of the amount exceeding Rs. 12,000,000

<sup>1</sup>Para 2 omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted para (2) read as follows:

"(2) The rate of tax payable on bonus as IDPT as income tax shall be 30% for the tax year 2010."

<sup>2</sup> Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (2) read as follows:

"2. Where, for a tax year, an individual or association of persons to which subsection (1) of section 92 applies derives income from agriculture to which section 41 applies and the gross amount of such income for the year exceeds Rs. 80,000, the rates of tax imposed on the taxable income of the individual or association of persons for the year shall be as set out in the following table, namely:-

TABLE		
S. No.	Taxable income	Rate of tax.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs.150,000	7.5%

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[]

2. Where taxable income exceeds Rs.11,250 plus 12.5% of the amount Rs.150,000 but does not exceed exceeding Rs.150,000. Rs.300,000 3. Where taxable income exceeds Rs.30,000 plus 20% of the amount Rs.300,000 but does not exceed exceeding Rs.150,000. Rs.400.000 Where taxable income exceeds 4. Rs.50,000 plus 25% of the amount Rs.400.000 but does not exceed exceeding Rs.400.000 Rs.700.000 5. Where taxable income exceeds Rs.125,000 plus 35% of the amount Rs.700.000 exceeding Rs.700,000"

<sup>1</sup>Clause 3 omitted by the Finance Act 2002. The omitted clause 3 read as follows:

- "3. The rates of tax applicable to a legal representative of a deceased individual liable for tax under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 87 shall be
  - (a) in the tax year in which the deceased died and the following tax year, the rates applicable under clause 1; or
  - (b) in any subsequent year, 35%."

<sup>2</sup> "Division IA" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted "Division IA" read as follows:

#### **"Division IA**

#### Rate of Tax on certain persons

The rate of tax to be paid under sub-section (1) of section 113A shall be one per cent of the turnover."

<sup>3</sup> "Division IB" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted "Division IB" read as follows:-

**"Division IB** 

#### Rates of Tax for Association of Persons

The rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of Association of Persons for the tax year 2010 and onward shall be 25%."

<sup>4</sup>Division II substituted by the Finance Act, 2002. The substituted Division II read as follows:

#### "Division II

#### **Rates of Tax for Companies**

The rates of tax imposed on the taxable income of a company shall be as set out in the following table, namely:-

TABLE		
Banking company (1)	Public company, other than a banking company. (2)	Private company, other than a banking company.
		(3)
50%	35%	45%"

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## <sup>1</sup>[Division II Rates of Tax for Companies

The rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of a company shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:-

Type of Company	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)
Small company	20%
Banking company	39%
Any other company	29%.]

#### Division II Rates of Tax for Companies

1[(i) The rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of a company for the tax year 2007 and onward shall be 35% 1[:]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that the rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of a company other than a banking company, shall be 34% for the tax year 2014<sup>1</sup>[:

Provided further that the rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of a company, other than a banking company, shall be 33% for the tax year 2015 <sup>1</sup>[":"]]

<sup>1</sup>["Provided further that the rate of tax imposed on taxable income of a company, other than banking company shall be 32% for the tax year 2016, 31% for tax year 2017 <sup>1</sup>[,] 30% for tax year 2018 and <sup>1</sup>[29% for tax year 2019 and onwards.] <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>1</sup>[]

1[(iii)] where the taxpayer is a small company as defined in section 2, tax shall be payable at the rate of 1[25]% 1[:]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that for tax year 2019 and onwards tax rates shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:---

Tax year	Rate of Tax
2019	24%
2020	23%
2021	22%
2022	21%
2023 and onwards	20%";

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Division II substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted Division read as follows:

# <sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[Division IIA

## Rate of super tax

## TABLE

S.No.	Person	Rate of super tax			
		F	Rate (percentage of income)		
		Tax Year 2018	Tax Year 2019	Tax Year 2020	<sup>3</sup> [Tax Years 2021 and 2022]
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Banking company	<sup>4</sup> [4]%	4%	<sup>5</sup> [4]%	<sup>6</sup> [4]%
2.	Person other than a banking company, having income equal to or exceeding Rs. 500 million	3%	2%	7[0]%	0%

Provided that in case of a banking company, super tax for tax year 2019 shall be payable, on estimate basis, by thirtieth day of June, 2018.

<sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>2</sup>The Division IIA substituted by the Finance Act, 2018, the substituted Division IIA is read as under. **Division IIA** 

Person	Rate of super tax
Banking Company	4% of the income
Person, other than a banking company, having income equal to or exceeding Rs.500 million	3% of the income"
<sup>3</sup> The expression "Tax Year 2021 <sup>3</sup> [and or	wards]" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>4</sup> The figure "0" substituted by "4" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>5</sup> The figure "3" substituted by "4" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>6</sup> The figure "2" substituted by "4" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>7</sup> The figure "1" substituted by "0" through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

# <sup>1</sup>[**Division IIB** Super Tax on high earning persons

The rate of tax under section 4C shall be -

# <sup>2</sup>[Table

S. No	Income under section 4C	Rate of Tax		
		For tax year 2022	For tax year 2023 and onwards	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1.	Where income does not exceed Rs. 150 million	0% of the income	0% of the income	
2.	Where income exceeds Rs. 150 million but does not exceed Rs. 200 million	1% of the income	1% of the income	
3.	Where income exceeds Rs. 200 million but does not exceed Rs. 250 million	2% of the income	2% of the income	
4.	Where income exceeds Rs. 250 million but does not exceed Rs. 300 million	3% of the income	3% of the income	
5.	Where income exceeds Rs. 300 million but does not exceed Rs. 350 million		4% of the income	
6.	Where income exceeds Rs. 350 million but does not exceed Rs. 400 million	4% of the income	6% of the income	
7.	Where income exceeds Rs. 400 million but does not exceed Rs. 500 million		8% of the income	
8.	Where income exceeds Rs. 500 million		10% of the income:	

<sup>1</sup> Division IIB inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.
 <sup>2</sup> Table substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted Table read as follows:

S.No	Income under section 4C	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where income does not exceed Rs.150 million	0% of the income
2.	Where income exceeds Rs. 150 million but does not exceed Rs. 200 million	1% of the income
3.	Where income exceeds Rs. 200 million but does not exceed Rs. 250 million	2% of the income
4.	Where income exceeds Rs. 250 million but does not exceed Rs. 300 million	3% of the income
5.	Where income exceeds Rs. 300 million	4% of the income:

Provided that for tax year 2022 for persons engaged, whether partly or wholly, in the business of airlines, automobiles, beverages, cement, chemicals, cigarette and tobacco, fertilizer, iron and steel, LNG terminal, oil marketing, oil refining, petroleum and gas exploration and production, pharmaceuticals, sugar and textiles the rate of tax shall be 10% where the income exceeds Rs. 300 million:

Provided further that in case of banking companies for tax year 2023, the rate of tax shall be 10% where the income exceeds Rs. 300 million.]

# <sup>1</sup>[Division III

## **Rate of Dividend Tax**

The rate of tax imposed under section 5 on dividend received from a company shall be-

(a) 7.5% in the case of dividends paid by Independent Power <sup>2</sup>[Producers] where such dividend is a pass through item under an Implementation Agreement or Power Purchase Agreement or Energy Purchase Agreement and is required to be re-imbursed by Central Power Purchasing (CPPA-G) or its predecessor or successor entity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Division III substituted though Finance Act, 2019, substituted Division read as follows: **"Rate of Dividend Tax** 

The rate of tax imposed under section 5 on dividend received from a company shall be-

<sup>(</sup>a) 7.5% in the case of dividends declared or distributed by purchaser of a power project privatized by WAPDA or on shares of a company set up for power generation or on shares of a company, supplying coal exclusively to power generation projects; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[(b) <sup>1</sup>[15]%, in cases other than mentioned in clauses (a) and (c);

<sup>(</sup>c) <sup>1</sup>[12.5]% in case of dividend received by a person from a mutual fund <sup>1</sup>[if the amount of dividend is above 2.5 million and 10% if the amount of dividend is less than or equal to 2.5 million.]]

Provided that the dividend received by a person from a stock fund shall be taxed at the rate of 12.5% for tax year 2015 and onwards, if dividend receipts are less than capital gains: Provided further that the dividend received by a company from a collective investment scheme <sup>1</sup>[,REIT Scheme"] or a mutual fund, other than a stock fund, shall be taxed at the rate

of <sup>1</sup>[15] for tax year 2015 and onwards<sup>1</sup>[:]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[Provided also that if a Developmental REIT Scheme with the object of development and construction of residential buildings is set up by thirtieth day of June, <sup>1</sup>[2020], tax imposed on dividend received by a person from such Developmental REIT Scheme shall be reduced by fifty percent for three years from <sup>1</sup>[the date of setting up of the said scheme"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "Purchasers" substituted through Tax Law (Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

- (b) 15% in mutual funds <sup>1</sup>[, Real Estate Investment Trusts] and cases other than those mentioned in clauses (a) <sup>2</sup>[, (c) and (d)].
- <sup>3</sup>[(c) 0% in case of dividend received by a REIT scheme from Special Purpose Vehicle and 35% in case of dividend received by others from Special Purpose Vehicle as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015.]
  - (d) 25% in case of a person receiving dividend from a company where no tax payable by such company, due to exemption of income or carry forward of business losses under Part VIII of Chapter III or claim of tax credits under Part X of Chapter III.]

## <sup>4</sup>[Division IIIA Rate for Profit on Debt

The rate of tax for profit on debt imposed under section 7B shall be 5[15%]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>6</sup> Table substituted through Finance Act, 2019, substituted table read as follow:

S.NO	Profit on Debt	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where profit on debt does not exceed Rs.5,000,000	10%
2.	Where profit on debt exceeds Rs.5,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.25,000,000	12.5%
3.	Where profit on debt exceeds Rs.25,000,000	15%

<sup>7</sup> TABLE omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The TABLE read as follows:

**"TABLE** 

S.NO	Profit on Debt	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where profit on debt does not exceed Rs.5,000,000	15%
2.	Where profit on debt exceeds Rs.5,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.25,000,000	17.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "and (c)" substituted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The existing clause (c) re-numbered as clause (d) and a new clause (c) inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

# <sup>1</sup>[Division IIIB

# Rate of Tax on Return on investment in *sukuks* received from a special purpose vehicle

The rate of tax imposed under section 5AA on return on investment in *sukuks* received from a special purpose vehicle shall be—

- (a) 25% in the case the *sukuk*-holder is a company;
- (b) 12.5% in case the *sukuk*-holder is an individual or an association of person, if the return on investment is more than one million; and
- (c) 10% in case the *sukuk*-holder is an individual and an association of person, if the return on investment is less than one million."]

## <sup>2</sup>[DIVISION IV Rate of Tax on Certain Payments

The rate of tax imposed under section 6 on payments shall be 15% of the gross amount of royalty or fee for technical services and 10% in any other case.

## Division V Rate of Tax on Shipping or Air Transport Income of a Non-resident Person

The rate of tax imposed under section 7 shall be -

(a) in the case of shipping income, 8% of the gross amount received or receivable; or

Г	•		000/1
	3.	Where profit on debt exceeds Rs.25,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.	20%]
		36,000,000	_

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>2</sup> Division IV substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted Division read as follows:

"Division IV

#### Rate of Tax on Certain Payments to Non-residents

The rate of tax imposed under section 6 on payments to non-residents shall be 15% of the gross amount of the royalty or fee for technical services <sup>2</sup>[and 5% of the gross amount of the fee for offshore digital services"."

(b) in the case of air transport income, 3% of the gross amount received or receivable.

<sup>1</sup>[]

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## <sup>1</sup>"Division VI" omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted "Division VI" read as follows: "Division VI

<sup>2</sup>[]<sup>3</sup>[]

#### Income from Property

(a) The rate of tax to be paid under section 15, in the case of individual and association of persons, shall be—

S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax
(1)	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.150,000.	Nil
(2)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.150,000 but does not exceed Rs.400,000.	
(3)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.12,500 plus 7.5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.400,000.
(4)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.57,500 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000.

(b) The rate of tax to be paid under section 15, in the case of company, shall be-

S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax	
(1)	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.400,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount of rent.	
(2)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.		
(3)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.65,000 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount of rent exceeding Rs.1,000,000."	

<sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

 $^{3}$  Division VIA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

## "Division VIA

#### INCOME FROM PROPERTY

The rate of tax to be paid under section 15, in the case of individual and association of persons, shall be as follows:-

S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.200,000.	Nil
2.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.200,000 but does not exceed Rs.600,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.200,000.
3.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.600,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.20,000 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.600,000.
4.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,000,000.	Rs.60,000 plus 15 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000.

5.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds	Rs.210,000 plus 20 per cent of
	Rs.2,000,000 <sup>3</sup> [but does not exceed Rs. 4,000,000].	the gross amount exceeding
		Rs.2,000,000"]
6.	<sup>3</sup> [Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.	_
	4,000,000 but does not exceed Rs. 6,000,000	Rs.610,000 plus 25 per cent of
		the gross amount exceeding
7.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.	Rs.4,000,000
	6000,000 but does not exceeds Rs. 8,000,000	
		Rs.1,110,000 plus 30 per cent
	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.	of the gross amount exceeding
8.	8,000,000	Rs.6,000,000
		Rs.1,710,000 plus 35 percent
		of the gross amount exceeding
		Rs.8,000,000] "

<sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Division VII substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted Division VII read as follows:-

#### [Division VII Capital Gains on disposal of Securities

The rate of tax to be paid under section 37A shall be as follows

S.No.	Period.	Tax Year.	Rate of tax.
1	2	3	4
1.	Where holding period of a security is less	2011	10%
	than six months.	2012	10%
		2013	10%
		2014	10%
2.	Where holding period of a security is [more	2011	7.5%
	than six months] but less than twelve	2012	8%
	months.	2013	8%
		2014	8%
	Tax Year 2015		
3.	Where holding period of a security is less than twelve months.		12.5%
4.	Where holding period of a security is twelve months or more but less than twenty-four months.		10%
5.	Where holding period of a security is twenty-four months or more."		0%

Provided that the rate for companies shall be as specified in Division II of Part I of First Schedule, in respective of debt securities;]

Provided that a mutual fund or a collective investment scheme shall deduct Capital Gains Tax at the rates as specified above, on redemption of securities as Prescribed.

<sup>2</sup> Division VII substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted Division read as follows:-

#### ["Division VII Capital Gains on disposal of Securities The rate of tax to be paid under section 37A shall be as follows—

S.No.	Period	Tax Year 2015	Tax Year 2016
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Where holding period of a security is less than twelve months.	12.5%	15%
2.	Where holding period of a security is twelve months or more but less than twenty four months.	10%	12.5%
3.	Where holding period of a security is twenty four months or more but less than four years.	0%	7.5%

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# <sup>1</sup>[]

# <sup>2</sup>[DIVISION VII

4.	Where holding period of a security is more	0%	0%
	than four years		

<sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

 $^2$  Division VII substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted Division read as follows:

"Division VII CAPITAL GAINS ON DISPOSAL OF SECURITIES

The rate of tax to be paid under section 37A shall be as follows:— ${}^{2}$ 

	1	1
2	TAB	SLE

				TIABL			1
		Tax Years 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021]           Tax         Tax			Tax Year 2022 and onwards		
S. No.	Period	Year 2015	Year 2016	Year 2017	Securities acquired before 01.07.2016	Securities acquired after 01.07.2016	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Where holding period of a security is less than twelve months	12.5%	15%	15%	15%		
2.	Where holding period of a security is twelve months or more but less than twenty-four months	10%	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	15%	12.5%
3.	Where holding period of a security is twenty - four months or more but the security was acquired on or after 1st July, 2013.	0%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%		
4.	Where the security was acquired before 1st July, 2013	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
5.	Future commodity contracts entered into by	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%"

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## **Capital Gains on Disposal of Securities**

The rate of tax to be paid under section 37A shall be as follows:----

## TABLE

S.No	Holding Period	Rate of Tax for Tax year 2023 and onwards
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the holding period does not exceed one year	15%
2.	Where the holding period exceeds one year but does not exceed two years	12.5%
3.	Where the holding period exceeds two years but does not exceed three years	10%
4.	Where the holding period exceeds three years but does not exceed four years	7.5%
5.	Where the holding period exceeds four years but does not exceed five years	5%

members	of			
Pakistan				
Mercantile				
Exchange				

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that the rate of tax on cash settled derivatives traded on the stock exchange shall be 5% for the tax years 2018 to 2020.]

Provided that the rate for companies shall be as specified in Division II of Part I of First Schedule, in respective of debt securities;

Provided further that a mutual fund or a collective investment scheme or a REIT scheme shall deduct Capital Gains Tax at the rates as specified below, on redemption of securities as prescribed, namely:—

Category	Rate
Individual and association of	10% for stock funds
persons	10% for other funds
Company	10% for stock funds
	25% for other funds

Provided further that in case of a stock fund if dividend receipts of the fund are less than capital gains, the rate of tax deduction shall be 12.5%:

Provided further that no capital gains tax shall be deducted, if the holding period of the security is more than four years."]

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.-* For removal of doubt, it is clarified that, the provisions of this proviso shall be applicable only in case of a mutual fund or collective investment scheme or a REIT scheme.]

6.	Where the holding period exceeds five years but does not exceed six years	2.5%
7.	Where the holding period exceeds six years	0%
8.	Future commodity contracts entered into by members of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange	5%:

Provided that for securities except at S. No. 8 of the table,-

- the reduced rates of tax on capital gain arising on disposal shall apply where the securities are acquired on or after the first day of July, 2022; and
- <sup>1</sup>[(ii) the rate of 12.5% tax shall be charged on capital gain arising on disposal where the securities are acquired on or after the first day of July, 2013 but on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2022; and
- (iii) the rate of 0% tax shall be charged on capital gain arising on disposal where the securities are acquired before the first day of July, 2013:]

Provided further that the rate for companies in respect of debt securities shall be as specified in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule:

Provided further that a mutual fund or a collective investment scheme or a REIT scheme shall deduct Capital Gains Tax at the rates as specified below, on redemption of securities as prescribed namely:—

Category	Rate
Individual and association of persons	10% for stock funds
	10% for other funds
Company	10% for stock funds
	25% for other funds

Provided further that in case of a stock fund if dividend receipts of the fund are less than capital gains, the rate of tax deduction shall be 12.5%:

Provided further that no capital gains tax shall be deducted, if the holding period of the security is more than six years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Paragraph (ii) substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted paragraph (ii) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(ii) the rate of 12.5% tax shall be charged on capital gain arising on disposal where the securities are acquired on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2022 irrespective of holding period of such securities:"

Explanation.- For removal of doubt, it is clarified that, the provisions of this proviso shall be applicable only in case of a mutual fund or collective investment scheme or a REIT scheme.]

# <sup>1</sup>[]

# ²[ ]

# <sup>3</sup>[Division VIII

The rate of tax to be paid shall under sub-section (1A) of section 37 shall be as follows:

<sup>1</sup>Division VIII substituted through Finance Act, 2019, substituted Division read as follows:

## "Division VIII

#### Capital Gains on disposal of Immovable Property

The rate of tax to be paid under sub-section (1A) of section 37 shall be as follows:-

<sup>3</sup> Table substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

S.No.	Amount of Gain	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the gain does not exceed Rs. 5 million	5%
2.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 5 million but does not exceed Rs. 10 million	10%
3.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 10 million but does not exceed Rs. 15 million	15%
4.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 15 million	20%]

Provided that gain arising on the disposal of immovable property by a person in a tax year to a Rental REIT Scheme shall be taxed at the rate of five percent upto thirtieth day of June, 2019, irrespective of the holding period.]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that rate of tax to be paid under sub-section (1A) of section 37 shall be reduced by fifty per cent on the first sale of immovable property acquired or allotted to *ex*-servicemen and serving personnel of Armed Forces or *ex*-employees or serving personnel of Federal and Provincial Governments, being original allottees of the immovable property, duly certified by the allotment authority.]

<sup>2</sup> Division VIII substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted Division read as follows:

<sup>3</sup> Division VIII substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The Division read as follows:

"Division VIII

#### Tax on Capital Gains on disposal of Immovable Property

The rate of tax to be paid under sub-section (1A) of section 37 shall be as follows:-

	TABLE				
S. No.	Amount of Gain	Rate of tax			
(1)	(2)	(3)			
1.	Where the gain does not exceed Rs. 5 million	3.5%			
2.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 5 million but does not exceed Rs. 10 million	7.5%			
3.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 10 million but does not exceed Rs. 15 million	10%			
4.	Where the gain exceeds Rs. 15 million	15%"			

S.No	Holding Period	Rate of Tax		
		Open Plots	Constructed Property	Flats
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	Where the holding period does not exceed one year	15%	15%	15%
2.	Where the holding period exceeds one year but does not exceed two years	12.5%	10%	7.5%
3.	Where the holding period exceeds two years but does not exceed three years	10%	7.5%	0
4.	Where the holding period exceeds three years but does not exceed four years	7.5%	5%	-
5.	Where the holding period exceeds four years but does not exceed five years	5%	0	-
6.	Where the holding period exceeds five years but does not exceed six years	2.5%	-	-
7.	Where the holding period exceeds six years	0%	-	-]

## <sup>1</sup>[Division VIIIA TAX ON BUILDERS

The rate of tax under section 7C shall be as follows:

(A) Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad	<ul> <li>(B) Hyderabad, Sukkur,</li> <li>Multan, Faisalabad,</li> <li>Rawalpindi, Gujranwala,</li> <li>Sahiwal, Peshawar,</li> <li>Mardan, Abbottabad,</li> <li>Quetta</li> </ul>	(C) Urban Areas not specified in A and B
For commercial buildings		
Rs. 210/ Sq Ft	Rs. 210/ Sq Ft	Rs. 210/ Sq Ft
For residential buildings		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

Area in S ft	Sq.	Rate/ Sq. Ft	Area in Sq. Ft	Rate/ Sq. Ft	Area in Sq. Ft	Rate/ Sq. Ft
Up to750	)	Rs. 20	Up to750	Rs. 15	Up to 750	Rs. 10
751 1500	to	Rs. 40	751 to 1500	Rs. 35	751 to 1500	Rs. 25
1501 more	&	Rs. 70	1501 and more	Rs. 55	1501 and more	Rs. 35

# <sup>1</sup>[Division VIIIB TAX ON DEVELOPERS

The rate of tax under section 7D shall be as follows:

(A) Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad		(B) Hyderabad, Sukkur, Multan, Faisalabad, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Sahiwal, Peshawar, Mardan, Abbottabad, Quetta		(C) Urban Areas not specified in A and B	
		For comme	ercial Plots		
Rs. 210/ Sq Yd		Rs. 210/ Sq Yd		Rs. 210/ Sq Yd	
		For reside	ential Plots	•	
Area in Sq. Yd	Rate/ Sq. Yd	Area in sq. Yd	Rate/ Sq. Yd	Area in Sq. Yd	Rate/ Sq. Yd
Up to 120 Rs. 20		Up to 120	Rs. 15	Up to 120	Rs. 10
121 to 200 Rs. 40		121 to 200	Rs. 35	121 to 200	Rs. 25
201 and more	Rs. 70	201 and more	Rs. 55	201 and more	Rs. 35"]

# <sup>2</sup>[Division VIIIC Tax on deemed income

The rate of tax under section 7E shall be 20%.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Division VIIIC added by the Finance Act, 2022.

# <sup>1</sup>[Division IX Minimum tax under section 113]

²[S. No.	Person(s)	Minimum Tax
		as
		percentage of
		the person's
		turnover for the
		year
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	<ul> <li>(a) <sup>3</sup>[] Sui Southern Gas Company Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (for the cases where annual turnover exceeds rupees one billion.)</li> <li>(b) Pakistani International Airlines Corporation; and</li> <li>(c) Poultry industry including poultry breeding, broiler production, egg production and poultry feed production;</li> </ul>	0.75%
2.	(a) Oil refineries	0.5%

<sup>1</sup>Division IX added by the Finance Act, 2014.

 $^{2}$  Table of Division IX substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted Table read as follows:

S.No	Person(s)	Minimum Tax as	
		percentage of	
		the person's	
		turnover for the	
		year	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
1.	(a) Oil marketing companies, Oil refineries, Sui Southern Gas	<sup>2</sup> [0.75%	
	Company Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited		
	(for the cases where annual turnover exceeds rupees one		
	billion.)		
	(b) Pakistani Airlines; and		
	(c) Poultry industry including poultry breeding, broiler production, egg		
	production and poultry feed production.		
	<sup>2</sup> [(d) Dealers or distributors of fertilizer <sup>2</sup> [; and]		
	<sup>2</sup> [(e) person running an online marketplace as defined in clause		
	(38B) of section 2.]		
2.	(a) Distributors of pharmaceutical products, <sup>2</sup> [ ] fast moving	0.25%	
	consumer goods <sup>2</sup> [] and cigarettes;		
	(b) Petroleum agents and distributors who are registered under the		
	Sales Tax Act, 1990;		
	(c) Rice mills and dealers; and		
	(d) Flour mills.		
3.	Motorcycle dealers registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990.	0.3%	
4.	In all other cases.	1.5%]	

<sup>3</sup> The expression "Oil marketing companies," omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

	<ul> <li>(b) Motorcycle dealers registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990</li> <li><sup>1</sup>[(c) Oil marketing companies]</li> </ul>	
3.	<ul> <li>(a) Distributors of pharmaceutical products, fast moving consumer goods and cigarettes;</li> <li>(b) Petroleum agents and distributors who are registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990;</li> <li>(c) Rice mills and dealers;</li> <li>(d) Tier-1 retailers of fast moving consumer goods who are integrated with Board or its computerized system for real time reporting of sales and receipts;</li> <li>(e) Person's turnover from supplies through ecommerce including from running an online marketplace as defined in clause (38B) of section 2.</li> <li>(f) Persons engaged in the sale and purchase of used vehicles; and</li> <li>(g) Flour mills</li> </ul>	0.25%
4.	In all other cases.	1.25%]

# <sup>2</sup>[PART II RATES OF ADVANCE TAX [See Division II of Part V of Chapter X]

<sup>1</sup> The paragraph (c) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>2</sup> Table substituted thought Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020, substituted table read as follows:

#### "PART II RATES OF ADVANCE TAX Division II of Part V of Chapte

[See Division II of Part V of Chapter X] The rate of advance tax to be collected by the Collector of Customs under section 148 shall be-

١.	auvance	ax to be collected by the collector of customs drider section 140 shall			
I	S.No.	Persons	Rate		
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
	1.	<ul> <li>(i) Industrial undertaking importing remeltable steel (PCT Heading 72.04) and directly reduced iron for its own use;</li> <li>(ii) Persons importing potassic fertilizers in pursuance of Economic Coordination Committee of the cabinet's decision No.ECC- 155/12/2004 dated the 9<sup>th</sup> December, 2004;</li> <li>(iii) Persons importing urea;</li> <li>(iv) Manufacturers covered under Notification No. S.R.O. 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31st December, 2011 and importing items covered under S.R.O. 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2011;</li> <li>(v) Persons importing Gold;</li> <li>(vi) Persons importing Cotton; and</li> <li>(vii) <sup>2</sup>[Persons importing LNG]</li> </ul>	1% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty		
	2.	Persons importing pulses	2% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales		

The rate of advance tax to be collected by the Collector of Customs under section 148 shall be-

S.No	Persons	Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Persons importing goods classified in Part I of the Twelfth Schedule	1% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty
2.	Persons importing goods classified in Part II of the Twelfth Schedule	2% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty <sup>1</sup> [and 3.5% of the import value as increased by

		tax and federal excise duty
3.	Commercial importers covered under Notification No. S.R.O. 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2011 and importing items covered under S.R.O. 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2011.	3% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty
<sup>2</sup> [3A	Persons importing coal	4%
4.	Ship breakers on import of ships	4.5%
5.	Industrial undertakings not covered under S. Nos. 1 to 4	5.5%
6.	Companies not covered under S. Nos. 1 to 5	5.5%
7.	Persons not covered under S. Nos. 1 to 6	6%]

Provided that the rate specified in column (3),-

- in the case of industrial undertaking, 2[] importing plastic raw material falling under PCT (a) Heading 39.01 to 39.12 for its own use shall be 1.75% of the import value as increased by customs duty, sales tax and Federal excise duty; and
- in the case of a commercial importer, <sup>2</sup>[] importing plastic raw material falling under PCT Heading 39.01 to 39.12 shall be 4.5 % of the import value as increased by customs duty, sales tax and Federal excise duty]<sup>2</sup>[:] <sup>2</sup>[Provided further that the rate of tax on value of import of mobile phone by any person (b)

shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:-

	I able	
S.No.	C & F Value of mobile phone (in US Dollar)	Tax
		(in Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)
1	Up to 30	70
2	Exceeding 30 and up to 100	<sup>2</sup> [100]
3	Exceeding 100 and up to 200	930
4	Exceeding 200 and up to 350	970
5	Exceeding 350 and up to 500	3,000
6	Exceeding 500	5,200]

<sup>1</sup> The expression added by the Finance Act, 2022.

		customs duty, sales tax and federal excise duty in case of commercial importer]
3.	Persons importing goods classified in Part III of the Twelfth Schedule	5.5% of the import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty <sup>1</sup> [and 6% of the import value as increased by customs duty, sales tax and federal excise duty in case of a commercial importer:] ';]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that the rate specified in column (3),—

- (a) in the case of manufacturers covered under rescinded Notification No. S.R.O 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2011 as it stood on the 28<sup>th</sup> June, 2019 on import of items covered under the aforementioned S.R.O shall be 1%;
- (b) in case of persons importing finished pharmaceutical products that are not manufactured otherwise in Pakistan, as certified by the Drug Regulatory Authority of Pakistan shall be 4% <sup>3</sup>[:
- (c) in case of importers of CKD kits of electric vehicles for small cars or SUVs with 50 kwh battery or below and LCVs with 150 kwh battery or below shall be one percent:]

Provided further that the rate of tax on value of import of mobile phone by any person shall be as set out in the following table, namely:-

## Table

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Colon substituted and new clause (c) added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution and addition were made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

		Tax	(in Rs.)
		In CBU	IN CKD/SKD
S. No.	C & F Value of mobile phone	condition	condition
0.110.	(in US Dollar)	PCT	under PCT
	(IT US Dollar)	Heading 8517.1219	Heading
			8517.1211
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	Up to 30 except smart phones	70	0
2	Exceeding 30 and up to 100	100	0
	and smart phones up to 100		
3	Exceeding 100 and up to 200	930	0
4	Exceeding 200 and up to 350	970	0
<sup>1</sup> [5	Exceeding 350 and up to 500	5000	3000
6	Exceeding 500	11,500	5,200]

<sup>2</sup>[ ]

# <sup>3</sup>[Part IIB Rates of Advance Tax [see sub-section (5C) of section 147]

# TABLE

	Rate in respect of			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Area in	Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad	Hyderabad, Sukkur, Multan, Faisalabad, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Sahiwal, Sialkot, Bahawalpur, Peshawar, Mardan, Abbottabad, Quetta	Urban Areas not specified in columns (2) and (3)	
TAX ON PERSONS FALLING UNDER SECTION 147(5C)(i) FOR COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS				

<sup>1</sup> S. Nos 5 & 6 and entries relating thereto substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted S. Nos read as follows:

5	Exceeding 350 and up to 500	3,000	5,000
6	Exceeding 500	5,200	11,500

<sup>2</sup> Part IIA omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted part IIA read as follows:

#### PART IIA COLLECTION OF TAX FROM DISTRIBUTORS, DEALERS AND WHOLESALERS

(See section 153A)

The rate of tax to be collected under section 153A, shall be 0.5% of the gross amount of sales."

<sup>3</sup> Part IIB inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

Sq. Ft.	-	-	-		
Any size	Rs.250 per Sq. ft.	Rs.230 per Sq. ft.	Rs.210 per Sq. ft.		
TAX ON PERSONS FALLING UNDER SECTION 147(5C)(i) FOR RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS					
Sq. Ft.	-	-	-		
upto 3000	Rs.80 per Sq. ft.	Rs.65 per Sq. ft.	Rs.50 per Sq. ft.		
3000 and above	Rs.125 per Sq. ft.	Rs.110 per Sq. ft.	Rs.100 per Sq. ft.		
ТА	TAX ON PERSONS FALLING UNDER SECTION 147(5C)(ii)				
Sq. Yds.	-	-	-		
Any size	Rs.150 per Sq. yd	Rs.130 per Sq. yd	Rs.100 per Sq. yd		
TAX ON PERSONS FALLING UNDER SECTION 147(5C)(ii) FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA					
Sq. Yds.	-	-	-		
Any size	Rs.20 per Sq. yd	Rs.20 per Sq. yd	Rs.10 per Sq. yd:		

Provided that in case of mixed use buildings having both commercial and residential areas, respective rates mentioned above shall apply:

Provided further that in case of development of plots and constructing buildings on the same plots as one project, both rates shall apply.]

# PART III DEDUCTION OF TAX AT SOURCE (See Division III of Part V of Chapter X)

# <sup>1</sup>[**Division I** Advance Tax on Dividend

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 150<sup>2</sup>[]<sup>3</sup>[] shall be-

<sup>4</sup>[(a) 7.5% in case of dividend paid by Independent Power <sup>5</sup>[Producers] where such dividend is a pass through item under an Implementation Agreement or Power Purchase Agreement or Energy Purchase Agreement and is required to be re-imbursed by Central Power Purchasing Agency (CPPA-G) or its predecessor or successor entity.]

 $^{6}$ [(b) 15% in mutual funds  $^{7}$ [, Real Estate Investment Trusts] and cases other than those mentioned in clauses (a)  $^{8}$ [, (c) and (d);]

<sup>9</sup>[(c) 0% in case of dividend received by a REIT scheme from Special Purpose Vehicle and 35% in case of dividend received by others from Special Purpose Vehicle as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015; and]

<sup>10</sup>[(d)] 25% in case of a person receiving dividend from a company where no tax is payable by such company, due to exemption of income or carry forward of

## " [Division I

#### Profit on Debt

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 151 shall be 10% of the yield or profit paid." <sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>4</sup> Paragraph (a) substituted though Finance Act, 2019, substituted para read as follow:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Division-I substituted by the Finance Act, 2014. The substituted Division-I read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "and 236S" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>(</sup>a) "7.5% in the case of dividends declared or distributed by purchaser of a power project privatized by WAPDA or on shares of a company set up for power generation or on shares of a company, supplying coal exclusively to power generation projects;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "Purchasers" substituted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment), 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The clause (b) substituted and new clause (ba) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020 the substituted clause (b) read as follows: "<sup>6</sup>[<sup>6</sup>[15] % <sup>6</sup>[] other than mentioned in (a) above;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The expression "and (ba); and" substituted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clause (c) inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Clause (ba) re-numbered as clause (d) by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

business losses under Part VIII Chapter III or claim of tax credits under Part X of Chapter III.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

# Division IA Profit on Debt

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 151 shall be  ${}^{2}$ [15%] of the yield or profit  ${}^{3}$ [.]  ${}^{4}$ [ ]

5[]

# <sup>o</sup>[Division IB

# Return on Investment in Sukuks

<sup>1</sup> Para (c) and provisos thereafter omitted through Finance Act, 2019, omitted para read as follows:

(c) 20% for non-filers other than mentioned in (a) above:

Provided that the rate of tax required to be deducted by a collective investment scheme <sup>1</sup>[, REIT Scheme] or a mutual fund shall be-

<sup>1</sup> [Person	Stock Fund	Money market fund, income fund or REIT scheme or any other fund	
		Filer	Non-Filer
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Individual	<sup>1</sup> [12.5]%	<sup>1</sup> [12.5]%	15%
Company	<sup>1</sup> [12.5]%	<sup>1</sup> [15%]	25%
AOP	<sup>1</sup> [12.5]%	<sup>1</sup> [12.5]%	15%"]

Provided further that in case of a stock fund if dividend receipts of the fund are less than capital gains, the rate of tax deduction shall be 12.5% 1[":"]]

<sup>1</sup>["Provided further that if a Developmental REIT Scheme with the object of development and construction of residential buildings is setup by thirtieth day of June, <sup>1</sup>[2020], rate of tax on dividend received by a person from such Developmental REIT Scheme shall be reduced by fifty percent for three years from <sup>1</sup>[the date of setting up of the said scheme]<sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided further that the rate of tax on dividend received by a person, other than a company, from a money market mutual fund shall be 10%, if the amount of dividend does not exceed two and a half million Rupees.<sup>1</sup>[;]]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided also that the rate of tax on dividend received by an individual, from a Rental REIT Scheme shall be 7.5%.";]"

<sup>2</sup>The figure 10 substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>3</sup> Colon substituted and proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted proviso read as follows: "Provided that the rate shall be 10% in cases where <sup>3</sup>[the taxpayer furnishes a certificate to the payer of profit that during the tax year] yield or profit paid is rupees five hundred thousand rupees or less.]"

<sup>4</sup>The words "for filers and <sup>4</sup>["17.5%"] of the yield or profit paid, for non-filers:" omitted through Finance Act, 2019

<sup>5</sup>Proviso substituted through Finance Act, 2019, substituted proviso read as follow:

"Provided that for a non-filer, if the yield or profit paid is rupees five hundred thousand or less, the rate shall be ten per cent";

<sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)/2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

The rate of tax to be deducted <sup>1</sup>[on return on investment in sukuks from a sukuk holder] shall be—

- (a) <sup>2</sup>[25]% in case the *sukuk*-holder is a company;
- (b) 12.5% in case the *sukuk*-holder is an individual or an association of person, if the return on investment is more than one million;
- (c) 10% in case the *sukuk*-holder is an individual and an association of person, if the return on investment is less than one million; and]
- <sup>3</sup>[]

# 4[Division II Payments to non-residents

(1) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in sub-section (1A) of section 152 shall be  ${}^{5}$ [7% of the gross amount payable  ${}^{6}$ [ ] s].

 $^{7}$ [(1A) The rate of tax to be deducted from payments referred to in subsection (1AA) of section 152, shall be 5% of the gross amount paid.]

(2) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152 shall be  ${}^{8}$ [20]% of the gross amount paid.]

<sup>9</sup>[(3) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (1AAA) of section152, shall be 10% of the gross amount paid.]

#### "Division II

## Payments to non-residents

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "under section 150A" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The figure "15" substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>In Division IB, paragraph(d)omitted through Finance Act, omitted paragraph read as follow: "(d) 17.5% in case the *sukuk*-holder is a non-filer"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Division-II substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted "Division-II" read as follows:

The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152 shall be 30% of the gross amount paid."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The expression "6% of the gross amount payable" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "in case a person is a filer 13% in case the person is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The figure "30" substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>1</sup>[(3A) The rate of tax to be deducted under <sup>2</sup>[sub-sections (1D) and (1DA)] of section 152 shall be 10% of the amount of capital gain.]

 $^{3}$ [(4) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (2A) of section 152 shall be—

(i) in case of a company,  ${}^{4}[5\%]$  of the gross amount payable  ${}^{5}[$  ]; and

(ii) in any other case,  $^{6}[5.5\%]$  of the gross amount payable  $^{7}[$  ]

 $^{8}$ [(5) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2A) of section 152 shall be —

<sup>9</sup>[(i) <sup>10</sup>[4%] of the gross amount payable, in the cases of transport services, freight forwarding services, air cargo services, courier services, manpower outsourcing services, hotel services, security guard services, software development services, IT services and IT enabled services as defined in <sup>11</sup>[section 2], tracking services, advertising services (other than by print or electronic media), share registrar services, engineering services, car rental services, building maintenance services, services rendered of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited inspection and certification, testing and training services <sup>12</sup>[, oilfield services];]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New clause (3A) inserted through Tax Law (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "sub-section (1D)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Paragraph (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted paragraph read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (2A) of section 152 shall be 3.5% of the gross amount payable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "4%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words ", if the company is a filer, 7% if the company is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expression "4.5%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words ", if the person is a filer and 7.75% if the person is a non-filer." Omitted through Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Sub para (i) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted para read as follows: "(i) in the case of transport services, two per cent of the gross amount payable; or"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The expression "3%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The expression "clause(133) of Part I of the Second Schedule" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

- <sup>1</sup>[(ii) in cases other than <sup>2</sup>[sub-paragraph (i)],—
  - (a) in case of a company,  $^3[9\%]$  of the gross amount payable  $^4[\ ];$  and
  - (b) in any other case, 5[11%] of the gross amount payable, 6[];]

 $^{7}$ [(6) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (2A) of section 152 shall be,—

- (i) 10% of the gross amount payable in case of sportspersons;
- <sup>8</sup>[(ii) 9[] 10[8%] of the gross amount payable 11[].]

<sup>12</sup>[ ]

# **Division III** Payments for Goods or Services

(1) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be -

(iii) in any other case, 7.5% of the gross amount payable, if the person is a filer and 10% if the person is a non-filer."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-paragraph (ii) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. Substituted sub-paragraph read as follows:- "(ii) in any other case, six per cent of the gross amount payable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression 'transport' substituted through Finance Act, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "8%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words ", if the company is a filer and 14% if the company is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "10%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words ", if the person is a filer and 17.5% if the person is a non-filer" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>paragraph (6) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. Substituted paragraph read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (2A) of section 152 shall be six per cent of the gross amount payable."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Sub-paragraph (ii) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted sub-paragraph read as follows:-"(ii) in case of a company, 7% of the gross amount payable, if the company is a filer and 10% if the company is a non-filer;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The words "in case a person is a filer," omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The expression "7%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The words "and 13 % if the person is a non-filer ," omitted through Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Sub-paragraph (iii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted sub-paragraph read as follows:-

in the case of the sale of rice, <sup>1</sup>[], cotton seed or edible oils, (a) <sup>2</sup>[1.5]% of the gross amount payable; or <sup>3</sup>[:]

<sup>4</sup>[Explanation.— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that "cotton seed and edible oils" means cotton seed oil and edible oils:1

5[6[]]

7[]

- in the case of sale of goods 8[including toll manufacturing],-(b)
  - in case of a company, 10[5%] of the gross amount 9[(i)]<sup>e</sup> payable, <sup>11</sup>[]; and
    - (ii) in any other case, 12[5.5%] of the gross amount payable, <sup>13</sup>[]]

"(ab)

- in the case of supplies made by the distributer of fast moving consumer goods,
  - in case of a company, 2% of the gross amount payable; and in any other case, 2.5% of the gross amount payable.]" (i)
  - (ii)

- "(i) 4% of the gross amount payable in the case of companies; and
- (ii) 4.5% of the gross amount payable in the case of other taxpayers."
- <sup>10</sup> The expression "4%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

- <sup>12</sup> The expression "4.5%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.
- <sup>13</sup>The words "if the person is a filer and <sup>13</sup>[] <sup>13</sup>[9]% if the person is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act. 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "cotton" omitted by the Finance Act. 2005.

Substituted for the figure "1" by the Finance Act, 2003. Earlier this was substituted by S.R.O. 2 586(I)/2002 dated 28.08.2002 which stands rescinded by SRO 608(I)/2003, dated 24.06.2003 with effect from 01.07.2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-paragraph (ab) substituted by the Finance Act, 2017. The substituted sub-paragraph (ab) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(ab) in the case of the supplies made by the distributors of fast moving consumer goods, 3% of the gross amount payable, if the supplier is a company and 3.5% if the supplier is other than a company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-paragraph (ab) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The sub-paragraph read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The expression inserted through Finance Act. 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June. 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clauses (i) and (ii) of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clauses read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>The words "if the company is a filer and <sup>11</sup>[]<sup>11</sup>[8]% if the company is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

 $^{1}$ [(2) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be —

 ${}^{2}[(i) {}^{3}[4\%]]$  of the gross amount payable, in the cases of transport services, freight forwarding services, air cargo services, courier services, manpower outsourcing services, hotel services, security guard services, software development services, IT services and IT enabled services as defined in section 2, tracking services, advertising services (other than by print or electronic media), share registrar services, engineering services including architectural services, warehousing services, services rendered by asset management companies, data provided under license issued by the Pakistan services Telecommunication Authority, telecommunication infrastructure (tower) services, car rental services, building maintenance services, services rendered by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited, inspection, certification, testing and training services, oilfield services, telecommunication services, collateral management services, travel and tour services 4[, REIT management

- "(i) in the case of transport services, two per cent of the gross amount payable; or
  - (ii) in the case of rendering of or providing of services,
    - 1[(a) in case of a company, 8% of the gross amount payable, if the company is a filer and 1[14.5]% if the company is a non-filer; and
      - (b) in any other case, 10% of the gross amount payable, if the person is a filer and 1[17.5]% if the person is a non-filer;
    - (a) in respect of persons making payments to electronic and print media for advertising services,—
      - (i) in case of a filer, 1[1.5%] of the gross amount payable; and

(ii) in case of a non-filer, 12% of the gross amount payable, if the non-filer is a company and 15% if the non-filer is other than a company;"

<sup>2</sup> Sub-paragraph (i) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted sub-paragraph read as follows: "

(i) 3% of the gross amount payable, in the cases of transport services, freight forwarding services, air cargo services, courier services, manpower outsourcing services, hotel services, security guard services, software development services, IT services and IT enabled services as defined in clause (133) of Part I of the Second Schedule, tracking services, advertising services (other than by print or electronic media), share registrar services, engineering services, <sup>2</sup>[warehousing services, services rendered by asset management companies, data services provided under licence issued by the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority, telecommunication infrastructure (tower) services,] car rental services, building maintenance services, services rendered by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited inspection, certification, testing and training services;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2019. The substituted clause (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "3%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Expression added by the Finance Act, 2022.

services, services rendered by National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited.]

**Explanation:**—The tax rate under this subparagraph shall be applicable only to a service provider whose services are subjected to withholding tax on gross receipts and the service provider has not agitated taxation of gross receipts before any court of law;]

- (ii) in case of rendering of or providing of services other than sub-clause (i),-
  - (a) in case of a company, <sup>1</sup>[9%] of the gross amount payable;
  - (b) in any other case, <sup>2</sup>[11%] of the gross amount payable; and
  - (c) in respect of persons making payments to electronic and print media for advertising services, 1.5% of the gross amount payable.]

(3) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be  ${}^{3}$ [] -]

- <sup>4</sup>[(i) 10% of the gross amount payable in case of sportspersons;
  - (ii) in case of a company,  $^{5}[\ ]\,^{6}[7.5\%]$  of the gross amount payable  $^{7}[\ ]$  ; and

(iii) in any other case,  ${}^{8}$ [ ]  ${}^{9}$ [8%] of the gross amount payable  ${}^{10}$ [ ]]

<sup>11</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "8%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "10%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The figure, words and full stop "6% of the gross amount payable." Substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Sub-paragraphs (i), (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted sub-paragraphs read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(i) 7% of the gross amount payable in the case of companies; and

<sup>(</sup>ii) 7.5% of the gross amount payable in the case of other taxpayers.

<sup>(</sup>iii) 10% of the gross amount payable in case of sportspersons."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The figure "7%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expression "6.5%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words ", if the company is a filer and <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[14]% if the company is a non-filer" omitted though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The figure "7.5%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The expression "7%" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The words ", if the person is a filer and <sup>10</sup>[] <sup>10</sup>[15]% if the person is a non-filer" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Clause (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (4) read as follows:

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<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[]

Division IV

Exports
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<sup>4</sup>[(1) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-sections (1), (3), (3A), (3B) or (3C) of section 154 shall be 1% of the proceeds of the export.]

5[

(3) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section  ${}^{6}[(2)]$  of section 153 shall be  ${}^{7}[1] %{}^{8}[$ :

"Provided that in case of immovable property sold by auction, the rate of collection of tax under this section shall be 5% of the gross sale price.]

# <sup>9</sup>[] <sup>10</sup>[DIVISION IVA Export of Services

" (4) The rate of tax to be deducted from a payment referred to in sub-section (3) of section 153 shall be 6% of the gross amount payable."

<sup>1</sup>"Division IIIA" omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted "Division IIIA" read as follows:-

#### "Division IIIA

# Payments to non-resident media persons

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 153A, shall be 10% of the gross amount paid."

<sup>2</sup> New Division IIIB inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>3</sup> Division IIIB omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

#### Division IIIB Royalty paid to resident persons

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 153B shall be 15% of the gross amount payable.]

<sup>4</sup> Clause (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted clause (1) read as follows: -

"(1) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-sections (1), (3), (3A) or (3B) of section 154 shall be 1% of the proceeds of the export."

<sup>5</sup> Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>6</sup> The figure, brackets and letter "(1A)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>7</sup> Figure "0.5" substituted by the figure "1" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>8</sup> The full stop substituted by colon thereafter the new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June,2020

<sup>9</sup> Division IVA added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>10</sup> Division IVA substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted Division read as follows:

#### "Division IVA Exports of Services

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 154A shall be one percent of the proceeds of the export."

S. No.	Types of Receipts	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Export proceeds of Computer software or	0.25% of proceeds
	IT services or IT Enabled services by	<sup>1</sup> [for tax years
	persons registered with Pakistan	2024 up to tax year
	Software Export Board	2026]
2.	Any other case	1% of proceeds]

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 154A shall be:-

# <sup>2</sup>[Division V Income from Property

(a) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 155, in the case of individual and association of persons, shall be—

<sup>1</sup> Expression added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>2</sup> Division V substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted "Division V" read as follows:

#### "Division V Income from Property

(a) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 155, in the case of individual and association of persons, shall be—

S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax	
(1)	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.150,000.	Nil	
(2)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.150,000 but does not exceed Rs.400,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.150,000.	
(3)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.12,500 plus 7.5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.400,000.	
(4)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000.	rent Rs.57,500 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000.	
	(b) The rate of tax to be deduc be—	ted under section 155, in the case of company, shall	
S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax	
(1)	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.400,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount of rent.	

# <sup>1</sup>[TABLE

S. No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.300,000.	Nil
2.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.300,000 but does not exceed Rs.600,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.300,000.
3.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.600,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,000,000.	Rs.15,000 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.600,000.
4.	Where the gross amount of rent exceed Rs.2,000,000.	Rs.155,000 plus 25 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.2,000,000.

(2) Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.

Rs.20,000 plus 7.5 per cent of the gross amount of rent exceeding Rs.400,000.

(3) Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000.

Rs.65,000 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount of rent exceeding Rs.1,000,000."

1	The Table of Division V substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted Table read as
	follows:

follows:				
<sup>1</sup> [ S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
1.	Where the gross amount of rent does not exceed Rs.200,000.	Nil		
2.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.200,000 but does not exceed Rs.600,000.	5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.200,000.		
3.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.600,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000.	Rs.20,000 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.600,000.		
4.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,000,000.	Rs.60,000 plus 15 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000.		
5.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.2,000,000 <sup>1</sup> [but not exceed Rs. 4000,000].	Rs.210,000 plus 20 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.2,000,000"]		
<sup>1</sup> [6.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.4,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.6,000,000.	Rs.610,000 plus 25 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.4,000,000.		
7.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.6,000,000 but does not exceed Rs.8,000,000.	Rs.1,110,000 plus 30 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.6,000,000.		
8.	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.8,000,000.	Rs.1,710,000 plus 35 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.8,000,000.]		

(b) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 155, in the case of company shall be 15% of the gross amount of rent <sup>1</sup>[ ]

# Division VI Prizes and Winnings

- The rate of tax to be deducted under section 156 on a prize on prize bond or cross-word puzzle shall be <sup>2</sup>[15]% of the gross amount paid <sup>3</sup>[
   ].
- (2) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 156 on winnings from a raffle, lottery, prize on winning a quiz, prize offered by a company for promotion of sale, shall be 20% of the gross amount paid.]

# Division VIA Petroleum Products

Rate of collection of tax under section 156A shall be  ${}^{4}$ [12] of the amount of payment  ${}^{5}$ [ ].



## **Division VIB**

## CNG STATIONS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "for filers and 17.5% of the gross amount of rent for non-filers" omitted through Finance Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The figure "10" substituted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "for filers and <sup>3</sup>[25]% of the gross amount paid for non-filers" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Figure "10" substituted by the figure "12" by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "for filers and <sup>5</sup>[17.5]% for non-filers" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Division VIB Omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

The rate of tax to be collected under section 234A in the case of a Compressed Natural Gas station shall be four per cent of the gas consumption charges  $^7[]$ .]"

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# <sup>1</sup>[ ] **PART IV** (See Chapter XII)

DEDUCTION OR COLLECTION OF ADVANCE TAX

<sup>2</sup>[]

# <sup>3</sup>[Division II BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION

The rate of tax for deduction or collection under section 233 shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:-

S. No.	Person	Rate of Tax	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
1.	Advertising Agents	10%	
2.	Life Insurance Agents where commission received is less than Rs.0.5 million per annum	8%	
3.	Persons not covered in 1 and 2 above	12%]	

TABLE

<sup>1</sup> Division VII omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted Division VII read as follows:

## "Division VII

# **Petroleum Products**

The Rate of tax to be deducted under section 157 shall be 10% of the commission or discount."

<sup>2</sup> Division I omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted Division I read as follows:

# "Division I

# Transfer of Funds

Rate of tax for the purpose of collection of tax under section 232 is 0.30 per cent of the amount." 3 Rate of tax set out through Finance Act, 2019. Pervious table read as under:

S.No.	Person	Rate applicable on the amount of payment.	
		Filer	Non-filer
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Advertising Agents	10%	15%
2.	Life Insurance Agents where commission received is less than Rs.0.5 million per annum	8%	16%
3.	Persons not covered in 1 and 2 above	12%	15%"]

# Division III <sup>6</sup>[Tax on Motor Vehicles]

Rates of collection of tax under section 234,-

 $^{7}$ [(1) In case of goods transport vehicles, tax of two rupees and fifty paisa per kilogram of the laden weight shall be charged  $^{8}$ [].]

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>2</sup>Division IIA substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted Division read as follows:-

	"Division IIA Rates for Collection of Tax by a Stock Ex Registered in Pakistan	xchange	
(i)	in case of purchase of shares as per clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 233A.	<sup>2</sup> [0.01%] of p value	urchase
(ii)	in case of sale of shares as per clause (b) of sub- section (1) of section 233A.	<sup>2</sup> [0.01%] of	sale value
<sup>2</sup> [] <sup>2</sup> []"			

<sup>3</sup> Division IIA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

#### "Division IIA

#### RATES FOR COLLECTION OF TAX BY A STOCK EXCHANGE REGISTERED IN PAKISTAN

S.No.	Description	Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	in case of purchase of shares as per clause	0.02% of
	(a) of sub-section (1) of section 233A.	purchase value
2.	in case of sale of shares as per clause (b) of	0.02% of sale
	sub-section (1) of section 233A.	value";"

<sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>5</sup> Division IIB omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

#### "Division IIB

# Rates for collection of tax by NCCPL

The rate of deduction under section 233AA shall be 10% of profit or mark-up or interest earned by the member, margin financier or securities lender.]"

<sup>6</sup> The heading "Transport Business" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>7</sup>Paragraph (i) substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted paragraph (i) read as follows:-"(i) in case of goods transport vehicles, tax of five rupees per kilogram of the laden weight shall be charged."

<sup>8</sup>The words "for filer and four rupees per kilogram of the laden weight for non-filer" omitted though Finance Act, 2019.

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<sup>1</sup>[(1A) In the case of goods transport vehicles with laden weight of 8120 kilograms or more, advance tax after a period of ten years from the date of first registration of vehicle in Pakistan shall be collected at the rate of twelve hundred rupees per annum;]

(2) In the case of passenger transport vehicles plying for hire with registered seating capacity of —

<sup>2</sup> [S. No	Capacity	Rs. per seat per annum Non Air Conditioned	Rs. per seat per annum Air Conditioned
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	4 or more persons but less than 10 persons	200	375
2.	10 or more persons but less than 20 persons	500	750
3.	20 persons or more	1000	1500]

 $^3[(3)\,$  In case of other  $^4[\,\,$  ] motor vehicles shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:-

<sup>5</sup> [S. No. Engine capacity Tax
--

<sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>2</sup> The Table substituted by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this Table was substituted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 22.08.2022. The substituted Table read as follows:

"S. No		Rs. per seat per annum Non Air Conditioned	Rs. per seat per annum Air Conditioned
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	4 or more persons but less than 10 persons	500	1000
2.	10 or more persons but less than 20 persons	1500	2000
3.	20 persons or more	2500	4000"

<sup>3</sup>Clause (3) substituted by Finance Act, 2014. The substituted clause (3) read as follows:

"(3) Other private motor cars with engine capacity of-

(0)	other private motor care	s with chyline of
(a)	upto 1000cc	Rs. 750
(b)	1001cc to 1199cc	Rs. 1250
(c)	1200cc to 1299 cc	Rs.1750
(d)	1300cc to 1599cc	Rs. 3000
(e)	1600cc to 1999 cc	Rs. 4000

(f) 2000cc and above Rs. 8000"

<sup>4</sup>The word "private" omitted by the Finance Act, 2022.

5 Clause (3) substituted through Finance Act, 2019. Substituted clause read as follows:

"(3) In case of other private motor vehicles shall be as following,-

1	"C No		forfiloro	for non filor
	"S. No.	Engine capacity	for filers	for non-filer
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	upto 1000cc	Rs. 800
2.	1001cc to 1199cc	Rs. 1,500
3.	1200cc to 1299cc	Rs. 1,750
4.	1300cc to 1499cc	Rs. 2,500
5.	1500cc to 1599cc	Rs. 3,750
6.	1600cc to 1999cc	Rs. 4,500
7.	2000cc & above	Rs. 10,000]

(4) where the motor vehicle tax is collected in lump sum,

<sup>1</sup> [S. No.	Engine capacity	Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	upto 1000cc	Rs. 10,000
2.	1001cc to 1199cc	Rs. 18,000
3.	1200cc to 1299cc	Rs. 20,000
4.	1300cc to 1499cc	Rs. 30,000
5.	1500cc to 1599cc	Rs. 45,000
6.	1600cc to 1999cc	Rs. 60,000
7.	2000cc & above	Rs. 120,000]

# <sup>2</sup>[DIVISION IV

1.	upto 1000cc	Rs. 800	Rs. 1,200
2.	1001cc to 1199cc	Rs. 1,500	Rs. 4,000
3.	1200cc to 1299cc	Rs. 1,750	Rs. 5,000
4.	1300cc to 1499cc	Rs. 2,500	Rs. 7,500
5.	1500cc to 1599cc	Rs. 3,750	Rs. 12,000
6.	1600cc to 1999cc	Rs. 4,500	Rs. 15,000
7.	2000cc & above	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 30,000"]

<sup>1</sup> Table substituted through Finance Act, 2019. Substituted table read as follows:

S. No.	Engine capacity	for filers	for non-filer
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	upto 1000cc	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 10,000
2.	1001cc to 1199cc	Rs. 18,000	Rs. 36,000
3.	1200cc to 1299cc	Rs. 20,000	Rs. 40,000
4.	1300cc to 1499cc	Rs. 30,000	Rs. 60,000
5.	1500cc to 1599cc	Rs. 45,000	Rs. 90,000
6.	1600cc to 1999cc	Rs. 60,000	Rs. 120,000
7.	2000cc & above	Rs. 120,000	Rs. 240,000]

 $^{2}$  Division IV omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Division read as follows:

(1) The rate of collection of tax from commercial and industrial consumers from gross amount of bills shall be as set out in the following Table, namely:—

# TABLE

S. No	Gross amount of Bill	Тах
1	upto Rs. 500	Rs. 0
2	exceeds Rs. 500 but does not exceed Rs. 20.000	10% of the amount
3	exceeds Rs.20,000	Rs. 1950 plus 12% of the amount exceeding Rs.20,000 for commercial consumers Rs. 1950 plus 5% of the amount exceeding Rs.20,000 for industrial consumers

#### Division IV Electricity Consumption

[(a)	does not exceed Rs. 400	Rs. <sup>2</sup> [0]
(b)	exceeds Rs. 400 but does not exceed Rs. 600	Rs. 80
(C)	exceeds Rs. 600 but does not exceed Rs. 800	Rs. 100
(d)	exceeds Rs. 800 but does not exceed Rs. 1000	Rs. 160
(e)	exceeds Rs. 1000 but does not exceed Rs. 1500	Rs. 300
(f)	exceeds Rs. 1500 but does not exceed Rs. 3000	Rs. 350
(g)	exceeds Rs. 3000 but does not exceed Rs. 4500	Rs. 450
(h)	exceeds Rs. 4500 but does not exceed Rs. 6000	Rs. 500
(i)	exceeds Rs. 6000 but does not exceed Rs. 10000	Rs. 650
(j)	exceeds Rs. 10000 but does not exceed Rs. 15000	Rs. 1000
(k)	exceeds Rs. 15000 but does not exceed Rs. 20000	Rs. 1500
(I)	exceeds Rs. 20000.	<sup>2</sup> [(i) at the rate of

(ii) at the rate of 5 per cent for industrial consumers.]] (2) The rate of tax to be collected on domestic electricity consumption shall be—

- (i) zero percent the amount of monthly bill is less than Rs.25,000; and
- (ii) 7.5% if the amount of monthly bill is Rs. 25,000 or more;]
- <sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ]

# Division V Telephone users

Rates of collection of tax under section 236, ---

<sup>3</sup>[(a) in the case of a telephone subscriber 10% of the (other than mobile phone subscriber) exceeding where the amount of monthly bill amount of bill.] exceeds Rs.1000.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3) the rate of tax leviable under section (99A), and collectable under sub section (1A) of Section 235 shall be as set out in the TABLE under:-

S. No	Gross amount of monthly bill	Тах
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where the amount does not exceed Rs. 30,000	Rs.3,000
2.	Where the amount exceeds Rs. 30,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000	Rs.5,000
3.	Where the amount exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 100,000	Rs.10,000
4.	Retailers and service providers as notified by the Board in the income tax general order	Up to Rs.200,000"

<sup>3</sup>Paragraph (a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted paragraph (a) read as follows:

"(a) In the case of telephone subscriber (other than mobile phone subscriber) where the monthly bill—

(a)	exceeds Rs. 1000 but does not exceed Rs. 2000	Rs. 50
(b)	exceeds Rs. 2000 but does not exceed Rs. 3000.	Rs. 100
(c)	exceeds Rs. 3000 but does not exceed Rs. 5000.	Rs. 200
(d)	exceeds Rs. 5000.	Rs. 300"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (3) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (3) omitted by Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this clause was omitted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 22.08.2022.The omitted clause (3) read as follows:

the amount of bill or sales price of internet pre-paid card or prepaid telephone card or sale of units through any electronic medium or whatever form"]

"(b) in the case of subscriber of mobile telephone and pre-paid telephone card 14% of the amount of bill or sales price of pre-paid telephone card <sup>1</sup>[or sale of units through <sup>1</sup>[any electronic medium] or whatever form ]

<sup>2</sup>The figure "14" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>3</sup> The expression "12.5%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (b) of Division V substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted clause (b) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "10% for tax year 2022 and 8% onwards" substituted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

# <sup>1</sup>[ ]

# <sup>2</sup>[DIVISION VII

Advance Tax on Purchase, Registration and Transfer of Motor Vehicles

 $^{3}$  [(1) The rate of tax under sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 231B shall be as set out in the following Table: –

<sup>1</sup> Division VI and VIA omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted divisions read as follows:

**Division VI** 

#### Cash withdrawal from a bank

The Rate of tax to be deducted under section 231A shall be 1[1][0.6]% of the cash amount withdrawn, for 1[ the person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list]].

<sup>1</sup>[Division VIA

#### Advance tax on Transactions in Bank

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 231AA shall be at the rate of  ${}^{4}$ [0.6% of the transactions for <sup>1</sup>[the person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list].]"

<sup>1</sup>Division VII of Part IV substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. The substituted Division VII readas follows:-

**"DIVISION VII** 

#### Advance Tax on purchase of Motor Car and Jeep

The rate of tax under sub-sections (1), (2) and (3) of section 231B shall be as follows:-S. No. Engine capacity For filers Tax for non-filer (2)(3) (4) (1)upto 850cc Rs. 10,000 Rs. 10,000 1. 2. 851cc to 1000cc Rs. 20,000 Rs. 25,000 1001cc to 1300cc Rs. 30.000 Rs. 40.000 3. 4. 1301cc to 1600cc Rs. 50,000 Rs. 100,000 1601cc to 1800cc Rs. 75,000 Rs. 150,000 5. 1801cc to 2000cc Rs. 100,000 Rs. 200,000 6. 2001cc to 2500cc Rs. 150,000 Rs. 300,000 7. Rs. 200,000 2501cc to 3000cc Rs. 400,000 8. 9. Above 3000cc Rs. 250,000 Rs. 450,000"

Provided that the rate of tax to be collected under sub-section (2) of section 231B, shall be reduced by 10% each year from the date of first registration in Pakistan."

<sup>3</sup> Clause (1) substituted by the Finance Act, 2023. The substituted clause (1) read as follows: "(1) The rate of tax under sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 231B shall be as set out in the following Table:-

TABLE				
S.No	Engine Capacity	Тах		
(1)	(2)	(3)		
1.	Upto 850 cc	Rs.10,000		
2.	851cc to 1000cc	Rs.20,000		
3.	1001cc to 1300cc	Rs.25,000		
4.	1301cc to 1600cc	Rs.50,000		
5.	1601cc to 1800cc	Rs.150,000		
6.	1801cc to 2000cc	Rs.200,000		
7.	2001cc to 2500cc	Rs.300,000		
8.	2501cc to 3000cc	Rs.400,000		
9.	Above 3000cc	Rs.500,000		

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S. No.	Engine capacity	Тах
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Upto 850 cc	Rs.10,000
2.	851cc to 1000cc	Rs.20,000
3.	1001cc to 1300cc	Rs.25,000
4.	1301cc to 1600cc	Rs.50,000
5.	1601cc to 1800cc	Rs.150,000
6.	1801cc to 2000cc	Rs.200,000
		Rate of Tax
7.	2001cc to 2500cc	6% of the value
8.	2501cc to 3000cc	8% of the value
9.	Above 3000cc	10% of the value:

## TABLE

Provided that the value for the purpose of S. Nos. 7 to 9 of the above Table shall be in case of motor vehicle -

- (i) imported in Pakistan, the import value assessed by the Customs authorities as increased by customs duty, federal excise duty and sales tax payable at import stage;
- (ii) manufactured or assembled locally in Pakistan, the invoice value inclusive of all duties and taxes; or
- (iii) auctioned, the auction value inclusive of all duties and taxes:

Provided further that in cases where engine capacity is not applicable and the value of vehicle is Rupees five million or more, the rate of tax collectible shall be 3% of the import value as increased by customs duty, sales tax and federal excise duty in case of imported vehicles or invoice value in case of locally manufactured or assembled vehicles.]

 $^{1}$ [(2) The rate of tax under sub-sections (2) of section 231B shall be as follows:-

Provided that in cases where engine capacity is not applicable and the value of vehicle is Rupees five million or more, the rate of tax collectible shall be 3% of the import value as increased by customs duty, sales tax and federal excise duty in case of imported vehicles or invoice value in case of locally manufactured or assembled vehicles.]

S. No.	Engine capacity	For filers	Tax for non-filer
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	upto 850cc	-	5000
2.	851cc to 1000cc	5,000	15,000
3.	1001cc to 1300cc	7,500	25,000
4.	1301cc to 1600cc	12,500	65,000
5.	1601cc to 1800cc	18,750	100,000
6.	1801cc to 2000cc	25,000	135,000
7.	2001cc to 2500cc	37,500	200,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (2) substituted through Finance Act, 2019. Substituted clause read as follows:

S. No.	Engine capacity	Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	upto 850cc	-
2.	851cc to 1000cc	5,000
3.	1001cc to 1300cc	7,500
4.	1301cc to 1600cc	12,500
5.	1601cc to 1800cc	18,750
6.	1801cc to 2000cc	25,000
7.	2001cc to 2500cc	37,500
8.	2501cc to 3000cc	50,000
9.	Above 3000cc	62,500]

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that in cases where engine capacity is not applicable and the value of vehicle is Rupees five million or more, the rate of tax collectible shall be Rupees twenty thousand:

Provided further that the rate of tax to be collected under this clause shall be reduced by ten percent each year from the date of first registration in Pakistan.]

<sup>2</sup>[(3) The rate of tax under sub-section (2A) of section 231B shall be as follows:---

S. No.	Engine capacity	Тах
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Up to 1000cc	Rs. 100,000
2.	1001cc to 2000cc	Rs.200,000
3.	2001cc and above	Rs.400,000]

# <sup>3</sup>[TABLE

8	2501cc to 3000cc	50,000	270,000
9	Above 3000cc	62,500	300,000

<sup>1</sup> Proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. Substituted proviso read as follows:

"Provided that the rate of tax to be collected shall be reduced by 10% each year from the date of first registration in Pakistan."

 $^{2}$  Clause (3) added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this addition was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. <sup>3</sup> TABLE substituted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022. Substituted TABLE read as follows:

S. No.	Engine capacity	Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Up to 1000cc	Rs. 50,000
2.	1001cc to 2000cc	Rs.100,000
3.	2001cc and above	Rs.200,000"

# <sup>1</sup>Division VIII Advance tax at the time of sale by auction

The rate of collection of tax under section 236A shall be <sup>2</sup>[10]% of the gross sale price of any property or goods sold by auction <sup>3</sup>[]<sup>4</sup>[:

Provided that in case of immovable property sold by auction <sup>5</sup>[and sale by auction of train management services by Pakistan Railways], the rate of collection of tax under this section shall be 5% of the gross sale price.]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[]

# <sup>8</sup>[Division X Advance tax on sale or transfer of Immovable property

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236C shall be <sup>9</sup>[]<sup>10</sup>[] <sup>11</sup>[3%] of the gross amount of the consideration received <sup>12</sup>[]]

# <sup>13</sup>[Division XA

Advance Tax on TV plays and advertisements

# The rate of tax to be collected under section 236CA shall be, -

<sup>14</sup> [S. No	Description	Rate of Tax	
Added by the Fina	ance Act. 2009.		
	ostituted by the Finance Act, 2013.		
<sup>3</sup> The words "for file	ers and 15% of the gross sale price of any prop	erty or goods sold by auction for	
non-filers" omittee	d through Finance Act, 2019.		
	rough Finance Act, 2020.		
Words inserted by	Words inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.		
Added by the Fina	ance Act, 2010.		
<sup>'</sup> Division IX omitte	d by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted Divisio	on read as follows:	
	"Division IX		
	Advance tax on Purchase of Air T	ïcket	
The rate of ta	ax to be deducted under section 236B shall be	5% of the gross amount of air	
icket."			

<sup>8</sup> Division X added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>9</sup> Figure "0.5" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>10</sup> The expression "1%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>11</sup> The expression "2%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>12</sup> The words "for filers and <sup>12</sup>[2] % of the gross amount of the consideration received for non-filers." omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>13</sup> Division XA inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.
 <sup>14</sup> TABLE substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted TABLE read as follows:

(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Foreign-produced TV drama serial or play	Rs.1,000,000 per episode
2.	Foreign-produced TV play (single episode)	Rs.3,000,000
3.	Advertisement starring foreign actor	Rs.100,000 per second.]

# <sup>1</sup>[Division XI

# Advance tax on functions and gatherings

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236CB shall be 10%.]

# <sup>2</sup>[]

[S.No	Description	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Foreign-produced TV drama serial or play	Rs.1,000,000 per episode
2.	Foreign-produced TV play (single episode)	Rs.3,000,000
3.	Advertisement starring foreign actor	Rs.100,000 per second.]

<sup>1</sup> Division XI added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2023 (X of 2023) dated 23.02.2023.

<sup>2</sup>Division XI omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted Division read as follows:

#### "Division XI Advance tax on functions and gatherings

The rate of tax to be collected under each sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 236D shall be  ${}^{2}[5] \%]^{2}[;]$ 

<sup>2</sup>[Provided that the rate for the function of marriage in a marriage hall, marquee, hotel, restaurant, commercial lawn, club, a community place or any other place used for such purpose shall be as set out in the Table below:—

		TABLE
S.No.	Rate of tax	
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	5% of the bill ad valorem or Rs. 20,000 per function, whichever is higher	For Islamabad, Lahore, Multan, Faisalabad, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Bahawalpur, Sargodha, Sahiwal, Shekhurpura, Dera Ghazi Khan, Karachi, Hyderabad, Sukkur, Thatta, Larkana, Mirpur Khas, Nawabshah, Peshawar, Mardan, Abbottabad, Kohat, Dera Ismail Khan, Quetta, Sibi, Loralai, Khuzdar, Dera Murad Jamali and Turbat.
2.	5% of the bill ad valorem or Rs. 10,000 per function, whichever is higher	For cities other than those mentioned above.

<sup>2</sup>[Provided further that the rate for the function of marriage in a marriage hall, marquee or a community place with the total function area less than 500 square yards or, in case of a multi storied premises, with the largest total function area on one floor less than 500 square yards, shall be 5% of the bill ad valorem or Rs. 5.000 per function whichever is higher."

# <sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[*Division XIV*

<sup>1</sup> Division XII omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted Division read as follows:-

<sup>1</sup>[Division XII

# Advance tax on foreign-produced films and TV plays

Rate of collection of tax under section 236E shall be as follows: --

- (a) Foreign-produced TV drama Rs.100,000 per episode Serial
   (b) Foreign-produced TV play Rs. 100,000]
- (b) Foreign-produced TV play Rs. 100,000] (single episode)

<sup>2</sup>Division XIII omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted Division is read as follows:

"Division XIII

(1) The rate of tax to be collected under section 236F in the case of Cable Television Operator shall be as follows:—

License Category as provided in PEMRA Rules	Tax on License Fee	Tax on Renewal
Н	Rs. 7,500	Rs. 10,000
H-I	Rs. 10,000	Rs. 15,000
H-II	Rs. 25,000	Rs. 30,000
R	Rs. 5,000	Rs. <sup>2</sup> [12,000]
В	Rs. 5,000	Rs. 40,000
B-1	Rs. 30,000	Rs. <sup>2</sup> [35,000]
B-2	Rs. 40,000	Rs. <sup>2</sup> [45,000]
B-3	Rs. 50,000	Rs. 75,000
B-4	Rs. 75,000	Rs. 100,000
B-5	Rs. 87,500	Rs. 150,000
B-6	Rs. 175,000	Rs. 200,000
B-7	Rs. 262,500	Rs. 300,000
B-8	Rs. 437,500	Rs. 500,000
B-9	Rs. 700,000	Rs. 800,000
B-10	Rs. 875,500	Rs. 900,000

(2) The rate of tax to be collected by Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority under section 236F in the case of IPTV, FM Radio, MMDS, Mobile TV, Mobile Audio, Satellite TV Channel and Landing Rights, shall be 20 per cent of the permission fee or renewal fee, as the case may be.]

<sup>2</sup>("(3) In addition to tax collected under paragraph (2) Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority shall collect tax at the rate of fifty per cent of the permission fee or renewal fee, as the case may be, from every TV Channel on which foreign TV drama serial or a play in any language, other than English, is screened or viewed."

<sup>3</sup>[ Division XIV substituted through finance Act, 2019. Substituted Division read as follows:-

Division XIV
Advance tax on sale to distributors, dealers or wholesalers.
The rate of collection of tax under section 236G shall be as follows:-

Category of Sale	Rate of Tax	
	Filer	Non-filer
Fertilizers	0.7%	1.4%

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## Advance tax on sale to distributors, dealers or wholesalers.

The rate of collection of tax under section 236G shall be as set out in the following table namely:-

S.No.	Category of Sale	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Fertilizers	0.7%
2.	Other than Fertilizers	0.1%]

### TABLE

<sup>1</sup>[Provided that the rate of advance tax on sale to distributors, dealers or wholesalers of fertilizer shall be 0.25%, if they are already appearing on both the Active Taxpayers' Lists issued under the provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001).]

# <sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[]]

# <sup>4</sup>[DIVISION XV

	Other than Fertilizers	0.1%	0.2%	1
	Other than I citilizers	0.170	/-	1
(Amendment) Ordinance <sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Ad	e, 2021. ct, 2013.			made through Tax Laws
3 Division XV substituted through Finance Act, 2019. Substituted Division read as follows:-				
	Category of sale	Rate of	of tax	

[Category of sale	Rate of tax	
	Filer	Non-filer
(1)	(2)	(3)
Electronics	1%	10/1
Others	0.5%	1%]

<sup>4</sup>Division XV substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted Division read as follows:

Division XV

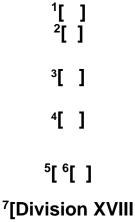
#### Advance tax on sale to retailers

<sup>4</sup>[The rate of collection of tax under section 236H on the gross amount of sales shall be as set out in the following table namely:-

	TABLE		
S.No	Category of sale	Rate of tax	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
1.	Electronics	1%	
2.	Others	0.5%]	]

# Advance tax on sale to retailers

The rate of collection of tax under section 236H on the gross amount of sales shall be 0.5%.]



<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>2</sup> Divisions XVA, omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The Divisions read as follows:

#### **Division XVA**

#### Advance tax on sale of certain petroleum products

The rate of collection of tax under section 236HA shall be 0.5% of ex-depot sale price

# <sup>2</sup>[].]

<sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>4</sup> Division XVI omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted Division read as follows:

#### "Division XVI

# Collection of advance tax by educational institutions

The rate of collection of tax under section 236I shall be 5% of the amount of fee."

<sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2013.

6 Division XVII omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted Division read as follows:

#### "Division XVII

### Advance tax on dealers, commission agents and arhatis, etc.

The amount of collection of tax under section 236J shall be as set out in the following table:-

TABLE		
Group	Amount of tax	
	(per annum)	
Group or Class A:	Rs. 100,000	
Group or Class B:	Rs. 75,000	
Group or Class C:	Rs. 50,000	
Any other category:	Rs. 50,000"	

<sup>7</sup> Division XVIII substituted through Finance Act, 2019.Substituted Division read as follows:

## Advance tax on purchase of immovable property

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236K shall be  $1[]^{2}[3\%]$  of the fair market value.]

# <sup>3</sup>[] 4[]5[]6[:]"] <sup>7</sup>[]8[] 9[\*]

#### *Division XVIII* Advance tax on purchase of immovable property

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236K shall be 1% of the fair market value.";

S. No.	Period	Rate of Tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Where value of Immovable property is up to <sup>7</sup> ["4 million"].	0%
2.	Where the value of Immovable property is more than <sup>7</sup> ["4 million"].	Filer <sup>7</sup> [2]% Non-Filer <sup>7</sup> [4]%

Provided that the rate of tax for Non-Filter shall be 1% upto the date appointed by the Board through notification in official gazette 7[\*].

<sup>1</sup> The expression "1%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>2</sup> The expression "2%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

- <sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Presidential Order NoF.2(1)/2015-Pub dated 11.07.2015.
- <sup>5</sup> The proviso omitted by the Finance Act 2018, the omitted provisos reads as follows:-
  - "Provided that the rate specified in this Division <sup>5</sup>[for the period it deems appropriate] shall be 0.3 per cent for the period commencing from the 11<sup>th</sup> day of July, 2015 and ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2015 (both days inclusive) or till the date as the <sup>5</sup>[Board with the approval of Federal Minister-in-charge] may, by notification in the official Gazette on recommendation of the Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet, extend
- <sup>6</sup> Substituted by the National Assembly Secretariat's O.M. No F.22(30)/2015-Legis dated 29.01.2016.
- <sup>7</sup> Inserted by the National Assembly Secretariat O.M. No F.22(30)/2015-Legis dated 29.01.2016.

<sup>8</sup> The proviso omitted by the Finance Act 2018, the omitted provisos reads as follows:-

"Provided that the <sup>8</sup>[Board with the approval of Federal Minister-in-charge] may, by notification in the official Gazette and on recommendation of the Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet, amend the rate specified in this Division."

<sup>9</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O. 964(I)/2015 dated 30.09.2015.

"\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, on the recommendation of the Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet, is pleased to extend the time period for applicability of 0.3 per cent reduced rate under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule read with section 236P of the said Ordinance, to thirty first day of October, 2015."]

<sup>1</sup>[ \*\* ] <sup>2</sup>[ \*\*\* ] <sup>3</sup>[ \*\*\*\* ] <sup>4</sup>[ \*\*\*\*\* ] <sup>5</sup>[ \*\*\*\*\*\* ] <sup>6</sup>[ \*\*\*\*\*\* ] <sup>7</sup>[ \*\*\*\*\*\*\* ]

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.1056(I)/2015 dated 30.10.2015.

" \*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to extend the time period for applicability of 0.3 percent reduced rate under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule read with section 236P of the said Ordinance, to seventh day of November, 2015."]

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.1092(I)/2015 dated 09.11.2015.

" \*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to extend the time period for applicability of 0.3 percent reduced rate under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule read with section 236P of the said Ordinance, from 8<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015 to 15<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015."]

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.1135(I)/2015 dated 14.11.2015.

" \*\*\*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.1092(I)/2015, dated the 9<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 the following amendment shall be made, namely:-In the aforesaid Notification, for the figure "15<sup>th</sup>" the figure "30<sup>th</sup>" shall be substituted."]

<sup>4</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.1182(I)/2015 dated 01.12.2015.

" \*\*\*\*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.1092(I)/2015, dated the 9<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 the following amendment shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the expression "from 8<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015 to 15<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015" the expression "from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2015 to the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2015" shall be substituted."]

<sup>5</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.1329(I)/2015 dated 31.12.2015.

" \*\*\*\*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.1092(I)/2015, dated the 9<sup>th</sup> November, 2015 the following amendment shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the expression "from 8<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015 to 15<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015" the expression "from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of January, 2016 to 31<sup>st</sup> day of January, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>6</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.72(I)/2016 dated 01.02.2016.

" \*\*\*\*\*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to amend the rate specified under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to 0.3% w.e.f. first day of February, 2016 to twenty ninth day of February, 2016."]

<sup>7</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.169(I)/2016 dated 29.02.2016.

[" \*\*\*\*\*\*Notification

<sup>1</sup>[ \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* ] <sup>2</sup>[ # ] <sup>3</sup>[ ## ] <sup>4</sup>[ ### ] <sup>5</sup>[ #### ] <sup>6</sup>[ ##### ]

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to amend the rate specified under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to 0.4% w.e.f. first day of March, 2016 to fifteenth day of March, 2016."]

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.216(I)/2016 dated 15.03.2016.

[" \*\*\*\*\*\*\*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.169(I)/2016 dated the 29<sup>th</sup> February, 2016 the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of March, of 2016 to fifteenth day of March, 2016" the words "sixteenth day of March, 2016 to thirty first day of March 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.286(I)/2016 dated 01.04.2016.

["#Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.216(I)/2016 dated 15<sup>th</sup> March, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "sixteenth day of March, 2016 to thirty first day of March 2016" the words "first day of April, 2016 to thirtieth day of April, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>3</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.370(I)/2016 dated 30.04.2016.

[" ## Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.286(I)/2016 dated 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of April, 2016 to thirtieth day of April, 2016", the words "first day of May, 2016 to thirty first day of May, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>4</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.472(I)/2016 dated 31.05.2016.

[" ### Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.370(I)/2016 dated 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of May, 2016 to thirty first day of May, 2016", the words "first day of June, 2016 to thirtieth day of June, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>5</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.494(I)/2016 dated 30.06.2016.

[" #### Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.472(I)/2016 dated 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of June, 2016 to thirtieth day of June, 2016", the words "first day of July, 2016 to thirty first day of July, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>6</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.720(I)/2016 dated 01.08.2016.

[" ##### Notification

<sup>1</sup>[ ###### ] <sup>2</sup>[ % ] <sup>3</sup>[ %% ] <sup>4</sup>[ %%% ] <sup>5</sup>[ %%%% ] <sup>6</sup>[ %%% %%]

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.494(I)/2016 dated 30th June, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of July, 2016 to thirty first day of July, 2016", the words "first day of August, 2016 to thirty first day of August, 2016 to thirty first day of August, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>1</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.811(I)/2016 dated 31.08.2016.

[" ##### Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.720(I)/2016 dated 1<sup>st</sup> August, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of August, 2016 to thirty first day of August, 2016", the words "first day of September, 2016 to thirty first day of December, 2016" shall be substituted."]

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.37(I)/2017 dated 23.01.2017.

["% Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.811(I)/2016 dated 31<sup>st</sup> August, 2016, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of September, 2016 to thirty first day of December, 2016", the words "first day of January, 2017 to thirty first day of March, 2017" shall be substituted."]

<sup>3</sup>Inserted by the S.R.O.289(I)/2017 dated 27.04.2017.

[" %% Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Federal Government, is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.37(I)/2017 dated 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2017, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of January, 2017 to thirty first day of March, 2017", the words "first day of April, 2017 to thirtieth day of June, 2017" shall be substituted."]

<sup>4</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.602(I)/2017 dated 03.07.2017.

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["%%% Notification
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In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Board with approval of Federal Minister-in-charge is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.289(I)/2017 dated 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2017, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-

In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of April, 2017 to thirtieth day of June, 2017", the words "first day of July, 2017 to thirtieth day of September, 2017" shall be substituted."]

<sup>5</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.983(I)/2017 dated 29.09.2017.

["%%% %Notification

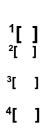
In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Board with approval of Federal Minister-in-charge is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.602(I)/2017 dated 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2017, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of July, 2017 to thirtieth day of September, 2017", the words

"first day of October, 2017 to thirty first day of December, 2017" shall be substituted."

<sup>6</sup> Inserted by the S.R.O.1330(I)/2017 dated 30.12.2017.

["%%%%% Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso under Division XXI of Part IV of the First Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001), the Board with approval of Federal Minister-in-charge is pleased to direct that in its Notification No.S.R.O.983(I)/2017 dated 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2017, the following amendments shall be made, namely:-



In the aforesaid Notification, for the words "first day of October, 2017 to thirty first day of December, 2017", the words "first day of January, 2018 to thirtieth day of June, 2018" shall be substituted."]

<sup>1</sup> Divisions XIX, XX, XXI, XXVI and XXVII omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The Divisions read as follows:

#### Division XIX Advance tax on Domestic Electricity Consumption

The rate of tax to be collected under section 235A shall be---

- (i) 7.5% if the amount of monthly bill is Rs. <sup>1</sup>["75,000"] or more; and
- (ii) 0% the amount of monthly bill is less than Rs. <sup>1</sup>[75,000].

#### Division XX

#### Advance tax on international air ticket

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236L shall be:-

<sup>1</sup> ["S. No.	Type of Ticket	Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	First/Executive Class	Rs. 16,000 per person
2.	Others excluding Economy	Rs. 12,000 per person
3.	Economy	0"]

#### Division XXI Advance Tax on Banking Transactions Otherwise Than Through Cash

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236P shall be <sup>1</sup>[] <sup>1</sup>[0.6]% of the transaction for <sup>1</sup>[the person whose name is not appearing in the active taxpayers' list].

<sup>2</sup>Division XXII omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted Division read as follows:-

#### "Division XXII

Rate of Collection of Tax by Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236T shall be as follows:-

in case of sale or purchase of future commodity contract as per clause (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 236T shall be 0.05%."

<sup>3</sup> Division XXIII omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted Division read as follows:

**"DIVISION XXIII** 

## Payment to a resident person for right to use

#### machinery and equipment

Rate of collection of tax under section 236Q shall be 10 percent of the amount of payment."

<sup>4</sup> Division XXIV omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted Division read as follows:

#### **"DIVISION XXIV**

#### Collection of advance tax on education related expenses remitted abroad

Rate of collection of tax under section 236R shall be 5percent of the amount of total education related expenses."

1[	]
<sup>2</sup> [	]
<sup>3</sup> [	]

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# <sup>4</sup>[DIVISION XXVII

Advance tax on amount remitted abroad through credit, debit or prepaid cards

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 236Y shall be  $^5\![5\%]$  of the gross amount remitted abroad.]

#### "Division XXV ADVANCE TAX ON INSURANCE PREMIUM

The rate of tax to be collected from <sup>1</sup>[persons who are not appearing in the active taxpayers' list] under section 236U shall be as under:-

S.No.	Type of Premium	Rate
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	General insurance premium	4%
2.	Life insurance premium if <sup>1</sup> [exceeding Rs 0.3 million in aggregate] per annum	1%
3.	Others	0%"

<sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>3</sup> Divisions XXVI and XXVII omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The Divisions read as follows:

#### Division XXVI

## ADVANCE TAX ON EXTRACTION OF MINERALS

The rate of tax to be collected under section 236V shall be 5% of the value of the minerals <sup>3</sup>[

].]

#### **Division XXVII**

Advance tax on amount remitted abroad through credit, debit or prepaid cardsThe rate of tax to be deducted under section 236Y shall be 1% of the gross amount remitted abroad <sup>3</sup>[].]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Division XXV omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted Division read as follows:

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{4}{2}$  Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The expression "1%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

## THE SECOND SCHEDULE EXEMPTIONS AND TAX CONCESSIONS

[See section 53]

# **PART I**

## **EXEMPTIONS FROM TOTAL INCOME**

Incomes, or classes of income, or persons or classes of persons, enumerated below, shall be exempt from tax, subject to the conditions and to the extent specified hereunder:

<sup>1</sup>[]

²[]

(3) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" received by a person who, not being a citizen of Pakistan, is engaged as an expert or technical, professional, scientific advisor or consultant or senior management staff by institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network, (Pakistan) listed in Schedule I of the Accord and Protocol dated, November 13, 1994 executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Agha Khan Development Network.

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<sup>4</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[(5A) Any allowance or perquisite paid or allowed as such outside Pakistan by the Government to a citizen of Pakistan for rendering service outside Pakistan.]

<sup>3</sup> Clause (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(4) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" received by-

- (a) a Pakistani seafarer, working on Pakistan flag vessels for one hundred and eighty three days or more during a tax year; or
- (b) a Pakistani seafarer working on a foreign vessel provided that such income is remitted to Pakistan, not later than two months of the relevant <sup>3</sup>[tax year], through normal banking channels."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" received by any person being an employee of the International Irrigation Management Institute (IIMI) in Pakistan, who is neither a citizen of Pakistan nor a resident individual in any of the four years immediately preceding the year in which he arrived in Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" received by, or due to, any person, not being a citizen of Pakistan or a resident individual, as remuneration for services rendered by him as a health professional under the contract of service concluded with Shaukat Khanum Memorial Hospital and Research Center, Lahore, and approved by the Federal Government for the purposes of this clause."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) Any allowance or perquisite paid or allowed as such outside Pakistan by the Government to a citizen of Pakistan for rendering service outside Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (5A) inserted and deemed to have been so inserted from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2022 by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 22.08.2022.

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(8) Any pension received by a citizen of Pakistan from a former employer, other than where the person continues to work for the employer (or an associate of the employer).

Provided that where the person receives more than one such pension, the exemption applies only to the higher of the pensions received.

<sup>3</sup>[(9) Any pension –

- received in respect of services rendered by a member of the Armed Forces of Pakistan or Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
- granted under the relevant rules to the families and dependents of public servants or members of the Armed Forces of Pakistan who die during service.]

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<sup>(12)</sup> Any payment in the nature of commutation of pension received from Government or under any pension scheme approved by the <sup>6</sup>[Board] for the purpose of this clause.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (6) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" received by a person, not being a citizen of Pakistan, by virtue of his employment with the British Council."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (7) read as follows:
 "(7) Any income chargeable under the head "Salary" paid by Government to Khasadars, levies and Badraggas employed in the tribal territory on the North West Frontier and of all persons employed in the tribal levy services in Baluchistan."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (9) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted clause (9) read as follows:
 "(9) Any pension received in respect of any service rendered by a member of the Armed Forces of Pakistan or as an employee of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (10) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (10) read as follows:
 "(10) Any pension granted to any public servant to whom clause (14) does not apply in respect of injuries received in the performance of his duties."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (11) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (11) read as follows: "(11) Any pension granted to any public servant to whom clause (15) does not apply who has been invalidated from service on account of any bodily disability."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

(13) Any income representing any payment received by way of gratuity or commutation of pension by an employee on his retirement or, in the event of his death, by his heirs as does not exceed -

- (i) in the case of an employee of the Government, a <sup>1</sup>[Local Government], a statutory body or corporation established by any law for the time being in force, the amount receivable in accordance with the rules and conditions of the employee's services;
- (ii) any amount receivable from any gratuity fund approved by the Commissioner in accordance with the rules in Part III of the Sixth Schedule;
- (iii) in the case of any other employee, the amount not exceeding <sup>2</sup>[three] hundred thousand rupees receivable under any scheme applicable to all employees of the employer and approved by the <sup>3</sup>[Board] for the purposes of this sub-clause; and
- (iv) in the case of any employee to whom sub-clause (i), (ii) and (iii) do not apply, fifty per cent of the amount receivable or seventy-five thousand rupees, whichever is the less:

Provided that nothing in this sub-clause shall apply –

- (a) to any payment which is not received in Pakistan;
- (b) to any payment received from a company by a director of such company who is not a regular employee of such company;
- (c) to any payment received by an employee who is not a resident individual; and to any gratuity received by an employee who has already received any gratuity from the same or any other employer.
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (14) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (14) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(14) Any pension granted to the personnel of Armed Forces of Pakistan (including personnel of the Territorial Force and the National Service of Pakistan) in respect of injuries received in the performance of their duties as such."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (15) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (15) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(15) Any pension granted to the personnel of the Armed Forces of Pakistan (including personnel of the Territorial Force and the National Service of Pakistan) invalidated from service with such Forces on account of bodily disability attributable to, or aggravated by, such service."

(16) Any income derived by the families and dependents of the "Shaheeds" belonging to Pakistan Armed Forces from the special family pension, dependents pension or children's allowance granted under the provisions of the Joint Services Instruction No. 5/66.

(17) Any income derived by the families and dependents of the "Shaheeds" belonging to the Civil Armed Forces of Pakistan to whom the provisions of the Joint Services Instruction No. 5/66 would have applied had they belonged to the Pakistan Armed Forces from any like payment made to them.

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**(19)** Any sum representing encashment of leave preparatory to retirement of a member of the Armed Forces of Pakistan or an employee of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government.

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(22) Any payment from a provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925) applies.

(23) The accumulated balance due and becoming payable to an employee participating in a recognized provident fund.

<sup>4</sup>[(23A) the accumulated balance upto <sup>5</sup>[50]% received from the voluntary pension system offered by a pension fund manager under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 at the time of eligible person's-

- (a) retirement; or
- (b) disability rendering him unable to work; or
- (c) death by his nominated survivors<sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (18) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (18) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(18) Any pensions granted under the relevant rules to the families and dependents of public servants or members of the Armed Forces of Pakistan who die during service."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (20) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (20) read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(20)** Any income received by a person from an annuity issued under the Pakistan Postal Annuity Certificate Scheme on or after the 27th July, 1977, not exceeding ten thousand rupees per annum."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (21) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (21) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(21)** Any income received by a person from an annuity or annuities issued upto 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2005 by the State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan or a life insurance company registered under section 3 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000):

Provided that this clause shall not apply to so much of the income received by a person from an annuity or annuities which, together with the income from any annuity or annuities referred to in clause (20), exceeds ten thousand rupees per annum."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The figure "25" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The full stop substituted by colon and thereafter new proviso added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

Provided that, excluding the cases mentioned in sub-clauses (b) and (c), in case of withdrawal before retirement age or withdrawal at the time of or after retirement age in excess of fifty percent of the accumulated balance, tax shall be charged at the rate specified in sub-section (6) of section 12 and the pension fund manager shall at the time of making payment deduct tax at the said rate.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

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<sup>3</sup>[(23C) Any withdrawal of accumulated balance from approved pension fund that represent the transfer of balance of approved provident fund to the said approved pension fund under the Voluntary Pension System Rules , 2005.]

(24) Any benevolent grant paid from the Benevolent Fund to the employees or members of their families in accordance with the provisions of the Central Employee Benevolent Fund and Group Insurance Act, 1969.

(25) Any payment from an approved superannuation fund made on the death of a beneficiary or in lieu of or in commutation of any annuity, or by way of refund of contribution on the death of a beneficiary <sup>4</sup>[.]

<sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (23B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(23B) The amounts received as monthly installment from an income payment plan invested out of the accumulated balance of an individual pension accounts with a pension fund manager or an approved annuity plan or another individual pension account of eligible person or the survivors pension account maintained with any other pension fund manager as specified in the Voluntary Pension System Rules 2005 shall be exempt from tax provided accumulated balance is invested for a period of ten years:

Provided that where any amount is exempted under this clause and subsequently it is discovered, on the basis of documents or otherwise, by the Commissioner that any of the conditions specified in this clause were not fulfilled, the exemption originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant years and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Sub-clause (i) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted sub-clause (i) read as follows:

 <sup>(</sup>i) in the case of an employee of the Government or a local authority or a statutory body or corporation established by any law for the time being in force, the amount receivable in accordance with the rules and conditions of his service;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Sub-clause (ii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted sub-clause (ii) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(ii) any amount receivable from any gratuity fund approved by the Commissioner in accordance with the rules contained in Part III of the Sixth Schedule;

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ]

**(26)** Any income of a person representing the sums received by him as a worker from out of the Workers Participation Fund established under the Companies Profits (Workers Participation) Act, 1968 (XII of 1968).

<sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[]

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<sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (iii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted sub-clause (iii) read as follows:

"(iii) in the case of any other employee, the amount not exceeding two hundred thousand rupees receivable under any scheme applicable to all employees of the employer and approved by the Central Board of Revenue for the purposes of this sub-clause; and

<sup>2</sup> Sub-clause (iv) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted sub-clause (iii) read as follows:

- in the case of any employee to whom sub-clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) do not apply, fifty per cent of the amount receivable or seventy-five thousand rupees, whichever is the less: Provided that nothing in this sub-clause shall apply-
  - Provided that nothing in this sub-clause shall apply-
  - (a) to any payment which is not received in Pakistan;
  - (b) to any payment received from a company by a director of such company who is not regular employee of such company;
  - (c) to any payment received by an employee who is not a resident of Pakistan; and
  - (d) to any gratuity received by an employee who has already received any gratuity from the same or any other employer."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (28) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (28) read as follows:
 "(28) Any income of an officer representing the sum received by him as Entertainment Allowance admissible to him under the Ministry of Finance (Finance Division) Office Memorandum No. F.1 (1)-Imp/83, dated the 18th August, 1983."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (29) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (29) read as follows:

"(29) Any income of an officer of the Pakistan Armed Forces representing the sum received as Entertainment Allowance admissible to him under the Ministry of Defence Office Memorandum No. 716(D)/(B)/77, dated the 29th April, 1977."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (30) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (30) read as follows:
"(30) Any income of an officer representing the sum received by him as Entertainment Allowance admissible to him under the Cabinet Secretariat (Establishment Division) Office Memorandum No. 18/2/78-CV, dated the 13th July, 1978."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (31) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (31) read as follows: "(31) Any income of an officer representing the sum received by him as Senior Post Allowance admissible to him under the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Development (Finance Division) Office Memorandum No. F.1(36) Gaz-IMP-I/73, dated the 18th August, 1973."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (32) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (32) read as follows:
 "(32) Any income of an officer representing the sum received by him as Senior Post Allowance admissible to him under the Ministry of Finance and Provincial Coordination (Finance Division) Office Memorandum No. F.1(1) Imp-I/77, dated the 28th April, 1977."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ] <sup>7</sup>[ ]

<sup>8</sup>[(39A) Any amount paid as<sup>9</sup>[,internal security allowance, compensation in lieu of bearer allowance,] kit allowance, ration allowance, special messing allowance, SSG allowance, Northern Areas compensatory allowance, special pay for Northern Areas and height allowance to the Armed Forces personnel.]

(40) Any income of a newspaper employee representing Local Travelling Allowance paid in accordance with the decision of the Third Wage Board for Newspaper Employees constituted under the Newspaper Employees (Conditions of Service) Act, 1973, published in Part II of the Gazette of Pakistan, Extraordinary, dated the 28th June, 1980.

<sup>5</sup>Clause (37) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (37) read as follows:
 "(37) Any income representing cost of living allowance admissible to the Government employees at the rate of 7%."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (38) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (38) read as follows:

"(38) Any sum paid, for purpose of meeting the charges for gas, water and electricity, or the value of gas, water and electricity provided free of charge to an employee up to ten per cent of the minimum of time scale, and where there is no time scale, up to ten per cent of the basic salary."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (39) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:
"(39) Any special allowance or benefit (not being entertainment or conveyance allowance) or other perquisite within the meaning of section 12 specially granted to meet expenses wholly and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties of an office or employment of profit."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (33) omitted by the Finance At, 2003. The omitted clause (33) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(33) Any income of any officer representing the sum received by him as Orderly Allowance admissible to him under the Finance Division O.M. No. F.1(3)-IMP-II/85, dated the 24th October, 1985."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (34) omitted by the Finance At, 2003. The omitted clause (34) read as follows:
 "(34) Any income of an employee of a recognized University in Pakistan representing the sums received by him as Orderly Allowance admissible under the terms and conditions of his service."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (35) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(35) Any income representing compensatory allowance payable to a citizen of Pakistan locally recruited in Pakistan Mission abroad as does not exceed 75 per cent of his gross salary."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (36) omitted by the Finance At, 2003. The omitted clause (36) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(36) Any income of an officer representing the sum received by him as Personal Staff Subsidy admissible to him under the Cabinet Secretariat (Establishment Division) Office Memorandum No. 18/2/78-CV, dated the 13th July, 1978."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Words "internal security allowance, compensation in lieu of bearer allowance," inserted though Finance Act, 2019.

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**(51)** The perquisite represented by the right of the President of Pakistan <sup>11</sup>[] the Provincial Governors and the Chiefs of Staff, Pakistan Armed Forces to occupy free of rent as a place of residence any premises provided by the Government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (41) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (41) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(41) Such portion of the income of a member of Pakistan Armed Forces as is compulsorily payable by him under any orders issued by Government to mess, entertainment or band fund."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (42) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (42) read as follows: "(42) Any amount received as flying allowance by pilots, flight engineers and navigators employed by any Pakistani airline or by Civil Aviation Authority."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (43) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (43) read as follows: "(43) Any amount notified as flying allowance payable to pilots, flight engineers and navigators of the Pakistan Air Force."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (44) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (44) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(44) Any amount notified as flying allowance payable to pilots, flight engineers and navigators of the Pakistan Army and the Pakistan Navy."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (45) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (45) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(45) Any amount received as flying allowance by junior commissioned officers or other ranks of Pakistan Armed Forces."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (46) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (46) read as follows: "(46) Any amount notified as submarine allowance payable to officers of the Pakistan Navy."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (47) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (47) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(47) The value of rations issued in kind, or cash allowance paid in lieu thereof, to members of Pakistan Armed Forces or of Territorial Forces."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (48) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (48) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(48) The value of rent-free quarters occupied by, or cash allowance paid in lieu thereof, to members of the Pakistan Armed Forces, including Territorial Force."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (49) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (49) read as follows:
"(49) The conservancy allowance granted in lieu of free conservancy to personnel below commissioned rank of Pakistan Armed Forces and Territorial Force."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Clause (50) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (50) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(50) Deferred pay admissible to Armed Forces personnel under the new Pay Code."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The comma and words ",the Provincial Governors" omitted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

**(52)** The perquisite represented by free conveyance provided and the sumptuary (entertainment) allowance granted by Government to <sup>1</sup>[] the Chiefs of Staff, Pakistan Armed Forces and the Corps Commanders.

<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[(53A) The following perquisites received by an employee by virtue of his employment, namely:-

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- (ii) free or subsidized food provided by hotels and restaurants to its employees during duty hours;
  - (iii) free or subsidized education provided by an educational institution to the children of its employees;
  - (iv) free or subsidized medical treatment provided by a hospital or a clinic to its employees; and
  - (v) any other perquisite or benefit for which the employer does not have to bear any marginal cost, as notified by the<sup>5</sup>[Board].]

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(55) The perquisites represented by the right of a judge of the Supreme Court of Pakistan or of a judge of High Court to occupy free of rent as a place of residence any premises provided by Federal or Provincial Government, as the case may be, or in case a judge chooses to reside in a house not provided by Government, so much of income which represents the sum paid to him as house rent allowance.

- (c) free conveyance; and
- (d) sumptuary allowance

"(i) free or concessional passage provided by transporters including airlines to its employees (including the members of their household and dependents);"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words and comma "the Provincial Governors," omitted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (53) omitted by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018. The omitted clause (53) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(53) The following perquisites and allowances provided or granted by Government to the Ministers of the Federal Government, namely:-

<sup>(</sup>a) rent-free accommodation in so far as the value thereof exceeds ten per cent of the basic salary of the Ministers concerned;

<sup>(</sup>b) house-rent allowance paid by Government in lieu of rent-free accommodation in so far as it exceeds five hundred and fifty rupees per month;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-clause (i) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted sub-clause (i) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (54) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (54) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(54)** Any sum paid, for purpose of meeting the charges for gas, water and electricity, or the value of gas, water and electricity provided free of charge to the Federal and Provincial Ministers."

**(56)** The following perquisites, benefits and allowances received by a Judge of Supreme Court of Pakistan and Judge of High Court, shall be exempt from tax.

- (a) Perquisites and benefits derived <sup>1</sup>[from] use of official car maintained at Government expenses.
  - (b) Superior judicial allowance payable to a Judge of supreme Court of Pakistan and Judge of a High Court.
  - (c) Transfer allowance payable to a Judge of High Court.

(2) The following perquisites of the Judge of Supreme Court of Pakistan and Judge of High Court shall also be exempt from tax during service, and on or after retirement.

- (a) The services of a driver and an orderly.
- (b) 1000 (one thousand) free local telephone calls per month.
- (c) 1000 units of electricity as well as (25 hm3 of gas) per month and free supply of water; and
- (d) 200 litres of petrol per month.

(3) If during service, a judge dies, exemption from tax in respect of benefits and perquisites provided to widow as mentioned in sub-clause (2) shall also be available to the widow.

(57) (1) Any income from voluntary contributions, house property and investments in securities of the Federal Government derived by the following, namely:-

- National Investment (Unit) Trust of Pakistan established by the National Investment Trust Limited, if not less than ninety per cent of its Units at the end of that year are held by the public and not less than ninety per cent of its come of the year is distributed among the Unit-holders;
- (ii) Any Mutual Fund approved by the <sup>2</sup>[Securities and Exchanges commission of Pakistan] and set up by the Investment Corporation of Pakistan, if not less than ninety per cent of its Certificates at the end of that year are held by the public and not less than ninety per cent of its income of that year is distributed among the Certificate-holders; and
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "form" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Controller of Capital Issues" substituted by the Finance Ordinance, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Paragraph (iii) of sub-clause (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted paragraph read as follows:

(2) Any income <sup>1</sup>[other than capital gain on stock and shares of public company, PTC vouchers, modaraba certificates, or any instrument of redeemable capital and derivative products held for less than 12 months] derived by any Mutual Fund, investment company, or a collective investment scheme <sup>2</sup>[or a <sup>3</sup>[REIT Scheme] <sup>4</sup>[or Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund]] <sup>5</sup>[] or the National Investment (Unit) Trust of Pakistan established by the National Investment Trust Limited from any instrument of redeemable capital as defined in the <sup>6</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), if not less than ninety per cent of its income of that year is distributed amongst the Unit-holders.

- (3) Any income of the following funds and institution, namely:-
- (i) a provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), applies;
- (ii) trustees on behalf of a recognized provident fund or an approved superannuation fund or an approved gratuity fund;
- (iii) a benevolent fund or group insurance scheme approved by the <sup>7</sup>[Board] for the purposes of this clause;
- (iv) Service Fund;
- (v) Employees Old Age Benefits Institution established under the Employees Old Age Benefit Act, 1976 (XIV of 1976);
- (vi) any Unit, Station or Regimental Institute; and
- (vii) any recognized Regimental Thrift and Savings Fund, the assets of which consist solely of deposits made by members and profits earned by investment thereof;
- <sup>8</sup>[(viii) a Pension Fund approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005;]

<sup>&</sup>quot;(iii) Sheikh Sultan Trust, Karachi"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Words inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "real estate investment trust" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan" Omitted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

- <sup>1</sup>[(ix) any profit or gain or benefit derived by a pension fund manager from a pension Fund approved under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005, on redemption of the seed capital invested in pension fund as specified in the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005<sup>2</sup>[;]]
- 3[]
- <sup>4</sup>[xi. International Irrigation Management Institute.]
- <sup>5</sup>[xii. Punjab Pension Fund established under the Punjab Pension Fund Act, 2007 (I of 2007) and the trust established thereunder.]
- <sup>6</sup>[xiii. Sindh Province Pension Fund established under the Sindh Province Pension Fund Ordinance, 2002.]
- <sup>7</sup>[(xiv) Punjab General Provident Investment Fund established under the Punjab General Provident Investment Fund Act, 2009 (V of 2009) and the trust established thereunder.]

*Explanation.*—For the purpose of this clause, "Service Fund" means a fund which is established under the authority, or with the approval of the Federal Government for the purpose of —

- securing deferred annuities to the subscribers of payment to them in the event of their leaving the service in which they are employed; or
- (b) making provision for their wives or children after their death; or
- (c) making payment to their estate or their nominees upon their death.
- <sup>8</sup>[(xv) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Retirement Benefits and Death Compensation Fund.

- (a) retirement; or
- (b) disability rendering him unable to work; or
- (c) death by his nominated survivors."

<sup>7</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Paragraph (x) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted paragraph (x) read a follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(x) the accumulated balance upto 25% received from the voluntary pension system offered by a pension fund manager under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 at the time of eligible person's:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1038(I)/2006, dated 09.10.2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (xiii) added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

(xvi) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa General Provident Investment Fund.

(xvii) Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Pension Fund.];

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Clauses (58), (58A), (59) and (60) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clauses read as follows:

**(58)** (1) Any income of a trust or welfare institution or non-profit organization specified in subclauses (2) and (3) from donations, voluntary contributions, subscriptions, house property, investments in the securities of the Federal Government and so much of the income chargeable under the head "Income from business" as is expended in Pakistan for the purposes of carrying out welfare activities:

Provided that in the case of income under the head "Income from business", the exemption in respect of income under the said head shall not exceed an amount which bears to the income under the said head the same proportion as the said amount bears to the aggregate of the incomes from the aforesaid sources of income.

(2) A trust administered under a scheme approved by the Federal Government in this behalf and established in Pakistan exclusively for the purposes of carrying out such activities as are for the benefit and welfare of—

- (i) ex-servicemen and serving personnel, including civilian employees of the Armed Forces, and their dependents; or
- (ii) ex-employees and serving personnel of the Federal Government or a Provincial Government and their dependents, where the said trust is administered by a committee nominated by the Federal Government or, as the case may be, a Provincial Government.

(3) A trust or welfare institution or non-profit organization approved by Regional Commissioner of Income Tax for the purposes of this sub-clause.

(58A) Income of a university or other educational institution being run by a non-profit organization existing solely for educational purposes and not for purposes of profit.

(59) Any income which is derived from investments in securities of the Federal Government, profit on debt from scheduled banks, grant received from Federal Government or Provincial Government or District Government, foreign grants and house property held under trust or other legal obligations wholly, or in part only, for religious or charitable purposes and is actually applied or finally set apart for application thereto:

Provided that nothing in this clause shall apply to so much of the income as is not expended within Pakistan:

Provided further that if any sum out of the amount so set apart is expended outside Pakistan, it shall be included in the total income of the tax year in which it is so expended or of the year in which it was set apart, whichever is the greater, and the provisions of section 122 shall not apply to any assessment made or to be made in pursuance of this proviso.

*Explanation.*— Notwithstanding anything contained in the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913 (VI of 1913), or any other law for the time being in force or in the instrument relating to the trust or the institution, if any amount is set apart, expended or disbursed for the maintenance and support wholly or partially of the family, children or descendents of the author of the trust or the donor or, the maker of the institution or for his own maintenance and support during his life time or payment to himself or his family, children, relations or descendents or for the payment of his or their debts out of the income from house property dedicated, or if any expenditure is made other than for charitable purposes, in each case such expenditure, provision, setting apart, payment or disbursement shall not be deemed, for the purposes of this clause, to be for religious or charitable purposes.

(60) Any income of a religious or charitable institution derived from voluntary contributions applicable solely to religious or charitable purposes of the institution:

Provided that nothing contained in clause (61) or this clause shall apply to the income of a private religious trust which does not ensure for the benefit of the public."

<sup>2</sup> Clause (61) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

any Sports Board or institution recognised by the Federal Government for the (i) purposes of promoting, controlling or regulating any sport or game; <sup>2</sup>[(ia) The Citizens Foundation;] <sup>2</sup>[] (iii) Fund for Promotion of Science and Technology in Pakistan; Fund for Retarded and Handicapped Children; (iv) (v) National Trust Fund for the Disabled: ²ĺ ĺ (vii) Fund for Development of Mazaar of HazaratBurri Imam; (viii) Rabita-e-Islami's Project for printing copies of the Holv Quran: Fatimid Foundation, Karachi; (ix) (x) Al-Shifa Trust; <sup>2</sup>[ ] (xii) Society for the Promotion of Engineering Sciences and Technology in Pakistan;

<sup>2</sup>[Any] amount paid as donation to the following institution, foundations, societies,

- <sup>2</sup>[ ] (xxiii) Citizens-Police Liaison Committee, Central Reporting Cell, Sindh Governor House, Karachi:
- (xxiv) ICIC Foundation;
- <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

"(61)

boards, trusts and funds, namely: ---

- (xxvi) National Management Foundation;
- (xxvii) Endowment Fund of the institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan listed in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13, 1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Agha Khan Development Network;
- (xxviii) Shaheed Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto Memorial Awards Society;
- (xxix) Igbal Memorial Fund;
- (xxx) Cancer Research Foundation of Pakistan, Lahore;
- (xxxi) Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust, Lahore;
- (xxxii) Christian Memorial Hospital, Sialkot;
- (xxxiii) National Museums, National Libraries and Monuments or institutions declared to be National Heritage by the Federal Government;
- (xxxiv) Mumtaz Bakhtawar Memorial Trust Hospital, Lahore;
- (xxxv) Kashmir Fund for Rehabilitation of Kashmir Refugees and Freedom Fighters;
- (xxxvi) Institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan) listed in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13, 1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Agha Khan Development Network;
- (xxxvii) Azad Kashmir President's Mujahid Fund, 1972; National Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases, (Pakistan) Karachi; Businessmen Hospital Trust, Lahore; Premier Trust Hospital, Mardan; Faisal Shaheed Memorial Hospital Trust, Gujranwala; Khair-un-Nisa Hospital Foundation, Lahore; Sind and Balochistan Advocates' Benevolent Fund; Rashid Minhas Memorial Hospital Fund;
- (xxxviii) Any relief <sup>2</sup>[or] welfare fund established by the Federal Government;
- (xxxix) Mohatta Palace Gallery Trust; <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>[]

- <sup>2</sup>[]
- 3[]
- 4[ ]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xl)] Bagh-e-Quaid-e-Azam project, Karachi<sup>2</sup>[; <sup>2</sup>[]]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xli) Any amount donated for Tameer-e-Karachi Fund<sup>2</sup>[:]]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xlii) Pakistan Red Crescent Society;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xliii) Bank of Commerce and Credit International Foundation for Advancement of Science and Technology;]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xliv) Any amount donated to Federal Board of Revenue Foundation.]
- <sup>2</sup>["(xlv) The Indus Hospital, Karachi."]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xlvi) Pakistan Sweet Homes Angels and Fairies Place.
- (xlvii) Al-Shifa Trust Eye Hospital.
- (xlviii) Aziz Tabba Foundation
- <sup>2</sup>[(liv) Supreme Court of Pakistan Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams Fund.]
- <sup>2</sup>[(lv) Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust (LRBT).
- (lvi) Akhuwat.]
- <sup>2</sup>[(Ivii) The Prime Minister's COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund-2020;
- (Iviii) Ghulam Ishaq Khan Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology (GIKI);
- (Ivix) Lahore University of Management Sciences;
- (lvx) Dawat-e-Hadiya, Karachi;
- (Ivxi) Baitussalam Welfare Trust;
- (Ivxii) Patients' Aid Foundation;
- (Ivxiii) Alkhidmat Foundation;
- (Ivxiv) Alamgir Welfare Trust International]<sup>2</sup>[:
- Provided further that the amount so donated by an associate shall not exceed-
- (a) in the case of an individual or association of persons, fifteen percent of the taxable income of the person for the year; and
- (b) in the case of company, ten percent of taxable income of the person for the year: Provided also that the provisions of this clause shall apply only if donation is paid by a crossed cheque drawn on a bank.]
- <sup>1</sup> Clause (62) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (62) read as follows:

"(62) Such portion of the total income of a taxpayer as is paid by him during the income year as donation to the Liaquat National Hospital Association, Karachi:

Provided that the amount so donated shall be included in computing the total income of the taxpayer:

Provided further that the amount by which the taxable by a taxpayer is reduced on account of the exemption under this clause shall be equal to the sum which bears the same proportion to the sum exempted from tax under this clause as the tax payable on the total income of the taxpayer bears to the said total income."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (63) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (63) read as follows:

" (63) Any amount paid as donation to the President's Relief Fund for Tsunami Victims."

Earlier Clause (63) was omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. which read as follows:

"(63) Any amount paid as donation to the Prime Minister's Fund for National Debt Retirement: Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not apply in respect of any assessment year commencing on, or after, the first day of July,2002. "

<sup>3</sup> Clause (63A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (63A) read as follows: "(63A) Any amount paid as donation to the President's Relief Fund for Earthquake Victims 2005."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (63B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (63B) read as follows:

"(63B) Any amount donated or paid, as sponsorship in connection with the holding of 2<sup>nd</sup> session of the World Islamic Economic Forum, 2006."

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 ]

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 3[
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 4[
 ]

 5[
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 6[
 ]

 7[
 ]

<sup>8</sup>[(65A) Income for any tax year commencing from the tax year 2003, derived from the Welfare Fund created under rule-26 of the Emigration Rules, 1979 (made under section 16 of the Emigration Ordinance, 1979 (XVIII of 1979), except the income generated by the aforesaid Fund through commercial activities.]

<sup>9</sup>[(66) (1) Any income derived by the following institutions, foundations, societies, boards, trusts and funds, namely: —

"(64) Any amount paid as donation to the National Self Reliance Fund:

(65) Any income derived from donations made by non-official or private sector sources in Pakistan to the Waqf for Research on Islamic History, Art and Culture, Istanbul set up by the Research Centre for Islamic History, Art and Culture (IRCICA)."

<sup>8</sup>Serial No. (65A) inserted by S.R.O 819(I)/202, dated 04.07.2012.

<sup>9</sup>Clause (66) substituted by the Finance Act, 2020. The substituted clause (66) read as follows: (66) Any income derived by—

- i. Abdul SattarEdhi Foundation, Karachi;
- ii. Al-Shifa Trust, Rawalpindi.
- iii. BilquisEdhiFoundation, Karachi.
- iv. Fatimid Foundation, Karachi.

<sup>9</sup>[]

- vi. International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation".
- vii. Islamic Corporation for Development of Private Sector;
- viii. National Memorial Bab-e-Pakistan Trust for the assessment year commencing on or after the 1st day of July, 1994.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (64) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (64) read as follows:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not apply in respect of any assessment year commencing on, or after, the first day of July,2002."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 389(I)/2009, dated 19.05.2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (64A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(64A) Any amount donated to the Prime Minister's Special Fund for victims of terrorism.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 576(I)/2009, dated 18.06.2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (64B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows: "((64B) Any amount donated to the Chief Minister's (Punjab) Relief Fund for Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of NWFP.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by S.R.O. 755(I)/2010, dated 09.08.2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clauses (64C) and (65) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(64C) Prime Minister's Flood Relief Fund 2010 and Provincial Chief Ministers' Relief Funds, for victims of flood 2010.]

- xii. The Institution of Engineers, Pakistan, Lahore.
- <sup>9</sup>[(xiia) The Prime Minister's Special Fund for victims of terrorism.]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xiib) Chief Minister's (Punjab) Relief Fund for Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of NWFP.]
  - xiii. The Institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan) as contained in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13, 1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and the Agha Khan Development Network.
  - xiv. The Liaquat National Hospital Association, Karachi.
  - xv. The Pakistan Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.
  - xvi. The Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority established under the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority Act, 1958 (W. P. Act XXXI of 1958).]
     <sup>9</sup>[xvii. WAPDA First Sukuk Company Limited.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>9</sup>[<sup>9</sup>]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(xix) Pension of a former President of Pakistan and his widow under the President Pension Act, 1974 (IX of 1975).]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(xx) State Bank of Pakistan and State Bank of Pakistan Banking Services Corporation.]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(xxi) International Finance Corporation established under the International Finance Corporation Act, 1956 (XXVIII of 1956) and provided in section 9 of Article VI of Articles of Agreement 1955 as amended through April 1993.]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xxii) Pakistan Domestic Sukuk Company Ltd.]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xxiii) The Asian Development Bank established under the Asian

Development Bank Ordinance, 1971 (IX of 1971).]

- <sup>9</sup>[(xxiv) The ECO Trade and Development Bank.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>9</sup>[(xxv)] The Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry under the Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC).]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>8</sup>[(xxvi)] Commission on Science and Technology for Sustainable Development in the South (COMSATS) formed under International Agreement signed on 5<sup>th</sup> October, 1994.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>8</sup>[(xxvii)] WAPDA on issuance of twenty billion rupees TFC's/SUKUK certificates for consideration of DiamerBhasha Dam Projects.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>8</sup>[(xxviii)] Federal Board of Revenue Foundation.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>8</sup>[(xxix)] WAPDA Second Sukuk Company Limited.]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>8</sup> [(xxx)] The Citizens Foundation.]
- <sup>9[8</sup>[(xxxi)] Sindh Institute of Urology and Transplantation, SIUT Trust and<sup>9</sup>[Society for the Welfare of SIUT.]]
- <sup>9</sup>[<sup>9</sup>["(xxxii)" Greenstar Social Marketing Pakistan (Guarantee) Limited.]]
- <sup>9</sup>["(xxxiii) Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited."]
- <sup>9</sup>["(xxxiii) The Indus Hospital, Karachi."]
- <sup>9</sup>["(xxxiv) Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited."]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xxxv) Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.";]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xxxv) Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.]
- <sup>9</sup>[(xxxvi) Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank and persons as provided in Article 51 of Chapter IX of the Articles of Agreement signed and ratified by Pakistan and entered into force on the 25<sup>th</sup> December, 2015.
- (xxxvii) Gulab Devi Chest Hospital.
- (xxxviii) Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund.
- (xxxix) National Academy of Performing Arts.
- (xl) Pakistan Sweet Homes Angels and Fairies Place.
- (xli) National Rural Support Programme.]

ix. Pakistan Agricultural Research Council, Islamabad.

x. Pakistan Engineering Council;

xi. The corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority from the date of their creation upto the date of completion of the process of corporatization i.e. till the tariff is notified.

Table 1	
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Sr. No.	Name	
(1)	(2)	
(i)	International Islamic Trade Finance Corporation.	
(ii)	Islamic Corporation for Development of Private Sector.	
(iii)	National Memorial Bab-e-Pakistan Trust.	
(iv)	Pakistan Agricultural Research Council.	
(v)	The corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority from the date of their creation upto the date of completion of the process of corporatization i.e. till the tariff is notified.	
(vi)	The Prime Minister's Special Fund for victims of terrorism.	
(vii)	Chief Minister's (Punjab) Relief Fund for Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of NWFP.	
(viii)	The Institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan) as contained in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13, 1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and the Agha Khan Development Network.	
(ix)	Pakistan Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.	
(x)	The Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority established under the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority Act, 1958 (W. P. Act XXXI of 1958).	
(xi)	WAPDA First Sukuk Company Limited.	
(xii)	Pension of a former President of Pakistan and his widow.	
(xiii)	State Bank of Pakistan and State Bank of Pakistan Banking Services Corporation.	
(xiv)	International Finance Corporation established under the International Finance Corporation Act, 1956 (XXVIII of 1956) and provided in section 9 of Article VI of Articles of Agreement 1955 as amended through April 1993.	
(xv)	Pakistan Domestic Sukuk Company Ltd.	
(xvi)	ECO Trade and Development Bank.	

- <sup>9</sup>[(xlii) SAARC Energy Centre.
  - (xliii) Pakistan Bar Council.
  - (xliv) Pakistan Centre for Philanthropy.
  - (xlv) Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited.
  - (xlvi) Aziz Tabba Foundation.
  - (I) Al-Shifa Trust Eye Hospital.
  - (li) Saylani Welfare International Trust.
  - (lii) Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust.
  - (liii) Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust (LRBT).
  - (liv) The Kidney Centre Post Graduate Training Institute.
  - (Iv) Pakistan Disabled Foundation.
  - (Ivi) Forman Christian College.;
  - (Ivii) Habib University Foundation.
  - (Iviii) Begum Akhtar Rukhsana Memorial Trust Hospital.
  - (lix) Al-Khidmat Foundation.
  - (lx) Dawat-e-Islami Trust
  - (Ixi) Sardar Trust Eye Hospital, Lahore.]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(lxii) Supreme Court of Pakistan Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams Fund.";]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(Ixiii) National Disaster Risk Management Fund.
  - (Ixiv) Deposit Protection Corporation established under sub-section (I) of section 3 of Deposit Protection Corporation Act, 2016 (XXXVII of 2016).
  - (Ixv) SARMAYA-E-PAKISTAN LIMITED]
  - <sup>9</sup>[(lxvi) Akhuwat
  - (Ixvii) Audit Oversight Board.
  - (Ixviii) Patient's Aid Foundation."

(xvii)	The Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry under the Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC).
(xviii)	Commission on Science and Technology for Sustainable Development in the South (COMSATS)
	formed under International Agreement signed on 5th October, 1994.
(xix)	WAPDA on issuance of twenty billion rupees TFC's/SUKUK certificates for consideration of
()	Diamer Bhasha Dam Projects.
(xx)	Federal Board of Revenue Foundation.
(xxi)	WAPDA Second Sukuk Company Limited.
(xxii)	Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.
(xxiii)	Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.
(xxiv)	Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.
(xxv)	Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank and persons as provided in Article 51 of Chapter IX of the Articles of Agreement signed and ratified by Pakistan and entered into force on the 25th December, 2015.
(xxvi)	Supreme Court of Pakistan – Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams – Fund.
(xxvii)	National Disaster Risk Management Fund.
(xxviii)	Deposit Protection Corporation established under sub-section (I) of section 3 of Deposit Protection Corporation Act, 2016 (XXXVII of 2016).
(xxix)	SAARC Energy Centre.
(xxx)	The Asian Development Bank established under the Asian Development Bank Ordinance, 1971 (IX of 1971).
(xxxi)	The Prime Minister's COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund-2020.
(xxxii)	Saarc Arbitration Council (SARCO).
(xxxiii)	International Parliamentarians' Congress.
(xxxiv)	Sindh Institute of Urology and Transplantation, SIUT Trust and Society for the Welfare of SIUT.
(xxxv)	Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust.
(xxxvi)	National Endowment Scholarship for Talent (NEST).
<sup>1</sup> [(xxxvii	Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Company Limited (INPCCL).
(xxxviii)	Abdul Sattar Edhi Foundation.
(xxxix)	Patient's Aid Foundation.
(xl)	Indus Hospital and Health Network.
(xli)	Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
(xlii)	Dawat-e-Hadiya, Karachi.
(xliii)	Privatisation Commission of Pakistan.
(xliv)	The Citizens Foundation.
(xlv)	Sundus Foundation.
(xlvi)	Ali Zaib Foundation
(xlvii)	Fauji Foundation.
(xlviii)	Make a Wish Foundation
(xlix)	Audit Oversight Board.
<sup>2</sup> [(I)	Supreme Court Water Conservation Account.
(li)	Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust (LRBT).
(lii)	Baluchistan Education Endowment Fund(BEEF).
(liii)	Saylani Welfare International Trust.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Serial No. (xxxvii) to (xlxv) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier S. No. (xxxvii) added through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.
 <sup>2</sup> Serial No. (xlx) to (xlxv) re-numbered as (I) to (Iv) respectively by Finance Act, 2022.

Chiniot Anjuman Islamia.	
Army Welfare Trust.]	
Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited.;	
The Pakistan Global Sukuk Programme Company Limited."	
Karandaaz Pakistan from tax year 2015 onwards	
Pakistan Sweet Homes Angels and Fairies Place.	
Public Private Partnership Authority for tax year 2022 and subsequent four tax years	
Dawat-e-Islami Trust	
Hamdard Laboratories (Waqf) Pakistan	
The Prime Minister's Relief Fund for Flood, Earthquake and Other Calamities with	
effect on and from the 5 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022.	
Film and Drama Finance Fund	
Export-Import Bank of Pakistan	
Shaheed Mohtarma Benazir Bhutto Institute of Trauma, Karachi	
Shaheed Zulfikar Ali Bhutto Institute of Science and Technology]	

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 100C, any income derived by the following institution, foundations, societies, boards, trusts and funds, namely:

Sr. No.	Name
(1)	(2)
3[]	
(ii)	Al-Shifa Trust.
(iii)	Bilquis Edhi Foundation.
(iv)	Fatimid Foundation.
(v)	Pakistan Engineering Council.
(vi)	The Institution of Engineers.
(vii)	Liaquat National Hospital Association.
[]	
(ix)	Greenstar Social Marketing Pakistan (Guarantee) Limited.
[ ]	

Table 2

<sup>1</sup> Serial No. (Ivi) to (Ixii) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>2</sup> Serial Nos. (Ixiii) to (Ixvii) and entries relating thereto in column (2) added by the Finance Act, 2023. Earlier Serial No (Ixiii) was added through S.R.O. No.1590(I)/2022 dated 23.08.2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Serial numbers (i), (viii), (x), (xx), (xxx), (xxxi), (xxxiii) and (xxxvi) of Table 2 and entries relating thereto in column (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted entries read as follows:

)	Abdul Sattar Edhi Foundation.
ii)	The Citizens Foundation.
()	Indus Hospital, Karachi.
x)	Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust (LRBT).
(X)	Audit Oversight Board.
xi)	Patient's Aid Foundation.
xiii)	Saylani Welfare International Trust.
kvi)	Dawat-e-Hadiya, Karachi.
	) ii) x) x) xx) xii) xiii) xvi)

(xi)	Gulab Devi Chest Hospital.	
(xii)	Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund.	
(xiii)	National Academy of Performing Arts.	
1[ ] <sup>1</sup>		
(XV)	National Rural Support Programme.	
(xvi)	Pakistan Bar Council.	
(xvii)	Pakistan Centre for Philanthropy.	
(xix)	Aziz Tabba Foundation.	
[]		
(xxi)	The Kidney Centre Post Graduate Training Institute.	
(xxii)	Pakistan Disabled Foundation	
(xxiii)	Forman Christian College.	
(xxiv)	Habib University Foundation.	
(xxv)	Begum AkhtarRukhsana Memorial Trust Hospital.	
(xxvi)	Al-Khidmat Foundation.	
[ ]		
(xxviii)	Sardar Trust Eye Hospital, Lahore	
(xxix)	Akhuwat.	
[]		
[]		
(xxxii)	Al-Shifa Trust Eye Hospital.	
[]		
(xxxiv)	SARMAYA-E-PAKISTAN LIMITED.	
(xxxv)	Lahore University of Management Sciences, Lahore.	
[]		
(xxxvii)	Ghulam Ishaq Khan Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology.	
(xxxviii)	Society for the Promotion of Engineering Sciences and Technology in Pakistan (SOPREST).	
(xxxix)	Businessmen Hospital Trust.	
(xl)	Baitussalam Welfare Trust.	
(xli)	Alamgir Welfare Trust International.	
(xlii)	Foundation University.	
²[(xliii)	Burhani Qarzan Hasnan Trust	
(xliv)	Saifee Hospital Karachi	
(xlv)	Saifiyah Girls Taalim Trust]	
<sup>3</sup> [(xlvi)	Balochistan Bar Council	
(xlvii)	Islamabad Bar Council	
(xlviii)	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Bar Council	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Serial numbers (xiv), (xviii) and (xxvii) of Table 2 and entries relating thereto in column (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted entries read as follows:

(xiv)	Pakistan Sweet Homes Angels and Fairies Place.	
(xviii)	Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company Limited.	
(xxvii)	Dawat-e-Islami Trust.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Serial No. (xliii) to (xxv) added by Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Serial Nos. (xlvi) to (li) and entries relating thereto in column (2) added by the Finance Act, 2023.

(xlix)	Punjab Bar Council
(I)	Sindh Bar Council
(li)	Shaheed Zulfikar Ali Bhutto Foundation (SZABF)]

Provided that with effect from the 1st day of July, 2021, exemption under this sub- clause shall be subject to fulfilling the conditions specified in section 100C.]

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<sup>2</sup>Clause (68) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (68) read as follows:

"(68) Any income derived by-

- (i) Abdul Sattar Edhi Foundation, Karachi; and
- (ii) Bilquis Edhi Foundation, Karachi."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (69) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (69) read as follows: "(69) Any income derived by Al-Shifa Trust, Rawalpindi."

<sup>4</sup> Clause (70) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (70) read as follows: "(70) Any income derived by Fatimid Foundation, Karachi."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (71) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (71) read as follows: "(71) Any income of Hamadard Laboratories (Waqf) Pakistan."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (71A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (71A) read as follows: "(71A) Any income of National Memorial Bab-e-Pakistan Trust for the assessment year commencing on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 1994."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (72) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted clause (72) read as follows:

"(72) Any profit on debt payable to a non-resident person in respect of such private loan to be utilised on such project in Pakistan as may be approved by the Federal Government for the purposes of this clause, having regard to the rate of profit and the terms of re-payment of the loan and the nature of project on which it is to be utilised."

<sup>8</sup> Clauses (72) and (72A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier clause (72A) was omitted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows: "(72) Any profit on debt payable to a non-resident person,-

(i) in respect of such private loan to be utilized on such project in Pakistan as may be approved by the Enderst Course the purposes of this cloude, building report to the purposes of this cloude.

- approved by the Federal Government for the purposes of this clause, having regard to the rate of profit and the terms of repayment of the loan and the nature of project on which it is to be utilized;
- (ii) on a loan in foreign exchange against export letter of credit which is used exclusively for export of goods manufactured or processed for exports in Pakistan <sup>8</sup>[.]
- <sup>8</sup>[(iii) being a foreign individual, company, firm or association of persons in respect of a foreign loan as is utilized for industrial investment in Pakistan provided that the agreement for such loan is concluded on or after the first day of February, 1991, and is duly registered with the State Bank of Pakistan:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (67) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (67) read as follows: "(67) Any income of the Liaquat National Hospital Association, Karachi."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[(75) Any profit on debt and capital gains derived by any agency of foreign Government or any non-resident person approved by the Federal Government for the purpose of this clause from debt and debt instruments approved by the Federal Government.]

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(78) Any profit on debt derived from foreign currency accounts held with authorised banks in Pakistan, <sup>8</sup>[or certificate of investment issued by investment

<sup>4</sup>Clause (74A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2011. The omitted clause (74A) read as follows:

"(74A) Any profit on debt, payable to National Bank of Pakistan, on foreign currency loan of US \$ 100 million, given to Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (PSO) under agreement executed at Bahrain on the 29<sup>th</sup> May, 2001, approved by the Federal Government vide Finance Division's letter No.F.3(3)EF(B-III)/2001, dated the May 29, 2001.

**"(75)** Any income of an agency of a foreign Government, a foreign national (company, firm or association of persons), or any other non-resident person approved by the Federal Government for the purposes of this clause, from profit on moneys borrowed under a loan agreement or in respect of foreign currency instrument approved by the Federal Government."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (76) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (76) read as follows:

"(76) Any profit on debt payable to a non-resident person being a foreign individual, company, firm or association of persons in respect of a foreign loan as is utilised for industrial investment in Pakistan provided that the agreement for such loan is concluded on or after the First day of February 1991, and is duly registered with the State Bank of Pakistan."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (77) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (77) read as follows:

"(77) Any profit derived by a non-resident person (whether a citizen of Pakistan or otherwise) in respect of the Islamic mode of financing, including istisna, morabaha, musharika."

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

Provided that this clause shall have retrospective effect of exemption to the agreements entered into in the past and shall not be applicable to new contracts after the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2010, prospectively.]

**<sup>(72</sup>A)** Any income derived by Sukuk holder in relation to Sukuk issued by "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited" <sup>8</sup>[and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited], including any gain on disposal of such Sukuk."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 dated 19.11.2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (73) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (73) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(73) Any profit on debt payable to a non-resident person on a loan in foreign exchange against export letter of credit which is used exclusively for export of goods manufactured or processed for exports in Pakistan."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (74) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(74) Any profit on debt derived by Hub Power Company Limited on or after the first day of July, 1991, on its bank deposits or accounts with<sup>3</sup>[financial institutions] directly connected with financial transactions relating to the project operations."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (75) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

banks] in accordance with Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan, by <sup>1</sup>[non-resident individuals, non-resident association of persons and non-resident companies].

(79) Any profit on debt derived from a rupee account held with a scheduled bank in Pakistan by a <sup>2</sup>[non-resident individual holding a Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC)], where the deposits in the said account are made exclusively from foreign exchange remitted into the said account.

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<sup>3</sup> Clause (80) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**"(80)** Any income derived from a private foreign currency account held with an authorised bank in Pakistan, <sup>3</sup>[or certificate of investment issued by investment banks] in accordance with the Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan, by a resident individual who is a citizen of Pakistan:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available in respect of any incremental deposits made in the said accounts on or after the 16th day of December, 1999, or in respect of any accounts opened under the said scheme on or after the said date."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (81) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted clause (81) read as follows:

"(81) The income of a person, other than a bank or a financial institution, by way of interest on Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates issued under the Three-Years Foreign Currency Bearer Certificate Rules, 1997."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (81A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (81A) read as follows:

"(81 A) Notwithstanding omission of clause (81), the existing holders of Foreign Currency Bearer Certificate shall continue to have the benefit of exemption till such certificates are encashed."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (82) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (82) read as follows:

"(82) Any profit on Special US Dollar Bonds issued under the Special US Dollar Bonds Rules, 1998: Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not apply to profits on the said bonds purchased by a resident person out of any incremental deposits made in the foreign currency accounts on or after the 16th day of December, 1999, or out of new accounts opened on or after the said date."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (83) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (83) read as follows:

"(83) Any profit on debt derived from Pak rupees account or certificates of deposit which have been created by conversion of a foreign currency account or deposit held on the 28th day of May, 1998, with a bank authorised under the Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme of State Bank of Pakistan:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to such Pak rupee account or certificates which are created out of foreign currency deposits which are not exempt under clause (78) and (80)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "citizens of Pakistan and foreign nationals residing abroad, foreign association of persons, companies registered and operating abroad and foreign nationals residing in Pakistan" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this expression was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "citizen of Pakistan residing abroad" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this expression was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ] <sup>7</sup>[ ]

<sup>1</sup> Clause (84) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted clause (84) read as follows:

**"(84)** Any profit on debt received from a Pakistani bank by a foreign bank, approved by the Federal Government for the purposes of this clause, for such period as may be determined by the Federal Government:

Provided that-

- (i) the profit is earned on deposits comprising of remittances from abroad held in a rupee account opened with a Pakistani bank with the prior approval of the State Bank of Pakistan;
- the Pakistani bank maintaining the said rupee account holds 20 per cent or more of the equity capital of the said foreign bank and the management of the latter vests in the Pakistani bank; and
- (iii) the rate of profit chargeable on the said deposits does not exceed the rate of interest chargeable on the deposits in the foreign currency accounts allowed to be opened with banks in Pakistan by the State Bank of Pakistan."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (85) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (85) read as follows:

"(85) Any income derived by any person, not being a bank, a banking company, financial institution, a development financing institution or a company engaged in the business of insurance, by way of return on bearer bonds issued by the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority, established under the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority Act, 1958 (West Pakistan Act. No.(XXXI of 1958):

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply in respect of return on bonds issued on or after the first day of July, 1991."

<sup>3</sup> Clause (86) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (86) read as follows:

"(86) Any income derived by any person, being an individual, by way of return on bearer or registered bonds (Second issue, 1989), issued by the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority, established under the Pakistan Water and Power Authority Act, 1958 (West Pakistan Act, No. XXXI of 1958):

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply in respect of return on bonds issued on or after the first day of July, 1991."

<sup>4</sup> Clause (87) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (87) read as follows:

"(87) Any income derived by a non-resident person from foreign investment in 7th issue of Pak rupee denominated WAPDA Energy Bonds issued under the WAPDA Energy Bonds (7th Issue) Regulations, 1997."

<sup>5</sup> Clause (88) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted clause (88) read as follows:

"(88) Any income derived by a non-resident person(excluding local branches, subsidiaries or offices of foreign banks, companies, associations of persons or any other person operating in Pakistan) from Federal Government securities and redeemable capital, as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984, (XLVII of 1984) listed on a registered stock exchange, where the investments are made exclusively from foreign exchange remitted into Pakistan through a Special Convertible Rupee Account maintained with a bank in Pakistan."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (88A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (88A) read as follows:

" (88A) Notwithstanding omission of clause (88), the existing holders of Federal Government Securities and redeemable capital shall continue to have benefit of exemption till the maturity of the securities and redeemable capital."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (89) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (89) read as follows:

"(89) Any income derived by an individual or association of persons from rated and listed Term Finance Certificates being the instruments of redeemable capital under the Companies Ordinance  $\begin{array}{c}
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1984, issued on or after the 14th day of September 1997: Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not apply in respect of any assessment year commencing on, or after, the first day of July, 2002."

<sup>1</sup> Clause (90) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(90) Any profit on debt payable by an industrial undertaking in Pakistan ---

- on moneys borrowed by it under a loan agreement entered into with any such financial institution in a foreign country as may be approved in this behalf by the Federal Government by a general or special order; and
- (ii) on moneys borrowed or debts incurred by it in a foreign country in respect of the purchase outside Pakistan of capital plant and machinery in any case where the loan or debt is approved by the Federal Government, having regard to its terms generally and in particular to the terms of its payment, from so much of the tax payable in respect thereof as exceeds the tax or taxes on income paid on such interest in the foreign country from which the loan emanated or in which the debt was incurred (hereinafter referred to as the `said country'):

Provided that, where the amount of such tax or taxes paid in the said country exceeds the amount of the tax payable in Pakistan, no refund of the amount paid in excess shall be allowed:

Provided further that, where the said country exempts such interest or allows credit against its own tax for the tax which would have been payable in Pakistan if the said **interest** were liable to tax in Pakistan, no tax shall be payable in Pakistan in respect of such interest."

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>3</sup> Clauses (90A) and (91) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

**"(90A)** Any profit on debt derived by any person on bonds issued by Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company to refinance the residential housing mortgage market, for a period of five years with effect from the 1st day of July, 2018.

(91) Any income of a text-book board of a Province established under any law for the time being in force, accruing or arising from the date of its establishment."

<sup>4</sup> Clause (92) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (92) read as follows:

"(92) Any income of any university or other educational institution established solely for educational purposes and not for purposes of profit."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (92 A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (92A) read as follows:

"(92A) Any income of any university or any other educational institution established in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA, for a period of two years ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2011."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (93) omitted by the Finance Act, 2011. The omitted clause (93) read as follows:

"(93) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from the running of any computer training institution or computer training scheme, recognized by a Board of Education or a University or the University Grant Commission, as the case may be, set up between the first day of July, 1997, and the thirtieth day of June, 2005, both days inclusive, for a period of five years beginning with the month in which such institution is set up:

Provided that a computer training institution or computer training scheme approved by the Central Board of Revenue before the first day of July, 2000 shall continue to avail exemption under this clause till the expiry of the specified period." <sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] **6[ ]** <sup>7</sup>[ ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (93 A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (93A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(93A) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from the running of any vocational institute or technical institute or poly-technical institute, recognized by a Board of Technical Education or a university or any other authority appointed in this behalf by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government, as the case may be, set up between the first day of July, 2004, and the thirtieth day of June, 2008, both days inclusive, for a period of five years beginning from the tax year in which such institution is recognized."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (94) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (94) read as follows: "(94) Any amount paid by way of Federal Educational Fee or expended on setting up and managing or running of a middle, high or technical school in accordance with the conditions laid down in the Federal Education Fee Scheme."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (95) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (95) read as follows: "(95) Any income derived by the Pakistan Council of Scientific and Industrial Research."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (96) read as follows: "(96) Any income derived by the Institution of Engineers, Pakistan, Lahore."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (97) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (97) read as follows: "(97) Income of Pakistan Agricultural Research Council, Islamabad."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (98) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(98) Any income derived by any Board or other organization established  ${}^{6}$ [by Government]  ${}^{6}$ [ ] in Pakistan for the purposes of controlling, regulating or encouraging major games and sports recognised by Government  ${}^{6}$ [:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>[Provided that the exemption of this clause shall not be applicable to the Pakistan Cricket Board.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (98A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (98A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(98A) Any income derived by International Cricket Council Development (International) Limited (IDI), International Cricket Council (ICC), employees, officials, agents and representatives of IDI and ICC officials from ICC members, players, coaches, medical doctors and officials of member countries, IDI partners and media representatives, other than persons who are resident of Pakistan, from ICC champions Trophy, 2001 hosted in Pakistan"

<sup>1</sup>[(99) Any income derived by a Collective Investment Scheme or a REIT Scheme <sup>2</sup>[including Special Purpose Vehicle], if not less than ninety per cent of its accounting income of that year, as reduced by <sup>3</sup>[accumulated losses and] capital gains whether realized or unrealized, is distributed amongst the unit or certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be <sup>4</sup>[:

Provided that for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account.]

*Explanation.*— For the purpose of this clause the expression "accounting income" means income calculated under the generally accepted Accounting Principles and verified by the auditors <sup>5</sup>[and Special Purpose Vehicle shall have the same meaning as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015].]

## <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>7</sup>[(99A) Profits and gains accruing to a person on the sale of immoveable property <sup>8</sup>[or shares of Special Purpose Vehicle] to any type of REIT scheme upto the 30th

The original Clause (99) read as under:

- <sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.
- <sup>7</sup> Clause (99A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:
  - "(99A) Profits and gains accruing to a person on sale of immovable property to a <sup>7</sup>[REIT Scheme] upto thirtieth day of June, <sup>7</sup>[2015]<sup>7</sup>[":"]]

<sup>7</sup>["Provided that profit and gains on sale of immovable property to a Developmental REIT Scheme with the object of development and construction of residential buildings shall be exempt upto thirtieth day of June, <sup>7</sup>[2023]"],

<sup>7</sup>[Provided further that the profit and gains on sale of immovable property to a rental REIT scheme shall be exempt up to the 30th day of June, <sup>7</sup>[2023]."

<sup>8</sup> Words inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (99) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. Earlier it was substituted by SRO 728(I)/2002 dated 23.10.2002. The substituted clause (99) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(99) Any income derived by a mutual fund or an investment company registered under the Non Banking finance companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003, or a unit trust scheme constituted by an assets management company registered under the Assets Management companies Rules, 1995, or a Real Estate Investment Trust approved an authorized under Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006, established and managed by a REIT Management Company licensed under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006, if not less than ninety percent of its accounting income of that year, as reduced by capital gains whether realized or unrealized, is distributed amongst the unit or certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be:"

<sup>&</sup>quot;(99) Any income derived by a Mutual Fund or an investment company registered under the Investment companies and Investment Advisors Rules, 1971 or a unit trust scheme constituted by an asset management company registered under the Assets Management companies rules, 1995, if not less than ninety percent of its income of that year is distributed amongst the unit or certificate holders or shareholders, as the case may be."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Words inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop at the end substituted by a colon and a proviso added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Words inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

day of June, 2023.]

<sup>1</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the purpose of this clause, Special Purpose Vehicle shall have the same meaning as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015.]

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<sup>4</sup>[(102A) Income of a person as represents a subsidy granted to him by the Federal Government for the purposes of implementation of any orders of the Federal Government in this behalf.

<sup>5</sup>[] **6[]** 

Provided that not less than ninety per cent of its total profits in the year as reduced by the amount transferred to a mandatory reserve, as required under the provisions of the said Ordinance or the rules made <sup>2</sup>[thereunder, as are distributed amongst the shareholders]:

<sup>3</sup>Clause (102) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (102) read as follows:

"(102) Any dividend received by the Investment Corporation of Pakistan from any other company which has paid or will pay tax in respect of the profits out of which such dividends are paid."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (102A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>5</sup>Clause (103) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (103) read as follows: "(103) Any distribution received by a taxpayer from the National Investment (Unit) Trust or <sup>5</sup>[a collective Investment Scheme authorized or registered under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003] <sup>5</sup>[or a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund] out of the capital gains of the said Trust or Fund on which tax has already been paid."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (103) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

"(103) Any distribution received by a taxpayer from a collective investment scheme registered by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2007, including National Investment (Unit) Trust or REIT Scheme or a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund out of the capital gains of the said Schemes or Trust or Fund <sup>6</sup>[:]]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided that this exemption shall be available to only such mutual funds, collective investment schemes that are debt or money market funds and these do not invest in shares.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clauses (100) and (101) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(100)** Any income, not being income from <sup>2</sup>[manufacturing or] trading activity, of a modaraba registered under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), for any assessment year commencing on or after the first day of July, 1999 <sup>2</sup>[:]

Provided further that with effect from the first day of July, 1999 for the purpose of determining the distribution of ninety per cent profits, the profits distributed through bonus certificates or shares to the certificate holders shall not be taken into account.

<sup>(101)</sup> Profits and gains derived between the first day of July, 2000 and the thirtieth day of June, <sup>2</sup>[2024] both days inclusive, by a venture capital company and venture capital fund registered under Venture Capital Companies and Funds Management Rules, 2000 <sup>2</sup>[and a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund]"

<sup>1</sup>[(103A) Any income derived from inter-corporate dividend within the group companies entitled to group taxation under section 59AA  $^{2}[$  <sup>3</sup>[ ]]  $^{4}[$ "subject to the condition that return of the group has been filed for the tax year."].]

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<sup>8</sup>**[(103D)** Dividend income and long term capital gains of any venture capital fund from investments in zone enterprises as defined in <sup>9</sup>[the Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021)] for a period of ten years commencing from issuance of licence by the Authority to the zone enterprise.]

10**[ ]** <sup>11</sup>[ ]

<sup>12</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>Clause (103B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted clause (103B) read as follows:

"(103B) Any dividend in specie derived in the form of shares in a company, as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984):

Provided that when such shares are disposed off by the recipient, the amount representing the dividend in specie shall be taxed in accordance with provisions of section 5 of this Ordinance and the amount, representing the difference between the consideration received and the amount hereinabove, shall be treated in accordance with provisions of section 37 or section 37A, as the case may be."

<sup>6</sup> New Clause 103C inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>7</sup> Clause (103C) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

"(103C) Dividend income derived by a company, if the recipient of the dividend, for the tax year <sup>7</sup>[is eligible for] group relief under section 59B, <sup>7</sup>[]."

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>9</sup> Expression "clause (p) of section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Authority Ordinance, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>10</sup> Clauses (104) and (105) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

"((104) Any income derived by the Libyan Arab Foreign Investment Company being dividend of the Pak-Libya Holding Company.

(105) Any income derived by the Government of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia being dividend of the Saudi-Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company Limited.]"

<sup>11</sup> Clause (105A) inserted by S.R.O. 749(I)/2004, dated 30.08.2004.

<sup>12</sup> Clause (105A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Expression "or section 59B" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>1</sup>[(**105B**) Any income received by a taxpayer from a corporate agricultural enterprise, distributed as dividend out of tis income from agriculture.]

<sup>2</sup>[(105C) Any income derived by Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting and Investment Company or Kuwait Investment Authority being dividend of the Pak-Kuwait Investment Company in Pakistan from the year of incorporation of Pak-Kuwait Investment Company.]

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(107) Any income derived by any subsidiary of the Islamic Development Bank wholly owned by it and set up in Pakistan and engaged in owning and leasing of tankers.

<sup>5</sup>[(107A) Any income derived by the Islamic Development Bank from its operations in Pakistan in connection with its social and economic development activities.]

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<sup>3</sup>Clause (106) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (106) read as follows:-

"(106) Any income derived by the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority, established under the Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority Act, 1958 (West Pakistan Act. No. XXXI of 1958)."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (106A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (106A) read as follows: "(106A) Any income derived by the corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority from the date of their creation upto the date of completion of the process of corporatization i.e. till the tariff is notified."

<sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>6</sup> Clause (108) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (108) read as follows:

"(108) Any income derived by the International Irrigating Management Institute (IIMI), Pakistan."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (109) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (109) read as follows: "(109) Any amount collected by the Civil Aviation Authority up to the thirty-first December, 1998, on account of security charges."

<sup>8</sup>Clause (110) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (110) read as follows:

"(110) Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains", being income from the sale of modaraba certificates or any instrument of redeemable capital as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan or shares of a public company (as defined in sub-section (47) of section 2) and the Pakistan Telecommunications

<sup>&</sup>quot;(105A) Any income derived by Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting and Investment Company or Kuwait Investment Authority being dividend of the Pak-Kuwait Investment Company in Pakistan from the year of incorporation of Pak-Kuwait Investment Company.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (105B) inserted by the SRO 106(I)/2008, dated 01.02. 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (105C) inserted by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 23.08.2022.

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Corporation vouchers issued by the Government of Pakistan, derived by a taxpayer upto tax year ending on the thirtieth day of June, 2010."

<sup>1</sup>Clause (110A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (110A) read as follows:

"(110A) Any gain on transfer of a capital asset of the existing stock exchanges to new corporatized stock exchange, in the course of corporatization of an existing stock exchange."

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>3</sup> Clause (110B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(110C) Any gain by a person on transfer of a capital asset, being a bond issued by Pakistan Mortgage Refinance Company to refinance the residential housing mortgage market, during the period from the 1st day of July, 2018 till the 30th day of June, 2023.]"

<sup>7</sup>Clause (112) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (112) read as follows:

"(112) Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains" derived by a person from the sale of shares of industrial units of public sector corporations by the Privatisation Commission."

<sup>8</sup>Clause (113) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (113) read as follows:-

"(113)Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains", being income from the sale of shares of a public company set up in any Special Industrial Zone referred to in clause (126) of this Schedule, derived by a person for a period of five years from the date of commencement of its commercial production:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available to a person from the sale of shares of such companies which are not eligible for exemption from tax under clause (126)."

**<sup>(110</sup>B)** Any gain on transfer of a capital asset, being a membership right held by a member of an existing stock exchange, for acquisition of shares and trading or clearing rights acquired by such member in new corporatized stock exchange in the course of corporatization of an existing stock exchange.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (110C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (110C) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (111) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted clause (111) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(111) Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains", being income from the sale of shares of a public company derived by any foreign institutional investor as is approved by the Federal Government for the purpose of this clause."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[(114B) Profit and gains accruing to persons mentioned in proviso to sub-section (1) of section 236C in respect of first sale of immovable property acquired from or allotted by the Federal Government or Provincial Government or any authority duly certified by the official allotment authority, and the property acquired or allotted is in recognition of services rendered by the Shaheed or the person who dies in service.]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[] **8[]** 

<sup>3</sup>New clause (114AA) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>4</sup> Clause (114AA) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**"(114AA)** Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains" derived by a resident individual from the sale of constructed residential property:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall only apply, if -

- (a) at the time of sale, the residential property was being used for the purpose of personal accommodation by the resident individual, his spouse or dependents and for which any of the utility bills is issued in the name of such individual;
- (b) the land area of the property does not exceed 500 square yards in case of a house and 4000 square feet in case of a flat; and
- (c) exemption under this clause has not previously been availed by the individual, his spouse or dependents.]

<sup>5</sup>New clause (114B) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>6</sup>Clause (115) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (115) read as follows:

"(115) Any share of income received by a taxpayer out of capital gains on which tax has been paid by the firm of which he is a partner:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall not apply in respect of any tax year commencing on or after the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2002."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (116) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002, The omitted clause (116) read as follows: "(116) Any income derived by a taxpayer from the business of fish catching or fish processing, where the fish catching business or fish processing unit is established by the taxpayer for the first time between first day of July, 1993, and 30th day of June, 1997, for a period of five years from the date of such establishment, subject to the condition that the said date shall be determined by the Commissioner on an application made by the taxpayer."

<sup>8</sup> Clause (117) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(117) Any income derived by a person from plying of any vehicle registered in the territories of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (114) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(114) Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains" derived by a person from an industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a "Zone" within the meaning of the Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980).]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (114A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2011. The omitted clause (114A) read as follows: "(114A) Any income chargeable under the head "capital gains", derived by a person from sale of ships and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized craft upto tax year ending on the thirtieth day of June, 2011.

<sup>1</sup>[] 2 3 4ſ 5

<sup>1</sup>Clause (118) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (118) read as follows:

- is owned and managed by a company formed and registered under the Companies Act, 1913, (VII of 1913), having its registered office in Pakistan; (a)
- (b) is an undertaking the income, profits and gains of which are not liable to be computed in accordance with the rules contained in the Fifth Schedule; (c)
  - fulfils the following conditions, namely :
    - that the undertaking is based on highly sophisticated technology; (i)
    - that the technology employed has fast obsolescence; (ii)
    - that investment in the undertaking involves high risk; and (iii)
    - (iv) that the goods produced, or to be produced, are such that neither these goods, nor identical or close substitutes thereof, are being produced in Pakistan; and
- (d) is approved, on an application made by the taxpayer in such form and manner and accompanied by such statements, certificates, documents and undertakings, and in accordance with such procedure, as may be prescribed, by the Central Board of Revenue."
- <sup>2</sup>Clause (119) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (119) read as follows: ((119). Prófits and gains derived by a taxpayer, being a resident company, from an industrial undertaking engaged in the manufacture of electronic equipment or components thereof which is set up in the North West Frontier Province or in the Islamabad Capital Territory by 30th day of June, 1997, and is approved by the Central Board of Revenue for purposes of this clause, for a period of five years from the date of commencement of commercial production."
- <sup>3</sup>Clause (120) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (120) read as follows:

(1) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking for a period of five years from the date of commencement of commercial production.

- (2)
- The exemption under this clause shall apply to an undertaking which is-(a) set up between the first day of July, 1994, and the thirtieth day of June,2000, both days inclusive:
  - (b) owned and managed by a company formed exclusively for operating the said industrial undertaking engaged in fruit processing and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and having its registered office in Pakistan; and
  - (c) is not formed by splitting up or the reconstruction or reconstitution of business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business."

<sup>4</sup> Clause (121) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (121) read as follows:

"(121) Profits and gains derived by an assessee from an Industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a "Zone" within the meaning of the Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980) for the assessment years 1998-99, 1999-2000 and 2000-2001. However, exemption under this clause shall be restricted to the remaining period of exemption to which a company was entitled before the relevant amendments made by the Finance Act, 1996 (IX of 1996).

<sup>5</sup>Clause (122) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (122) read as follows:

"(122) (1) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking for a period of

Azad Jammu and Kashmir, excluding income arising from the operation of such vehicle in Pakistan to a person who is resident in Pakistan and non-resident in those territories.]

<sup>((118))</sup> Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from a pioneer industrial undertaking which is set up by 30th day of June, 1997 for a period of five years from the date of commencement of commercial production. The exemption under this clause shall apply to a pioneer industrial undertaking which-

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ]

<sup>4</sup>[(126) Any income of a public sector university established sololy for educational

five years from the date of commencement of commercial production.

- (2) The exemption under this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking which is -
  - (a) engaged in the manufacture of solar thermal, photovoltaic equipment for production of solar energy and solar appliances;
  - (b) set up between the first day of July, 1997 and the thirtieth day of June, 2000; and
  - (c) is not formed by splitting up or the reconstruction or reconstitution of business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business."

<sup>1</sup>Clause (123) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (123) read as follows:

" (123) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a "Zone" within the meaning of the Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980), for a period of five years from the date of commencement of production, and for such further period as may be allowed by the Federal Government:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking set up after the 30th June, 1997."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (124) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (124) read as follows::

"(124) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer up to the thirtieth day of June, 1997, from an industrial undertaking set up in the Karachi Export Processing Zone, declared by the Federal Government as a 'Zone' within the meaning of the Export Processing Zone, Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980)."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (125) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (125) read as follows::

"(125) (1) Profits and gains derived by a company for a period of five years from an industrial undertaking set up in such area and within such period and on such conditions as the Federal Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify:

Provided that the exemption under this sub-clause shall not be available after the 31st January, 1996, except to such companies otherwise qualifying under this clause, which have established letters of credit for the import of plant and machinery for such industrial undertaking by the 31st January, 1996.

(2) Income chargeable under the head "Capital gains" derived by a taxpayer from the sale of shares representing foreign equity in such company and on such conditions as the Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify:

Provided that the exemption under this sub-clause shall not be available to a taxpayer from the sale of shares representing foreign equity in such companies which do not qualify for exemption under sub-clause (1)."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (126) substituted by the Finance Act, 2014. The substituted Clause (126) read as follows:

"(126) (1) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking set up between the first day of July, 1995, and the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2002, both days inclusive, for a period of ten years beginning with the month in which the undertaking is set up or commercial production is commenced, whichever is the later:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available after the 31st January, 1996, except to such taxpayers, otherwise qualifying under this clause, who have established letters of credit for the import of plant and machinery for such industrial undertaking by the 31st January, 1996:

Provided further that the extension in deadline from the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 1999, to the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2002, shall not apply to those projects whose cases are *sub judice* and that the Federal Government shall decide such cases in accordance with the verdict of the apex Court.

(2) The exemption under this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking which fulfils the following conditions, namely :-

purposes and not for the purposes of profit, with effect from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2013.]

1<sup>[2</sup>[(126A) Income derived by China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited. China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, <sup>3</sup>[Gawadar] International Terminal Limited, 4[Gawadar] Marine Services Limited and <sup>5</sup>[Gawadar] Free Zone Company Limited from <sup>6</sup>[Gawadar] Port <sup>7</sup>[<sup>8</sup>[and Gawadar] Free Zone]] operations for a period of twenty-three years, with effect from the sixth day of February, 2007.]

<sup>9</sup>[(126AA)Profit and gains derived by a taxpayer from businesses set up in the <sup>10</sup>[Gawadar] Free Zone Area for a period of twenty three years with effect from the first day of July, 2016.]

<sup>11</sup>I(126AB) Profit on debt derived by-

- that it is set up in such area as may be notified by the Federal Government to be a Special (a) Industrial Zone ;
- that it is not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution of a business (b) already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business:
- that it is owned and managed by a company formed exclusively for operating such (c) industrial undertaking and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), having its registered office in Pakistan; and
- that it is not engaged in the manufacture of arms and ammunition, security printing, currency and (d) mint, high explosives, radioactive substances, alcohol (except industrial alcohol), cotton ginning, spinning (except as part of integrated textile unit), sugar manufacturing (white), flour milling, steel re-rolling and furnace, Tobacco industry, ghee or vegetable oil industry, plastic bags (including Polyropylene, and Polyethylene), beverages (excluding fruit juices), polyester industry, automobile assembly and cement industry.

<sup>1</sup>Clause (126 A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2014. The substituted clause (126A) read as follows:

- "(126A)
- income derived by Gawadar Free Zone Company Limited; (a)
  - PSA Gawadar International Terminal Limited; (b)
  - Gawadar Marine Services Limited; and (c)
  - (d) P.S.A. Gawadar (PTE) Ltd.

from Gwadar Port operations for a period of twenty years beginning from the year in which the company is set up or commercial operation is commenced, whichever is the later."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (126A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted clause read as follows:-

"(126A) income derived by China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited from Gwadar Port operations for a period of 2["twenty three"]years, with effect from the sixth day of February, 2007."

<sup>3</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>4</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>5</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>6</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>7</sup> The words inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 dated 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2019

<sup>8</sup> Inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>10</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>11</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act. 2016.

- (a) any foreign lender; or
- (b) any local bank having more than 75 per cent shareholding of the Government or the State Bank of Pakistan,

under a Financing Agreement with the China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited, <sup>1</sup>[China Overseas Port Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, Gawadar International Terminals Limited, Gwadar Marine Services Limited and Gawadar Free Zone Company Limited,] Gawadar International terminals Limited, Gawadar Marine Services Limited and Gawadar Free Zone Company Limited] for a period of twenty three years with effect from the first day of July, 2016;]

<sup>2</sup>**[(126AC)** Income derived by contractors and sub-contractors of China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited, China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, <sup>3</sup>[Gawadar] International Terminal Limited, <sup>4</sup>[Gawadar] Marine Services Limited and <sup>5</sup>[Gawadar] Free Zone Company Limited from <sup>6</sup>[Gawadar] Port <sup>7</sup>[and Gawardar Free Zone] <sup>8</sup>[and Gawadar Free Zone] operations for a period of twenty years, with effect from the first day of July, 2016.]

<sup>9</sup>[(126AD) (1) Any income derived by China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited being dividend received from China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, Gwadar International Terminal Limited Gwadar Marine Services Limited and Gwadar Free Zone Company Limited for a period of twentythree years with effect from the first day of July, 2016.

(2) Any income derived by China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited being dividend received from, Gwadar International Terminal Limited Gwadar Marine Services Limited and Gwadar Free Zone Company Limited for a period of twenty-three years with effect from the first day of July, 2016.]

<sup>10</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The expression inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020, with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The expression inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020, with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Words inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019 dated 8th October, 2019 <sup>9</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Clause (126B) inserted by S.R.O. 1100(I)/2007. dated 10.11.2007.

<sup>1</sup>[(126B) Profits and gains derived by a refinery—

- (a) from new deep conversion refinery of at least 100,000 barrels per day for which approval is given by the Federal Government before the 31st day of December, 2021; or
- (b) for the purpose of upgradation, modernization or expansion project of any existing refinery which makes undertaking to the Federal Government in writing before the 31st day of December, 2021 in this regard:

Provided that this exemption shall be available for a period of twenty years beginning from the date of commencement of commercial production in the case of new refinery and ten years from the date of completion of up gradation, modernization or expansion project of existing refinery.

Provided further that the exemption under this clause shall only be available to those refineries whose products fulfill Euro 5 standards.]

<sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

- (b) the refinery maintains separate accounts for income arising from aforesaid additional production capacity; and
- (c) the refinery is a deep conversion refinery.]"

<sup>4</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 741(I)/2008, dated 10.07.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (126B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(126B) Profit and gains derived by <sup>1</sup>[Khalifa Coastal Refinery] for a period of twenty years beginning in the month in which the refinery is setup or commercial production is commenced, whichever is the later.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (126BA) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(126BA)** Profits and gains derived by a refinery set up between the 1st day of July, 2018 and the 30th day of June, 2023 with minimum 100,000 barrels per day production capacity for a period of twenty years beginning in the month in which the refinery is set up or commercial production is commenced, whichever is later. Exemption under this clause shall also be available to existing refineries, if—

<sup>(</sup>a) existing production capacity is enhanced by at least 100,000 barrels per day;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (126C) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(126C)** (1) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking set up in Larkano Industrial Estate between the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2008 and the thirtieth day of June, 2013, both days inclusive, for a period of ten years beginning with the month in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial production commenced, whichever is the later.

<sup>(2)</sup> Exemption under this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking which is owned and managed by a company registered under the Companies Ordinance 1984 (XLVII of 1984) and formed exclusively for operating the said undertaking.]

<sup>1</sup>[(126D) Profit and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking set up in the <sup>2</sup>[Gawadar] declared by the Federal Government to be a Zone within the meaning of Export Processing Zone Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980) as Export Processing Zone, <sup>3</sup>[Gawadar], for a period of ten years beginning with the month and year in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial operation commenced, whichever is later.]

<sup>4</sup>[(126E) Income derived by a zone enterprise as defined in the Special Economic Zones Act, 2012 (XX of 2012) for a period of ten years starting from the date the developer certifies that the zone enterprise has commenced commercial operation and for a period of ten years to a developer of zone starting from the date of signing of the development agreement in the special economic zone as announced by the Federal Government] <sup>5</sup>[:

Provided that this clause shall also apply to a co-developer as defined in Special Economic Zone Rules, 2013 subject to the condition that a certificate has been furnished—

- (a) by the developer that he has not claimed exemption under this clause and has relinquished his claim in favour of the co-developer; and
- (b) by the Special Economic Zone Authority validating that the developer has not claimed exemption under this clause and has relinquished claim in favour of the co-developer.]

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<sup>7</sup>[(126EA) Profits and gains derived by –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 606(I)/2009, dated 29<sup>th</sup> June, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "Gawadar" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (126E) substituted by the Finance Act, 2013. The substituted clause (126E) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(126E) Corporate income tax holiday for a period of five years for projects from the date of start of commercial operations, and for developers of the Zone for a period of ten years from the date of start of developmental activity in the Special Economic Zones as announced by the Federal Government."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The new proviso inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (126EA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The Clause (126EA) substituted by the Finance Act 2022. Substituted clause read as follows:

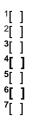
<sup>&</sup>quot;(126EA) Profits and gains derived by-

 <sup>(</sup>a) zone developer as defined in section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Authority Ordinance, 2020 from development and operations of the zones for a period of ten years starting from the date of signing of the development agreement;

<sup>(</sup>b) profits and gains of Zone Enterprises as defined in section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Authority Ordinance, 2020 for a period of ten years from the date of issuance of license by the Special Technology Zone Authority; and

<sup>(</sup>C) Special Technology Zones Authority established under the Special Technology Zones Ordinance 2020."

- (a) zone developer as defined in the Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021) from development and operations of the zones for a period of ten years starting from the date of signing of the development agreement;
- (b) zone Enterprises as defined in the Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021) for a period of ten years from the date of issuance of license by the Special Technology Zone Authority; and
- (c) Special Technology Zones Authority established under the Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021).]



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause "(126F)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (126F) read as follows:-"(126F) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA for a period of three years starting from the tax year 2010:

Provided that this concession shall not be available to the manufacturers and suppliers of cement, sugar, beverages and cigarettes."

<sup>2</sup> Clause (126G) added by S.R.O 281(I)/2014, dated 10.04.2014.

<sup>3</sup>Clause (126G) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"((126G) Profits and gains derived for a period of five years from the date of start of commercial production by the following companies from the projects mentioned against each that have been declared 'Pioneer Industry' by Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet:-

- (i) M/s. Astro Plastics (Pvt) Limited from their Biaxially Oriented Polyethylene Terephthalate (BOPET) Project; and
- (ii) M/s. Novatex Limited from their Biaxially Oriented Polyethylene Terephthalate (BOPET) Project.]

<sup>5</sup>Clause (126H) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(126H) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer, from a fruit processing or preservation unit set up in Balochistan Province, Malakand Division, Gilgit Baltistan and FATA between the first day of July, 2014 to the thirtieth day of June, 2017, both days inclusive, engaged in processing of locally grown fruits for a period of five years beginning with the month in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial production is commenced, whichever is later.]

<sup>6</sup> Clause "(126I)"added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>7</sup> Clause (126I) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**"(126I)** Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer, from an industrial undertaking set up by 31st day of December, 2016 and engaged in the manufacture of plant, machinery, equipment and items with dedicated use (no multiple uses) for generation of renewable energy from sources like solar and wind, for a period of five years beginning from first day of July, 2015. <sup>7</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (126H) inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ]

<sup>7</sup>[(126M) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from a transmission line project set up in Pakistan on or after the1st day of July, 2015 for a period of ten years. The exemption under this clause shall apply to such project which is—

<sup>2</sup>Clause (126J) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(126J) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer, from an industrial undertaking set up between 1st day of July, 2015 and 30th day of June, 2016 engaged in operating warehousing or cold chain facilities for storage of agriculture produce for a period of three years beginning with the month in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial operations are commenced, whichever is later.]"

<sup>3</sup> Clause "(126K)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>4</sup>Clause (126K) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(126K) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer, from an industrial undertaking set up between the first day of July, 2015 and the 30th day of June, 2017 for establishing and operating a halal meat production unit, for a period of four years beginning with the month in which the industrial undertaking commences commercial production. The exemption under this clause shall apply if the industrial undertaking is –

- (a) owned and managed by a company formed for operating the said halal meat production unit and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and having its registered office in Pakistan;
- (b) not formed by the splitting up, or the re construction or reconstitution, of a business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business; and
- (c) halal meat production unit is established and obtains a halal certification within the period between the first day of July, 2015 and the 30th day of June, 2017.]"

<sup>5</sup> Clause "(126L)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>6</sup>Clause (126L) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(126L) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer, from an industrial undertaking set up in the Provinces of Khyber Pukhtunkhwa and Baluchistan between 1st day of July, 2015and 30th day of June, 2018 for a period of five years beginning with the month in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial production is commenced, whichever is later:

- Provided that exemption under this clause shall be admissible where-
  - (a) the industrial undertaking is setup between the first day of July, 2015 and 30th day of June,2018, both days inclusive; and
  - (b) the industrial undertaking is not established by the splitting up or reconstruction or reconstitution of an undertaking already inexistence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an undertaking established in Pakistan at any time before 1st July 2015.]

<sup>7</sup> Clause "(126M)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>[</sup>Provided that this clause shall also apply to such undertaking set up between the 1<sup>st</sup> March 2019 and the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2023 for a period of five years beginning from the date such industrial undertaking is set up.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause "(126J)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

- (a) owned and managed by a company formed for operating the said project and registered under the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], and having its registered office in Pakistan:
- (b) not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution, of a business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business; and
- (c) owned by a company fifty per cent of whose shares are not held by the Federal Government or Provincial Government or a Local Government or which is not controlled by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government or a Local Government:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not apply to projects set up on or after the thirtieth day of June, <sup>2</sup>[2022].]

<sup>3</sup>[ <sup>4</sup>[ <sup>5</sup>[

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  The figure "2018" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause "(126N)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (126N) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(126N) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking, duly certified by the Pakistan Telecommunication Authority, engaged in the manufacturing of cellular mobile phones, for a period of five years, from the month of commencement of commercial production:

Provided that the industrial undertaking has been setup and commercial production has commenced between the first day of July, 2015 and the thirtieth day of June, 2017 and the industrial undertaking is not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution, of a business already inexistence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan 4[:]" <sup>5</sup> New clause (1260) inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act,

<sup>2019</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (126O) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1260) Profits and gains of a company from a green field industrial undertaking for a period of five years incorporated on or after the first day of July, 2019 provided that the green field industrial undertaking is not formed by the splitting up or reconstitution of an undertaking already in existence or by transfer of machinery or plant from an undertaking established in Pakistan before the commencement of the new business.]" Clause (127) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (127) read as follows:

<sup>(127) (1)</sup> Profit and gains derived by a taxpayer from an industrial undertaking set up between the first day of July, 1995, and the thirtieth day of June, 1997, both days inclusive, for a period of eight

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- It is set up in a rural area i.e., outside the limits of any municipal corporation, municipal committee, cantonment board or Islamabad Capital Territory and in no case within the following areas namely :
  - up to ten kilometres from the municipal or cantonment limits of Karachi or (a) Lahore: and
  - up to ten kilometres from the existing limits of municipal corporations or (b) cantonments boards;

Explanation: The distance between an industrial undertaking and the outer boundary of a municipal or cantonment limit shall be measured in a straight line on horizontal plane as provided in section 11 of the General Clauses Act, (X of 1897), and the said distance, wherever required, will be defined and determined by the concerned officer of the District Administration.

- (ii) It is not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution of a business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business.
- (iii) It is owned and managed by a company formed for operating such industrial undertaking and registered under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), having its registered office in Pakistan.
- (iv) It is an undertaking engaged in any of the following agro-based industries:
  - cultivation, production, processing and preservation of flowers and ornamental (a) plants;
  - (b) cattle, sheep and goat forming for the production and processing of meat. It will cover rearing, sale and slaughtering of animals and processing and packing of meat and meat products:
  - dairy farming for the production of milk; (c) (d)
  - processing, packing, preservation and canning of milk and milk products with or without addition of other things;
  - processing, packing, preservation and canning of meat and meat products: (e)
  - processing, packing, preservation and canning of fruits and vegetable; (f)
  - (á) inland farming and preservation, packing and canning of fish and seafood with or without addition of other things;
  - cultivation, production and multiplication of high yielding seeds of cereals, (h) pulses, vegetables, fruits, oilseeds, and cash crops like sugarcane, cotton coca, coffee, tea, herbs and spices;
  - (i) cultivation, production and extraction of edible oils;
  - poultry farming and processing, packing, preservation and canning of poultry (i) meat with or without addition of other things; and
- (k) manufacture of cattle and poultry feeds."

<sup>1</sup>Clause (128) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (128) read as follows:

" (128) Any income accruing or arising outside Pakistan to an industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a 'Zone' within the meaning of the Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980), provided the said income accrues or arises from such activities of the said undertaking as are approved by the Federal Government:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking set up after the 30th June, 1997."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (129) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (129) read as follows:

(129) Any income of Saudi-Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company Limited in Pakistan for a period of twenty years commencing with the thirty-first day of December, 1982."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (130) omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted clause (130) read as follows:

"(130) Any income of Pakistan-Kuwait Investment Company in Pakistan for a period of twenty years

vears beginning with the month in which commercial production is commenced.

<sup>(2)</sup> The exemption under this clause shall apply to an industrial undertaking which fulfils the following conditions, namely :-

(132) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from an electric power generation project set up in Pakistan on or after the 1st day of July, 1988. The exemption under this clause shall apply to such project which is—

- (a) owned and managed by a company formed for operating the said project and registered under the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), and having its registered office in Pakistan;
- (b) not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution, of a business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business; and
  - (c) owned by a company fifty per cent of whose shares are not held by the Federal Government or Provincial Government or a <sup>3</sup>[Local Government] or which is not controlled by the Federal Government or a Provincial Government or a <sup>4</sup>[Local

"(131) Any income-

(b) of any other taxpayer as is derived by him, in the income year relevant to assessment year beginning with the first day of July, 1982 and any assessment year thereafter, by way of fees for technical services rendered outside Pakistan to a foreign enterprise under an agreement entered into in this behalf :-

Provided that-

- (ii) where any income as aforesaid is not brought into Pakistan in the year in which it is earned and tax is paid thereon, an amount equal to the tax so paid shall be deducted from the tax payable for the year in which it is brought into Pakistan and, where no tax is payable for that year or the tax payable is less than the amount to be deducted, the whole or such part of the said amount as is not deducted shall be carried forward and deducted from the tax payable for the year next following and so on."
- <sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

from the date of its incorporation."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (131) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>(</sup>a) of company registered under the Companies Ordinance 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and having its registered office in Pakistan, as is derived by it by way of royalty, commission or fees from a foreign enterprise in consideration for the use outside Pakistan of any patent, invention, model, design, secret process or formula or similar property right, or information concerning industrial, commercial or scientific knowledge, experience or skill made available or provided to such enterprise by the company or in the consideration of technical services rendered outside Pakistan to such enterprise by the company under an agreement in this behalf, or

such income is received in Pakistan by or on behalf of the said company or other taxpayer, as the case may be, in accordance with the law for the time being in force for regulating payments and dealings in foreign exchange; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "local authority" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

Government]:

Provided that the condition laid down in sub-clause (a) shall not apply to the Hub Power Company Limited <sup>1</sup>[:]

<sup>2</sup>[Provided further the exemption under this clause shall not apply to oil fired power plants setup <sup>3</sup>[between 22nd October, 2002 and 30th June, 2006] <sup>4</sup>[but shall apply to Dual Fuel (Oil/Gas) power projects set up on or after the first September, 2005] <sup>5</sup>[:] ]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided further that the exemption under this clause shall be available to companies registered in Pakistan or Azad Jammu and Kashmir owning and managing Hydel Power Projects, set up in Azad Jammu and Kashmir or Pakistan <sup>7</sup>[:]]

<sup>8</sup>[Provided further that exemption under this clause shall also be available to the expansion projects of the existing Independent Power Projects already in operation<sup>9</sup>[":"]

<sup>10</sup>[Provided also that conditions laid down in sub-clause (b) shall not apply to electric power generation project formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or the reconstitution of an electric power generation business already in existence and availing exemption under this clause] <sup>11</sup>[:

<sup>12</sup>[Provided further that the exemption under this clause shall be available to persons, who enter into agreement or to whom letter of intent is issued by the Federal or Provincial Government for setting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop substituted by S.R.O. 940(I)/2002, dated 19.12.2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words, figures and comma "on or after 22<sup>nd</sup> October, 2002" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1009(I)/2005 dated 26.09.2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Full stop substituted by S.R.O. 405(I)/2008, dated 26.04.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added by S.R.O. 405(I)/208, dated 26.04.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Full stop substituted by S.R.O. 248(I)/2015 dated 27.03.2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Proviso added by S.R.O. 248(I)/2015 dated 27.03.2015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Proviso substituted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022. The substituted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that no exemption under this clause shall be available to persons, who enter into agreement or to whom letter of intent is issued by Federal or Provincial Government for setting up an electric power generation project in Pakistan after the 30th day of June, 2021."

up an electric power generation project in Pakistan on or before the 30th day of June, 2021 and who obtains the letter of support on or before the 30th day of June, 2023.]

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[(132AA) Profits and gains derived from sale of electricity by National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited or demerged entities of National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited commencing from the commercial operation dates and continuing after the date of change of ownership as a result of privatization by the Privatization Commission of Pakistan.]

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<sup>6</sup>[(132C) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from a bagasse/biomass based cogeneration power project having one or more boilers of not less than 60 bar (kg/CM3) pressure each, commissioned after the first day of January 2013.]

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<sup>2</sup>Clause (132A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 650(I)/2009, dated 09.07.2009.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(132À) Profit and gains derived by Bosicor Oil Pakistan Limited for a period of seven and half years beginning from the day on which the refinery is set up or commercial production is commenced whichever is later.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (132B) inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Clause (132B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(132B) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer from a coal mining project in Sindh, supplying coal exclusively to power generation projects.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (132C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (133) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (133) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(133) Income from export of computer software and its related services developed in Pakistan:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available after the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2016."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (133) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>(133)</sup> Income from exports of computer software or IT services or IT enabled services upto the period ending on 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, <sup>8</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[2025:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>["Provided that eighty per cent of the export proceeds is brought into Pakistan in foreign exchange remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels."]

Explanation.- For the purpose of this clause –

<sup>(</sup>a) "IT Services" include software development, software maintenance, system integration,

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web design, web development, web hosting, and network design, and

(b) "IT enabled services" include inbound or outbound call centres, medical transcription, remote monitoring, graphics design, accounting services, HR services, telemedicine centers, data entry operations <sup>8</sup>[, locally produced television programs] and insurance claims processing.]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (133A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (133A) read as follows:

"(133A) Any income derived by an individual from transfer of his membership rights or shares of a stock exchange in Pakistan along with a room in the Stock Exchange to a company at any time between the first day of July, 2005, and the thirtieth day of June, 2008."

<sup>2</sup> Clause (134) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (134) read as follows:

"(134) Any amount received on encashment of any certificate issued in pursuance of the US Dollar Bearer Certificate Rules, 1991:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall not be available in respect of certificates purchased on or after the 15 June, 1995."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (135) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (135) read as follows:

"(135) Any amount received on encashment of Special US Dollar Bond issued under the Special US Dollar Bonds Rules, 1998."

<sup>4</sup> Inserted by S.R.O. 64(I)/2012, dated 27.01.2012.

<sup>5</sup>Clauses (135A) and (136) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

"(135A)Any income derived by a non-resident from investment in OGDCL exchangeable bonds issued by the Federal Government.]

(136) Any income of a special purpose vehicle as defined in the Asset Backed Securitization Rules, 1999 made under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984):

Provided that, if there is any income which accrues or arises in the accounts of the special purpose vehicle, after completion of the process of the securitization<sup>5</sup>["or redemption of *sukuks*"], it shall be returned to the Originator as defined by the said rules within the income year next following the year in which the income has been determined and such income shall be taxable in the hands of the Originator.]"

<sup>6</sup>Clause (137) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (137) read as follows:

" (137) Income of Fugro Geodetic Limited from execution of contract with the Government of Pakistan for survey for the establishment of the Continental Shelf of Pakistan."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (138) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (138) read as follows:

"(138) Any income referred to in Section 3.4 (a) of the Facilitation Agreement between the President of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and the taxpayer purchasing the KotAddu Power Station from Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority for a period of ten years from 28th June, 1996; provided, however, that the exemption under this clause shall only be available subject to the business of the said taxpayer being restricted to owing and operating the KotAddu power station." <sup>1</sup>**[(139)** (a) The benefit represented by free provision to the employee of medical treatment or hospitalization or both by an employer or the reimbursement received by the employee of the medical charges or hospital charges or both paid by him, where such provision or reimbursement is in accordance with the terms of employment:

Provided that National Tax Number of the hospital or clinic, as the case may be, is given and the employer also certifies and attests the medical or hospital bills to which this clause applies;

(a) any medical allowance received by an employee not exceeding ten per cent of the basic salary of the employee if free medical treatment or hospitalization or reimbursement of medical or hospitalization charges is not provided for in the terms of employment; or

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<sup>3</sup>[(140) All payments on account of principal, interest, or fees received by the Overseas Private Investment Corporation (OPIC), from development project undertaken in pursuance to the Investment Incentive Agreement signed between the Government of Pakistan and the Government of the United States of America, dated 18<sup>th</sup> November, 1997.]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (139) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (139) read as follows:

is given and the employer also certifies and attests the medical or hospital bills to which this clause applies; or

(b) Any amount paid by a taxpayer, being an individual and resident in Pakistan, by way of personal expenditure on medical service, to the extent of 10% of taxable income returned in return of income or Rs 30,000 whichever is lower. Provided that the receipts in respect of such expenditure being name, National Tax Number and complete address of the medical practitioners are furnished along with his return of income."

<sup>2</sup>Sub-clause (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted sub-clause (c) read as follows:

"(c) any amount paid during a year by a taxpayer, being a resident individual, by way of personal expenditure on medical service to the extent of ten per cent of taxable income declared in his return of income for the said tax year or thirty thousand rupees – whichever is the less:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(139) (a) Any benefit, reimbursement received by an employee on account of medical charges or hospital charges, or both, incurred by an employee, as provided for under the terms of the employee's employment agreement; or where such benefit for reimbursement, medical charges or hospital charges, or both are not provided for under the terms of employment's agreement, medical allowance upto maximum of 10% of the basic pay for the year: Provided that National Tax Number of the hospital or clinic, as the case may be,

Provided that the receipts of such expenditure bearing name, National Tax Number and complete address of the medical practitioners are furnished along with his return of income."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by S.R.O. 1353(I)/2012, dated 31.10.2012.

<sup>1</sup>**[(140A)** Any profit on debt received by Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), from Islamabad-Burhan Transmission Reinforcement Project (Phase-I) undertaken in pursuance to the loan agreement for Islamabad-Burhan Transmission Reinforcement Project (Phase-I).]

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<sup>4</sup>[(142) Income from social security contributions derived by Balochistan Employees' Social Security Institution, Employees' Social Security Institution Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab Employees' Social Security Institution and Sindh Employees' Social Security Institution.

*Explanation.*— For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that all incomes other than social security contributions shall not be exempt;]

<sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[]

<sup>7</sup> Clauses (144) and (145) added by S.R.O. 887(I)/2018, dated 23.07.2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause "(141)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (141) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(141) Profit and gains derived by LNG Terminal Operators and Terminal Owners for a period of five years beginning from the date when commercial operations are commenced."]".]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause "(142)" added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (143) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(143) Profit and gains derived by a start-up as defined in clause (62A) of section 2 for the tax year in which the start-up is certified by the Pakistan Software Export Board and the following two tax years.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Clauses (144) and (145) omitted by S.R.O. 1213(I)/2018 dated 05.10.2018. The omitted clauses read as under:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(144)** Profits and gains derived by individuals from any source in the districts of Chitral, Dir and Swat (which includes Kalam), the former Tribal Area in Kohistan district, Malakand former Protected Areas the former Tribal Area adjoining Mansehra district, the former State of Amb, Zhob district, Loralai district (excluding Duki Tehsil), Dalbandin Tehsil of Chagai district and Marri and former Bugti Tribal territories of Sibi district, former Tribal Areas adjoining the district of Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Dera Ismail Khan, Tank as well as former Tribal Areas i.e. Bajaur Agency, Orakzai Agency, Mohmand Agency, Khyber Agency, Kurram Agency, North Waziristan Agency and South Waziristan Agency, provided that existing business set ups register themselves with field offices of FBR by 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2018.

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(145)** Profits and gains of existing businesses conducted by association of persons and companies from any source in the districts of Chitral, Dir and Swat (which includes Kalam), the former Tribal Area in Kohistan district, Malakand former Protected Areas the former Tribal Area adjoining Mansehra

<sup>1</sup>**[(145A)** Any income which was not chargeable to tax prior to the commencement of the Constitution (Twenty-fifth Amendment) Act, 2018 (XXXVII of 2018) of any individual domiciled or company and association of persons resident in the Tribal Area forming part of the Provinces of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan under paragraph (d) of Article 246 of the Constitution with effect from the 1st day of June, 2018 to the 30th day of June, <sup>2</sup>[2024] (both days inclusive).]

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<sup>5</sup>[(147) Any income derived by the Federal Government Employees Housing Authority and Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority for the tax year 2020 and the following four tax years.]

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<sup>7</sup>[(149) Any sum—

- (i) remitted to Pakistan through banking channels in foreign currency received by an international buying house from its non-resident principal to meet its expenses in Pakistan; and
- chargeable under the head "Salary" received by a person who, not being a citizen or resident of Pakistan, is engaged as an expert by an international buying house.

district, the former State of Amb, Zhob district, Loralai district (excluding Duki Tehsil), Dalbandin Tehsil of Chagai district and Marri and former Bugti Tribal territories of Sibi district, former Tribal Areas adjoining the district of Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Dera Ismail Khan, Tank as well as former Tribal Areas i.e. Bajaur Agency, Orakzai Agency, Mohmand Agency, Khyber Agency, Kurram Agency, North Waziristan Agency and South Waziristan Agency, provided that existing business set ups register themselves with field offices of FBR by 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2018.

Provided further that the exemption under this clause shall be restricted to the association of persons and companies whose registered offices are in the aforesaid Areas.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New clause (145A) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The figure "2023" substituted by Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by S.R.O. 1213(I)/2018, dated 05.10.2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (146) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(146)** Any income which was not chargeable to tax prior to the commencement of the Constitution (Twenty-fifth Amendment) Act, 2018 (XXXVII of 2018) of any individual domiciled or company and association of persons resident in the Tribal Areas forming part of the Provinces of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan under paragraph (d) of Article 246 of the Constitution with effect from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of June, 2018 to the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2023 (both days inclusive).]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New clause (147) added though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (148) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(148) Any income derived by Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Company Limited (INPCCL)".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (149) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

*Explanation.*—For the purpose of this clause international buying house means persons acting as buying offices, buyers' agents, or representatives of international buyers for facilitating exports from Pakistan and are registered as liaison offices with Board of Investment or companies registered with SECP. Provided that such buying houses act as cost centers with the sole purpose to bring export orders to Pakistan on behalf of their principals and do not enter into any local business transactions in Pakistan and their expenses are remitted to Pakistan.]

<sup>1</sup>**[(150)** Income derived by Siyahkalem Engineering Construction Industry and Trade Company Limited <sup>2</sup>[and Alteraz Engineering Consultant] from contract dated 23<sup>rd</sup> day of May 2017 with Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority, financed by the Saudi Fund for Development with effect from tax year 2017.

(151) Any income derived by a person from cinema operations for five years from the commencement of cinema operations.

(152) Profits and gains derived between the first day of July, 2022 and the thirtieth day of June, 2025 both days inclusive, by a venture capital company and venture capital fund registered under relevant Venture Capital Companies and Funds Management Rules issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

**(153)** Profits and gains from the production of feature film derived between the first day of July, 2022 and the thirtieth day of June, 2027 both days inclusive by a resident producer or a resident production house.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (150), (151), (152) and (153) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Words inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

### PART II REDUCTION IN TAX RATES

Incomes or classes of income, or persons or classes of persons, enumerated below, shall be liable to tax at such rates which are less than the rates specified in the First Schedule, as are specified hereunder:

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (1) read as follows:

"(1) The rates of income tax, as specified in the First Schedule and as applicable to the profits and gains derived by a resident company from an undertaking setup between the First day of July, 1981 and the Thirtieth day of June, 1998, both days inclusive, and engaged in the exploration and extraction of such mineral deposits, other than petroleum, as is specified by the Federal Government by a notification in the Official Gazette, shall be reduced by 50% for a period of five years immediately next following the period of five years from the date of commercial production."

<sup>2</sup> Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(2) Any income of persons whose profits or gains from business are computed under the Fifth Schedule to this Ordinance as is derived from letting out to other similar persons any pipeline for the purpose of carriage of petroleum shall be charged to tax at the same rate as is applicable to such persons in accordance with the provisions of the said Schedule."

<sup>3</sup> Clause (3) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted clause read as follows:-

(3) The tax in respect of income from services rendered <sup>3</sup>[and construction contracts] outside Pakistan shall be charged at the rate of one per cent of the gross receipts, provided that <sup>3</sup>[receipts from services and income from contracts] are brought into Pakistan in foreign exchange through normal banking channel.

<sup>4</sup> Clause (3) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(3) (a) The tax in respect of income from services rendered outside Pakistan and construction contracts executed outside Pakistan shall be charged at the rates as specified in sub-clause (b), provided that receipts from services and income from contracts are brought into Pakistan in foreign exchange through normal banking channel.

(b) The rates in respect of income from services rendered outside Pakistan shall be 50% of the rates as specified in clause (2) of Division III of Part III of the First Schedule and the rates in respect of contracts executed outside Pakistan shall be 50% of the rates as specified in clause (3) of Division III of Part III of the First Schedule."]"

<sup>5</sup>Clause (3A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (3A) read as follows:

**"(3A)** The tax in respect of income from construction contracts out side Pakistan shall be charged at the rate of one per cent of the gross receipts provided that such income is brought into Pakistan in foreign exchange through normal banking channel."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (3B) inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ]

<sup>4</sup>[(5A) The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152, in respect of payments <sup>5</sup>[from] profit on debt payable to a non-resident person having no permanent establishment in Pakistan, <sup>6</sup>[other than those covered under clauses (78) and (79) of Part I of the Second Schedule,] shall be 10% of the gross amount paid <sup>7</sup>[:]

<sup>8</sup>[Provided that tax deducted on profit on debt from debt instruments, Government securities including treasury bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds shall be final tax on profit on debt payable to a non-resident person having no permanent establishment in Pakistan and the investments are exclusively made through a Special Rupee Convertible Account maintained with a Bank in Pakistan.]

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply in respect of undertakings whose period of exemption under clause (124) of Part I will expire after the 30th June, 1997."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (3B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3B) The income of Pakistan Cricket Board derived from sources outside Pakistan including media rights, gate money, sponsorship fee, in-stadium rights, out-stadium rights, payments made by International Cricket Council, Asian Cricket Council or any other Cricket Board shall be taxed at a rate of four per cent of the gross receipts from such sources:

Provided that Pakistan Cricket Board may opt to pay tax at the rate of four per cent of the gross receipts from tax year 2010 and onwards:

Provided further that this option shall be available subject to withdrawal of appeals, references and petitions on the issue of tax rate pending before any appellate forum or tax authority:

Provided further that the outstanding tax liability payable under this clause up to tax year 2015 is paid by  $30^{th}$  June, 2016."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (4) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(4) In the case of an industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a "Zone" within the meaning of the Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980), the income, profits and gains of such undertaking accruing or arising after the expiry of the period of exemption under clause (132) of Part I shall be charged to tax for a period of five years thereafter at the rate equal to twenty-five per cent of the rates specified in the First Schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (5) read as follows: -

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5) The tax chargeable in respect of commission received by an export indenting agent or an export buying house shall be at the rate equal to the rate of tax applicable to the exporter on export of goods to which such commission relates."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (5A) substituted by SRO 218(I)/2008, dated 06.03.2008. The substituted clause (5A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(5A)The rate of withholding tax in respect of payments for profit on debt payable to a non-resident person, having no permanent establishment in Pakistan, shall be the rate as provided in Avoidance of Double Taxation Treaty of the respective country of the non-resident."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The word "for" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This expression inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this expression was inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>1</sup>**[(5AA)** The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152, in respect of payments to an individual, on account of profit on debt earned from a debt instrument, whether conventional or shariah compliant, issued by the Federal Government under the Public Debt Act, 1944 and purchased exclusively through a bank account maintained abroad, a non-resident Rupee account repatriable (NRAR) or a foreign currency account maintained with a banking company in Pakistan shall be ten percent of the gross amount paid:

Provided that tax deducted on such profit on debt shall be final tax.]

<sup>2</sup>[(5AB) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 151 shall be ten percent from the profit on debt from a debt instrument, whether conventional or Shariah compliant, issued by the Federal Government under the Public Debt Act, 1944 (XVIII of 1944) or its wholly owned special purpose company, purchased by a resident citizen of Pakistan who has already declared foreign assets to the Board through a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) maintained with authorized banks in Pakistan under the foreign exchange regulation issued by the State Bank of Pakistan:

Provided that the tax so deducted shall be the final tax.

**(5AC)** The rate of tax to be deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152 or under section 151, as the case may be, shall be zero percent of the gross amount of profit on debt paid, covered under clauses (78) and (79) of Part I of the Second Schedule.]

<sup>3</sup>[]

4[]

5[]

<sup>5</sup>Clause (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (6) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (5AA) inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clauses (5AB) and (5AC) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier these clauses were inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (5B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows: "(5B) The tax in respect of capital gains derived by a person from the sale of shares or assets by a private limited company to Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund shall be charged at the rate of ten per cent of such gains.]"

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6) In the case of resident person the profit on Special US Dollar Bonds purchased out of any incremental deposits made in the existing foreign currency accounts on or after the 16th day of December, 1999, or out of new accounts opened on or after the said date, shall be liable to deduction of income tax under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 151 at the rate of 10 per cent

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[]

3[]

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<sup>5</sup>[(9AA) In respect of import of white sugar from the 25th day of August, 2020 to the 15th day of November, 2020 both days inclusive, tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 0.25% as per quantity, quality, mode and manner prescribed by Ministry of Commerce during the said period.

**(9AB)** Tax under section 148 on commercial import of the white sugar shall be collected at the rate of 0.25% from the 26th day of January 2021 till the 30th day of June, 2021.

- (a) Defence Savings Certificates, Special Savings Certificates Savings Accounts or Post Office Savings Account, made on, or after, the first day of July, 2001, where such deposit does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand rupees; and
- (b) Investment in Monthly income Saving Accounts Scheme of Directorate of National Savings on, or after, the first day of July, 2001, where monthly installment in an account does not exceed one thousand rupees."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (8) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (8) read as follows:

**"(8)** In the case of Daewoo Corporation, Seoul, Korea (hereinafter referred to as the Contractor), payments received in full or in part (including a payment by way of an advance) in pursuance of the contract agreements made with the National Highway Authority on the thirtieth day of December, 1991, for design and construction of Lahore-Islamabad Motorway shall be deemed to be the income of the Contractor and charged to tax at the rate of three per cent of such payments which shall constitute final discharge of his tax liability under this Ordinance and the Contractor shall not be required to file the return of income under section 114."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (9) omitted by S.R.O. 140(I)?2013, dated 26.02.2013. The omitted clause (9) read as follows:

"(9) Tax under section 148 shall be collected at rate of the 1% on import of all fibres, yarns and fabrics and goods covered by the Zero Rating Regime of the Sales Tax notified by Central Board of Revenue."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (9A) omitted by S.R.O. 140(I)?2013, dated 26.02.2013. The omitted clause (9A) read as follows:

"(9A) Tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 3% on the import value of raw material imported by an industrial undertaking for its own use:

Provided that the rate of 3% shall be applicable on production of an exemption certificate issued by the Commissioner."

<sup>5</sup> Clauses (9AA), (9AB) and (9AC) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier theses clauses were inserted through SROs 771(I)/2020 dated 24.08.2020 and 235(I)/2021 dated 23.02.2021.

of the amount of the said profit."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (7) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) In case of any resident individual, the tax from profit or interest of any National Savings Schemes of Directorate of National Savings or Post Office Savings Account in which investment is made on, or after, the first day of July, 2001, shall be deducted at the rate of ten per cent of such profit or interest:

Provided that no tax shall be deducted from income or profits paid on-

**(9AC)** Subject to quota allotment by Commerce Division, tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 0.25% on import of raw sugar imported by sugar mills from the 26th day of January, 2021 to the 30th day of June, 2021 both days inclusive provided that such imports shall not exceed fifty thousand metric tons per sugar mill and three hundred thousand metric tons in aggregate by the sugar industry.]

<sup>1</sup> [	]		
<sup>2</sup> [	]		
<sup>3</sup> [	]		
<sup>4</sup> [	]		
5[	]		
<sup>6</sup> [	]		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (9B) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (9B) read as follows:

<sup>4</sup>Clause (11) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (11) read as follows:

"(11) In the case of a non-resident O&M Contractor payments, received in full or in part including a payment by way of an advance, for the operation and maintenance of a private sector power project and transmission line projects approved by the Federal Government shall be deemed to be the income of the said O&M Contractor and charged to tax at the rate of five per cent of such payments for a period of three years beginning with the date of commencement of company's operations which shall constitute the final discharge of tax liability by the O&M Contractor under this Ordinance in respect of the said project."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (12) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (12) read as follows:

"(12) In the case of consortium of M/s. STFA Construction Company of Turkey and M/s. JDN of Belgium (hereinafter referred to as the contractor) all payments received in pursuance of the contract agreement No. CEN-126/93, made with the Ormara Naval Harbour Project Board, on the fourteenth day of June, 1993, for the construction of a Naval Harbour at Ormara (including offshore and land development works), chargeable to tax in any assessment year, shall be deemed to be the income of the contractor and charged to tax at the rate of three per cent which shall constitute final discharge of contractor's tax liability under this Ordinance."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (13) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (13) read as follows:

"(13) Tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 1% on imports of capital goods and raw material imported exclusively for its own use by a manufacturer registered with Sales Tax

<sup>&</sup>quot;(9B) Tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 1% on import value of remeltable steel (PCT Heading 72.04) and directly reduced Iron imported by an industrial undertaking for its own use."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (9C) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (9C) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(9C) Tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 1% in case of manufacturers and 3% in case of commercial importers covered under Notification No. S.R.O. 1125(I)/2011 dated the 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2011."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (10) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (10) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(10) In the case of M/s Fauji Foundation and Army Welfare Trust, so much of the income chargeable under the head "Income from business " as is not exempt under clause (58) of Part I, shall be charged to tax at the rate of 20% of such income."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ]

Department."

<sup>1</sup> Clause (13A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (13A) read as follows:

<sup>2</sup> Clause (13B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (13B) read as follows:

"(13B) In respect of goods falling under HS Code 801.1100, 801.3200, 802.1200, 802.9010, 902.4010, 902.4090, 2101.1110, 2101.1120, 0902.2000, 904.1110, 907.0000, 908.1000, 3702.3100, 3705.2000, 3707.9000, 4011.2090, 6301.1000, 8204.0000, 8301.1000, 8511.1000, 8525.4000, 8529.9010, 9004.1000 0904.1120 (White Pepper), 0904.1190 (Long Pepper), 0906.1000 (Cassia), 0813.4010 (Tamarind), 0908.3020 (Small Cardamom), 0908.3010 (Big Cardamom), 0909.1000 (Star Aniseeds), 0802.5000 (Pistachio), 1211.9000 (Medical Herbs), 1301.1010 (Seed Lac), 1903.0010 (Sago Seeds), 1301.9090 (Gum Gopal), 3706.9000 Other (cinematographic film), 9613.1000 (Pocket lighters, gas fuelled, non-refillable) and 9613.2000 (Pocket lighters, gas fuelled, refillable) and such other goods as notified by Central Board of Revenue of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), imported, the tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 2% of its import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty, if any, levied thereon."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (13C) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (13C) read as follows:-

"(13C) In respect of manufacturers of cooking oil or vegetable ghee or both, the rate of income tax on purchase of locally produced edible oil shall be 2% of the purchase price."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (13D) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. Earlier clause (13D) was inserted by S.R.O.

769(I)/2004, dated 06.09.2004. The omitted clause (13D) read as follows:

"(13D) In respect of import of polyester yarn/fibre all types, the tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of two per cent of the value of such items as increased by customs-duty and sales tax, if any, levied thereon."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (13E) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (13E) read as follows:

"(13E) In respect of potassic fertilizers imported in pursuance of Economic Coordination Committee of the cabinet's decision No. ECC-155/12/2004 dated the 9<sup>th</sup> December, 2004, the tax under section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 shall be collected at the rate of one per cent of its import value as increased by customs-duty and sales tax, if any, levied thereon."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (13F) omitted by S.R.O. 1037(I)/2005, dated 14.10.2005. The omitted clause (13F) read as follows:

"(**13F**) In respect of import of blankets (acrylic), the tax under section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 shall be collected at the rate of two per cent of the value of such items as increased by customs-duty and sales tax, if any, levied thereon."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(13A) In respect of phosphatic fertilizers imported and specified in Notification No. S.R.O. 609(I)/2004, dated 16<sup>th</sup> July, 2004 the tax under section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 shall be collected at the rate of 1% of its import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty, if any, levied thereon."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ]

"(13G) Tax under section 148 on the following item shall be collected @ 1% of their import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty, if any levied thereon:

- iv. Gold;
- v. Mobile telephone sets;
- vi. Silver;"

<sup>2</sup>Clause (13H) omitted by Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (13H) read as follows:

"(13H) Tax under section 148 on the following items shall be collected @ 2% of their import value as increased by Customs duty, Federal Excise Duty and sales tax, if any levied thereon;

- (i) raw material for steel industry including remeltable; and re-rollable scrap;
- (ii) raw material for manufacturer of poultry feed;
- (iii) stationery;
- edibale oil including crude oil imported as raw material for manufacturer of ghee or cooking oil;
- (v) Energy saver lamps [PCT heading 8539.10];
- (vi) Bitumem [PCT heading 2714];
- (vii) Fixed wireless terminal [PCT heading 8525.2040]
- (viii) Pesticides and wedicides."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (13HH) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (13HH) read as follows:

"(**13HH)** Tax shall be deducted under section 153 at the rate of 1% on the sale value of rice to be sold by Rice Exporters Association of Pakistan (REAP) to Utility Store Corporation, in accordance with the provisions of the agreement, signed with Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock (MINFAL) on May 5, 2008."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (13HHH) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. Earlier it was inserted by SRO 645(I)/2008, dated 20.06.2008. The omitted clause (13HHH) read as follows:

"(**13HHH)** Tax shall be deducted under section 153 at the rate 0.75% on the sale value of rice to be sold by Rice Exporters Association of Pakistan (REAP) to Utility Store Corporation, in accordance with the provisions of the agreement, signed by REAP with Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock (MINFAL) on May 5, 2008:

Provided that this clause shall be applicable up to June 30, 2008."

<sup>5</sup>Clause "(14)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (14) read as follows:-

"(14) In case of owners of <sup>5</sup>[goods transport vehicles], the rate of tax as specified in clause (i) of

Division III of Part IV of First Schedule shall be reduced to Rs.2 per kilogram of the laden weight."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (14A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (14A) read as follows:-

"(14A) In case of passenger transport vehicles, the rate of tax as specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (2) in Division III of Part IV of the First Schedule shall be reduced to 250 rupees per seat per annum."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (13G) omitted by S.R.O.140(I)/2013, dated 26.02.2013. The omitted clause (13G) read as follows:

<sup>1</sup> [ ²[	] ]			
3[	]			
<sup>4</sup> [	]			
5[	]			
6[	]			
7[	]			
8 <mark>8</mark>	]			

<sup>1</sup>Clause (14B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (14B) read as follows:-

Provided further that the tax already paid from 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2012, as per rates specified in Division III of part IV of the First Schedule, shall not be refunded."

"(14) Tax shall be deducted under section 154 at the rate of 0.75% from foreign exchange proceeds on account of exports of –

- (i) rice marketed under a brand name up to fifty kilograms packs;
- (ii) canned and bottled fish including sea-food and other food items; and
- (iii) precious and semi-precious stones whether uncut, cut, or polished."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (15) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (15) read as follows:

"(15) Tax shall be deducted under section 154 at the rate of 0.75% from foreign exchange proceeds on account of exports of fish and fisheries products packed in retail packs of five hundred grams to two kilograms."

<sup>4</sup> Clause (16) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (16) read as follows:

"(16) In the case of a non-resident company, rate of deduction of tax under section 150 on dividends received from a company engaged exclusively in mining operations, other than petroleum, shall be 7.5 per cent of the gross amount of dividend."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (17) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (17) read as follows:

"(17) The rates of tax as specified in Division III of Part-I of First Schedule shall be reduced to 7.5% in case of dividends declared or distributed by purchaser of a power project privatised by WAPDA."

- <sup>6</sup> Clauses (18) added by the Finance Act, 2002.
- <sup>7</sup> Clause (18) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:
  "(18) In the case of a modaraba the rate of income tax shall be 25% of total income excluding such part of total income to which Division III of Part L of the First Schedule or section 153 or section 154.

part of total income to which Division III of Part I of the First Schedule or section153 or section 154 applies.]

<sup>8</sup> Clause (18A) Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(**14B**) In case of owners of goods transport vehicles, the rate of tax as specified in clause (i) of Division III of Pat IV of First Schedule shall be reduced to two Rupees per kilogram of the laden weight for the period commencing on the 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2012 and ending on the 17<sup>th</sup> November, 2012 (both days inclusive):

Provided that owners of the passenger transport vehicles may pay tax for the period 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2012 to 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2013 at the rates under this clause, if the tax is paid by the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2014:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (14) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (14) read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>4</sup>[(18C) The rate of tax as specified in Division-III of Part-I of First Schedule shall be reduced to 7.5% in case of dividends declared by a company as are "attributable" to profits and gains derived from a bagasse and biomass based cogeneration power project qualifying for exemption under clause (132C) of Part-I of this Schedule:

Provided that the amount of "attributable" dividends shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:-

AXB/C

Where-

- A is the total amount of dividend for the year;
- B is the accounting profit for the year attributable to the bagasse and biomass based cogeneration power project qualifying for exemption under clause (132C) of Part-I of this Schedule; and
- C is the total accounting profit before tax for the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (18A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(18A)** The rate of tax as specified in Division II of Part 1 of the First Schedule shall be reduced to 20% for a company setting up an industrial undertaking between the first day of July, 2014 to the thirtieth day of June, 2017, for a period of five years beginning from the month in which the industrial undertaking is set up or commercial production is commenced whichever is later:

Provided that fifty percent of the cost of the project including working capital is through owner equity foreign direct investment.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (18B) inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (18B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(18B)** The rate of tax as specified in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule shall be reduced by 2% in case of a company whose shares are traded on stock exchange if:

 <sup>(</sup>a) it fulfils prescribed *shari'ah* compliant criteria approved by State Bank of Pakistan, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Board;

<sup>(</sup>b) derives income from manufacturing activities only;

<sup>(</sup>c) has declared taxable income for the last three consecutive tax years; and

<sup>(</sup>d) has issued dividend for the last five consecutive tax years."]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (18C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

*Explanation.* — For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that accounting profit attributable to the bagasse/biomass based cogeneration power project would be determined by the external auditor of the company and the external auditor shall issue a certificate to this effect.]

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (19) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (19) read as follows:

<sup>2</sup>Clause (20) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (20) read as follows:

"(20) The rates of tax as specified in clause (b) of Division-III of Part-I of First Schedule shall be reduced to 7.5% in case of dividend declared or distributed on shares of a company set up for power generation."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (21) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (21) read as follows:

**(21)** In the case of any resident person engaged in the business of shipping, a presumptive income tax shall be charged in the following manner, namely:-

- (a) ships and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized craft purchased or bare-boat chartered and flying Pakistan flag shall pay tonnage tax of an amount equivalent to one US \$ per gross registered tonnage per annum; and
- (b) ships, vessels and all floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized craft not registered in Pakistan and hired under any charter other than bare-boat charter shall pay tonnage tax of an amount equivalent to fifteen US cents per tonne of gross registered tonnage per chartered voyage provided that such tax shall not exceed one US \$ per tonne of gross registered tonnage per annum:

Provided that the reduction under this clause shall not be available after the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

*Explanation.*- For the purpose of this clause the expression "equivalent amount" means the rupee equivalent of a US dollar according to the exchange rate prevalent on the first day of December in the case of a company and the first day of September in other cases in the relevant assessment year."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (22) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted clause (22) read as follows;

"[(22) In respect of companies getting enlisted on any stock exchange in Pakistan during the period first July, 2005 to thirtieth June, 2006, the rate of income tax shall be reduced by 1%.]"

<sup>5</sup>Clause (23) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (23) read as follows:

"(23) In respect of Urea fertilizer imported, the tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of 1% of its import value as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty], if any levied thereon."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (24) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (24) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(19) In respect of tax year commencing on or after the first day of July, 2002, the rate of income tax in respect of income of amalgamated company for its different businesses shall be the same as applicable to such businesses in the relevant tax year for the tax year in which amalgamation takes place and two tax years next following."

<sup>1</sup>[(24A) The rate of tax, under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153, from distributors of cigarette and pharmaceutical products  ${}^{2}[] {}^{3}[]$  shall be 1% of the gross amount of payments.]

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<sup>5</sup>[]

<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>3</sup> The expression "and for large distribution houses who fulfill all the conditions for a large import house as laid down under clause (d) of sub-section (7) of section 148, for large import houses," omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>4</sup> Clause (24AA) added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>5</sup> Clause (24AA) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

**"(24AA)** The rate of tax, under section 152 in the case of M/S CR-NORINCO JV (Chinese Contractor) as recipient, on payments arising out of commercial contract agreement signed with the Government of Punjab for installation of electrical and mechanical (E&M) equipment for construction of the Lahore Orange Line Metro Train Project, shall be 6% of the gross amount of payment.]"

<sup>6</sup>Clause (24B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (24B) read as follows:

"(24B) (a) In case of Steel Melters, who have opted under the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules 2007.—

- for the Tax Year 2011, the rate of minimum tax under sub-section (1) of section 113 shall be 0.5% of turnover of Rs. 280 per metric ton, whichever is higher, provided that the consequent tax liability is deposited by 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2012.
- (ii) for the Tax Years 2008 to 2010, the rate of Withholding Tax under section 153(1)(a) on purchase of steel scrap shall be 1% of value of purchases or Rs. 300 per metric ton whichever is higher, provided that the consequent tax liability is deposited by 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012; and
- (iii) for the Tax Years 2011 and 2012 the rate of Withholding Tax under section 153(1)(a) on purchase of steel scrap shall be 1% of value of purchases of Rs. 400 per metric ton whichever is higher provided that the consequent tax liability for the Tax Year 2011 is deposited by 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012.
- (b) In case of Steel Re-rolling Mills, who have opted under the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007.—
  - for the Tax Year 2011, the rate of minimum tax under sub-section (1) of section 113 shall be 0.5% of turnover of Rs.315 per metric ton, whichever is higher, provided that the consequent tax liability is deposited by 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2012.
  - (ii) for the Tax Years 2008 to 2010, the rate of Withholding Tax under section 153(1)(a) on purchase of ingots and billets shall be 1% of value of purchases of Rs.400 per metric ton, whichever is higher provided that the consequent tax liability is deposited by 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012; and

(iii) for the Tax Years 2011 and 2012, the rate of Withholding Tax under section 153(1)(a) on purchase of ingots and billets shall be 1% of the value of purchases of Rs.450 per metric ton, whichever is higher, provided that the consequent tax liability for the tax year 2011 is deposited by  $30^{th}$  June, 2012."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(24) In respect of pulses imported, the tax under section 148 shall be collected at the rate of two per cent of the value of such pulses as increased by customs-duty, sales tax and federal excise duty], if any, levied thereon."

# <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(**24C**) The rate of tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 in the case of distributors, dealers, sub-dealers, wholesalers and retailers of fast moving consumer goods, fertilizer, electronics excluding mobile phones, sugar, cement <sup>3</sup>[, steel], and edible oil as recipient of payment shall be 0.25% of gross amount of payments subject to the condition that beneficiaries of reduced rate are appearing on the Active Taxpayers' Lists issued under the provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001):

Provided that the benefit under this clause shall only be available to those Tier-1 retailers as defined under Sales Tax Act, 1990 who are integrated and configured with Board or its computerized system for real time reporting of sales or receipts.]

<sup>4</sup>[(24CA) The rate of tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 in case of a person, other than a company, as a recipient of payment for goods supplied to Utility Stores Corporation of Pakistan shall be 1.5% of the gross amount of payment in respect of supply of tea, spices, salt, dry milk, sugar, pulses wheat flour and ghee for the period commencing from the 7th day of April, 2020 and ending on 30th day of September, 2020:

Provided that this clause shall not be applicable to supply of tea, spices, salt and dry milk which are sold under a brand name:

Provided further that this clause shall not be applicable where rate of tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 is less than 1.5% of the gross amount of payment under any provisions of the Ordinance.]

<sup>5</sup>[(24D) The rate of minimum tax under sub-section (1) of section 113 in the case of distributors, dealers, sub-dealers, wholesalers and retailers of fast moving consumer goods, fertilizer, locally manufactured mobile phones, sugar, electronics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New clauses (24C) & (24D) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (24C) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier an amendment was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(24C) The rate of tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 in case of dealers and subdealers of sugar, cement and edible oil, as recipient of the payment, shall be 0.25% of the gross amount of payments.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Expression added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New clause (24CA) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (24D) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier an amendment was made through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(24D)** The rate of minimum tax under sub-section (1) of section 113 in case of dealers and subdealers of sugar, cement and edible oil shall be 0.25% subject to the condition that the names of such dealers and sub-dealers are appearing on the active taxpayers' lists issued under the provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001).]"

excluding imported mobile phones, cement <sup>1</sup>[, steel] and edible oil shall be 0.25% subject to the condition that beneficiaries of reduced rate are appearing on the Active Taxpayers' Lists issued under the provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001:

Provided that the benefit under this clause shall be available to only those Tier-1 retailers as defined under Sales Tax Act, 1990 who are integrated and configured with Board or its computerized system for real time reporting of sales or receipts.]

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<sup>4</sup>[(27) The tax on payments under the Compulsory Monetization of Transport Facility for Civil Servants in BS-20 to BS-22 (as reduced by deduction of driver's salary) shall be charged at the rate of 5% as a separate block of income.]

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"(26) The rate of tax as specified in Division II of Part IV, of the First Schedule, in the case of advertising agents, shall be 5% of the amount of the payment."

<sup>(</sup>a) in the case of individual and association of persons at S.Nos.3 and 4 of the Table-

S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax			
(1)	(2)	(3)			
(3)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000	Rs.12,500 plus 7.5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.400,000			
(4)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.1,000,000	Rs.57,500 plus 10 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000; and			
	(b) in the case of company at S.Nos.2 and 3 of the Table-				
S.No.	Gross amount of rent	Rate of tax			
(1)	(2)	(3)			
(2)	Where the gross amount of rent exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,000,000	Rs.20,000 plus 7.5 per cent of the gross amount exceeding Rs.400,000			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Expression added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (25) omitted by the Finance Act, 2007. The omitted clause (25) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(25) Services of sizing, weaving stitching, dying, printing, embroidery and washing rendered or provided to an exporter or an export house shall be treated as export and chargeable to tax at the rate equal to the rate of tax applicable to the exporter on export of goods to which such services relate as specified in Division IV of Part III of the First Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (26) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (26) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by S.R.O. 569(I)/2012, dated 26.05.2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (28) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (28) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(28) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 155, as specified in Division V, Part III of First Schedule, shall be as under:-

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>2</sup>[]
- 3[]
- <sup>4</sup>[ ]
- <sup>5</sup>[1]
- 6[]

7[(28C)The rates of tax as specified in Division II of Part-IV of the First Schedule shall be five percent in the case of a person running online marketplace as defined in clause (38B) of section 2.]

Where the gross amount of rent Rs.65,000 plus 10 per cent of (3) exceeds Rs.1.000.000

the gross amount exceeding Rs.1,000,000."

<sup>1</sup>Clause (28A) inserted by the Finance Act. 2013.

<sup>2</sup> Clause (28A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

(28A) The rate of tax under section 148 on import of hybrid cars shall be reduced as below:-

Engine Capacity	Rate of reduction
Upto 1200 cc	100%
1201 to 1800 cc	50%
1801 to 2500 cc	25%]

<sup>3</sup>Clause (29) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (29) read as follows:

(29) The rate of tax under section 153A as specified in Part IIA of the First Schedule shall be reduced to 0.1% in case of cigarette manufacturers who are registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (30) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (30) read as follows:

"(30) The rate of tax as specified in column (3), against serial no. 2 in clause (1), in Division I of the Part I of First Schedule to the ordinance shall be reduced to 5%, for taxable income declared in a return for tax year 2012, filed under clause (87) or (88) of the Part IV of this Schedule."

<sup>5</sup> Clause (28B) added by the Finance Act, 2015.

6 Clause (28B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(28B) The rate of tax shall be 0.15% under section 231A on cash withdrawal by an exchange company, duly licensed and authorized by the State Bank of Pakistan, exclusively dedicated for its authorized business related transactions, subject to the condition that a certificate issued by the concerned Commissioner Inland Revenue for a financial year mentioning details and particulars of its Bank Account being used entirely for business transactions is provided."

<sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>1</sup>[(28D) The rate of minimum tax under section 113 for tax year 2020 shall be 0.5% in the case of a trader having turnover upto one hundred million Rupees:

Provided that the tax liability of traders for tax year 2019 and 2020 in case of traders who filed return of income for tax year 2018 shall not be less than the tax paid for the tax year 2018.

*Explanation.-* For the purpose of this clause, 'trader' shall mean an individual engaged in business of buying and selling of goods in the same state not include a distributor.

(28E) The rate of minimum tax under section 113  $^{2}$ [ ] shall be 0.5% in case of a trader of yarn being an individual.]

<sup>3</sup>[(28F) The rate of tax under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 in case of oil tanker contractor services shall be 2% of the gross amount of the payments.

<sup>4</sup>[(31) The rate of tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be 1% on payment for sale of gold and silver and articles thereof and the tax so deducted shall be adjustable;]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clauses (28D) & (28E) inserted through Tax Laws(Second Amendment), 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "for tax year 2020" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (28F) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (31) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

## **PART III** REDUCTION IN TAX LIABILITY

Income, or classes of income, or person or classes of person, enumerated below, shall be allowed reduction in tax liability to the extent and subject to such conditions as are specified hereunder:-

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[]

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<sup>5</sup>[(2) The tax payable by a full time teacher or a researcher, employed in a non profit education or research institution duly recognized by Higher Education Commission, a Board of Education or a University recognized by the Higher Education Commission, including government <sup>6</sup>[] research institution, shall be

<sup>1</sup> Clause (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

- (a) flying allowance by <sup>1</sup>[]flight engineers, navigators of Pakistan Armed Forces, Pakistani Airlines or Civil Aviation Authority, Junior Commissioned Officers or other ranks of Pakistan Armed Forces; and
- (b) submarine allowance by the officers of the Pakistan Navy, shall be taxed @ 2.5% as a separate block of income <sup>1</sup>[:]]

<sup>2</sup>Sub-Clause (1A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted sub-clause (1A) read as follows:

<sup>3</sup>Clause (1AA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>4</sup> Clause (1AA) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(1AA) Total allowances received by pilots of any Pakistani airlines shall be taxed at a rate of 7.5%, provided that the reduction under this clause shall be available to so much of the allowances as exceeds an amount equal to the basic pay."

<sup>5</sup>Sub-Clause (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2006. The substituted sub-clause (2) read as follows:

<sup>(1) &</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>[(1) Any amount received as-

<sup>[</sup>Provided that the reduction under this clause shall be available to so much of the flying allowance or the submarine allowance as does not exceed an amount equal to the basic salary.]"

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1A) Where the taxable income <sup>2</sup>[other than income on which the deduction of tax is final], in a tax year, of a taxpayer aged <sup>2</sup>[60] years or more on the first day of that tax year does not exceed <sup>2</sup>[one million] rupees, his tax liability on such income shall be reduced by 50%."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) In addition to the reduction specified in sub-clause (1), the tax payable by a full time teacher or a researcher, employed in a non-profit education or research institution including government training and research institution duly recognized by a Board of Education or a University or the Higher Education Commission, shall be further reduced by an amount equal to 75% of the tax payable after the aforesaid reduction."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "training and" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

reduced by an amount equal to 1[25]% of tax payable on his income from salary 2[:]

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that this clause shall not apply to teacher of medical profession who derive income from private medical practice or who receive share of consideration received from patients.]

<sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

<sup>6</sup>[(4) In respect of old and used automotive vehicles, tax under section 148 shall not exceed the amount specified in Notification No. S.R.O. 577(I)/2005, dated the 6<sup>th</sup> June, 2005.]

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<sup>8</sup>[(<sup>9</sup>[6]) The tax payable under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 39, in respect

"(2) The amount of tax payable, in a year in which the rupee is revalued or devalued, by a taxpayer whose profits or gains are computed in accordance with the rules contained in the Fifth Schedule to this Ordinance and who had entered with the Government into an agreement which provides for such reduction, shall be reduced to the amount that would be payable in the absence of the revaluation or devaluation of the rupee."

<sup>5</sup>Omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (3) read as follows:

**"(3)** Where any company engaged in the business of distribution of cigarette manufactured in Pakistan is required to pay minimum tax on the amount representing its turnover under section 113, the amount of tax payable under the said section shall be reduced by eighty per cent."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (4) substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted clause (4) read as follows:

"(4) In respect of old and used automotive vehicles specified in Notification No. S.R.O. 932(I)/2004, dated the 20<sup>th</sup> November, 2004, the tax under section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, shall not exceed the amount specified in column (3) of the Table below, namely:—

S.No.	Vehicles meant for transport of persons	Income tax in Pak Rupees
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Upto 800CC	Rs.29,852
2.	From 801CC to 1000CC	Rs.34,497
3.	From 1001CC to 1300CC	Rs.67,282
4.	From 1301CC to 1600CC	Rs.105,061
5.	From 1601CC to 1800CC	Rs.120,256"

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<sup>7</sup>Clause (5) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (5) read as follows:

**"(5)** Where the corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority (DISCOs) and National Transmission and Dispatch Company (NTDC), are required to pay minimum tax under section 113, the purchase price of electricity shall be excluded from the turnover liable to minimum tax up to the tax year 2013."

<sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>9</sup> Clause (5) renumbered by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figure "40" substituted by the Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Full stop substituted by "colon" though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New provision inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

of any amount paid as yield or profit on investment in Bahbood Savings Certificate or Pensioners Benefit Account <sup>1</sup>[and *Shuhada* Family Welfare Account] shall not exceed <sup>2</sup>[5%] of such profit.]

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(9) The tax payable on profits and gains derived by a person from low cost housing projects shall be reduced by fifty percent. The reduction in tax liability under this clause shall apply to such project which is—

- (a) owned and managed by a company formed for operating the said project and registered under the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and having its registered office in Pakistan; and
- (b) not formed by the splitting up, or the reconstruction or reconstitution, of a business already in existence or by transfer to a new business of any machinery or plant used in a business which was being carried on in Pakistan at any time before the commencement of the new business; and
- (c) a low cost housing project under which the maximum sale price of a single housing unit is two and a half million rupees] <sup>5</sup>[:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall continue to remain available to such projects which commence on or before the 30th day of June, 2024.]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "10%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (7) added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clauses (7) and (8) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;((**7**) The amount of tax payable by foreign film-makers from making films in Pakistan shall be reduced by fifty percent on income from film-making in Pakistan.

<sup>(8)</sup> The amount of tax payable by resident companies deriving income from film-making shall be reduced by seventy percent on income from film-making.."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (7) omitted by Finance Act, 2014.the omitted clause (7) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(7) Where any <sup>6</sup>[taxpayer] engaged in the business of distribution of cigarettes manufactured in Pakistan is required to pay minimum tax on the amount representing its turnover under section 113, the amount of tax payable under the said section shall be reduced by eighty per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (8) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (8) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(8) For the distributors of pharmaceutical products, fertilizers, consumers goods including fast moving

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<sup>2</sup>[(9A) The amount of tax payable on income chargeable under the head, "Capital Gains" on disposal of immovable property shall be reduced by fifty percent on the first sale of immovable property acquired or allotted to ex-servicemen and serving acquired or allotted to ex-servicemen and serving personal of Armed Forces or exemployees or serving personnel of Federal and Provincial Governments, being original allottees of the immovable property, duly certified by the allotment authority<sup>3</sup>[:]]

<sup>4</sup>[Provided that for capital gains arising after completion of three years from the date of acquisition of immovable property the amount of tax payable shall be reduced by seventy-five percent.]

<sup>5</sup>[(9B) The tax payable on the income, profits and gains of projects of 'low cost housing' developed or approved by Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority (NAPHDA) or under the Ehsaas Programme shall be reduced by 90%] <sup>6</sup>[:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall continue to remain available to such projects which commence on or before the 30th day of June, 2024.]

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consumers goods, the rate of minimum tax on the amount representing their annual turnover under section 113 shall be reduced by eight per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (9) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (9) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(9)In cases of oil marketing companies, oil refineries and Sui Southern Gas Company Limited <sup>1</sup>[and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited] the rate of minimum tax shall be reduced to 0.5% only for the cases where annual turnover exceeds rupees one billion."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New clause (9A) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by semi colon through Tax Laws(Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New proviso inserted through Tax Laws(Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>New clause (9B) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30th June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (10) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (10) read as follows:

<sup>(10)</sup> For cases of flour mills the rate of minimum tax on the amount representing their annual turnover under section 113 shall be reduced by eighty per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (11) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (11) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(11) The amount of surcharge payable on the Income Tax liability for the Tax Year 2011 under section 4A shall be computed on the proportionate amount of Income Tax liability for three and a half months."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (12) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (12) read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[(17) The tax payable by cotton ginners on their income and profits shall not be more than sum of 1% of their turnover from cotton lint, cotton seed, cotton seed oil and cotton seed cake:

Provided that the tax so payable shall be final tax in respect of their cotton ginning and oil milling activities only.]

<sup>6</sup>[(18) The rate of withholding tax on value of offshore supply contract of an Independent Power Producer located wholly or partly in territories of AJ&K shall be 1% provided:

- (i) PPIB has issued Letter of Support for the project;
- (ii) its EPC Contract has been executed and submitted to NEPRA for EPC stage tariff determination prior to the enactment of Finance Act, 2018;
- (iii) offshore supply contract arrangement of offshore supply contractor

**<sup>(&#</sup>x27;(12)** For the ease of M/s Pakistan International Airlines Corporation the rate of minimum tax on the amount representing their annual turnover under section 113 shall be reduced by fifty per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (13) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (13) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(13)** For the petroleum agents and distributors who are registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and rice mills and dealers, the rate of minimum tax under section 113 on the amount representing their annual turnover under section 113 shall be reduced by eighty per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (14) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (14) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(14)** For the poultry industry including poultry breeding, broiler production, egg production and poultry feed production, the rate of minimum tax under section 113 on the amount representing their annual turnover under section 113 shall be reduced by fifty per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (15) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The Omitted clause (15) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;[(15) For the motorcycle dealers registered under the Sales Tax Act, 1990, the rate of minimum tax under section 113.—

<sup>(</sup>i) for the Tax Year 2011 shall be reduced by fifty per cent provided that they deposit their minimum tax on turnover by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012; and

<sup>(</sup>ii) for the Tax Year 2012 onwards shall be reduced by seventy-five per cent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (16) omitted by Finance Act, 2015. The Omitted clause (16) read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(16)** The minimum penalty for failure to furnish statement under section 115, 165 or 165A as mentioned in column (3) against serial No. (1A) in the Table given in sub-section (1) of section 182 shall be reduced to ten thousand rupees."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (17) inserted and shall be deemed to have been inserted with effect from the 1st day of July, 2019, by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Amentment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clauses (18), (19) and (20) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

having permanent establishment in Pakistan falls under the purview of cohesive business operation as contemplated under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001; and

(iv) such 1% tax shall be full and final liability of the offshore contractor.

(19) The tax payable by woman enterprises on profit and gains derived from business chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" shall be reduced by 25%.

*Explanation.*—For the purpose of this clause a woman enterprise means a startup established on or after first day of July 2021 as sole proprietorship concern owned by a woman or an AOP all of whose members are women or a company whose 100% shareholding is held or owned by women:

Provided that benefit of this clause shall not be available to a business that is formed by the transfer or reconstitution or reconstruction or splitting up of an existing business.

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (20) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(20) The tax payable by a person other than a banking or insurance company in respect of profit on debt from investment in Federal Government securities shall be fifteen percent of the gross amount of the profit on debt:

Provided that tax so payable shall be final tax on the income representing profit on debt from investment in Federal Government securities."

# **PART IV** EXEMPTION FROM SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

Income, or classes of income, or persons or classes of persons, enumerated below, shall be exempt from the operation of such provisions of this Ordinance, subject to such conditions and to the extent, as are specified hereunder:-

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(1A) the provision of clause (d) of section 46 shall not apply to Sukuk issued by "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited" <sup>3</sup>[and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited].]

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(3) The provisions of clause (b) of <sup>5</sup>[component C of the formula contained in] sub-section (2) of section 61 shall not apply in case of donations made to Agha Khan Hospital and Medical College, Karachi:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (1) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (1) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(1) The provisions ofclause (k) of section 21 shall not apply to any expenditure incurred by a banking company or a financial institution owned and controlled by the Federal Government on the provisions of perquisites, allowances or other benefits to any employee in pursuance of any law."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (1A) inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 dated 29.11.2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Addedby the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (2) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(2) In the case of losses referred to in section 57 in respect of an industrial undertaking set up in an area declared by the Federal Government to be a "Zone" within the meaning of Export Processing Zones Authority Ordinance, 1980 (IV of 1980), the period of six <sup>4</sup>[tax years] specified in the said section shall not apply."

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  The words "component C of" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (3A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (3A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(3A) The provisions of sub-sections (5) and (5A) of section 34 and section 70 shall not apply to any benefit derived by way of waiver of profit on debt or the debt itself under the State Bank of Pakistan, Banking Policy Department's Circular No.29 of 2002, dated the 15th October, 2002, to the extent not set off against the losses under Part VIII of Chapter III."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (4) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(4)** The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of any amount invested in the acquisition of Foreign Exchange Bearer Certificates issued under the Foreign Exchange Bearer Certificates Rule, 1985."

<sup>1</sup>[(4A) No provision of this Ordinance shall apply for recoup of tax credit already allowed to National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited for investment in plant and machinery notwithstanding non issuance of share certificates or any restructuring of its ownership pattern or debt to equity ratio prior to privatization as part of the privatization process.]

 $^{2}$ [(5) The provisions of section 111 regarding un-explained income or assets shall not apply in respect of, —

 any amount of foreign exchange deposited in a private Foreign Currency account held with an authorized bank in Pakistan in accordance with the Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan:

Provided that the exemption clause shall not be available in respect of any incremental deposits made on or after the 16<sup>th</sup> day of December, 1999 in such accounts held by a resident person or in respect of any amount deposited in accounts opened on or after the said date by such person.

- (ii) any amount invested in the acquisition of Three Years Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates issued under the Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates Rules, 1997.
- (iii) rupees withdrawn or assets created out of such withdrawal in rupees from private foreign currency accounts, or encashment of Foreign Exchange Bearer Certificates, US Dollar Bearer Certificates and Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates.]
- <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clauses (4A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (5) substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The substituted clause (5) read as follows: "(5) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of any amount of foreign exchange deposited in a private Foreign Currency account held with an authorized bank in Pakistan in accordance with the Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available in respect of any incremental deposits made on or after the 16th day of December, 1999 in such accounts held by a resident person or in respect of <sup>2</sup>[any amount] deposited in accounts opened on or after the said date by such person."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (9A) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read a follows: "(9A) Provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153, shall not apply to steel melters <sup>3</sup>[and] composite steel units, as a payer, in respect of purchase of scrap, provided that tax is collected in accordance with section 235B:

Provided that steel melters <sup>3</sup>[] and composite steel units may opt to pay tax in accordance with section 235B, for tax year 2012 and 2013, if tax liability for the said tax years is paid by the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2014:

<sup>1</sup>[(9AA) Provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153, shall not apply to ship breakers as recipient of payment:

Provided that this clause shall only apply for ships imported after the 1<sup>st</sup> July 2014.]

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Provided further that where tax has been deducted under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 or paid under an order under section 161, it shall not be refundable."

<sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>2</sup>Clause (6) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (6) read as follows:

"(6) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of any amount invested in the acquisition of US Dollar Bearer Certificate issued under the US Dollar Bearer Certificates Rules, 1991."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (7) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (7) read as follows:

"(7) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of any amount invested in the acquisition of Three-Years Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates issued under the Foreign Currency Bearer certificates Rules, 1997."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (8) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (7) read as follows:

"(8) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of rupees withdrawn or assets created out of such withdrawal in rupees from private foreign currency accounts, or encashment of Foreign Exchange Bearer Certificates, US Dollar Bearer Certificates and Foreign Currency Bearer Certificates."

<sup>5</sup> Clause (9) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (9) read as follows:

"(9) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply in respect of any amount invested by a sponsor or an original allottee in the purchase of shares of a company owning and managing an industrial undertaking specified in rule 5A of the Third Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (10) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (10) read as follows:

"(10) The provisions of section 111, Part-X and Part-XI of Chapter X shall not apply in respect of any amount invested in the purchase of Special US Dollar Bonds issued under the Special U.S. Dollar Bond Rules, 1998:

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available in respect of the amount invested in the said Bonds purchased out of incremental deposits made in the existing foreign currency accounts on or after 16<sup>th</sup> day of December, 1999, or out of foreign currency accounts opened on or after the said date, or on payment of the amount referred to in sub-rule (3) of rule 5 of Special U.S. Dollar Bond Rules, 1998 after the said date."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (10A) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (10A) read as follows:

"(10A) (i) The provisions of serial No.5 of the Table given in sub-section (1) of section 182 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 205 shall not apply to business located in the most

<sup>1</sup>[]

affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA, provided that the principal amount of tax due is paid by the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2010;

- the provisions of section 235, regarding advance tax on electricity, shall not apply to commercial and industrial consumers of electricity located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA till the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2011;
- (iii) the provisions of section 154, regarding withholding tax on exports, shall not be applicable to the export of goods originating from the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA, till the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June,2011:

Provided that this clause shall only be restricted to the exporters based in the above areas;

(iv) the provisions of section 148 shall not be applicable on the import of plant and machinery for establishment of businesses in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA till the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2011:

Provided that this concession shall not be available to the manufacturers and suppliers of cement, sugar, beverages and cigarettes;

- Explanation.— For the purpose of this Schedule,—
- (a) most affected areas means district Peshawar, Malakand Agency, and districts of Swat, Buner, Shangla, Upper Dir, Lower Dir, Hangu, Bannu, Tank, Kohat and Chitral; and
- (b) moderately affected areas means districts of Charsadda, Nowshera, D.I. Khan, Batagram, LakkiMarwat, Swabi and Mardan."

<sup>1</sup> Clause (11) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (11) read as follows:

- "(11) The provisions of section 113, regarding minimum tax, shall not apply to,-
  - National Investment (Unit) Trust or a collective investment scheme authorized or registered under the Non-banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rule, 2003 <sup>1</sup>[or a real estate investment trust approved and authorized under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006], or any other company in respect of turnover representing transactions in shares, or securities listed on a registered stock exchange;
  - (ii) petroleum dealers, in so far as they relate to turnover on account of sale of petroleum and petroleum products, notwithstanding their status as a company, a registered firm or an individual, engaged in retail sale of petroleum and petroleum products through petrol pumps for the purposes of assessment of their income and determination of tax thereon:

Provided that this exemption shall not apply to the sale of petroleum and petroleum products through petrol pumps which are directly operated or managed by companies engaged in distribution of petroleum and petroleum products.

*Explanation.*- For the removal of doubt it is declared that the companies engaged in distribution of petroleum and petroleum products other than through petrol pumps shall not be entitled to the benefits of this exemption;

- (iii) Hub Power Company Limited so far as they relate to its receipts on account of sale of electricity;
- (iv) KotAddu Power Company Limited (KAPCO) for the period it continues to be entitled to exemption under clause (138) of Part-I of this Schedule;
- (v) companies, qualifying for exemption under clause (132) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of receipts from sale of electricity;
- (vi) Provincial Governments and local authorities, qualifying for exemption under section 49 and other Government or semi-Government bodies which are otherwise exempt from income tax:

Provided that nothing shall be construed to authorize any refund of tax already paid or the collection of any outstanding demand created under the said section;

- (vii) Pakistan Red Crescent Society;
  - (viii) special purpose, non-profit companies engaged in scrutinizing the receivables of Provincial Governments or the companies;

- <sup>1</sup>[(11A) The provisions of section 113, regarding minimum tax, shall not apply to,-
  - (i) National Investment (Unit) Trust or a collective investment scheme authorized or registered under the Non-banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 or a real estate investment trust approved and authorized under the Real Estate Investment Trust <sup>2</sup>["Regulations, 2015"], <sup>3</sup>[or a pension fund registered under the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005] or any other company in respect of turnover representing transactions in shares, or securities listed on a registered stock exchange;
  - (ii) petroleum dealers, in so far as they relate to turnover on account of sale of petroleum and petroleum products, notwithstanding their status as a company, a registered firm or an individual, engaged in retail sale of petroleum and petroleum products through petrol pumps for the purposes of assessment of their income and determination of tax thereon:

Provided that this exemption shall not apply to the sale of petroleum and petroleum products through petrol pumps which are directly operated or managed by companies engaged in distribution of petroleum and petroleum products.

*Explanation.*- For the removal of doubt it is declared that the companies engaged in distribution of petroleum and petroleum

- (xi) a resident person engaged in the business of shipping who qualifies for application of reduced rate of tax on tonnage basis as final tax under clause (21) of Part II of the Second Schedule;
- (xii) a venture capital company, venture capital fund and Private Equity and Venture CapitalFund] which is exempt under clause (101) of Part-I of this Schedule;
- (xiii) a Modaraba registered under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980);
- (xiv) Corporate and Industrial Restructuring Corporation (CIRC);
- (xv) a Small Company as defined in section 2;
- (xvi) The corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority, so far as they relate to their receipts on account of sales of electricity, from the date of their creation upto the date of completion of the process of corporatization i.e. till the tariff is notified; and
- (xvii) a morabaha bank or a financial institution approved by the State Bank of Pakistan or the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), as the case may be, for the purpose of Islamic Banking and Finance in respect of turnover under a morabaha arrangement; and

(xviii) WAPDA First Sukuk Company Limited."

 <sup>(</sup>ix) non-profit organizations approved under clause (36) of section 2 or clause (58) or included in clause (61) of Part-I of this Schedule;

 <sup>(</sup>x) a taxpayer who qualifies for exemption under clause (133) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of income from export of computer software or IT services or IT enabled services;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word and figure "Rules, 2006" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

products other than through petrol pumps shall not be entitled to the benefits of this exemption;

- (iii) Hub Power Company Limited so far as they relate to its receipts on account of sale of electricity;
- <sup>1</sup>[ ]
- (v) companies, qualifying for exemption under clause (132)<sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[]] of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of receipts from sale of electricity;
- (vi) Provincial Governments and Local Governments, qualifying for exemption under section 49 and other Government bodies which are otherwise exempt from income tax:

Provided that nothing shall be construed to authorize any refund of tax already paid or the collection of any outstanding demand created under the said section;

- (vii) Pakistan Red Crescent Society;
- (viii) special purpose, non-profit companies engaged in securitizing the receivables of Provincial Governments;
- 4[]
- []
- (xi) a resident person engaged in the business of shipping who qualifies for application of reduced rate of tax on tonnage basis as final tax under clause (21) of Part II of the Second Schedule;
- (xii) a venture capital company, venture capital fund and Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund which is exempt under clause (101) of Part-I of this Schedule;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-clause (iv) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-clause (iv) read as follows:-"(iv) KotAddu Power Company Limited (KAPCO) for the period it continues to be entitled to exemption under clause (138) of Part-I of this Schedule;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words and brackets "and clause (132B)" inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "and (132B)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-clauses (ix) and (x) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-clauses read as follows: "(ix) non-profit organizations approved under clause (36) of section 2 or clause (58) or included

in clause (61) of Part-I of this Schedule;

a taxpayer who qualifies for exemption under clause (133) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of income from export of computer software or IT services or IT enabled services;"

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- <sup>2</sup>[]
- (xiv) Corporate and Industrial Restructuring Corporation (CIRC);
- <sup>3</sup>[]
- (xvi) a morabaha bank or a financial institution approved by the State Bank of Pakistan or the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), as the case may be, for the purpose of Islamic Banking and Finance in respect of turnover under a morabaha arrangement; <sup>4</sup>[]
- (xvii) WAPDA First Sukuk Company Limited<sup>5</sup>["; and"]
- 6[]
- 7[]

<sup>8</sup>["(xviii) Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited."]

<sup>9</sup>["(xix) Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited."]

- (xix) LNG Terminal Operators and LNG Terminal Owners.
- (xx) taxpayers located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA for tax year 2010, 2011 and 2012 excluding manufacturers and suppliers of cement, sugar, beverages and cigarettes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sub-clause (xiii) substituted though Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the substituted subclause read as follows: "(xiii) a Modaraba registered under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980);"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-clause (xiii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-clauses read as follows: "(xiii) a modaraba qualifying for exemption under clause (100) of Part-I of this Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-clause (xv) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(xv) The corporatized entities of Pakistan Water and Power Development Authority, so far as they relate to their receipts on account of sales of electricity, from the date of their creation upto the date of completion of the process of corporatization i.e. till the tariff is notified;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "and" omitted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Full stop substituted by Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clauses (xviii), (xix), (xx), (xxi), (xxii), (xxiii), (xxiv) and (xxv) added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-clause (xviii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(xviii) companies, qualifying for exemption under clause (132B) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of receipts from a coal mining project in Sindh, supplying coal exclusively to power generation projects."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 date 19.11.2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 date 19.11.2014.

- (xxi) Rice Mills for the Tax Year 2015.
- (xxii) taxpayers qualifying for exemption under clauses (126I) of Part-I of this Schedule in respect of income from manufacture of equipment with dedicated use for generation of renewable energy.
- (xxiii) taxpayers qualifying for exemption under clauses (126J) of Part-I of this Schedule in respect of income from operating warehousing or cold chain facilities for storage of agriculture produce.
- (xxiv) taxpayers qualifying for exemption under clauses (126K) of Part-I of this Schedule in respect of income from operating halal meat production, during the period mentioned in clause (126K).
- (xxv) taxpayers qualifying for exemption under clauses (126L) of Part-I of this Schedule in respect of income from a manufacturing unit set up in Khyber Pukhtunkhwa Province between 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 2015 and 30th day of June, 2018<sup>1</sup>[; and] ]
- <sup>2</sup>["(xxvi) China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited, China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, Gwadar International Terminal Limited, Gwadar Marine Services Limited and Gwadar Free Zone Company Limited for a period of twenty three years, with effect from the sixth day of February, 2007."]
- <sup>3</sup>[(xxvii) companies, qualifying for exemption under clause (126M) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of profits and gains derived from a transmission line project."]
- <sup>4</sup>["(xxviii) Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited."]
  - 5[]
    - <sup>6</sup>[ ]
  - <sup>7</sup>[(xxx) taxpayers qualifying for exemption under clause (126) of Part-I of this Schedule with effect from the tax year 2014.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Sub-clause (xxix) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted sub-clause read as follows: "((xxix) start-up as defined in clause (62A) of section 2.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

- <sup>1</sup>[(xxxi) National Disaster Risk Management Fund.
- (xxxii) Deposit Protection Corporation established under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Deposit Protection Corporation Act, 2016 (XXXVII of 2016).
- (xxxiii) SARMAYA-E-PAKISTAN LIMITED.
- (xxxiv) Green field industrial undertaking qualifying for exemption under clause (1260) of Part I of the Second Schedule:]
- <sup>2</sup>[(xxxv) The Prime Minister's COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund-2020;
  - (xxxvi) the Federal Government Employees Housing Authority and Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority for the tax year 2020 and the following four tax years;
  - (xxxvii) Hajj Group Operators in respect of turnover relating to Hajj operations for the tax year 2021;
  - (xxxviii) A resident company engaged in hotel business in Pakistan in respect of turnover for the period starting on the first day of April, 2020 and ending on the thirtieth day of September, 2020.]
  - <sup>3</sup>[(xxxix) Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Company Limited (INPCCL);
  - (xl) receipts from sale of electricity produced from a bagasse and biomass based cogeneration power project qualifying for exemption under clause (132C) of Part-I of this Schedule;
  - (xli) National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited or demerged entities of National Power Parks Management Company (Private) Limited commencing from the commercial operation dates and continuing after the date of change of ownership as a result of privatization by the Privatization Commission of Pakistan.";
  - 4[ ]
  - (xliii) Persons qualifying for exemption under clause (126EA) of Part I of this Schedule;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New Subclauses shall be added through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New sub-clauses inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clauses (xxxix), (xl), (xlii), (xlii), (xliii) and (xliv) added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier sub-clause (xxxix) wad added through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Sub-clause (xlii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted sub-clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(xlii) Persons qualifying for exemption under clause (126E) of Part I of this Schedule for tax year 2021 and onwards;"

- (xliv) Persons mentioned in Table I of clause (66) of Part I of Second Schedule.]
- <sup>1</sup> [(xlv) Mobile phone manufacturers engaged in the local manufacturing of mobile phone devices.]
- <sup>2</sup> [(xlvi) The Prime Minister's Relief Fund for Flood, Earthquake and Other Calamities with effect on and from the 5<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.]

<sup>3</sup>[(11B) The provisions of section 150 shall not apply in respect of intercorporate dividend within the group companies entitled to group taxation under section 59AA <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>5</sup>["subject to the condition that the return of the group has been filed for the latest completed tax year"].]

<sup>6</sup>[(11C) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply in respect of intercorporate profit on debt within the group companies entitled to group taxation under section 59AA <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>["subject to the condition that the return of the group has been filed for the latest completed tax year"].]

<sup>9</sup>[(11D) The provisions of section 113C shall not apply to LNG Terminal Operators and LNG Terminal Owners."]

<sup>10</sup>[(11E) The provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to payments received by Sui Southern Gas Company Limited and Pakistan LNG Terminal Limited from Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited on account of regasification charges.]

<sup>11</sup>[(12)

(a) The provisions of clause (I) of section 21 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply where agricultural produce is purchased directly from the grower of such produce subject to provision of a certificate by the grower to the withholding agent in the following format, namely:—

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (xlv) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-clause (xlvi) added by the Finance Act, 2023. Earlier sub-clause (xlvi) was added through S.R.O. 1590(I)/2022 dated 23.08.2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "or section 59B" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clauses (xxxix), (xl), (xli), (xlii), (xliii) and (xliv) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "or section 59B" omitted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>Added by S.R.O. 787(I)/2011, dated 22.08.2011.

#### <u>CERTIFICATE TO BE FILED BY THE GROWER OF</u> <u>AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE</u>

It is certified that I ..... Holder of CNIC Number have sold following agricultural produce, namely:

- i) name of agricultural produce (wheat, rice, cotton, sugarcane, etc.
  - .....
- ii) quantity .....
- iii) total price
- iv) land identification (if any) .....

to Mr / M/s ...... on (date) ..... and being the grower / producer of the said agricultural produce and owner of agricultural land area measuring (optional) ..... located in ...... I am not liable to any Withholding Income Tax.

Signature / Thumb impression
Name
CNIC
Address

Date.....

(b) the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply only in case of cash payments made for meeting the incidental expenses of a business trip to the crew of oil tanker. This exemption shall not apply in case of any other payments made by owners of oil tankers; and

<sup>1</sup>[(12A) The provisions of section 150 shall not apply to dividend paid to Transmission Line Projects under Transmission Line Policy 2015.]

<sup>2</sup>[(12B) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to the import of following goods for a period commencing from 20th day of March, 2020 and ending on <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[31<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2021]].

#### TABLE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New clause (12B) inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "30th day of September, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substituted by the SRO 1241(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "30th day of June, 2021" substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. Earlier this substitution was made through SRO 1008(I)/2021 dated 09.08.2021.

S. No.	Description	PCT
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Real-time PCR system (standard 96-well plate and 0.2ml tubes format, 5 channel)	Respective
2.	Biosafety Cabinet	Headings.";
3.	Auto Clave 50 Liter Capacity	J ,
4.	Multi channel pipette (0.5-10 µl)	
5.	Single channel pipette a) 2 µl b) 10 µl c) 200 µl d) 1000 µl	
6.	Muti channel pipette 20-200 ml Vacuum fold	
7.		
8.	Micro Centrifuge (Non-refrigerated, Rotor capacity: 12 x 1.5 / 2.0 ml vessels, 2 x PCR strip, Max. speed: 12,100 x g (13,400 rpm))	
9.	PCR Cabinet (HEPA filter system, UV and white light)	
10	Real-time PCR kit for the detection of Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2)	
11	Viral RNA Extraction Kit and machine (Automatic Extractors)	
12	VTM (Viral Transport Medium)	
13	Dr Oligo Synthesizer	
14	Refrigerator/freezer (-20 °C)	
15	Vortex Machine	
16	Refrigerated Centrifuge Machine (Rotor capacity 1.5ml x 24, max. speed 14000 rpm)	
17	UPS (6 KVA)	
18	Tyvek Suits	
19	N-95	
20	Biohazard Bags (18 Liters)	
21	PAPR (Powdered Air Purifying respirators)	
22	Multimode ventilator with air compressor	
23	Vital sign monitor with 2IBPand ETco2 two Temp.	Respective
24	ICU motorized patient bed with side cabinet and over bed table	Headings.";
25	Syringe infusion pump	
26	Infusion pump	
27	Electric suction machine	
28	Defibrillator	
29	X-Ray Mobile Machine	
30	Simple Nebulizer	
31	Ultrasound machine	
32	Noninvasive BIPAP	
33	ECG Machine	
34 35	Pulse Oximeters Ripple mattress	
36	Blood gas analyzer	
50	biood gas analyzon	

07		1		
37	AMBU Bag			
38	Nitrile Gloves			
39	Latex Gloves			
40	Goggles			
41	Face Shields			
42	Gum Boots			
43	Mackintosh bed sheets			
44	Surgical Masks			
45	Air Ways			
46	Diaflow			
47	Disposible Nebulizer Mask Kit			
48	ECG Electrodes Respective			
49	ETT Tube (Endotracheal Tubes) All sizes Headings.";			
50	Humidifier Disposable Flexible			
51	IV Cannula all sizes			
52	IV Chambers			
53	Oxygen Recovery Kit			
54	Padded Sheets			
55	Stomach Tube			
56	Stylet for Endotracheal Tube			
57	Suction Tube control valve			
58	Tracheostomy Tube 7, 7.5, 8			
59	Ventilator Circuit			
60	Ventury Masks			
61	Disposable shoes cover (water proof)			

<sup>1</sup>**[(12BA)** The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of thirty million adult 3xPly Knit face masks received as humanitarian assistance from M/s HANES Brands Inc. North Carolina, USA for distribution within the population of Lahore Division, Government of the Punjab.]

<sup>2</sup>[(12C) The provision of section 148 shall not apply to persons importing pulses for a period commencing from the 7th day of April, 2020 and ending on 30th September, 2020.

(12D) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on the import of finished drug Remdesivir 100 mg injection and injectable solution 100 mg vial for the period starting from the 22nd day of June, 2020 and ending on the date as may be notified

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New clause (12BA) added by the Finance Act 2022. Earlier this addition was made through SRO 1009(I)/2021 dated 09.08.2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New clauses (12C), (12D) and (12E) inserted through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

by the Board in the official Gazette on recommendation of the National Health Services, Regulation and Coordination Division.

**(12E)** The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to persons on import of medicines for treatment of life threatening rare diseases not manufactured in Pakistan, subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (i) the import is approved by the Board, through notification in the official Gazette;
- the specification and quantity of medicine is recommended by the National Health Services, Regulation and Coordination Division in a prescribed format on a case to case basis; and
- (iii) such medicine is required for the personal use of the importing person or his immediate family member:

Provided that where circumstances exist to take immediate action in emergency situations, the Board may, on recommendation of a provincial health department or a tertiary care hospital of the Federal or Provincial Government, provisionally allow import of such quantity of medicine under this clause which does not exceed sixty days usage.]

<sup>1</sup>**[(12F)** The provision of section 148 shall not apply on import of 1.5 million tons of wheat having PCT Heading 1001.1900 and 1001.9900 in pursuance of Cabinet Decision in case No.399/23/2020 dated the 16th June, 2020;

**(12G)** The provisions of section 148 shall, in pursuance of the Cabinet Decision in case No. 541/30/2020 dated the 4th August, 2020, not apply on import by the Trading Corporation of Pakistan of 300,000 metric tons of white sugar having PCT heading 1701.9910,1701.9920, specification B;

**(12H)** (a) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of following goods for a period of three months starting from the 23rd of June, 2020, namely:—

S. No.	Description	PCT Code
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Oxygen gas	2804.4000
2.	Cylinders (for oxygen gas)	7311.0090
3.	Cryogenic tanks (for oxygen gas)	7311.0030

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clauses (12F), (12G), (12H), (12I), (12J), (112K), (12L), (12M) and (12N) added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier these clauses were inserted through SROs 642(I)/2020 dated 28.07.2020, 750(I)/2020 dated 20.08.2020, 772(I)/2020 dated 24.08.2020, 922(I)/2020 dated 29.09.2020, 99(I)/2021 dated 26.01.2021, 132(I)/2021 dated 03.02.2021, 235(I)/2021 dated 23.02.2021 (read with corrigendum dated 17.05.2021), 589(I)/2021 dated 25.05.2021 respectively.

 (b) the concessions given in this clause shall also apply in respect of the letters of credit opened or goods declaration forms filed on or after the 23rd June, 2020;

**(12I)** The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of 83 X Micron sprayers for Anti-Locust Operation (Respective heading) by National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA).

(12J) The provisions of section 148 shall, in pursuance of the Cabinet Decision in case No. 34/02/2021, dated the 12th January, 2021, not apply on import of three hundred thousand metric tons of wheat through tendering process by the Trading Corporation of Pakistan;

(12K) (a) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of following goods by the manufacturers of oxygen for a period of three months starting from the 25th day of December, 2020, namely:—

S. No.	Description	PCT Code
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Cryogenic Tanks (for oxygen Gas)	7311.0030

 (b) the concessions given in this clause shall also apply in respect of the letters of credit opened or goods declaration forms filed on or after the 25th day of December, 2020;

**(12L)** The provisions of section 148 and 153 shall not apply on import and subsequent supply of five hundred thousand metric tons of white sugar imported by the Trading Corporation of Pakistan;

**(12M)** The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of following goods for a period of one hundred and eighty days starting from the 14th day of May, 2021, namely:—

S. No.	Description	PCT Code
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	- Oxygen	2804.4000
2.	Other (Oxygen Cylinders)	7311.0090
3.	For Cryogenic (Tanks/Vessels)	7311.0030
	Oxygen Concentrators/Generators/Manufacturing Plants of all specifications and capacities.	Respective headings.

(12N) Border sustenance markets—

(a) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on the import of goods

which takes place within the jurisdiction of Border sustenance markets specified in Table-I below:—

	РСТ	
	Heading	
1.	07011000	-SEED (Potatoes)
2.	07020000	TOMATOES, FRESH OR CHILLED.
3.	07031000	-ONIONS AND SHALLOTS
4.	07032000	-GARLIC
5.	07049000	-OTHERS which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
6.	07061000	-CARROTS AND TURNIPS
7.	07070000	CUCUMBERS AND GHERKINS FRESH OR CHILLED.
8.	07081000	-PEAS (PISUM SATIVUM)
9.	07082000	-BEANS (VIGNA SPP., PHASEOLUS SPP.)
10.	07089000	-OTHER LEGUMINOUS VEGETABLES
11.	07131000	- Peas (Pisum sativum)
12.	07132010	Grams (Dry/Whole)
13.	07132090	other- which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
14.	07133100	Beans of the species Vigna mungo (L.) Hepper or Vigna radiata (L.) Wilczek
15.	07133200	small red (Adzuki) beans (Phaseolus or Vigna angularis)
16.	07133300	Kidney beans including white beans
17.	07133400	Bambara – vigna subteranea or vaahdzeia subterrea
18.	07133500	Cow peas (Vigna unguiculata)
19.	07133990	Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
20.	07134010	- Lentils (Dry Whole)
21.	07135000	- Broad beans (Vicia faba var. major) and horse beans (Vicia faba var. equina, Vicia faba var. minor)
22.	07136000	- Pigeon peas (cajanus cajan)

## TABLE-I

07139090         or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           24.         09051000         Vanilla (Neither crushed nor ground)           25.         09061100         Cinnamon           26.         09061900         Other (Cinnamon And Cinnamon Tree Flowers)           27.         09071000         Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)           28.         0908200         Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           32.         09082100         Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09082100         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           35.         09092100         Crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092100         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         0910910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000	23.		- Other which qualifies for exemption or concession
Act, 1969 and Sales 1ax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets         24.       09051000       Vanilla (Neither crushed nor ground)         25.       09061100       Cinnamon         26.       09061900       Other (Cinnamon And Cinnamon Tree Flowers)         27.       09071000       Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)         28.       09072000       Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)         30.       09081200       Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)         31.       09082100       Neither Crushed nor ground (Maze)         32.       09082100       Large (Cardammoms)         34.       09083120       Small (Cardammoms)         35.       0909200       Crushed or ground (Coriander)         37.       09092200       Crushed or ground (Coriander)         38.       09093100       Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)         39.       0909200       Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)         41.       09096200       Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)         42.       09109910       THYME; BAY LEAVES         43.       10031000       Barley (Seeds)         44.       10039000       Other (Barley)         45.		07120000	or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs
24.         09051000         Vanilla (Neither crushed nor ground)           25.         09061100         Cinnamon           26.         09061900         Other (Cinnamon And Cinnamon Tree Flowers)           27.         09071000         Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)           28.         09072000         Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           32.         09082100         Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           33.         09083120         Crushed or ground (Maze)           34.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           35.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           37.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken           46.         12129200		07139090	
25.         09061100         Cinnamon           26.         09061900         Other (Cinnamon And Cinnamon Tree Flowers)           27.         09071000         - · Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)           28.         09072000         - · Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         - · Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           31.         09082100         - · Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         - · Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         - · Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083200         - · Crushed or ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         - · Crushed or ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         - · Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           38.         09093100         - · Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           40.         09096100         - · Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         - · Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         - · - THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Chere (Barley)			
26.         09061900         Other (Cinnamon And Cinnamon Tree Flowers)           27.         09071000         Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)           28.         09072000         Crushed or ground (Cloves)           29.         09081100         Neither Crushed nor ground (Nutmeg)           30.         0908200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           31.         09082100         Crushed or ground (Maze)           32.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           35.         0908200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           37.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         12130000         Cereal stra	24.		Vanilla (Neither crushed nor ground)
27.         09071000         Neither crushed nor ground (Cloves)           28.         09072000         Crushed or ground (Cloves)           29.         09081100         Neither Crushed nor ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           31.         09082100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           34.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           35.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           40.         09096100         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken	25.		
28.         09072000         Crushed or ground (Cloves)           29.         09081100         Neither Crushed nor ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           31.         09082100         Crushed or ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           35.         09092100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         - Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         - Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           40.         09096100         - Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         - Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.	26.		
29.         09081100         - Neither Crushed nor ground (Nutmeg)           30.         09081200         - Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           31.         09082100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         - Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         - Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           36.         09092100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         - Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           40.         09096100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         - Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12260000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Loccust beans           47.         12130000	27.		
30.         09081200         Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)           31.         09082100         Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           36.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096100         Reither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         12130000         Cereal straws and husks           48.         15162010	28.	09072000	Crushed or ground (Cloves)
31.         09082100         Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)           32.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           37.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           40.         09096100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         1206000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         1230000         Cereal straws and husks           48.         15162010         Vegetable Fats and their fractions           50.         15162020<	29.		Neither Crushed nor ground (Nutmeg)
32.         09082200         Crushed or ground (Maze)           33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           36.         09092100         - Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           90         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           40.         09096100         Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         12130000         Cereal straws and husks           48.         15161000         Animal Fats and Oil and their fractions           50.         15162020         Vegetable Oils an	30.	09081200	Crushed or ground (Nutmeg)
33.         09083110         Large (Cardammoms)           34.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           36.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09096100         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           40.         09096100         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         12130000         Cereal straws and husks           48.         15161000         Animal Fats and Oil and their fractions           50.         15162020         Vegetable Fats and their fractions           51.         82089010 <td>31.</td> <td>09082100</td> <td><ul> <li>- Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)</li> </ul></td>	31.	09082100	<ul> <li>- Neither crushed nor ground (Maze)</li> </ul>
34.         09083120         Small (Cardammoms)           35.         09083200         Crushed or ground (Cardammoms)           36.         09092100         Neither crushed nor ground (Coriander)           37.         09092200         Crushed or ground (Coriander)           38.         09093100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Cumins)           39.         09093200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Cumins)           40.         09096100         Neither crushed nor ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           41.         09096200         Crushed or ground (Seeds of Anise, Badian, Caraway, Fennel etc)           42.         09109910         THYME; BAY LEAVES           43.         10031000         Barley (Seeds)           44.         10039000         Other (Barley)           45.         12060000         Sunflower seeds ,whether or not broken           46.         12129200         Locust beans           47.         12130000         Cereal straws and husks           48.         15161000         Animal Fats and Oil and their fractions           50.         15162020         Vegetable Fats and their fractions           51.         82089010         Knives and cutting blades for paper and paper board	32.	09082200	Crushed or ground (Maze)
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50.       15162020       Vegetable Oils and their fractions         51.       82089010       Knives and cutting blades for paper and paper board         52.       04011000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, NOT EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk	48.	15161000	Animal Fats and Oil and their fractions
51.       82089010       Knives and cutting blades for paper and paper board         52.       04011000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, NOT EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk	49.	15162010	Vegetable Fats and their fractions
51.       82089010       Knives and cutting blades for paper and paper board         52.       04011000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, NOT EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk	50.	15162020	
82089010       board         52.       04011000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, NOT EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk	51.	00000040	
53.       04011000       EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk		82089010	
53.       04011000       EXCEEDING 1 % (Milk and Cream)         53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING 1 % BUT NOT EXCEEDING 6 % (Milk and Cream)         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk	52.	04044000	-OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, NOT
53.       04012000       -OF A FAT CONTENT, BY WEIGHT, EXCEEDING         54.       04014000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 6 % but not exceeding 10% (Milk and Cream)         55.       04015000       - Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk		04011000	
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55 Of a fat content, by weight, exceeding 10 % (Milk		04014000	
	55.	04015000	
		04015000	

56.	07039000	-LEEKS AND OTHER ALLIACEOUS VEGETABLES
57.	07041000	-CAULIFLOWERS AND HEADED BROCCOLI
58.	07042000	-BRUSSELS SPROUTS
59.	07051100	CABBAGE LETTUCE (HEAD LETTUCE)
60.	07051900	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
61.	07052100	WITLOOF CHICORY (CICHORIUM INTYBUS VAR.FOLIOSUM)
62.	07052900	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
63.	07069000	-OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
64.	07096000	Fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus Pimenta
65.	08042000	Figs
66.	08061000	-FRESH (Grapes)
67.	08062000	DRIED (Grapes)
68.	08071100	WATERMELONS
69.	08071900	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
70.	08081000	-APPLES
71.	09021000	Green Tea
72.	09022000	Other Green Tea
73.	09101200	Crushed or ground (Ginger)
74.	09103000	-TURMERIC (CURCUMA)
75.	09109990	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
76.	17021110	Lactose (Sugar)
77.	17021120	Lactose syrup

78.	17021900	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
79.	17029020	CARAMEL
80.	23040000	OIL-CAKE AND OTHER SOLID RESIDUES, WHETHER OR NOT GROUND OR IN THE FORM OF PELLETS, RESULTING FROM THE EXTRACTION OF SOYA BEAN OIL.
81.	23099000	Other (animal feed)
82.	52042010	FOR Sewing (Thread)
83.	52042020	For embroidery (Thread)
84.	82011000	- Spades and shovels
85.	82055900	Other (Tools for masons, watchmakers, miners and hand tools nes)
86.	82083000	- For kitchen appliances or for machines used by the food industry
87.	82089090	Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
88.	04031000	-YOGURT
89.	07019000	Other (Potatoes)
90.	07104000	- Sweet corn
91.	07109000	- Mixtures of vegetables
92.	08041010	Fresh (Dates)
93.	08041020	Dried (Dates)
94.	08091000	APRICOTS
95.	08092100	Sour cherries (Prunus cerasus)
96.	08092900	Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
97.	08093000	-PEACHES, INCLUDING NECTARINES
98.	08094000	-PLUMS AND SLOES
99.	08101000	Strawberries
100.	08105000	Kiwi Fruit
101.	09101100	Neither crushed nor ground (Ginger)
102.	10011900	Other (Durum wheat (excl. seed for sowing))
103.	10019900	Other (Wheat and meslin (excl. seed for sowing, and durum wheat))
104.	11010010	Of Wheat (Flour)

105.	11010020	Of Meslin (Flour)
105.	19021920	VERMACELLI
100.	19059000	Other (Packed Cake)
107.	20071000	Homogenised perparations
100.	20071000	Citrus Fruit
110.	20079100	Other which qualifies for exemption or concession
-	20079900	or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
111.		-ORGANIC SURFACE-ACTIVE PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS FOR WASHING THE SKIN, IN THE FORM OF LIQUID OR CREAM AND PUT UP FOR RETAIL SALE, WHETHER OR NOT
	34013000	CONTAINING SOAP
112.	34022000	- Preparations put up for retail sale
113.		Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance
	34029000	Markets
114.	69111090	Others (Tableware and kitchenware of porcelain or china)
115.	69119000	Other (Household articles nes & toilet articles of porcelain or china)
116.	70134900	Other (Glassware for table or kitchen purposes (excl. glass having a linear c)
117.	70139900	Other (Glassware nes (other than that of 70.10 or 70.18))
118.	82159910	Spoons
119.	82159990	Other (Tableware articles not in sets and not plated with precious meta)
120.	87120000	Bicycles and other cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorised.
121.	96170010	Vacuum flasks
122.	96170020	OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance

(b) The provisions of section 154 shall not apply to the export of goods which

Markets

takes place within the jurisdiction of Border sustenance markets specified in Table - II below:----

Sr.#	РСТ	Description
	Heading	
1.		Other cuts with bone in (Meat of bovine animals,
	02012000	fresh or chilled)
2.	02013000	Boneless (Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled)
3.		Other cuts with bone in (Meat of bovine animals,
	02022000	frozen)
4.	02023000	Boneless (Meat of bovine animals, frozen)
5.	03021100	Fish
6.	04090000	Honey
7.	06022000	Plants
8.	07011000	-SEED (Potatoes)
9.	07019000	Other (Potatoes)
10.	07020000	TOMATOES, FRESH OR CHILLED.
11.	07031000	-ONIONS AND SHALLOTS
12.	07032000	Garlic
13.	07061000	-CARROTS AND TURNIPS
14.		-OTHER which qualifies for exemption or
		concession or reduced rate under the provisions
	07069000	of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or
		Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance
		Markets
15.	07070000	Cucumbers
16.	07093000	Egg Plant
17.	07096000	Fruits of the genus Capsicum or of the genus
		Pimenta (pepper)
18.	07099900	Others (Lady Finger)
19.	07101000	Fresh Potato
20.	07102100	Pea
21.	07103000	Spinach
22.	08031000	- Plantains (Bananas)
23.	08039000	- Other (Bananas)
24.	08041010	Fresh (Dates)
25.	08041020	Dried (Dates)
26.	08045020	Mangoes
27.	08052100	Mandarins (including tangerines and satsumas)
28.	08052910	Kino (fresh)
29.	08061000	Grapes (Fresh)
30.	08071100	WATERMELONS

## TABLE-II

31.         08071000         Meions           32.         08091000         Apricots           33.         08092900         Cherries           34.         08093000         Peaches           35.         0811000         Strawberries           36.         0810900         Fresh fruits nes (Other)           38.         08133000         Apple           39.         09021000         Green Tea           40.         09022000         Other green tea           41.         09030000         Mate.           42.         09042100         Green Tea           43.         Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           44.         09042210         Red Chillies (Powder)           45.         Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           46.         09051000         Neither crushed nor ground (Vanilla)           47.         09052000         Crushed or ground (Vanilla)           48.         10061010         StEED FOR SOWING (Rice)           50.         10062000			1
33.         08092900         Cherries           34.         08093000         Peaches           35.         08109100         Strawberries           36.         08109010         Pomegranates           37.         08109090         Fresh fruits nes (Other)           38.         08133000         Apple           39.         09021000         Green Tea           40.         09022000         Other green tea           41.         09030000         Mate.           42.         09042110         Red Chillies (Whole)           43.         Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           44.         09042210         Red Chillies (Powder)           45.         Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           46.         09051000         Neither crushed nor ground (Vanilla)           47.         09052000         CTHER Which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets           50.         10061090         OTHER	31.	08071900	Melons
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40.       09022000       Other green tea         41.       09030000       Mate.         42.       09042110       Red Chillies (Whole)         43.       Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets         44.       09042210       Red Chillies (Powder)         45.       Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets         46.       09051000       Reither crushed nor ground (Vanilla)         47.       09052000       Crushed or ground (Vanilla)         48.       10061010       SEED FOR SOWING (Rice)         49.       OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets         50.       10061090       BASMATI (Rice)         52.       OTHER which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets         53.       10064000       -BROKEN RICE         54.       1101001       Flour (of Wheat)         55.       12074000       - Se	38.		Apple
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58. 15162020 Vegetable Oils and their fractions			
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60.	19041090	Papad
61.	20071000	- Homogenised preparations
62.	20081900	Nimko
63.	21069090	OTHER (Custard Powder)
64.	23099000	Other (Animal feed)
65.	25010010	Table Salt
66.	25010020	Rock Salt
67.	25010030	Sea Salt
68.		Other which qualifies for exemption or
		concession or reduced rate under the provisions
		of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or
		Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance
	25010090	Markets
69.	34060000	Candles
70.	36050000	Safety Match
71.	39264090	-OTHER (Plastic Articles)
72.	53101000	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fibres,
	53101000	unbleached
73.	53109010	Jute (hessian cloth)
74.	56074100	Binder or baler twine
75.		Other which qualifies for exemption or
		concession or reduced rate under the provisions
	56074900	of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or
		Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance
		Markets
76.	56075000	- Of other synthetic fibres
77.	58021100	Unbleached (Terry toweling in similar woven
	00021100	terry fabrics, of cotton)
78.	58021900	Other (Terry toweling In similar woven Terry
	00021000	fabrics, OF cotton)
79.	58022000	- Terry towelling and similar woven terry fabrics, of
		other textile materials
80.	58023000	- Tufted textile fabrics
81.	58043000	- Hand made lace
82.		Hand-woven tapestries of the type Gobelins,
	58050000	Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and
		needle-worked tapestries (for example, petit point,
		cross stitch), whether or not made up.
83.	58064000	- Fabrics consisting of warp without weft
0.4		assembled by means of an adhesive (bolducs)
84.	50011000	- Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous
	59011000	substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of
05		books or the like
85.	61119000	Mix Goods/Garments (Babies garments & clothg
		accessories)

86.	62031990	OTHER (Men or Boys Suits etc.)
87.	62042200	Of cotton
88.	62042900	Of other textile materials
89.	62043900	Of other textile materials
90.	62044210	Shisha embroidered dresses
91.		-OTHER which qualifies for exemption or
	62129000	concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets
92.	63021090	-OTHER (Bed linen, Toilet linen etc.)
93.	63051000	Jute Bags (of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03)
94.	63052000	Sacks and bags, for packing of goods, of cotton
95.	63090000	Worn clothing and other worn articles
96.	69111090	Other (Tableware and kitchenware of porcelain or china)
97.	69119000	Others (Household articles nes & toilet articles of porcelain or china)
98.	70133700	Drinking glasses (excl. glasses of glass ceramics or of lead crystal a
99.	73181690	Nuts, iron or steel, nes (Others)
100.	82055900	Tools for masons, watchmakers, miners and hand tools nes (Other)
101.	82059000	Hand tools (Other, including sets of articles of two or more subheadings of this heading)
102.	82119100	Table knives having fixed blades
103.	82119200	Other knives having fixed blades
104.	82159990	Tableware articles not in sets and not plated with precious metal
105.	84485100	Needle
106.	96170010	Vacuum flasks
107.		Other which qualifies for exemption or concession or reduced rate under the provisions of Customs Act, 1969 and Sales Tax Act, 1990 or Federal Excise
	96170020	Act, 2005 for Border Sustenance Markets

The exemption under this clause shall be available on the import of goods subject to following conditions, namely:—

(i) Such goods shall be supplied only within the limits of Border Sustenance Markets established in cooperation with Iran and Afghanistan;

- If the goods, on which exemption under this table has been availed, are brought outside the limits of such markets, income tax shall be charged on the import value as per provisions of section 148 of this Ordinance;
- (iii) Such items in case of import, shall be allowed clearance by the Customs Authorities subject to furnishing of bank guarantee equal to the amount of income tax involved and the same shall be released after presentation of consumption certificate issued by the Commissioner Inland Revenue having jurisdiction;
- (iv) The said exemption shall only be available to a person upon furnishing proof of having a functional business premises located within limits of the Border Sustenance Markets; and
- (v) Breach of any of the conditions specified herein shall attract relevant legal provisions of the Ordinance, besides recovery of the amount of income tax along with default surcharge and penalties involved.]

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[(120) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of drones donated by Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs (MARA), Government of China to Pakistan through Sea Route.

(12P) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of machinery and equipment as listed in S. No 32 of Part-I of Fifth Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 subject to the same conditions and limitations as specified therein.]

<sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (12)(c) omitted by SRO 550(I)/2012 dated 23-5-20012. The Omitted clause (12)(c) read as: follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(12)(c) Withholding Tax under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be deductible at one per cent on local purchase of steel scrap by those steel melters who have opted under Sales Tax Special Procedures and are compliantly filing returns under the said scheme."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New clauses (12O) and (12P) added by the Finance Act 2022. Earlier clause (12O) was added through SRO 1407(I)/2021 dated 29.10.2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (13) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (13) read as follows: "(13) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to Hub Power Company Limited so far as they relate to its receipts on account of sale of electricity."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (13A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (13A) read as follows:
 "(13A) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to KotAddu Power Company Limited (KAPCO) for the period it continues to be entitled to exemption under clause (138) of Part-I of this Schedule."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (14) omitted by the Finance Act, 2006. The omitted clause (14) read as follows:
 "(14) A company registered and authorized by the Federal Government to import gold and silver

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

(16) The provisions of sections <sup>2</sup>[113,] 148, 151, 153, 155 <sup>3</sup>[and 156] shall not apply to the institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan) listed in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol dated November 13, 1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Agha Khan Development Network:

Provided that such institutions shall continue to collect and deduct tax under section  $^{4}$ [149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156 or 233] from others persons, wherever required thereunder  $^{5}$ [.]

<sup>6</sup>[ ] <sup>7</sup>[ ] <sup>8</sup>[ ] <sup>9</sup>[ ]

**(19)** The provisions of <sup>10</sup>[sections 113 and] 151 shall not apply to non-residents, (excluding local branches or subsidiaries or offices of foreign banks, companies, associations of persons or any other person operating in Pakistan), in respect of

<sup>1</sup>Clause (15) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (15) read as follows:

shall be liable to pay tax on import of gold at the rate of two rupees per eleven grams six hundred and sixty-four milligrams and five rupees per kilogram in the case of silver in accordance with the provisions of section 148 and such payment of tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability of tax in respect of income accruing from such import including liability of tax under section 113."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(15) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to companies, qualifying for exemption under clause (132) of Part-I of this Schedule, in respect of receipts from sale of electricity."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The comma, figures and words " ,156 and 157" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The figure "113" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (16A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (16A) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(16A) The provisions of section 153(1)(b) shall not be applicable to the persons making payments to electronic and print media in respect of the advertising services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that in respect of application of section 113, this clause shall take effect from the first day of July, 1991."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (17) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (17) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(17) The provisions of section 113, shall not apply to Provincial Governments and local authorities, qualifying for exemption under section 49 and other Government or semi-Government bodies which are otherwise exempt from income tax:

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall be construe to authorize any refund of tax already paid or the collection of any outstanding demand created under the said section."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (18) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (18) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(18) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to Pakistan Red Crescent Society."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>The word "section" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

their receipts from Pak rupees denominated Government and corporate securities and redeemable capital, as defined in the <sup>1</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], listed on a registered stock exchange, where the investments are made exclusively from foreign exchange remitted into Pakistan through a Special Convertible Rupee Account maintained with a bank in Pakistan.

2[ ] 3[ ] 4[ ] 5[ ] 6[ ] 7[ ] 8[ ] 9[ ] 10[ ]

- <sup>1</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.
- <sup>2</sup> Clause (20) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (20) read as follows:

- <sup>3</sup>Clause (21) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (21) read as follows:
   "(21) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to non-profit organisations approved under clause (36) of section 2 or clause (58) or included in clause (61) of Part-I of this Schedule."
- <sup>4</sup>Clause (22) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (22) read as follows:
  "(22) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to a taxpayer who qualifies for exemption under clause (133) of Part-I of this Schedule."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (22A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (22A) read as follows: " (22A) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to a resident person engaged in the business of shipping who qualifies for application of reduced rate of tax on tonnage basis as final tax under clause (21) of Part II of the Schedule."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (23) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (23) read as follows: "(23) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to a venture capital company and venture capital fund which is exempt under clause (101) of Part-I of this Schedule."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (24) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (24) read as follows:
 "(24) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to a modaraba registered under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980)."

<sup>8</sup>Clause (25) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (25) read as follows:
"(25) Nothing in section 113 shall apply to Corporate and Industrial Restructuring Corporation (CIRC)."

<sup>9</sup> Clause (26) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (26) read as follows:
"(26) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to goods or classes of goods imported by contractors and sub-contractors engaged in the execution of power project under the agreement between the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Hub Power Company Limited."

<sup>10</sup> Clause (27) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (27) read as follows: "(27) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to such specially equipped motor vehicle or support equipment imported by a disabled person, as is allowed by the Federal Government."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(20) The provisions of section 113 shall not apply to special purpose, non-profit companies engaged in securitizing the receivables of Provincial Governments or the companies."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>5</sup>[ ] <sup>6</sup>[ ] <sup>7</sup>[ ] <sup>8</sup>[ ] <sup>9</sup>[ ]

<sup>1</sup>Clause (28) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (28) read as follows:

"(28) The provision of section 148 shall not apply to in case of such goods imported into Pakistan as are exempt from customs duties and sales tax under Headings 9913, 9914 and 9915 of Sub-Chapter III of Chapter 99 of First Schedule the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969)."

<sup>2</sup>Clause (29) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (29) read as follows:

"(29) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to goods imported by direct and indirect exporters covered under —

- (a) Sub-Chapter 4 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001;
- (b) Sub-Chapter 6 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001; and
- (c) Sub-Chapter 7 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001;"

# <sup>3</sup>Clause (30) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (30) read as follows: "(30) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply in respect of goods specified under Heading 9929, Sub-Chapter VIII of Chapter 99 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);"

<sup>4</sup> Clause (31) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (31) read as follows: "(31) The provisions of section 148shall not apply in respect of such mobile telephone sets as are exempt from custom duty and are charged to sales tax in the manner prescribe in the Notification No. S.R.O 390(I)/2001 dated 18<sup>th</sup> June, 2001."

<sup>5</sup> Clause (31A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (31A) read as follows:

"(31A) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to plant, machinery and equipment imported as are subject to 5% rate of customs-duty under Chapter 84 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969), or are exempt from customs-duty or subject to a lower rate of customs-duty under relevant Customs notifications."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (31B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (31B) read as follows: "(31B) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply in respect of agricultural tractors imported in CBU condition."

<sup>7</sup>Clause (32) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (32) read as follows:

"(32) The provisions of sections 149 and 152 relating to fee for technical services shall not apply to M/s Siddiq Sons Tin Plate Limited in respect of salaries of expatriate employees, royalty or technological and know-how fee for technical assistance for projects located in Special Industrial Zone, Windher, Balochistan, who have established L/Cs prior to the 31st January, 1996."

<sup>8</sup>Clause (33) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (33) read as follows:

"(33) The provisions of sections 151 and 233 shall not apply to any person making payment to National Investment (Unit) Trust or a mutual fund established by the Investment Corporation of Pakistan or an investment company registered under the Investment Companies and Investment Advisers Rules 1971 or a unit trust scheme constituted by an Asset Management Company registered under the Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995 or a real investment trust, approved and authorized under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006, established and managed by a REIT management company licensed under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006 or a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund."

<sup>9</sup>Clause (34) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (34) read as follows:

"(34) The provision of section 151 shall not apply in respect of profit or interest paid on a Term Finance

<sup>1</sup>[]

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<sup>3</sup>[(36A) The provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 151 shall not apply in respect of any amount paid as yield or profit on investment in Bahbood Savings Certificate or Pensioner's Benefit Account <sup>4</sup>[and *Shuhada* Family Welfare Account.]

<sup>5</sup>[(36B) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to profit on debt paid on promissory notes and sales tax refund bonds issued under the provisions of the Sales Tax ,Act, 1990.

(36C) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to profit on debt paid on Pakistan Banao Certificate,

(36D) The provisions of sections 150 and 151 shall not be apply to SARMAYA-E-PAKISTAN LIMITED

(36E) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply on profit on debt paid on bonds issued under the Federal Government Duty Drawback Bonds Rules,2019] <sup>6</sup>[]

**(38)** The provisions of section 151, <sup>7</sup>[153 <sup>8</sup>[",233 and 236Q"] ] shall not apply to special purpose vehicle for the purpose of securitization<sup>9</sup>["or issue of *sukuks*"].

Certificate held by a company which has been issued on, or after, the first day of July, 1999."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (35) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (35) read as follows:
 "(35) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to any payment made by way profit or interest to any person on Term Finance Certificates being the instruments of redeemable capital under the

any person on Term Finance Certificates being the instruments of redeemable capital under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), issued by Prime Minister's Housing Development Company (Pvt) Limited (PHDCL)."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (36) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (36) read as follows:
 "(36) The provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 151 shall not apply in respect of any amount paid as interest or profit on Special US Dollar Bonds issued under the Special US Dollar Bonds Rules, 1998."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New Clauses 36B, 36C, 36D & 36E inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (37) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (37) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(37) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to Pak rupee accounts or certificates referred to in clause (83) of Part I of this Schedule."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>The figure and word "and 233" substituted by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Added by the Presidential Order No.F.2(1)2016-Pub dated 31.08.2016.

1(38A) The provisions of sections 150, 151 and 233 shall not apply to a Venture Capital Company:]

<sup>2</sup>[(38AA) The provisions of section 150 shall not apply to China Overseas Ports Holding Company Limited, China Overseas Ports Holding Company Pakistan (Private) Limited, Gwadar International Terminal Limited, Gwadar Marine Services Limited and Gwadar Free Zone Company Limited for a period of twenty-three vears."

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<sup>4</sup>[(38C) The provisions of section<sup>5</sup>[150,] 151, 152, 153 and 233 shall not apply to the Islamic Development Bank.]

<sup>6</sup>[(38D) The provisions of section 151 and 153 shall not apply to the National Disaster Risk Management Fund.1

<sup>7</sup>[] 1 <sup>18</sup> 9[]

<sup>8</sup> Clause (40 omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (40) read as follows:

Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (38B) omitted by Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (38B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(38B) The provisions of section 150 shall not apply to the Islamic Development Bank." <sup>4</sup>Clause (38C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2011..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The figure and comma "150," inserted by Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New clause (38D) inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019 <sup>7</sup>Clause (39) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (39) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(39) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner of Income Tax concerned to the effect that his income during the income year is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>quot;(40) The provisions of sub-section (6) of section 153in so far as they relate to payments on account of supply of goods from which tax is deductible under the said section shall not apply in respect of any person being a manufacturer of such goods, unless he opts for the presumptive tax regime:

Provided that a declaration of option is furnished in writing within three months of the commencement of the tax year and such declaration shall be irrevocable and shall remain in force for three years:

Provided further nothing contained in this clause shall apply to any manufacturer of goods for which special rates of deduction of tax are specified under the repealed Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (41) omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted clause (41) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(41)The provisions of <sup>9</sup>[sub-section "<sup>9</sup>[(1B) of section 152]] shall not apply in respect of a nonresident person unless he opts for the presumptive tax regime:

Provided that a declaration of option is furnished in writing within three months of the commencement of the <sup>9</sup>[tax] year and such declaration shall be irrevocable and shall remain in force for three years."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[ ]

**(42)** The provisions of <sup>5</sup>[sub-section <sup>6</sup>[(3)] of section 153] shall not apply in respect of payments received by a resident person for providing services by way of operation of container or chemical or oil terminal at a sea-port in Pakistan or of an infrastructure project covered by the Government's Investment Policy, 1997.

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Earlier Clause (41A) was omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. Which was inserted by S.R.O. 1130(I)/2005, dated 14.11.2005 and read as follows:

"(41A) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Finance Act, 2005 (VII of 2005), with respect to the omission of clause (40) of Part IV of the Second Schedule to this Ordinance, nothing in sub-section (6A) of Section 153 of this Ordinance shall apply to any person being a manufacturer, where declaration of option for the presumptive tax regime has been furnished and transactions pertaining to such option have been undertaken and completed on or before the 30th June, 2005:

Provided that all declaration of options already furnished shall cease to have effect after the 30th June, 2005."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (41AAA) omitted by Finance Act 2014. The omitted clause (41AAA) read as follows:

"(41AAA) The provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 and clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if he opts out of presumptive tax regime subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 70% of tax already deducted under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (41B) omitted by Finance Act 2014. The omitted clause (41B) read as follows:

"(**41B**)The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 152 shall not apply in respect of payments to foreign news agencies, syndicate services and non-resident contributors, who have no permanent establishment in Pakistan"

<sup>5</sup>Substituted for the word and figure "section 153" by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>6</sup>The brackets and figure (6) substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>7</sup> Omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (42A) read as follows:

"(42A) The provisions of sub-section (6) of section 153 shall not apply in respect of payments received by a person for supply of relief goods for earthquake victims against funds from the President Relief Fund for Earthquake Victims, 2005, or any other such source of the Government or the purchases made by approved voluntary Non-Profit Organizations or welfare bodies for the aforesaid purpose."

<sup>8</sup> Clause (43) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted clause (43) read as follows: "(43)The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153shall not apply to payments received by Pak-Arab Refinery Limited on account of supply of its products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (41A) omitted by Finance Act 2014. The omitted clause (41A) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(41A) The provisions of sub-section (7) of section 148 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if he opts out of presumptive tax regime subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 60% of tax already collected under sub-section (7) of section148."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (41AA) omitted by Finance Act 2014. The omitted clause (41AA) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(41AA) The provisions of sub-section (4) of section 154 and clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if he opts out of presumptive tax regime subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 50% of tax already deducted under sub-section (4) of section 154."

<sup>1</sup>[(43A) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to payments received by a person <sup>2</sup>[] on account of supply of petroleum product imported by the same person under the Government of Pakistan's deregulation policy of POL products;]

<sup>3</sup>[(43B) The provisions of clause (a) sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to payments received on sale of air tickets by travelling agents, who have paid withholding tax on their commission income.]

<sup>4</sup>[(43C) The provision of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not be applicable to any payment received by a petroleum agent or distributor who is registered under Sales Tax Act, 1990 on account of supply of petroleum products.]

<sup>5</sup>[(43D) The provisions of <sup>6</sup>[clauses (a) and (b)] of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply in case of an oil tanker contractor with effect from  $1^{st}$  July 2008, provided that such contractor pays tax @ 2.5%, on the payments for rendering or providing of carriage services <sup>7</sup>[]].

<sup>8</sup>[(43E) The provisions of <sup>9</sup>[clauses (a) and (b)] of sub section (1) of section 153 shall not apply in case of goods transport contractors, provided that such contractors pay tax at the rate of <sup>10</sup>[] <sup>11</sup>[3.5%] on payments for rendering or providing of carriage services.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (43A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2003. The substituted clause (43A) read as follows: "(43A) The provisions of section 153, shall not apply to payments received by M/s Total PARCO Pakistan Limited for the supply of petroleum products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words and brackets "including Permanent Establishment of Non-resident Petroleum Exploration and Production (E&P) Companies" omitted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007. Earlier it was omitted vide Finance Act, 2003 which read as follows: "(43B) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to the payments received by Al Rahim Trading Co. (Pvt) Limited, Karachi for the supply of petroleum products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by S.R.O. 57(I)/2012, dated 24.01.2012. Earlier it was inserted by S.R.O. 961(I)/2002, dated 23.12.2002 and then omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (43C) read as follows: "(43C) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to the payments received by Hascombe Storage (PVT) Limited, Karachi, for the supply of petroleum products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 126(I)/2013, dated 13.02.2013. Earlier it was inserted by S.R.O. 253(I)/2003, dated 07.03.2003 and then omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (43D) read as follows: "(43D) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to the payments received by M/s. Overseas Trading Corporation, Karachi, for the supply of petroleum products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The expression "clause (a)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The expression "w.e.f. tax year 2012" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Inserted by S.R.O 980(I)/2013, dated 18.11.2013. Earlier it was inserted by S.R.O. 408(I)/2003, dated 08.05.2003 and then omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (43E) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(**43E**) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to the payments received by M/s. ICI Pakistan Limited, for the supply of petroleum products."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The expression "clause (a)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Figure "2.5" substituted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The figure "3%" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>1</sup>[(43F) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply in the case of a start-up, being recipient of payment, as defined in clause (62A) of section 2.]

<sup>2</sup>[(**43G**) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to commodity futures contracts listed on a Futures Exchange licensed under the Futures Market Act, 2016 (XIV of 2016).]

<sup>3</sup>[(43H) The provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to an exhibitor or a distributor of a feature film, as a payer, on payment made to a distributor, producer or importer of a feature film.]

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(45) The provisions of  ${}^{5}$ [sub-section  ${}^{6}$ [(1)] of section 153] shall not apply to any manufacturer-cum-exporter as  ${}^{7}$ [the prescribed person]:

Provided that—

- (a) the manufacturer-cum-exporter shall deduct tax from payments made in respect of goods sold in Pakistan;
- (b) if tax has not been deducted from payments on account of supply of goods in respect of goods sold in Pakistan, the tax shall be paid by the manufacture-cum-exporter, if the sales in Pakistan are in excess of five per cent of export sales <sup>8</sup>[.]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (43G) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (43H) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (44) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (44) read as follows: "(44) The provisions of section 148shall not apply to an indirect exporter as defined in the Duty and Tax Remission for Export Rules, 2001 issued under Notification No. S.R.O. 185(I)/2001, dated the 21<sup>st</sup> March 2001."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word and figure "section 153" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The brackets and figure "(6)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>The words "a payer" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The expression "; and" and paragraph (c) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted paragraph read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) nothing contained in this clause shall apply to payments made on account of purchase of the goods in respect of which special rates of tax deduction have been specified <sup>8</sup>[under the provisions of the repealed Ordinance.]"

<sup>1</sup>[(45A) <sup>2</sup>[] The rate of deduction of withholding tax under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be one per cent on local sales, supplies and services provided or rendered to the <sup>3</sup>[taxpayers falling in the] following categories <sup>4</sup>[] namely:-

- (i) textile and articles thereof;
- (ii) carpets;
- (iii) leather and articles thereof including artificial leather footwear;
- (iv) surgical goods; and
- (v) sports goods;

<sup>5</sup>[*Explanation.*—For removal of doubt, it is clarified that the relief of reduced rate for withholding tax under clause (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 153 is available only to the local sales, supplies and services made by the taxpayers of categories specified at serial no (i) to (v) of this clause:]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided that the rate of deduction of withholding tax under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be 0.5% on local sales, supplies and services made by traders of yarn to the above mentioned categories of taxpayers.]

"(45A)

(a) The rate of deduction of withholding tax under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall be one per cent on local sales, supplies or services made or rendered to the following categories of sales tax zero- rated taxpayers, namely:—

- (i) textile and articles thereof;
- (ii) carpets;
- (iii) leather and articles thereof including artificial leather footwear;
- (iv) surgical goods; and
- (v) sports goods;
- (b) provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 111 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001) shall not apply to the amounts credited in the books of accounts maintained for the period ending the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2011 by the sellers suppliers, service providers to the categories of sales tax zero-rated tax payers as mentioned at sub-clause (i) above; and
- (c) provisions of sub-clauses (a) and (b) above shall be applicable only to new cases of sellers, suppliers, service providers of the above mentioned categories of sales tax zero-rated taxpayers, who get themselves registered by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2011."

<sup>2</sup> The expression "(a)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>3</sup>Words inserted by S.R.O 669(I)/2013, dated 17.07.2013.

<sup>4</sup>The words "of sales tax zero-rated taxpayers," omitted by S.R.O 669(I)/2013, dated 17.07.2013.

<sup>5</sup> Explanation inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>6</sup>Proviso substituted through Tax Laws(Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019, the substituted proviso read as under:

"Provided that withholding tax under clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not be deducted from sales, supplies and services made by traders of yarn to the above mentioned categories of taxpayers. Such traders of yarn shall pay minimum tax @ 0.1% on their annual turnover on monthly basis on 30th day of each month and monthly withholding tax statement shall be e-filed under the provisions of section 165 of this Ordinance."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (45A) substituted by S.R.O. 333(I)/2011, dated 02.05.2011. The substituted clause (45A) read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[]

#### <sup>2</sup>[]]

<sup>3</sup>[(**45B)** The provisions of section 153 shall not apply on the purchase of used motor vehicles from general public.]

<sup>4</sup>[(46) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to any payment received by an oil distribution company or an oil refinery <sup>5</sup>[<sup>6</sup>["and provisions of sub-section (2A) of section152 shall not apply to"] Permanent Establishment of Non-resident Petroleum Exploration and Production (E&P) Companies] for supply of its petroleum products.]

<sup>7</sup>[(46A) the provisions of sub-section <sup>8</sup>[(3)] of section 153 shall not apply to any payment received by a manufacturer of iron and steel products relating to sale of goods manufactured by him.]

<sup>9</sup>[(46AA) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to the following persons as recipients of payment, namely:—

- (i) a Provincial Government;
- (ii) a local authority;
- (iii) persons who are residents of Azad Kashmir and execute contracts in Azad Kashmir only and produce a certificate to this effect from the concerned income tax authority;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (b) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The sub-clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 111 of this Ordinance shall not apply to the amounts credited in the books of accounts maintained for the period ending on the 30<sup>th</sup> June 2011, by the sellers, suppliers, service providers to the categories of sales tax zero-rated taxpayers, as mentioned in sub-clause (a) [.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-clause (c) omitted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance 2019 dated 28th December, 2019. omitted sub-clause read as under:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(c) provisions of sub-clauses (a) and (b) shall be applicable only to the cases of sellers, suppliers, service providers of the above mentioned categories of sales tax zerorated taxpayers, who are already registered and to those taxpayers who get themselves registered by the 30th June, 2011."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (45B) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (46) substituted by the Finance Act, 2004. The substituted clause (46) read as follows: "(46)The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153, shall not apply in respect of payments received on account of supply of petroleum products by Attock Petroleum Limited."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 847(I)/2007, dated 22<sup>nd</sup> August, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The brackets and figure "(6)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>New clause (46AA) inserted through Finance Act 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- <sup>1</sup>[(iv) subject to fulfillment of procedure laid down in clause (12) of Part IV of Second Schedule, persons receiving payments exclusively for the supply of agriculture produce including following—
  - (I) fresh milk;
  - (II) fish by any person engaged in fish farming;
  - (III) live chicken, birds and eggs by any person engaged in poultry farming;
  - (IV) live animals by any person engaged in cattle farming;
  - (V) unpackaged meat; and
  - (VI) raw hides:

Provided that this clause shall not apply to the payments for agriculture produce which has been subjected to any process other than that which is ordinarily performed to render such produce to be fit to be taken to the market."; and

- (v) companies receiving payments for the supply of electricity and gas including companies receiving payments for the transmission of electricity and gas.]
- (vi) companies receiving payments for the supply of crude oil;
- (vii) hotels and restaurants receiving payments in cash for providing accommodation or food or both, as the case may be;
- (viii) shipping companies and air carriers receiving payments for the supply of passenger tickets and for the cargo charges of goods transported;
- (ix) individuals who are not registered under section 181 of the Ordinance, receiving payments for the supply of sand, bricks, grit, gravel, crushed stone, soft mud or clay; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (iv) and (v) substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. The substituted sub-clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(iv) persons receiving payments from a company or an association of persons having turnover of fifty million rupees or more or from an individual having turnover of fifty million rupees or more exclusively for the supply of agriculture produce including fresh milk, fish by any person engaged in fish farming, live chicken, birds and eggs by any person engaged in poultry farming and by an industrial undertaking engaged in poultry processing which has not been subjected to any process other than that which is ordinarily performed to render such produce fit to be taken to market;

<sup>(</sup>v) companies receiving payments for the supply of electricity and gas;"

- (x) artisans, plumbers, electricians, surface finishers, carpenters, painters or daily wagers, receiving payments in respect of services provided or rendered to the construction sector including construction of buildings, roads, bridges and other such structures or the development of land, subject to the following conditions, namely:—
  - (a) services under this clause are provided or rendered by an individual who is not registered under section 181;
  - (b) the name, Computerized National Identity Card Number and address of such individual is recorded by the recipient of such service; and
  - (c) payment for such services is made directly to such individual.";]
- 1[]
- <sup>2</sup>[]
- 3[]
- <sup>4</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>[(47A) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply in respect of payments received by a resident person for supply of such goods as were imported by the same person and on which tax has been paid under section 148.]

<sup>3</sup>Clause (46C) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. Earlier clause (46C) was inserted by S.R.O. 857(I)/2003 dated 27.08.2003. The omitted clause (46C) read as follows: "(46C) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153, shall not apply to the payments received by M/s. Bosicor Pakistan Limited for the supply of its products."

Clause (46A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. Earlier clause (46A) was inserted by S.R.O. 855(I)/2003 dated 29.08.2003. The omitted clause (46A) read as follows: "(46A) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 153, shall not apply to the payments received by M/s. TOTAL PARCO Pakistan Limited (TPPL) for the supply of petroleum products."

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (46B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (46B) read as follows:
 "(46B) the provisions of sub-section (6B) of section 153, in so far as they relate to payments on account of

sale of goods from which tax is deductible under section 153, shall not apply in respect of an individual or association of persons being a manufacturer of such goods, for the tax year 2007."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Clause (47) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (47) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(47) The provisions of sections 151 and 155 shall not apply to a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner of Income Tax concerned to the effect that his income during the income year is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>1</sup>**[(47B)** The provisions of sections 150, 151 <sup>2</sup>[, ] 233 <sup>3</sup>[and Part I, Division VII of the First Schedule] shall not apply to any person making payment to National Investment Unit Trust or a collective investment scheme <sup>4</sup>[] or Approved Pension Fund or an Approved Income Payment Plan or a REIT Scheme <sup>5</sup>[including Special Purpose Vehicle] <sup>6</sup>[] or a recognized provident fund or an approved superannuation fund or an approved gratuity fund.]

<sup>7</sup>[*Explanation.*— For the purpose of this clause, Special Purpose Vehicle shall have the same meaning as defined under the Real Estate Investment Trust Regulations, 2015.]

<sup>8</sup>[(47C) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 154 shall not apply to an exporter in respect of cooking oil or vegetable ghee exported to Afghanistan, from whom advance tax has been collected under section 148 on import of edible oil.]

<sup>9</sup>[(47D) The provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 153 shall not apply to cotton ginners.]

<sup>10</sup>[ ] <sup>11</sup>[ ]

<sup>8</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (47B) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (47B) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(47B) The provisions of sections 150, 151 and 233 shall not apply to any person making payment to National Investment (Unit) Trust or a mutual fund established by the Investment Corporation of Pakistan or a collective investment scheme authorized or registered under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 or a modaraba or Approved Pension Fund or an Approved Income Payment Plan constituted by a Pension Fund Manager registered under Voluntary Pension Systems Rules, 2005 or a Real Estate Investment Trust approved and authorized under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006, established and managed by a REIT Management Company licensed under the Real Estate Investment Trust Rules, 2006 or a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "or a modaraba" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Words inserted by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The words "or a Private Equity and Venture Capital Fund" omitted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Explanation added by the Finance (Supplementary) Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clause (47D) substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted clause (47D) read as follows: "(47D) The provisions of sub-section (6A) of section 153 shall not apply to cotton ginners."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Clause (48) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (48) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(48) The provisions of section 236 shall not apply to a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner of Income Tax concerned to the effect that his income during the income year is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Clause (49) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (49) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(49) The provisions of section 236 shall not apply where the subscriber is a non-taxable non-profit organization."

- <sup>1</sup>[]
- ²[]
- 3[]
- . .
- 4[]
- 5[]
- 6[]

<sup>7</sup>[(56) The provisions of section 148, regarding withholding tax on imports shall not apply in respect of—

<sup>4</sup>Clause (53) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (53) read as follows:

" (53) The provision of sections 148 and 153 shall not apply to the wheat imported by Trading Corporation of Pakistan in pursuance of Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet decision No.ECC-67/5/2005 dated the 2<sup>nd</sup> July, 2004."

<sup>5</sup>Clause (54) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. The omitted clause (54) read as follows:

"(54) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to sugar imported in pursuance of Economic Coordination Committee of the Cabinet's decision No.ECC16/2/2005 dated 08.02.2005."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (55) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005. Earlier this was inserted by S.R.O. 423(I)/2005, dated 13.05.2005. The omitted clause (55) read as follows:

"(55) The provision of section 148 shall not apply to the import of the following items, namely:-

- (a) onions;
- (b) potatoes;
- (c) tomatoes;
- (d) garlic;

(f)

- (e) halal meat of -(1) (i)
  - (i) goat; and
  - (ii) sheep; and
  - (2) beef; and
  - live animals (bovine animals i.e. buffalos, cows, sheep, goats and camels only)."

<sup>7</sup> Clause (56) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted clause (56) read as follows:

"(56) The provisions of section 148, regarding withholding tax on imports, shall not apply in respect of;-

- goods or classes of goods imported by contractors and sub-contractors engaged in the execution of power project under the agreement between the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Hub Power Company Limited;
- such specially equipped motor vehicle or support equipment imported by a disabled person, as is allowed by the Federal Government;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (50) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (50) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(50) The provisions of section 234 shall not apply to a person who produces a certificate from Commissioner of Income Tax concerned to the effect that his income during the income year is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (51) omitted by the Finance Act, 2003. The omitted clause (51) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(51) The provisions of section 235 shall not apply to a person who produces a certificate from the Commissioner of Income Tax concerned to the effect that his income during the income year is exempt from tax."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (52) omitted by the Finance Act, 2010. The omitted (clause (52) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(52) The provisions of clause (vi) of Notification No. SRO 593(I)/91, dated the 30th June, 1991, shall not apply to any importer being an industrial undertaking engaged in the manufacture of vanaspati ghee or oil."

- (iv) goods imported by direct and indirect exporters covered under -
  - (a) Sub-Chapter 4 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001;
  - (b) Sub-Chapter 6 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001; and
  - (c) Sub-Chapter 7 of Chapter XII of S.R.O. 450(I)/2001 dated 18.06.2001;
- goods specified under Heading 9929, Sub-Chapter VIII of Chapter 99 of the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);
- (vi) Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG)
- (vii) Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)
- (viii) agricultural tractors imported in CBU condition;
- (ix) an indirect exporter as defined in the Duty and Tax Remission for Export Rules, 2001 issued under Notification No. S.R.O. 85(I)/2001, dated the 21st March 2001;
- (x) Radio Navigational Aid Apparatus imported for an airport or on after First January, 2006.
- (xii) import of the following items, namely:-
  - (a) onions;
  - (b) potatoes;
  - (c) tomatoes;
  - (d) garlic;
  - (e) halal meat of-(1) (i)
    - (i) goat; and
      - (ii) sheep; and
    - (2) beef; and
  - (f) live animals (bovine animals i.e. buffalos, cows, sheep, goats and camels only);
  - (xiv) goods donated for the relief of earthquake victims as are exempt from customs duties and sales tax; and
  - (xv) tents, tarpaulin and blankets.
  - (xvii) import of ships and floating crafts including tugs, dredgers, survey vessels and other specialized crafts, registered in Pakistan.
  - (xviii) goods specified in column (2) of the Table below, falling under the PCT heading number mentioned in column (3) of the said Table, namely: -

S.No.	Description of goods.	PCT heading number.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
	1.	Camera.	9007.1100
	2.	Studio lights.	9405.4010
	3.	Screen.	9010.6000
	4.	Camera all kind lenses.	9002.1100
	5.	Stand filers.	9002.2000
	6.	Lenses video assist.	9002.1900
	7.	Lights/studio lights.	9405.4010
	8.	Laboratory for processing.	9010.5000
	9.	Steam back.	9405.4010
	10.	Mixing studio facility.	9010.5000
	11.	Re-mixing and accessories.	9010.5000
	12.	Jummygib.	9010.5000
	13.	Negative.	9010.5000
	14.	Postive.	9010.5000
	15.	Sound.	9010.5000
	16.	Magnetic sound/negative.	9010.5000
	17.	Lighting equipment imported By M/s Rafi Peer Theatre	9405.4010

such goods imported into Pakistan as are exempt from customs duties and sales tax under Headings 9913, 9914 and 9915 of Sub-Chapter III of Chapter 99 of First Schedule the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969);

- goods classified under Pakistan Customs Tariff falling under<sup>1</sup>["Chapter 86 and 99 except PCT Heading 9918"];
- <sup>2</sup>[(ia) Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals crude (PCT Code 2709.0000), Furnace-oil (PCT Code 2710.1941), High speed diesel oil (PCT) Code 2710.1931), Motor spirit (PCT Code 2710.1210), J.P.1 (PCT Code 2710.1912), base oil for lubricating oil (PCT Code 2710.1993), Light diesel oil (PCT Code 2710.1921) and Super Kerosene Oil imported by Pakistan State Oil Company Limited, Shell Pakistan Limited, Attock Petroleum Limited, Byco Petroleum Pakistan Limited, Admore Gas Private Limited, Chevron Pakistan Limited, Total-PARCO Pakistan(Private) Limited, Hascol Petroleum Limited,<sup>3</sup>[Barki Energy (Private) Limited], Gas and Oil Pakistan (Pvt) Ltd<sup>4</sup>[or any other oil marketing company licensed by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA)]and oil refineries.]
  - goods imported by direct and indirect exporters covered under subchapter 7 of Chapter XII of SRO 450(I)/2001 dated June 18, 2001;

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(xix) (xx)	one time import of 32 buses by Daewoo Express Bus Service Ltd. goods temporarily imported into Pakistan for subsequent exportation and which are exempt from customs duty and sales tax under Notification No. S.R.O. 1065(I)/2005, dated the 20 <sup>th</sup> October, 2005.
xxi	<ul> <li>capital goods imported by a manufacturer whose sales are 100%</li> <li>exports and produces a certificate from the Commissioner of Income</li> <li>Tax to the effect that the imported capital goods shall be</li> <li>(a) installed in his own industrial undertaking; and</li> <li>(b) exclusively used for production of goods to be exported.</li> </ul>
(xxii)	Capital goods and raw material imported by manufacturer exporter registered with Sales Tax Department as a manufacturer.
(xxiii)	Petroleum (E&P) companies covered under SRO. 678(I)2004 dated 07.08.2004 except motor vehicles imported by such companies.
(xxiv)	Companies importing high speed diesel oil, light diesel oil, high octane blending component or motor spirit, furnace oil, JP-1, MTBE, kerosene oil, crude oil for refining and chemical use in refining thereof in respect of such goods;
(xxv)	The re-importation of re-usable containers for re-export qualifying for customs-duty and sales tax exemption on temporary import under the Customs Notification No. S.R.O.344(I)/95 dated the 25th day of April, 1995; and
(xxvi)	goods donated for relief of flood victims of year 2007 as exempt from customs-duty and sales tax.
(xxvii)	Plant, machinery, equipment and specific items used in production of bio-diesel as are exempt from customs-duty and sales tax."
<sup>1</sup> The word and figures "Chapt	ers 27, 86 and 99" substituted by the Finance Act, 2015. , 2015.
<sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act,	, 2015.

The expression "Bakri Trading Company Pakistan (Pvt) Ltd, Overseas Oil Trading Company (Pvt) Ltd" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2017.

- goods temporarily imported into Pakistan for subsequent exportation and which are exempt from customs duty and sales tax under Notification <sup>1</sup>[No.492(I)/2009, dated the 13<sup>th</sup> June, 2009];<sup>2</sup>[]
- <sup>3</sup>[(iiia) Goods temporarily imported into Pakistan by international athletes which would be subsequently taken back by them within one hundred and twenty days of temporary import;]
- (iv) Manufacturing Bond as prescribed under Chapter XV of Customs Rules, 2001 notified vide S.R.O. 450(I)/2001, dated June 18, 2001 <sup>4</sup>[; and]]
- <sup>5</sup>[(v) mineral oil imported by a manufacturer or formulator of pesticides which is exempt from customs-duties under the customs Notification No. S.R.O. 857(I)/2008, dated the 16<sup>th</sup> August, 2008.]
- <sup>6</sup>[(vi) the Federal Government;
- (vii) a Provincial Government;
- (viii) a Local Government
- (ix) a foreign company and its associations whose majority share capital is held by a foreign government;
- (x) a person who imports plant and machinery for execution of a contract with the Federal Government or a provincial government or a local government and produces a certificate from that government;
- (xi) companies importing high speed diesel oil, light diesel oil, high octane blending component or kerosene oil, crude oil for refining and chemical used in refining thereof in respect of such imports; and
- (xii) Petroleum (E&P) companies covered under the Customs and Sales Tax Notification No. S.R.O.678(I)/2004, dated the 7<sup>th</sup> August, 2004, except motor vehicles imported by such companies.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words, figures, brackets, commas and symbol "No. S.R.O.1065(I)/2005, dated the 20<sup>th</sup> October, 2005" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "and" omitted by S.R.O. 860(I)/2008, dated 19.08.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-clause (iiia) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this sub-clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by S.R.O. 860(I)/2008, dated 19.08.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 860(I)/2008, dated 19.08.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>New clauses (vi) to (xii) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

- <sup>1</sup>[(xiii) Goods produced or manufactured and exported from Pakistan which are subsequently imported in Pakistan within one year of their exportation, provided conditions of section 22 of the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) are complied with;
- (xiv) plant and machinery imported for setting up of a bagasse/biomass based cogeneration power project qualifying for exemption under clause (132C) of Part-I of this Schedule.;
- (xv) persons authorized under Export Facilitation Scheme 2021 notified by the Board with such scope, conditions, limitation, restrictions and specification of goods.;
- (xvi) motor vehicles upto 1000cc in CBU condition;
- (xvii) Printed books excluding brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, whether or not in single sheets.(PCT code 49.01);
- (xviii) Newspapers, journals and periodicals, whether or not illustrated or containing advertising material (PCT code 49.02); and
- (xix) blind talking mobile phones imported by blind persons as per rules issued by the Board (respective PCT headings);]
  - <sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[]] <sup>4</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[]] <sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[]

<sup>5</sup>Expression in clause (56B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted expression read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-clause (xiii), (xiv), (xv), (xvi), (xvii), (xviii) and (xix) added by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (56A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2017. The omitted clause (56A) is read as follows: "(56A) The provisions of sub-section (7) of section 148 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply to a person who is liable to withholding tax under section 236E."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by S.R.O 341(I)/2014, dated 02.05.2014.

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(56B)**Provisions of section 148 shall not apply in respect of import of potatoes between 5<sup>th</sup> of May, 2014 and 31<sup>st</sup> of July, 2014, provided that such imports shall not exceeds 200,000 metric tons in aggregate during the said period."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014 and erroneously numbered (56B) as clause (56B) already existed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Clause (56B) omitted by the Finance Act 2018,the omitted clause (5656B) reads as follows

<sup>(56</sup>B) The provision of sub-section (7) of section 148, and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply to a person being a commercial importer if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts

# <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(56F) The provision of sub-section (2) of section 156A and clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts and documents as may be prescribed, subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 10% of the commission or discount received.]

### <sup>3</sup>[]

4[]

<sup>5</sup>[(57) The provisions of <sup>6</sup>[ <sup>7</sup>[section] <sup>8</sup>[ ]] <sup>9</sup>[ ] <sup>10</sup>[ ] 153 shall not apply to companies operating Trading Houses which—

(i) have paid up capital of exceeding Rs.250 million;

[(56E) The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 153 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts and documents as may be prescribed subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 0.5% of gross amount of services received."

<sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>3</sup>Clause (56G) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows:

"(56G) The provisions of sub-section (3) of section 233 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply in respect of a person if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts and documents as may be prescribed, subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 10% of the commission."

<sup>4</sup>Clause (56H) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (56H) read as follows:-

"(56H) Provisions of section 148 shall not apply in respect of import of potatoes between 5<sup>th</sup> of May, 2014 and 15<sup>th</sup> of November, 2014, provided that such import shall not exceed 300,000 metric tons in aggregate during the said period."

<sup>5</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>7</sup> The expression "sections 113 and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 439(I)/2013, dated 20.05.2013.

<sup>9</sup>The figure "113" omitted by S.R.O. 140(I)/2013 dated 26.02.2013.

<sup>10</sup>The figure "148" omitted by S.R.O. 140(I)/2013 dated 26.02.2013.

and documents as may be prescribed, subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 5.5%, of the imports, if the person is a company and 6% otherwise.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clauses (56C),(56D),(56E) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clauses read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(56C) The provisions of sub-section (3) of section 153, in respect of sale of goods and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 169 shall not apply to a person, if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts and documents as may be prescribed subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 3.5% of the gross amount of sales, if the person is a company and 4% otherwise.]

<sup>[(56</sup>D) The provisions of sub-section (3) of section 153, in respect of contracts and clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 169 shall not apply to a person if the person opts to file return of total income along with accounts and documents as may be prescribed subject to the condition that minimum tax liability under normal tax regime shall not be less than 6% of contract receipts, if the person is a company and 6.5 %otherwise.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "section" substituted by S.R.O. 439(I)/2013, dated 20.05.2013.

(ii) own fixed assets exceeding Rs.300 million at the close of the Tax Year;

- (iii) maintain computerized records of imports and sales of goods;
- (iv) maintain a system for issuance of 100% cash receipts on sales;
- (v) present accounts for tax audit every year; and
- (vi) is registered <sup>1</sup>[under the Sales Tax Act, 1990]

Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available if any of the aforementioned conditions are not fulfilled for a tax year  ${}^{2}[{}^{3}[:]]$ 

4[5["Provided further that minimum tax under section 113 shall be 0.5% upto the tax year <math>6[2021] and one per cent thereafter."]

 $^{7}$ [*Explanation.*- $^{8}$ [(i)]For the removal of doubt, exemption under this clause, in respect of section 153, shall only be available as a recipient and not as withholding agent.]

<sup>9</sup>["(ii) It is further clarified that in-house preparation and processing of food and allied items for sale to customers shall not disqualify a company from being treated as a Trading House, provided that all the conditions in this clause are fulfilled and sale of such items does not exceed two per cent of the total sales."]

<sup>10</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "with sales tax department" substituted by the Finance Act, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The colon substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Full stop substituted by Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by S.R.O. 439(I)2013, dated 20.05.2013. Earlier second proviso was omitted vide S.R.O. 140(I)/2013 dated 26.02.2013. The omitted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that the exemption from application of section 113 shall be available for the first ten years, starting from the tax year in which the business operations commenced."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Second proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted second proviso read as follows:-"Provided further that the exemption from application of section 113 shall be available for the

first ten years, starting from the tax year in which the business operations commenced."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The figure "2019" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Numbered by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted proviso read as follows"

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided further that the exemption from application of section 113 shall be available for the first ten years, starting from the tax year in which the business operations concerned."

<sup>1</sup>[ ] <sup>2</sup>[ ] <sup>3</sup>[ ]

<sup>4</sup>[(**59**) The provisions of section 151, regarding withholding tax on profit on debt, shall not apply—

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- to any payment made by way profit or interest to any person on Term Finance Certificates being the instruments of redeemable capital under the <sup>6</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)], issued by Prime Minister's Housing Development Company (Pvt) Limited (PHDCL);
- 7[]
- (iv) in the case of any resident individual, no tax shall be deducted from income or profits paid on,-
  - 8[]
  - (b) Investment in monthly income Savings Accounts Scheme of Directorate of National Savings, where monthly installment in an account does not exceed one thousand rupees.]

Provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to the amounts collected under section 236(1)(b), but not deposited in the Treasury."

<sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2005.

- "(i) in respect of profit or interest paid on a Term Finance Certificate held by a company which has been issued on, or after, the first day of July, 1999"
- <sup>6</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (57A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(57A) The provisions of sections 153 and 169 shall not apply to large import houses: Provided that the exemption under this clause shall not be available if any of the conditions provided in section 148 are not fulfilled for a tax year.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (58) omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted clause (58) read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(58)** The provisions of section 205 shall not apply to telecom companies for default of not collecting withholding tax under section 236 (1)(b) on sale of prepaid cards during tax year 2004, if the amount not collected is deposited within three months:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Sub-clause (i) omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted sub-clause read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Sub-clause (iii) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted sub-clause (iii) reads as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(iii) to Pak rupee accounts or certificates referred to in clause (83) of Part-I of this Schedule; and"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Paragraph (a) omitted by the Finance Act, 2013. The omitted paragraph (a) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(a) Defence Savings Certificates, Special Savings Certificates, Savings Accounts or Post Office Savings Accounts, or Term Finance Certificates (TFCs), where such deposit does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand rupees; and"

<sup>1</sup>[(60) The provisions of sections 148 and 153 shall not apply to fully as well partly designed/assembled cypher devices, for use within the country as are verified by <sup>2</sup>[Cabinet Division (NTISB)] with reference to design, quality and quantity.]

<sup>3</sup>[(60A) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply for import of plant, machinery and equipment including dumpers and special purposes motor vehicles imported by the following for construction of Sukkur-Multan section of Karachi-Peshawar Motorway project and Karakorum Highway(KKH) Phase-II (Thakot to Havellian Section) of CPEC project respectively, namely:-

- (a) M/s China State Construction Engineering Corporation Ltd. (M/s CSCEC); and
- (b) M/s China Communication Construction Company (M/s CCCC).

**(60AA)** The provisions of section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001(XLIX of 2001), shall not apply for import of construction materials or goods upto a maximum of 10,898.000 million rupees imported by China State Construction Engineering Corporation (M/s CSCEC) for construction of Sukkur-Multan section of Karachi-Peshawar Motorway project of National Highway Authority under CPEC.

(60B) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of thirty-five armoured and security vehicles imported by or for Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of Pakistan meant for security of visiting foreign dignitaries, subject to the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) that the vehicles imported under this clause shall only be used for the security purpose of foreign dignitaries and will be parked in Central Pool of Cars (CPC) in the Cabinet Division for further use as and when needed; and
- (b) that the importing Ministry at the time of import shall furnish an undertaking to the concerned Collector of Customs to the extent of customs-dues exempted under this clause on consignment to consignment basis binding themselves that the vehicles imported under this clause shall not be re-exported, sold or otherwise disposed of without prior approval of the Board and in the manner prescribed therefor.

**(60C)** The provision of section 148 shall not apply on import of equipment to be furnished or installed for Rail Based Mass Transit Projects in Lahore, Karachi, Peshawar and Quetta under CPEC.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 85(I)/2006, dated 03.02.2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The letters "NTISB" substituted by the Finance Act, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>1</sup>[(60D) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of fire fighting equipments by industrial undertakings set up in the special economic zones established by the Federal Government.]

<sup>2</sup>[ ]

<sup>3</sup>[(60DA) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to the import of the capital equipment as defined in Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021).

- (a) Zone developers as defined in Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021) for consumption in the special technology zones for the period of ten years commencing from the date of signing the development agreement;
- (b) Zone enterprises as defined in Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021) for a period of ten years from the date of issuance of license by the Special Technology Zone Authority; and
- (c) Special Technology Zones Authority established under Special Technology Zones Authority Act, 2021 (XVII of 2021).]

<sup>4</sup>[(60E) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on mobile phones brought in personal baggage under Baggage Rules, 2006.]

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- <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New clause (60D) added through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (60DA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (60DA) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted clause read as follows:

**<sup>((60</sup>DA)** The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to the import of the capital equipment as defined in section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Ordinance 2020 (XIII of 2020) by—

 <sup>(</sup>a) zone developers as defined in section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Ordinance 2020 for consumption in the special technology zones for the period of 10 years commencing from the date of signing the development agreement;

<sup>(</sup>b) zone enterprises as defined in section 2 of the Special Technology Zones Authority Ordinance, 2020 for a period of ten years from the date of issuance of license by the Special Technology Zone Authority; and

<sup>(</sup>c) Special Technology Zones Authority established under the Special Technology Zones Ordinance 2020.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New clause (60E) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Added by S.R.O. 273(I)/2006, dated 21.03.2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (61) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(61) The provisions of section 231A shall not apply in respect of any cash withdrawal, from a bank, made by an earthquake victim against compensation received from GOP including payments through Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority (ERRA) account."

## <sup>1</sup>[ ]

<sup>2</sup>[(62) The following provisions of Section 97 shall not apply in case of transfer of assets on amalgamation of companies or their businesses or acquisition of shares, requiring that transferor:

- (a) be resident company; and
- (b) belong to a wholly-owned group of resident companies.

Provided that:

- the transferee resident company shall own or acquire atleast 75% of the share capital of the transferor company or the business in Pakistan of the transferor company;
- (ii) the amalgamated company is a company incorporated in Pakistan;
- (iii) the assets of the amalgamating company or companies immediately before the amalgamation become the assets of the amalgamated company by virtue of the amalgamation, otherwise than by purchase of such assets by the amalgamated company or as a result of distribution of such assets to the amalgamated company after the winding up of the amalgamating company or companies;
- (iv) the liabilities of the amalgamating company or companies immediately before the amalgamation become the liabilities of the amalgamated company by virtue of the amalgamation; and
- (v) the scheme of amalgamation is sanctioned by the State Bank of Pakistan, any court or authority as may be required under the law.]
- <sup>3</sup>[]]

(b) the Commissioner shall issue the exemption certificate after obtaining relevant details and particulars of the Bank Accounts."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (61A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (61A) read as follows:-

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(61A)** The provisions of section 231A shall not apply in respect of any cash withdrawal by exchange companies duly licensed and authorized by the State Bank of Pakistan on their bank account exclusively dedicated for their authorized business related transaction:

Provided that .--

 <sup>(</sup>a) exemption under this clause shall be available to exchange companies who are issued exemption certificate by the concerned Commissioner Inland Revenue for a financial year; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by S.R.O. 885(I)/2006, dated 29.08.2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (63) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(63) M/s Dawat-e-Hadiya, Karachi <sup>3</sup>[and Lahore University of Management Sciences, Lahore] shall be deemed to have been approved by the Commissioner for the purpose of sub-section (36) of section 2 notwithstanding the provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (36) of section 2."

# <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(65) Any income derived by a project, approved by Designated National Authority (DNA), from the transfer or sale of Clean Development Mechanism Credits i.e. Certified Emission Reductions, verified Emission Reductions.]

3[]

<sup>4</sup>[(66) The provisions of section 235 shall not be applicable to the taxpayers <sup>5</sup>[] registered with sales tax as exporters or manufacturer of —

- (a) carpets;
- (b) leather and articles thereof including artificial leather footwear;
- (c) surgical goods;
- (d) sports goods; and
- (e) textile and articles thereof.]

<sup>6</sup>[(**67**) The provisions of sections 150, 151, 152, 153 and 233 shall not apply in respect of payments made to the International Finance Corporation established under the International Finance Corporation Act, 1956 (XXVII of 1956).]

<sup>7</sup>[(67A) The provisions of section 100B and Eighth Schedule shall not apply to transactions carried on upto 30th day of June, 2015, on any Stock Exchange of

- (a) carpets;
- (b) leather and articles thereof including artificial leather footwear;
- (c) surgical goods;
- (d) sports goods; and
- (e) textile and articles thereof.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (64) omitted by the Finance Act, 2009. The omitted clause (64) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(64)No tax shall be collected under section 231B during the period commencing from the 21st February, 2008 and ending on the 20th April, 2008 and shall apply to booking of a motor car and delivered during the said period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (66) substituted through S.R.O. 1055(I)/2008 dated 10<sup>th</sup> October 2008. Substituted clause read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(66) The provisions of section 235, shall not be applicable to the exporters-cum-manufacturers of —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Words "who fall under the zero rated regime of sales tax and" omitted through Tax Laws(Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Added by S.R.O. 767(I)/2008, dated 21.07.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

Pakistan, by International Finance Corporation established under the International Finance Corporation Act, 1956 (XXVIII of 1956).]

<sup>1</sup>[(68) The provisions of sections 151, 153 and 155 shall not apply in respect of payments made to the Pakistan Domestic Sukuk Company Ltd.]

<sup>2</sup>[(69) The provisions of sections 150, 151, 152, 153 and 233 shall not apply in respect of payments made to the Asian Development Bank established under the Asian Development Bank Ordinance, 1971 (IX of 1971).]

<sup>3</sup>[(70) The provisions of section 148, regarding withholding tax on imports, shall not apply in respect of goods or classes of goods for the execution of contract, imported by contractors and sub-contractors engaged in the execution of power project under the agreement between the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and HUB Power Company Limited.]

<sup>4</sup>[(71) The provisions of this Ordinance shall not be applicable to the M/s TAISEI Corporation under the agreement between National Highway Authority, GOP, which falls under the zero rated regime of sales tax and registered with sales tax in respect of supply of products, services and equipment.]

<sup>5</sup>[(72) The provisions of sections 150, 151, 152, 153 and 233 shall not apply in respect of payments made to The ECO Trade and Development Bank.]

<sup>6</sup>[]

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<sup>8</sup>[(72AA) The provisions of section 152 shall not apply in case of a Hajj Group Operator in respect of Hajj operations.]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by S.R.O. 772(I)/2008, dated 22.07.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by S.R.O. 1012(I)/2008, dated 23.09.2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by S.R.O. 129(I)/2009, dated 07.02.2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted vide S.R.O. 712(I)/2009, dated 05.08.2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by S.R.O. 810(I)/2009, dated 19.09.2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2013.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (72A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(72A) The provisions of clause (I) and section 21, sections 113 and 152 shall not apply in case of a Hajj Group Operator in respect of Hajj operations provided that the tax has been paid at the rate of Rs.3,500 per Hajji for the tax year 2013 and Rs.5,000 per Hajji for the tax year 2014<sup>7</sup>[<sup>7</sup>[to <sup>7</sup>[2017]] in respect of income from Hajj operations.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Clause (72AA) inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (72B) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[(73) To mitigate part of the cost of obtaining foreign support to fill productivity gap, income tax payable by a foreign expert shall be exempted provided that such expert is acquired with the prior approval of the Ministry of Textile Industry.]

<sup>2</sup>[(74) The provisions of sub-section (8) of section 22 shall not apply to Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) in respect of the asset transferred for the purpose of the *ijara* agreement between Pakistan Domestic *Sukuk* Company Limited and the Federal Government.]

<sup>3</sup>[(75) The provisions of sub-section (15) of section 22 shall not apply to Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) on the assets acquired from the Federal Government which were previously transferred for the purpose of the ijara agreement between Pakistan Domestic Sukuk Company Limited and the Federal Government:

Provided that depreciation shall be allowed at the written down value of the assets immediately before their transfer for the purpose of above mentioned ljara agreement.]

4[]

<sup>&</sup>quot;(72B) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to an industrial undertaking if the tax liability for the current tax year, on the basis of determined tax liability for any of the preceding two tax years, whichever is the higher, has been paid <sup>9</sup>[in the manner as may be prescribed] and a certificate to this effect is issued by the concerned Commissioner.]

Provided that the certificate shall only be issued by the Commissioner if an application for the said certificate is filed before the Commissioner, in the manner and after fulfilling the conditions as specified by notification in the official Gazette, issued by the Board for the purpose of this clause<sup>9</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>[Provided further that the Commissioner shall be deemed to have issued the exemption certificate in cases where the certificate is automatically processed and issued by IRIS upon expiry of prescribed time period:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided also that the Commissioner may modify or cancel the certificate issued automatically by IRIS on the basis of reasons to be recorded in writing after providing an opportunity of being heard.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>["Provided further that the quantity of raw material to be imported which is sought to be exempted from tax under section 148 shall not exceed <sup>9</sup>[125] per cent of the quantity of raw material imported and consumed during the previous tax year:

Provided also that the Commissioner shall conduct audit of taxpayer's accounts during the financial year in which the certificate is issued in respect of consumption, production and sales of the latest tax year for which return has been filed and the taxpayer shall be treated to have been selected for audit under section 214C:

Provided also if the taxpayer fails to present accounts or documents to the Commissioner or the officer authorized by the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall, by an order in writing, cancel the certificate issued and shall proceed to recover the tax not collected under section 148 for the period prior to such cancellation and all the provisions of the Ordinance shall apply accordingly <sup>9</sup>[:]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>[Provided also that exemption certificate shall not be issued to an industrial undertaking importing raw materials, specified in sub-section (8) of section 148."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (76) omitted by the Finance Act, 2012. The omitted clause (76) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(76) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply on import of solar PV panels / modules, along with related components including investors, charge controllers and batteries, LVD induction lamps, SMD

<sup>1</sup>[(77) Provisions of sections 148 and 153 shall not be applicable on import and subsequent supply of items with dedicated use of renewable sources of energy like solar and wind etc., even if locally manufactured, which include induction lamps, SMD, LEDs with or without ballast with fittings and fixtures, wind turbines including alternator and mast, solar torches, <sup>2</sup>[tubular day lighting devices such assolatube,] lanterns and related instruments, PV modules <sup>3</sup>[with or without] the related components including invertors, charge controllers and batteries.]

<sup>4</sup>[(78) <sup>5</sup>[Coal Mining and Coal based Power Generation Projects in Sindh],—

- the dividend income of the shareholders of such a project shall be exempt from provisions of section 150 from the date of commencement of business till 30 years from such date; and
- (ii) the payments made on account of sale or supply of goods or providing or rendering of services during project construction and operations, shall be exempt from the provisions of section <sup>6</sup>[152(2A) and section] 153.]

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<sup>8</sup>[(79A) The provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not apply to payments received by National Telecommunication Corporation against provision of telecommunication services including ancillary services specified in subsection (3) of section 41 of the Pakistan Telecommunication (Re-organization) Act, 1996 (XVII of 1996).]

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<sup>7</sup>Clause (79) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (79) read as follows:-

LEDs with or without ballast with fittings and fixtures, fully assembled wind turbines including alternator and mast, solar torches, lanterns and related instruments."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Added by S.R.O. 263(I)/2011, dated 19.03.2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "along with" substituted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by S.R.O. 317(I)/2011, dated 19.04.2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The words "With respect to a project situated in the Special Economic Zone at Thar coalfield" substituted by S.R.O. 609(I)/2011, dated 13.06.2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "152(2A) and section" inserted by S.R.O. 235(I)/2015, dated 18.03.2015.

<sup>&</sup>quot;[(79) The provisions of clause (b) of proviso to sub-section (3) of section 153 shall not be applicable to the tax withheld on payments received by a company for providing or rendering of services.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Clause (79A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Clause (80) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(80) The provisions of section 153A, shall not apply to any manufacturer till 30th June, 2013."

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(b)

<sup>1</sup>Clause (81) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019, omitted clause read as follows:

**((81)** The provisions of clause (a) of section 165, shall not apply to any manufacturer, distributor, dealer and wholesaler required to collect advance tax under sub section (1) of section 236H".

- <sup>2</sup> Clause (81A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2019, omitted clause read as follows:
  - "(81A) The provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 165 shall not apply to banking companies for furnishing information of taxes collected and deducted under sections 231A and 151."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (82) added by S.R.O. 978(I)/2013, dated 13.11.2013.

<sup>4</sup>Clause (82) omitted by the Finance Act, 2016. Omitted clause read as follows:-

"(82) The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 116 shall not apply for the tax year <sup>4</sup>[2014] to an individual or a member of an association of persons whose last declared or assessed income, or the declared income for the year is less than one million rupees.

<sup>5</sup>Clause (83) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (83) read as follows:-

"(83) The provision of sub-section (4) of section 116 shall not apply for the tax year 2013 to a person other than a company or a member of an association of person falling under final tax regime (FTR) and has paid tax less than thirty five thousand rupees."

<sup>6</sup>Clause (84) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause (84) was added by S.R.O. 1040(I)/2013, dated 05.12.2013 and read as follows:

"(84) For tax year 2013, the provisions of section 177 and section 214C shall not apply to a taxpayer, if the tax paid on the basis of taxable income declared by the taxpayer for the tax year 2013 is at least twenty five percent more than the tax assessed or paid, whichever is higher, for the tax year 2012.

Provided that the taxpayer files separate proforma for the said exemption with return, in the manner specified in the circular issued by the Board.]

<sup>7</sup>Clause (85) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(85) The provisions of section 114(6)(ba) shall not apply to persons availing the benefit as provided in clause (84) who revise their returns before the due date of filing of return, for tax year 2013."

<sup>8</sup>Inserted by SRO 1065(I)/2013, dated 20.12.2013

<sup>9</sup>Clause (86)(a) substituted by the Finance Act, 2018. The substituted Clause (86)(a) read as follows: (86)(a) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply to-

- investment made by an individual in a Greenfield industrial undertaking directly or as an original allottee in the purchase of shares of a company establishing an industrial undertaking or capital contribution in an association of persons establishing an industrial undertaking;
- (ii) investment made by an association of persons in an industrial undertaking; and
- (iii) investment made by a company in an industrial undertaking;
   If the said investment is made on or after the 1st day of January, 2014, and commercial production commences on or before the 30th day of June, [[2019]].
  - The concessions given in this clause shall also apply to investment made in:-
  - (i) Construction industry in corporate sector.
  - (ii) Low cost housing construction in the corporate sector.
  - (iii) Livestock development projects in the corporate sector.

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- (iv) New captive power plants.
- (v) Mining and quarrying in Thar coal, Balochistan and Khyber Pakhtunkhawa.
- (c) The concessions given in sub-clause (a) shall not apply to investment made in:-
  - (i) Arms and ammunitions
    - (ii) Explosives
    - (iii) Fertilizers
  - (i) Sugar
  - (ii) Cigarettes
  - (vi) Aerated beverages
  - (vii) Cement
  - (viii) Textile spinning units
  - (ix) Flour mills
  - (x) Vegetable ghee and
  - (xi) Cooking oil manufacturing
- (d) The term Green filed industrial undertaking shall include expansion projects for the purposes of this clause.
- (e) Immunity under this clause shall not be available to proceeds of crime relating to offences under the following laws:
  - (a) Control of Narcotics Substances Act, 1997;
    - (ii) Anti Terrorism Act, 1997; and
    - (iii) Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010].

<sup>1</sup> Clause (86) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(86)(a) The provisions of section 111 shall not apply to-

- (i) investment made by an individual in a green field industrial undertaking directly or as an original allottee in the purchase of shares of a company establishing an industrial undertaking or capital contribution in an association of persons establishing an industrial undertaking;
- (ii) investment made by an association of persons in an industrial undertaking; and
- (iii) investment made by a company in an industrial undertaking-

if the said investment is made on or after the 1st day of January, 2014 and commercial production commences on or before the 30th day of June, 2019;

- (b) The concessions given in this clause shall also apply to investment made in -
  - (i) construction industry in corporate sector;
  - (ii) low cost housing construction in the corporate sector;
  - (iii) livestock development projects in the corporate sector;
  - (iv) new captive power plants; and
  - (v) mining and quarrying in Thar coal, Balochistan and Khyber Pakhtunkhawa;
  - (c) The concessions given in sub-clause (a) shall not apply to investment made in-
    - (i) arms and ammunitions;
    - (ii) explosives;
    - (iii) fertilizers;
    - (iv) sugar;
    - (v) cigarettes;
    - (vi) aerated beverages;
    - (vii) cement;
    - (viii) textile spinning units;
    - (ix) flour mills;
    - (x) vegetable ghee; and
    - (xi) cooking oil manufacturing;
  - (d) The term green field industrial undertaking shall include expansion projects for the purposes of this clause; and

- <sup>1</sup>[ ]
  - (e) Immunity under this clause shall not be available to proceeds of crime relating to offences under the following laws, namely:-
    - (i) Control of Narcotics Substances Act, 1997;
    - (ii) Anti Terrorism Act, 1997; and
    - (iii) Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010."

<sup>1</sup>Clause (87) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause read as follows:

"(87) The provisions of sections 182, 205, 177 and 214C shall not apply to an individual, holding an NTN who files a return, as specified in Form "A" below, by twenty eight day of February, 2014, of the tax years from 2008 to 2012, for which returns have not been field:

Provided that for each of the tax year, a minimum tax of twenty thousand rupees on the basis of taxable income is paid by the taxpayer:

Provided further that the taxpayer shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax collected or deducted under the Ordinance:

Provided also that the due date of filing of return for tax year 2013, in respect of individuals availing concessions under this clause shall be twenty eighth day of February, 2014.

1	L.F	RETURN OF TOTAL INCOME UNDER CLAUSE 8788 OF P OF THE INCOME TAX ORDINANCE, 200 FOR TAX YEARS 2008 to 3	1 (For Individual)	
	1	GNC	]	Tan Year
	2	NTN		Gender Max Fanal
	3	Applicable Clause at prim toster as in 28-11-2010; RENTWO	Annual anticipation (1971)	Status Record Rent
Ę I	4	Business Name		
5		Duniness Address		
5	•	Overness Appress		
		Province District		City
CEUTS I HA LIUN	6	Principal Activity		
보	7	Phone No.	Electricity No.	
	8	Mobile No		
- 1		E-Mail	Gas Ref. No. Business Start	Dette
- 1	1	Bank Account	_ Dosness Stan	Uure
		Perk Count		Rain Account Number
1	-			
5	11	Description Business income (12 - 13 - 14)	Code 3990	Amount
Ě.	17	Net Sales	3103	
63	13	Cent of Sales	3116	
Ę I	14	Profit & Loss Expenses	3189	
ð I		Satary Income	1000	
INCOME / TAX COMPUTATION		a Capital Gains on immovable Property	49991	
		b. Capital Gains Other than immovable Property	49992	
ũ.	17	Other Sources Income((Loss)	5999	
8	18	Income from property	210101	
8	19	Total income u/s 10(a) [11 + 15 + 15(b) + 17]	9099	
AXABLE		0 Zakat Palg		
21	21	WWF Paid	9122	
2	22	Taxable Income [19 - 20 - 21]	9159	
23	23	Tax Payable on Taxable Income	9201	
1	_	[Celoutate Tax Separately for Sr. # 1954] and 18, wherever application		
2		Salary Income	6101	
NCOME	25		6102	
ž:	26	Business Income/(Loss)	6103	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
18		Capital Gains/(Loss)	6104	_
ROOM IN COLUMN	29	Agriculture Income Foreign Remittance	6105	
ä.,		Other Sources Income	6107	
	۴ĉ	Coner pources income	6105	
8	1	Tax Paid vide CPR Number given below:		
8.	51		TTTTT	Amount
ş.	1	Landarder der der der der der der der der der		
TAX PAYMENTS	33	C/H No. 2	TITI	Amount
¥,	2	CPR Ne 3	TTTTT	Anan
-	t		And and a strend or to	-total lances
SIM	P	Wealth Statement attached Yes	Not Applicable	
5	T			5
VERIFICATION		L helder of CARC No.	anna Shiran	34
e	2	in my capacity as Self' Representative (as defined in section 172		8
0	3	Ordinance, 2001) of Taxpayor named above, do solemnly dodar of my knowledge and belief the information given in this Statem		8
5		complete in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Or		12
- CC	1	Income Tax Rules, 2002		Signature & Stam
- 90		Detr: 5	Ignature	

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<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] <sup>3</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[<sup>5</sup>[]]

<sup>6</sup>[(91) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to-

(i) Tillage and seed bed preparation equipment as specified below

- (i) has not filed any return for the last five years;
- (ii) is not an NTN holder as on 28<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2013;
- declares taxable income for the year which exceeds the amount on the basis of which, tax payable is twenty five thousand rupees or more; and
- (iv) has paid the tax on the basis of taxable income declared in the return or returns:

Provided that concession under this clause shall only apply for the tax year or years, for which the returns have been filed and for equal number of succeeding consecutive tax year, if tax paid for the succeeding tax year is at least equal to tax paid for tax year 2012:

Provided further that the taxpayers shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax under the Ordinance, collected or deducted during a tax year, for which a return is filed:

Provided also that the due date of filing of return for tax year 2013, in respect of individuals availing concessions under this clause shall be twenty eighth day of February, 2014.]

<sup>2</sup>Clause (89) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (89) read as follows:-

- "(89) The Provisions of section 236I shall not apply to-
  - (a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
  - (b) an individual entitled to privileges under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1948 (XX of 1948);
  - (c) a foreign diplomat or a diplomatic mission in Pakistan; or
  - (d) a person who is a non-resident and-
    - (i) furnishes copy of passport as an evidence to the educational institution that during previous tax year, his stay in Pakistan was less than one hundred eighty-three days;
    - (ii) furnishes a certificate that he has no Pakistan-source income; and
    - (iii) fee is remitted directly from abroad through normal banking channels to the bank account of the educational institution."

<sup>3</sup>Clause (90) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted clause (90) read as follows:-

- "(90) The provisions of section 236D shall not apply to-
  - (a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
  - (b) an individual entitled to privileges under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1948(XX of 1948); or
  - (c) a foreign diplomat or diplomatic mission in Pakistan."

<sup>4</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 date 19.11.2014.

<sup>5</sup>Clause (91) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted clause read as follows:-

"(91) the provisions of sections 147, 151, 152, 231A, 231AA, 236A and 236K shall not apply to "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited", as a payer."

<sup>6</sup> Clause (91) added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clause (88) omitted by the Finance Act, 2014. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(88) The provisions of sections 182, 205, 177 and 214C shall not apply to an individual, if the individual files a return or returns, as prescribed for this clause, by twenty eighth day of February, 2014 for any or all of the tax years from 2008 to 2012; and

	Equipment	PCT Code
(i)	Rotavator	8432.8010
(ii)	Cultivator	8432.2910
(iii)	Ridger	8432.8090
(iv)	Sub soiler	<sup>1</sup> [8432.3900]
(v)	Rotary slasher	8432.8090
(vi)	Chisel plow	8432.1010
(vii)	Ditcher	8432.1090
(viii)	Border disc	8432.2990
(ix)	Disc harrow	8432.2100
(x)	Bar harrow	8432.2990
(xi)	Mould board plow	8432.1090
(xii)	Tractor rear or front blade	8430.6900
	Land leveller or land planer	8430.6900
(xiv)	Rotary tiller	8432.8090
(xv)	Disc plow	8432.1090
(xvi)	Soil-scrapper	8432.8090
(xvii)	K.R.Karundi	8432.8090
(xviii)	Tractor mounted trancher	<sup>2</sup> [8701.9200]
(xix)	Land leveler	8430.6900

#### (ii) Seeding or planting equipment

	Equipment	PCT Code
(i)	Seed-cum-fertilizer drill (wheat, rice barley, etc.)	<sup>3</sup> [8432.3100]
(ii)	Cotton or maize	4[8432.3900]

<sup>1</sup>The figure "8432.3090" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>2</sup>The figure "8701.9020" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>3</sup>The figure "8432.3010" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>4</sup>The figure "8432.3090" substituted by finance act 2017.

	planter withfertilizer attachment		
(iii)	Potato planter	<sup>1</sup> [8432.3900]	
(iv)	Fertilizer or manure spreader or broadcaster	<sup>2</sup> [8432.4100]	
(v)	Rice transplanter	<sup>3</sup> [8432.3900]	
(vi)	Canola or sunflower drill	4[8432.3100]	
(vii)	Sugarcane planter	<sup>5</sup> [8432.3900]	
(iii) Irrigation, drainage and agro-chemical application equipment			
Equipment PCT Code			
(i)	Tubewells filters or Strainers	8421.2100, 8421.9990	

(1)	I ubewells filters or	8421.2100,
	Strainers	8421.9990
(ii)	Knapsack sprayers	8424.2010
(iii)	Granular applicator	8424.2010
(iv)	Boom or field sprayers	8424.2010
(v)	Self propelled sprayers	8424.2010

(vi) Orchard sprayer 8424.2010

(iv) Harvesting, threshing and storage equipment

### **Equipment PCT Code**

(i)	Wheat thresher	8433.5200
(ii)	Maize or groundnut	8433.5200
	thresheror sheller	
(iii)	Groundnut digger	8433.5900
(iv)	Potato digger or harvester	8433.5300
(iv)	Sunflower thresher	8433.5200
(v)	Post hole digger	8433.5900
(vi)	Straw balers	8433.4000
(vii)	Fodder rake	8433.5900
(viii)	Wheat or rice reaper	8433.5900

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figure "8432.3090" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The figure "8432.4000" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The figure "8432.3090" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The figure "8432.3010" substituted by finance act 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The figure "8432.3090" substituted by Finance Act 2017.

	( )	Chaff or fodder cutter Cotton picker Onion or garlic harvester Sugar harvester Tractor trolley or forage wago Reaping machines Combined harvesters Pruner/shears Corn harvester/corn picker and silage maker with their respective PCT heading]	8433.5900 8433.5900 8433.5200 8433.5200 n8716.8090 8433.5900 8433.5100 8433.5900
. ,		arvest handling and processing aneous machinery	&
		Equipment PCT Code	
	(i)	Vegetables and fruits Cleaning and sorting or grading equipment	8437.1000
	(ii)	Fodder and feed cube Maker equipment"]	8433.4000

<sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[]]

<sup>4</sup>[(92) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to.--

Aircraft, whether imported or acquired on wet or dry lease8802.400Maintenance kits for use in trainer aircrafts of PCT headingsRespective headingsMaintenance kits for use in trainer aircrafts of PCT headingsRespective headingsMaintenance kits for use in trainer aircrafts of PCT headingsRespective headings	le
trainer aircrafts of PCT headings headings 8802.2000 and 8802.3000	0
On any marks for use in Descention	
Spare parts for use in Respectiv aircrafts, trainer aircrafts or headings simulators	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-paragraph (xvii) added by the Finance Act 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 date 19.11.2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Clause (92) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016 substituted clause read as follows:."(92) the provisions of sections 147, 151 and 155 shall not apply to "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited", as a recipient.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (92) added by the Finance Act, 2015.

Machinery, equipment and tools for setting up maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) workshop by MRO company recognized by Aviation Division	Respective headings
Operational tools, machinery, equipment and furniture and fixtures on one-time basis for setting up Greenfield airports by a company authorized by Aviation Division	Respective headings
Aviation simulators imported by airline company recognized by Aviation Division"]	Respective headings

<sup>1</sup>[<sup>2</sup>[ ]]

<sup>3</sup>[(93) The provisions of sub-section (1) of section 154 shall not apply to taxpayers operating halal meat production and qualifying for exemption under clause(126K) of Part-I of this Schedule for the period specified in clause (126K)."]

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Provided that the tax payable or paid on the income from providing or rendering aforesaid services shall not be less than two percent of the gross amount of turnover from all sources and that the company furnishes in writing an irrevocable undertaking by the fifteenth day of November, 2015 to present its accounts to the Commissioner within thirty days of filing of return, for audit of its income tax affairs for <sup>4</sup>[<sup>4</sup>[any of the tax years 2016 to <sup>4</sup>[2019]] <sup>4</sup>[:] "]

<sup>4</sup>["Provided further that for tax year <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[2019], the company shall furnish irrevocable undertaking by November, <sup>4</sup>[] <sup>4</sup>[2018], to present its accounts to the Commissioner."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by S.R.O. 1029(I)/2014 date 19.11.2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (93) substituted by the Finance Act, 2016 substituted clause read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(93) the provision of section 236C shall not apply to "Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited".] <sup>3</sup>Clause (93) added by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (94) omitted through Finance Act, 2019, omitted clause read as follows:

**<sup>&</sup>quot;(94)** The provisions of clause (b) of the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 153 shall not apply for <sup>4</sup>["the period beginning on the first day of July, 2015 and ending on the thirtieth day of June, <sup>4</sup>[ <sup>4</sup>[ ] <sup>4</sup>[2019] ] to a company being a filer and engaged in providing or rendering freight forwarding services, air cargo services, courier services, manpower outsourcing services, hotel services, security guard services, software development services, <sup>4</sup>["IT services and IT enabled services as defined in clause (133) of Part I of this Schedule"] tracking services, advertising services (other than by print or electronic media), share registrar services, engineering services <sup>4</sup>[,] car rental services <sup>4</sup>[, building maintenance services, services, rendered by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited <sup>4</sup>[inspection, certification, testing and training services]]:

# <sup>1</sup>[]<sup>2</sup>[]

<sup>3</sup>[(95) The provisions of sections 147, 151, 152, 236A and 236K shall not apply to the Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited, the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited and The Pakistan Global Sukuk Programme Company Limited, as a payer.]

<sup>4</sup>[(95A) The provisions of section 236A shall not apply in respect of auction of franchise rights to participating teams in a national or international league organized by any board or other organization established by the Government in Pakistan for the purposes of controlling, regulating or encouraging major games and sports recognized by the Government with effect from the first day of July; 2019.]

# <sup>5</sup>[]<sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>7</sup>[(96) The provisions of sections 151, 153, 155 and 236C shall not apply to the Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited, the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited and the Pakistan Global Sukuk Programme Company Limited, as a recipient;]

<sup>8</sup>[(97) the provision of section 236C shall not apply to "Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Clause (95) substituted by the Finance Act 2018, the substituted clause (95) reads as follows (**(95)** the provisions of sections 147, 150A , 151, 152, 231A, 231AA, 236A and 236K shall not apply

to "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited" ["and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited" ["and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited"."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (95) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. Earlier this clause was inserted through S.R.O 1457(I)/2021 dated 11.11.2021. Substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(95) the provisions of sections 147, 150A, 151, 152, <sup>3</sup>[] 236A and 236K shall not apply to "The second Pakistan international Sukuk Company Limited" and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited, as a payer."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New cluse (95A) inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019 <sup>5</sup>Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Clause (96) substituted by the Finance Act 2018,the substituted clause (96) reads as follows

<sup>&</sup>quot;(96)the provisions of sections 147 <sup>6</sup>[, 150A] , 151 <sup>6</sup>[, 155 and 236K] shall not apply to "The Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited" <sup>6</sup>["and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited"], as a recipient."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (96) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. Earlier this clause was inserted through S.R.O 1457(I)/2021 dated 11.11.2021. Substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(96) the provisions of sections 147, 150A, 151, 155 and 236K shall not apply to "The second Pakistan international Sukuk Company Limited" and the Third Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited, as a recipient."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[(97A) The provisions of sections 37, 236C and 236K shall not apply to National Highway Authority in respect of transfer of immovable property to the Pakistan Global Sukuk Programme Company Limited and in respect of transfer of immoveable property to National Highway Authority from the Second Pakistan International Sukuk Company Limited or the Pakistan Global Sukuk Programme Company Limited.1

<sup>2</sup>[(98) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to import of ships and other floating crafts including tugs, survey vessels and other specialized crafts purchased or bare-boat chartered by a Pakistani entity and flying Pakistani flag:

Provided that exemption under this clause shall be available up to the year <sup>3</sup>[2030], subject to the condition that the ships and crafts are used for the purpose for which they were procured, and in case such ships and crafts are used for demolition purposes, tax collectible under section 148, applicable to ships and crafts purchased for demolition purposes, shall be chargeable.]

4[(99) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to import or acquisition of aircraft on wet or dry lease by M/s Pakistan International Airlines Corporation with effect from 19th March, 2015.]

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- Crop Loan Insurance Scheme (CLIS): and (a)
- (b) Livestock Insurance Scheme (LIS)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New cluse (97A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022. Earlier this clause was inserted through S.R.O. 1457(I)/2021 dated 11.11.2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The figure "2020" substituted by "2030" though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Added by the Finance Act. 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (100) inserted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clause (100) omitted by the Finance Act, 2023. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>(100)</sup> The provisions of section 236U shall not apply to an insurance collecting premium under:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> clause (101) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(101) The provisions of section 231A shall not apply in respect of cash withdrawal made from a "Branchless Banking (BB) Agent Account" utilized to render branchless banking services to customers.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> New clause (101A) inserted through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> clause (101A) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

#### <sup>2</sup>[ ]

**(102)** The provisions of section 231B (1A) shall not apply to light commercial vehicles leased under the Prime Minister's Youth Business Loan Scheme.]

<sup>3</sup>[(102A) The provisions of section 233 shall not apply to commission received by a retail branchless banking agent on any amount disbursed by the Ehsaas Emergency Cash Transfer Programme for the period commencing on 16th April, 2020 and ending on 30th day of September, 2020.]

<sup>4</sup>[(103) The provisions of section 7B shall not apply to yield or profit on investment in Bahbood Savings Certificate or Pensioner's Benefit Account, provided that tax on the said yield or profit on debt is paid at the rates specified in Division I of Part I of the First Schedule subject to clause (6) of Part III.

(104) The provisions of section 5A shall not apply to a company where a restriction has been imposed on distribution of dividend on account of an agreement with the Government of Pakistan.

## <sup>5</sup>[]

<sup>6</sup>[(105A) The provisions of section 177 and 214C shall not apply to a person whose income tax affairs have been audited in any of the preceding four tax years:

Provided that the Commissioner may select a person under section 177 for audit with approval of the Board.]

## 7[]

<sup>&</sup>quot;(101A) The provisions of section 231A shall not apply to a Pak Rupee account if the deposits in the account are made solely from foreign remittances credited directly into such account.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New clause (101AA) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> clause (101AA) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows: "(101AA) The provisions of sections 231A, 231AA and 236P shall not apply to a Pak Rupee Account in a tax year to the extent of foreign remittances credited into such account during that tax year.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>New clause (102A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (105) omitted through Finance Act, 2019, omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>(105)</sup> The provisions of section 177 and 214C shall not apply to a person whose income tax affairs have been audited in any of the preceding three tax years:

have been audited in any of the preceding three tax years: Provided that the Commissioner may select a person under section 177 for audit, with approval of the Board.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>New clause (105A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (106) added by S.R.O. 887(I)/2018 dated 23.07.2018.

# <sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[(107) The provisions of section 111 relating to unexplained income or assets shall not apply in respect of any contribution paid to the Supreme Court of Pakistan – Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams – Fund.

(108) The provisions of sections <sup>3</sup>[113 and 151] shall not apply to the Supreme Court of Pakistan – Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams – Fund.

#### 4[]

<sup>5</sup>**[(109A)** The provisions of sections in Division III of Part V of Chapter X and Chapter XII of the Ordinance for deduction or collection of withholding tax which were not applicable prior to commencement of the Constitution (Twenty-fifth Amendment) Act, 2018 (XXXVII of 2018) shall not apply to individual domiciled or company and association of persons resident in the Tribal Areas forming part of the Provinces of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan under paragraph (d) of Article 246 of the Constitution with effect from the 1st day of June, 2018 to the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, <sup>6</sup>[2024] (both days inclusive).]

<sup>7</sup>**[(110)** The provisions of sections in Division III of Part V of Chapter X and Chapter XII of the Ordinance for deduction or collection of withholding tax which were not applicable prior to commencement of the Constitution (Twenty-fifth Amendment) Act, 2018 (XXXVII of 2018) shall not apply to individual domiciled or company and association of person resident in the Tribal Areas forming part of the Provinces of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan under paragraph (d) of Article 246 of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (106) omitted by S.R.O. 1213(I)/2018, dated 05.10.2018. The omitted clause is read as under:

<sup>[&</sup>quot;(106) The provisions of sections in Division III of Part V of Chapter X and Chapter XII of the Ordinance for deduction or collection of tax shall not apply in the districts of Chitral, Dir and Swat (which includes Kalam), the former Tribal Area in Kohistan district, Malakand former Protected Areas the former Tribal Area adjoining Mansehra district, the former State of Amb, Zhob district, Loralai district (excluding Duki Tehsil), Dalbandin Tehsil of Chagai district and Marri and former Bugti Tribal territories of Sibi district, former Tribal Areas adjoining the district of Peshawar, Kohat, Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Dera Ismail Khan, Tank as well as former Tribal Areas i.e. Bajaur Agency, Orakzai Agency, Mohmand Agency, Khyber Agency, Kurram Agency, North Waziristan Agency and South Waziristan Agency, if the payer and the recipient are residents of the aforesaid areas.

Provided the provision of section 149 shall not apply in respect of persons working in the aforesaid areas even if the payer resides outside the aforesaid areas."]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Supplementary (Amendment) Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The expression "113, 151, 231A, 231AA and 236P " substituted by the Finance Act 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (109) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(109)The provisions of section 236P shall not apply at the time of transfer of any sum to the Supreme Court of Pakistan - Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams- Fund.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> New clause (109A) added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The figure "2023" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by S.R.O. 1213(I)/2018, dated 05.10.2018.

Constitution with effect from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of June, 2018 to the 30<sup>th</sup> day of June, <sup>1</sup>[2024] (both days inclusive).]

<sup>2</sup>[(111) The provisions of section 48 shall not apply to so much of the income of banking company as defined in the said section subject to reduced rate of tax at 20% under rules 7D, 7E and 7F of the Seventh Schedule for tax years 2020 to 2023.]

<sup>3</sup>[(111A) The provisions of section 100BA and rule 1 of the Tenth Schedule shall not apply to the extent of payment of dividend to non-resident persons.]

<sup>4</sup>[(111AB) The provisions of section 100BA and rule 1 of the Tenth Schedule shall not apply to non-resident individual holding Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC) maintaining a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or Non-resident Pakistani Rupee Value Account (NRVA) with authorized banks in Pakistan under the foreign exchange regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.]

<sup>5</sup>[(111AC) The provisions of section 100BA and rule 1 of the Tenth Schedule shall not apply to non-resident individual holding Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) in respect of transactions on which tax is collectible under section 236C and 236K of the Ordinance;]

<sup>6</sup>[] <sup>7</sup>[] <sup>8</sup>[] <sup>9</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figure "2023" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New Clause 111 added through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New clause (111A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (111AB) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (111AC) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> New clauses (112), (113), (114) and (115) added through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) 2019 dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Clause (112) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows: "(112) The provision of section 236P shall not apply to special convertible rupee account (SCRA) of a non-resident company having no permanent establishment in Pakistan.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> New clause (112A) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Clause (112A) substituted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(112A) The provisions of section 236P shall not apply to a non-resident rupee account repatriable (NRAR) or a foreign currency account maintained with a banking company in Pakistan of a non-resident individual

<sup>1</sup>[ ]

(113) The provision of sub-section (5B) of sections 147 shall not apply in respect of capital gains arising to a non-resident company having no permanent establishment in Pakistan from investment in debt instruments and Government securities including treasury bills and Pakistan investment bonds through special convertible rupee account (SCRA) maintained with a banking company or financial institution in Pakistan.

(114) The provisions of section <sup>2</sup>["clause (ae) of sub-section (a) of section 114"] and 181 shall not apply to a non-resident company having no permanent establishment in Pakistan solely by reason of capital gain or profit on debt earned from investments in debt securities and Government securities including treasury bills and Pakistan investment bonds through special convertible rupee account maintained with a banking company or financial institution in Pakistan.

# <sup>3</sup>[]

<sup>4</sup>[(114A) The provisions of clause (ae) of sub-section (1) of section 114 and section 181 shall not apply to a non-resident individual holding Pakistan Origin Card (POC) or National ID Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) or Computerized National ID Card (CNIC) maintaining a Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or a Nonresident Pakistani Rupee Value Account (NRVA) with authorized banks in Pakistan under the foreign exchange regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan:

Provided that this clause shall not apply if the person referred in this clause has Pakistan-source taxable income other than the following; namely:—

 (a) profit on debt on FCVA or Non-resident Pakistani Rupee Value Account (NRVA);

investing in a debt instrument, whether conventional or shariah compliant, issued by the Federal Government under the Public Debt Act, 1944.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clause (112A) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(112A) The provisions of section 231A, 231AA and 236P shall not apply to the holders of Foreign Currency Value Account (FCVA) or Non-resident Pakistani Rupee Value Account (NRPRVA) in respect of these accounts only.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression 115(4) substituted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New clause (114A) inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June,2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clause (114A) substituted by the Finance Act 2021. Earlier this clause was substituted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted clause read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(114Å) The provisions of clause (ae) of sub-section (1) of section 114 and section 181 shall not apply to a non-resident individual solely by reason of profit on debt earned from a debt instrument, whether conventional or shariah compliant, issued by the Federal Government under the Public Debt Act, 1944 and purchased exclusively through a bank account maintained abroad, a non-resident rupee account repatriable (NRAR) or a foreign currency account maintained with a banking company in Pakistan.]

- (b) profit on debt earned on Government of Pakistan (GOP) securities either conventional or Shariah Compliant where investment has been made from proceeds of FCVA or NRVA;
- (c) capital gain on disposal of immovable property acquired from proceeds of FCVA or NRVA;
- (d) capital gain on disposal of securities traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange and units of mutual funds that are acquired from proceeds of FCVA or NRVA; or
- (e) dividend income from securities traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange and mutual funds that are acquired from proceeds of FCVA or NRVA.]

(115) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to traders being individuals having turnover upto one hundred million Rupees as a prescribed person.

*Explanation.-* Trader in this clause shall have the meaning as provided in clause (28D) of Part II of the Second Schedule.]

<sup>1</sup>**[(116)** The provisions of section 151 <sup>2</sup>[ ] and 236P shall not apply to The Prime Minister's COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund-2020.

<sup>3</sup>[]

**4[(118)** The provisions of withholding taxes contained in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (XLIX of 2001) shall not apply to Islamic Naya Pakistan Certificates Company Limited (INPCCL) as a recipient.

**(119)** The provisions of section 153(1)(a) shall with effect from the first day of July, 2020 not apply to distributors, dealers, wholesalers and retailers of locally manufactured mobile phone devices as withholding agent.]

<sup>5</sup>[(120) The provisions of Divisions II and III of Part V of Chapter X and Chapter XII of the Ordinance for deduction or collection of withholding tax shall not apply to the persons mentioned in Table 1 of clause (66) of Part I of the second schedule as recipients of payment:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> New clauses (116) and (117) added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression ", 231A, 231AA and 236P" omitted by the Finance Act 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Clause (117) omitted by the Finance Act 2021. The omitted clause read as follows: "(117) The provisions of section 236P shall not apply at the time of transfer of any sum to The Prime Minister's COVID-19 Pandemic Relief Fund- 2020.]"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Clauses (118) and (119) added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier these clauses were inserted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clause (120) added by the Finance Act, 2022.

Provided that such persons shall continue to perform functions as withholding and collecting agent under the aforesaid provisions.]

<sup>1</sup>[(121) The provisions of section 151 shall not apply to the Prime Minister's Relief Fund for Flood, Earthquake and other calamities with effect on and from the 5th August, 2022.

(122) The provisions of section 236 shall not apply on the amount donated through SMS to the Prime Minister's Relief Fund for Flood, Earthquake and other calamities with effect on and from the 5th day of August, 2022.

(123) The provisions of section 148 shall for a period of <sup>2</sup>[three months from the 1<sup>st</sup> day of December, 2022] not apply to goods required and imported for relief operation for flood affectees, duly certified by the National Disaster Management Authority or the Provincial Disaster Management Authority.

(124) The provisions of section 148 shall not apply to tomato (PCT heading 0702.0000) and onion (PCT heading 0703.1000) imported till the 31st day of December, 2022.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Clauses (121), (122), (123) and (124) added by the Finance Act, 2023. Earlier these clauses were added through S.R.O. Nos. 1590(I)/2022 dated 23.08.2022, 1634(I)/2022 dated 30.08.2022 and 1639(I)/2022 dated 31.08.2022 respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "ninety days" substituted through S.R.O. No. 72(I)/2023 dated 25.01.2023.

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## THE THIRD SCHEDULE <sup>1</sup>[PART-I DEPRECIATION

(See Section 22)

Depreciation rates specified for the purposes of section 22 shall be, ---

<sup>1</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2005. The substituted Part I read as follows:

#### PART I DEPRECIATION

(See Section 22)

Depreciation rates specified for the purposes of section 22 shall be -

Class	Description.	Rate per cent
of		of the written
asset.		down value.
	BUILDINGS	
I	Building (not otherwise specified).	5
		(General rate)
11	Factory, workshop, cinema, hotel, hospital.	10
111	Residential quarters for labour.	10
	FURNITURE	
IV	Furniture (including fittings).	10
	MACHINERY AND PLANT	
V	Machinery and plant (not otherwise specified).	10
		(General rate)
VI	Computer hardware, including printer, monitor and	30
	allied items.	
VII	Technical or professional books.	20
VIII	Ships.	
(i)	New.	5
(ii)	Second hand.	
	Age at time of purchase:	
	(a) Not more than ten years	10
	(b) Ten or more years.	20
IX	Motor vehicles (all types)	20
Х	Aircraft, aero-engines and aerial photographic	30
	apparatus.	
XI	Below ground installations in mineral oil concerns the	100%
	income of which is liable to be computed in	
	accordance with the rules in Part I of the Fifth	
	Schedule.	
XII	Below ground installations, including but not limited to	100
	the cost of drilling, casing, cementing, logging and	
	testing of wells, in offshore mineral oil concerns the	
	income of which is liable to be computed in	
	accordance with the rules in Part I of the Fifth	
	Schedule.	
XIII	Offshore platforms and production installation in	20
	mineral oil concerns the income of which is liable to	
	be computed in accordance with the rules in Part I of	
	the Fifth Schedule.	

· ·		4.00/
Ι.	Building (all types).	10%
11.	Furniture (including fittings) and machinery and plant (not otherwise specified), Motor vehicles (all types), ships, technical or professional books.	15%
111.	Computer hardware including printer, monitor and allied items <sup>1</sup> [,machinery and equipment used in manufacture of I.T. products], aircrafts and aero engines.	30%
IV.	In case of mineral oil concerns the income of which is liable to be computed in accordance with the rules in Part-I of the Fifth Schedule. <sup>2</sup> [ ]	
	(b) Offshore platform and production installations.	20%]
<sup>3</sup> [V.	A ramp built to provide access to persons with disabilities not exceeding Rs.250,000 each.	100%]

"(a) Below ground installations 100%" <sup>3</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2006. <sup>2</sup> Entry (a) of serial number IV of the Table omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted entry read as follows:

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## **PART II** INITIAL ALLOWANCE <sup>1</sup>[AND FIRST YEAR ALLOWANCE]

<sup>2</sup>[(<sup>3</sup>[See Sections 23, <sup>4</sup>[ ] and 23B])]

(1) The rate of initial allowance under section 23 shall be  ${}^{5}$ [25]%  ${}^{6}$ [for plant and machinery  ${}^{7}$ [ ]].

<sup>8</sup>[(2) The rate of First Year Allowance under <sup>9</sup>[ ] <sup>10</sup>[section 23B] shall be 90%.

## PART III PRE-COMMENCEMENT EXPENDITURE (See Section 25)

The rate of amortisation of pre-commencement expenditure under section 25 shall be 20%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word and figure "section 23" substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words, figures and letter "See Sections 23 and 23A" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "23A" by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Substituted for 50% by the Finance Act, 2013. Earlier it was substituted for 40% by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Words "and <sup>7</sup>[15]% for buildings" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The expression "section 23A and" by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

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# THE FOURTH SCHEDULE

(See Section 99)

### RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS AND GAINS OF INSURANCE BUSINESS

### Profits on Life Insurance to be Computed Separately

1. The profits and gains of a taxpayer carrying on life insurance business chargeable under the head "Income from Business" shall be computed separately from the taxpayer's income from other business. <sup>1</sup>[Income from other business shall be profit or loss before tax as per profit and loss account prepared under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), excluding any surplus appropriation made during the year.]

### **Computation of Profits and Gains of Life Insurance Business**

<sup>2</sup>[2. The profits and gains of a life insurance business shall be the current year's surplus appropriated to profit and loss account prepared under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), as per advice of the Appointed Actuary, net of adjustments under sections 22(8), 23(8) and 23(11) of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) so as to exclude from it any expenditure other than expenditure which is, under the provisions of Part IV of Chapter III, allowed as a deduction in computing profits and gains of a business to the extent of the proportion of surplus not distributed to policy holders.]

## Computing the Surplus under Rule 2

**3.** (1) The following <sup>3</sup>[provisions] shall apply in computing the surplus for the purposes of rule 2, namely:-

- (a) the amounts paid to, or reserved for, or expended on behalf of policy-holders shall be allowed as a deduction;
- (b) any amount either written off or reserved in the accounts, or through the actuarial valuation balance sheet to meet depreciation, or loss on the realization of investments shall be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rule (2) substituted by the Finance Act, 2004. The substituted rule (2) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;2. The profits and gains of a life insurance business shall be the annual average of the surplus arrived at by adjusting the surplus or deficit disclosed by actuarial valuation made for the last intervaluation period ending before the tax year for which the assessment is to be made so as to exclude from it any surplus or deficit included therein which was made in any earlier inter-valuation period and any expenditure other than expenditure which is, under the provisions of Part IV of Chapter III, allowed as a deduction in computing the profits and gains of a business."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "rules" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

allowed as a deduction, and any sums taken credit for in the accounts or actuarial valuation balance sheet on account of appreciation, or gains on the realisation of investments <sup>1</sup>[shall be included in the surplus]; and

- (c) profit on debt <sup>2</sup>[accrued] in the inter-valuation period in respect of any securities of the Federal Government which have been issued or declared to be income tax-free shall not be excluded, but shall be exempt from tax <sup>3</sup>[].
- (2) For the purposes of clause (a) of sub-rule (1)
  - (a) in the first computation of the surplus, no account shall be taken of amounts referred to in the <sup>4</sup>[said clause] to the extent to which they are paid out, or in respect of any surplus brought forward from a previous inter-valuation period; and
  - (b) if any amount reserved for policy-holders ceases to be so reserved, and is not paid to, or expended on behalf of policyholders, the sums previously allowed as a deduction under this Ordinance <sup>5</sup>[or the repealed Ordinance] shall be treated as part of the <sup>6</sup>[respective statutory fund] for the tax year in which the amount ceased to be so reserved.

(3) For the purposes of clause (b) of sub-rule (1), if it appears to the Commissioner, after consultation with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, that the rate of profit on debt or other factors employed in determining the liability in respect of outstanding policies is inconsistent with the valuation of investments so as artificially to reduce the surplus, the Commissioner may make such adjustment to the allowance for depreciation, or in respect of appreciation, of such investment as the Commissioner thinks reasonable.

7[]

#### "Adjustment of Tax Paid by Deduction at Source

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "received" substituted by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words and figures "in accordance with Part VII of Chapter III" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The word "sub-clause" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The word "surplus" by the Finance Act, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Rule (4) omitted by the Finance Act, 2004. The omitted rule (4) read as follows:

<sup>4.</sup> Where, for any tax year, an assessment of the profits and gains of life insurance business is made in accordance with the annual average of a surplus disclosed by a valuation for an intervaluation period exceeding twelve months, then, in computing the tax due for that year, no credit shall be allowed for the tax paid in the tax year, but credit shall be given for the annual average of

### General Insurance

**5.** The profits and gains of any business of insurance (other than life insurance) shall be taken to be the balance of the profits disclosed by the annual accounts required under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), to be furnished to the Securities and Exchange <sup>1</sup>[Commission] of Pakistan subject to the following adjustments –

- (a) any expenditure or allowance, or any reserve or provision for any expenditure, or the amount of any tax deducted at source from dividends or profit on debt received which is not deductible in computing the income chargeable under the head "Income from Business" shall be excluded;
- <sup>2</sup>[(b) subject to the provisions of rule 6A, any amount of investment written off shall be allowed as a deduction, but any amount taken to reserve to meet depreciation of investments shall not be allowed as a deduction, and any sums taken credit for in the accounts on account of appreciation of investment shall not be treated as part of the profits and gains, unless these have been crystallized as gains or losses on the realization of investments;]
- (c) no deduction shall be allowed for any expenditure, allowance, reserve, or provision in excess of the limits laid down in the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000), unless the excess is allowed by the <sup>3</sup>[Securities] and Exchange Commission and is incurred in deriving income chargeable to tax <sup>4</sup>[; and]
- <sup>5</sup>[(d) no deduction shall be allowed for any expenditure incurred on account of insurance premium or re-insurance premium paid to an overseas insurance or re-insurance company or a local agent of an overseas insurance company until tax at the rate of 5% is withheld on the gross amount of insurance or re-insurance premium.]

the tax paid by deduction <sup>7</sup>[or otherwise on profit on debt received on any security of the Federal Government, a Provincial Government, a local authority or a company] during the period."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "Commissioner" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sub-rule (b) substituted by the Finance Act, 2008. The substituted sub-rule (b) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(b) any amount either written off or taken to reserve to meet depreciation or loss on the realization of investments shall be allowed as a deduction, and any sums taken credit for in the accounts on account of appreciation, or gains on the realization of <sup>2</sup>[investments] shall be treated as part of the profits and gains, provided the Commissioner considers the amount to be reasonable; and"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The word "Security" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2008.

#### **Mutual Insurance Association**

**6.** These rules shall also apply to the assessment of the profits and gains of any business of insurance carried on by a mutual insurance association and such profits and gains shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business".

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[<sup>3</sup>[**6B.**In computing income under this Schedule, there shall be included capital gains on disposal of shares and dividend of listed companies, vouchers of Pakistan Telecommunication corporation, modaraba certificate or instruments of redeemable capital and derivative products and shall be taxed at the rates specified in Division II of Part I of First Schedule."]

4[]

<sup>5</sup>[(6C) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, where loss on disposal of securities is sustained in a tax year, the loss shall be set off only against the gain from any other securities chargeable to tax under Rule 6B and no loss shall be carried forward to the subsequent tax year.]

<sup>2</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6B) Capital gains on disposal of shares of listed companies, vouchers of Pakistan Telecommunication corporation, modaraba certificate or instruments of redeemable capital and derivative products shall be taxed at the following rates:

³["S.No.	Period	Tax Year 2015	Tax Year 2016
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	Where holding period of a security is less than twelve months	12.5%	15%
2	Where holding period of a security is twelve months or more but less than twenty four months	10%	12.5%
3	Where holding period of a security is twenty four months or more but less than four years; and"]	0%	7.5%

<sup>4</sup>Proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-

"Provided thatthis rule shall not apply to the securities held for a period of more than twelve months."

<sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rule (6A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted rule (6) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6A)**Exemption of Capital Gains from the sale of shares.**- In computing income under this Schedule, there shall not be included "capital gains", being income from the sale of modaraba certificates or any instrument of redeemable capital as defined in the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan or shares of a public company (as defined in sub-section (47) of section 2) and the Pakistan Telecommunications Corporation vouchers issued by the Government of Pakistan, derived up to tax year ending on the thirtieth day of June, 2010."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rule 6B substituted by the Finance Act, 2016. Substituted rule read as follows:-

<sup>1</sup>[6D. The provisions of section 4B shall apply to the taxpayers under this schedule and taxed at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part I of the First Schedule."]

<sup>2</sup>[6DA. The provisions of section 4C shall apply to the taxpayers under this Schedule and shall be taxed at the rates specified in Division IIB of Part I of the First Schedule from tax year 2022 onwards.]

# <sup>3</sup>[(6DB) The provisions of section 99D shall apply to the taxpayers under this Schedule.]

<sup>4</sup>[6E. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule, the Commissioner shall be authorized to examine and amend the amount of income as disclosed in the financial statement presented to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan with respect to commission paid and claimed for losses.]

### Definitions

7. In this Schedule, –

"investments" includes all forms of shares, debentures, bonds, deposits and other securities, derivative instruments, and includes immovable property whether or not occupied by the insurer;

"life insurance business" means life insurance business as defined in section 4 of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000);<sup>5</sup>[and]

"Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan" means the Securities and Exchange Commission established under the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act, 1997 (XLII of 1997) <sup>6</sup>[:]

<sup>7</sup>["Securities" for the purposes of Rule 6B means shares of a public company, vouchers of Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, Modaraba Certificates or instruments of redeemable capital and derivative products."]

<sup>8</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rule 6DA inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rule (6DB) added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New clause (6E) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2002

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Full stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Paragraph four omitted by the Finance Act, 2002. The omitted fourth paragraph of the Fourth Schedule read as under:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Securities and Exchange Commissioner of Pakistan" means the Securities and Exchange Commissioner of Pakistan established under the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Act, 1997 (XLII of 1997)."

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# THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

(See Section 100)

# PART I

### RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS AND GAINS FROM THE EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION OF PETROLEUM

### Exploration and Production of Petroleum a Separate Business

1. Where any person carries on, or is treated as carrying on, under an agreement with the Federal Government, any business which consists of, or includes, the exploration or production of petroleum in Pakistan or setting up refineries at Dhodak and Bobi fields, income of exploration and production companies from pipeline operations, and manufacture and sale of liquified petroleum gas or compressed natural gas, such business or part thereof, as the case may be, shall be, for the purposes of this Ordinance, treated as a separate business undertaking (hereinafter referred to as "such undertaking") and the profits and gains of such undertaking shall be computed separately from the income, profits, or gains from any other business, if any, carried on by the person.

#### Computation of Profits

**2** (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, the profits and gains of such undertaking <sup>1</sup>[shall be] computed in the manner applicable to income, profits and gains chargeable under the head "Income from Business".

(2) Where such person incurs any expenditure on searching for or discovering and testing a petroleum deposit or winning access thereto but the search, exploration, enquiry upon which the expenditure is incurred is given up before the commencement of commercial production, the expenditure allocable to a surrendered area or to the drilling of a dry-hole shall be treated as lost at the time of the surrender of the area or the completion of the dry-hole, as the case may be.

(3) Where the agreement provides that any portion of the expenditure is treated as lost under sub-rule (2) (hereinafter referred to as the "said loss") and is allowed against any income of such undertaking, it shall be allowed in either of the following ways as may be provided for in the agreement, namely: —

(a) The said loss in any year shall be set off against the income of that year chargeable under the head "Income from Business" or any income (other than income from dividends) chargeable under any other head and where the loss cannot be wholly set off in this manner the portion not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year and set off in the same manner and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "are" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

so on, but no loss shall be carried forward for more than six years; or

(b) the said loss in any year shall be set off against the income of such undertaking of the tax year in which commercial production has commenced and where the loss cannot be wholly set off against the income of such undertaking of that year, the portion not set off against the income, if any, of such undertaking of that year, and if it cannot be wholly so set off the amount of loss not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year, and so on, but no loss shall be carried forward for more than ten years.

(4) After the commencement of commercial production, all expenditure incurred prior thereto and not <sup>1</sup>[treated as] lost under sub-rule (2) and not represented by physical assets in use at the time the commercial production shall be allowed as a deduction, so, however, that the portion of such deduction to be so allowed in any year shall be such amount not exceeding ten per cent of the aggregate amount deductible in respect of <sup>2</sup>[onshore] areas, and not exceeding twenty five per cent for offshore areas, as may be selected by the taxpayer.

(5) Any expenditure, including a royalty paid to the Federal Government by an onshore petroleum exploration and production undertaking on, or after, the first day of July 2001 (not being in the nature of capital expenditure or personal expenses of the taxpayer) laid out or expended after the commencement of commercial production wholly and exclusively for the purpose of the business of production and exploration of petroleum carried on by such undertaking shall be allowed as a deduction, provided that –

- (a) no deduction shall be allowed in respect of such expenditure incurred in the acquisition of depreciable assets to which section 22 applies or in the acquisition of an intangible to which section 24 applies;
- (b) <sup>3</sup>[deductions under sections 22, 23 and 24 shall be admissible] in respect of assets referred to in clause (a);
- (c) a depreciation deduction shall also be allowed under section 22 in respect of such expenditure incurred on the acquisition of the physical assets acquired before the commencement of commercial production and were being used by such undertaking on and after that date, as if such assets had been acquired at the time of the commencement of commercial production at their original cost, as reduced by the amount of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "deemed to be" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "inshore" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words, comma and figures "sections 22, 23 and 24 apply" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

depreciation deduction, if any, previously allowed to be deducted under this Ordinance.

(6) If, in any year, the deductions allowed Part IV of Chapter III and sub-rules (3) and (4) exceed the gross receipts from the sale of petroleum produced in Pakistan, such excess shall be set off against other income (not being dividends) and carried forward in the manner and subject to the limitations in section 57, so however that no portion of such excess shall be carried forward for more than six years.

(7) The limitation of six years specified in <sup>1</sup>[sub-rule] (6) shall not apply to depreciation allowed to a person carrying on the business of offshore petroleum exploration and production, in respect of any machinery, plant or other equipment used in such exploration or production.

(8) For the purposes of section 22, where any asset used by a person in the exploration and production of petroleum is exported or transferred out of Pakistan, the person shall be treated as having made a disposal of the asset for a consideration received equal to the cost of the asset as reduced by any depreciation deductions allowed under this Ordinance (other than an initial allowance under section 23).

### **Depletion Allowance**

**3.** In determining the income of such undertaking for any year ending after the date on which commercial production has commenced, an allowance for depletion shall be made equal to fifteen per cent of the gross receipts representing the well-head value of the production, but not exceeding fifty per cent of the profits or gains of such undertaking before the deduction of such allowance.

## Limitation on Payment to Federal Government and Taxes

**4.** (1) The aggregate of the taxes on income and other payments excluding a royalty as specified in the Pakistan Petroleum<sup>2</sup>[exploration] (Production) Rules, 1949 or the Pakistan Petroleum (Exploration and Production) Rules, 1986 and paid by an onshore petroleum and production undertaking on, or after, the first day of July 2001 to the Government in respect of the profits or gains derived from such undertaking for a tax year shall not exceed the limits provided for in the agreement, provided the <sup>3</sup>[said aggregate shall not be] less than fifty per cent of the profits or gains derived by an onshore petroleum exploration and production undertaking and forty per cent of the profits or gains derived by an offshore petroleum exploration and production undertaking, before deduction of the payment to the Federal Government.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "sub-section" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "aggregate is not" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

(2) In respect of any tax year commencing on, or after, the first day of July, 2002, the aggregate referred to in sub-clause (1) shall not be less than forty per cent of the profit or gains derived by an onshore petroleum exploration and production undertaking before the deduction of payment excluding royalty paid by an onshore <sup>1</sup>[petroleum exploration and production undertaking] to the Federal Government.

(3) If, in respect of any tax year, the aggregate of the taxes on income and payments to the Federal Government is greater or less than the amount provided for in the agreement, an <sup>2</sup>[additional amount of tax] shall be payable by the taxpayer, or an abatement of tax shall be allowed to the taxpayer, as the case may be, so as to make the aggregate of the taxes on income and payments to the Federal Government equal to the amount provided for in the agreement.

(4) If, in respect of any year, the payments to the Federal Government exceed the amount provided for in the agreement, so much of the excess as consists of any tax or levy referred to in sub-clause (b) of clause (3) of rule 6 shall be carried forward and treated, for the purposes of this rule, as payments to the Federal Government for the succeeding year, provided that the whole of the payments to the Federal Government exceeding the amount provided for in such agreement may be carried forward if so provided for in any agreement with a taxpayer made before the first day of 1970.

<sup>3</sup>[(4A) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule, a person, for tax year 2012 and onward, may opt to pay tax at the rate of forty per cent of the profits and gains, net of royalty, derived by a petroleum exploration and production undertaking:

Provided that this option shall be available subject to withdrawal of appeals, references and petitions on the issue of tax rate pending before any appellate forum:

Provided further that the outstanding tax liability created under this Ordinance up to tax year 2011 is paid by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012:

Provided also that this option is available only for one time and shall be irrevocable.]

<sup>4</sup>[**4A**.**Decommissioning cost.**— With effect from the Tax Year 2010, "Decommissioning Cost" as certified by a Chartered Accountant or a Cost

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The word "company" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "additional tax" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

Accountants, in the manner prescribed, shall be allowed over a period of ten years or the life of the development and production or mining lease whichever is less, starting from the year of commencement of commercial production or commenced prior to the 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2010, deduction for decommissioning cost as referred earlier shall be allowed from the Tax Year 2010 over the period of ten years or the remaining life of the development and production or mining lease, whichever is less.]

<sup>1</sup>[4AA. The provisions of section 4B shall apply to the tax payers under this Part and taxed at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part I of the First Schedule.]

<sup>2</sup>[4AB. The provisions of section 4C shall apply to the taxpayers under this schedule and shall be taxed at the rates specified in Division IIB of Part I of the First Schedule from tax year 2022 onwards.]

<sup>3</sup>[(4AC) The provisions of section 99D shall apply to the taxpayers under this Schedule.]

### Provision Relating to Rules

**5.** The <sup>4</sup>[Board]may make rules for the purposes of any matter connected with, or incidental to the operation of this Part.

## Definitions

- 6. In this Part,
  - "agreement" means an agreement entered into between the Federal Government and a taxpayer for the exploration and production of petroleum in Pakistan;
  - (2) "commercial production" means production as determined by the Federal Government;
  - (3) "payments to the Federal Government" means amounts payable to the Federal Government or to any Federal Governmental authority in Pakistan –

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rule 4AB inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rule (4AC) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

- (a) in respect of royalties as specified in the Pakistan Petroleum (Production) Rules, 1949, or the Pakistan Petroleum (Exploration and Production) Rules, 1986; and
- (b) in respect of any tax or levy imposed in Pakistan peculiarly applicable to oil production or to extractive industries or any of them and not generally imposed upon all industrial and commercial activities;
- (4) "petroleum" means crude oil, natural gas, and case-head petroleum spirits as defined in the Pakistan Petroleum (Production) Rules, 1949, or the Pakistan Petroleum (Exploration and Production) Rules, 1986, but does not include refined petroleum products;
- (5) "surrender" means the termination of rights with respect to an area including the expiration of rights according to the terms of an agreement;
- (6) "surrendered area" means an area with respect to which the rights of the person have terminated by surrender or by assignment or by termination of the business;
- (7) "Taxes on income" and "tax" includes income tax, but does not include payments to the Federal Government; and
- (8) "well-head value" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the agreement between the Federal Government and the taxpayer, and in the absence of any such definition in the agreement, the meaning assigned to it in the Pakistan Petroleum (Production) Rules, 1949, or the Pakistan Petroleum (Exploration and Production) Rules, 1986.

# PART II

#### RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS AND GAINS FROM THE EXPLORATION AND EXTRACTION OF MINERAL DEPOSITS (OTHER THAN PETROLEUM)

#### Exploration and Extraction of Mineral Deposits a Separate Business

1. Where any person carries on, or is treated as carrying on, any business which consists of or includes the exploration or extraction of mineral deposits of a wasting nature (other than petroleum) in Pakistan, such business or part thereof, as the case may be, shall be, for the purposes of this Ordinance <sup>1</sup>[or the repealed Ordinance], treated as a separate undertaking (hereinafter referred to as "such undertaking") and the profits and gains of such undertaking shall be computed separately from the income, profits and gains from any other business, if any, carried on by the person.

#### **Computation of Profits**

**2.** (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, the profits and gains of such undertaking shall be computed in the manner applicable to income, profits and gains chargeable under the head "Income from Business".

(2) All expenditure on prospecting and exploration incurred by such undertaking up to the date of commercial production shall be, to the extent to which it cannot be set off against any other income of such undertaking, treated as a loss.

(3) The loss referred to in sub-rule (2) shall be carried forward and set off against the income of such undertaking after the commencement of commercial production, so, however, that if it cannot be wholly set off against the income of such undertaking of the tax year in which the commercial production had commenced, the portion not so set off shall be carried forward to the following year and so on, but no such loss shall be carried forward for more than ten years beginning with the year in which commercial production commenced.

(4) After the commencement of commercial production, depreciation in respect of machinery and plant for extracting the ore shall be allowed as a deduction from the profits and gains of the tax year in which they are used for the first time in an amount equal to the original cost of such asset and the provisions of section 22 shall apply accordingly.

<sup>2</sup>[2A. The provisions of section 4B shall apply to the taxpayers under this Part and taxed at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part I of the First Schedule.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2015.

#### **Depletion Allowance**

**3.** (1) In determining the profits and gains of such undertaking for any year an additional allowance (hereinafter referred to as the "depletion allowance") shall be made equal to twenty per cent of the taxable income of such undertaking (before the deduction of such allowance).

(2) No deduction under sub-rule (1) shall be made unless an amount equal to the depletion allowance is set apart and left as a reserve to be utilised for the development and expansion of such undertaking.

(3) Where a depletion allowance is made in any tax year and subsequently it is utilised for any purpose contrary to the provisions of sub-rule (2), the amount originally allowed under this Ordinance shall be treated as having been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner may, notwithstanding anything contained in the Ordinance, recompute the taxable income of the taxpayer for the relevant tax years and the provisions of section 122 shall apply, so far as may be, thereto, the period of five years specified in the section being reckoned from the end of the tax year <sup>1</sup>[] in which the amount was so utilised.

## ²[ ]

#### Provisions Relating to Rules

**5**. The <sup>3</sup>[Board] may make rules providing for any matter connected with, or incidental to, the operations of this Part.

<sup>3</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "relevant to the tax year" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rule 4 omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted rule read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Tax Exemption of Profits from Refining or Concentrating Mineral Deposits

**<sup>4</sup>**. (1) Where such undertaking is also engaged in the business of refining or concentrating in Pakistan the mineral deposits extracted by it in Pakistan, so much of the profits and gains (hereinafter referred to as the "said amount") derived from such business as does not exceed ten per cent of the capital employed in such business (such capital being computed in accordance with such rules as may be made by the <sup>2</sup>[Board] for the purposes of this rule) shall be exempt from tax.

<sup>(2)</sup> Where the profits and gains of such business computed for any tax year cover a period which is less or more than one year, the amount of profits and gains exempt under sub-rule (1) shall be the amount which bears the same proportion to the said amount of profits as the said period bears to a period of one year.

<sup>(3)</sup> The profits and gains of the business to which this rule applies shall be computed in accordance with Part IV of Chapter III.

<sup>(4)</sup> Nothing contained in this rule shall apply to an undertaking formed by the splitting up or reconstruction or reconstitution of business already in existence or by the transfer to a new business of any building, machinery, or plant used in a business which was carried on before the 1<sup>st</sup> day of July, 1975.

<sup>(5)</sup> The provisions of this rule shall apply to the tax year <sup>2</sup>[] in which commercial production is commenced or the loss or allowance, if any, under sub-rules (3) or (4) of rule 2, as the case may be, has been set off or deducted in full, whichever is the latter, and for the next following four years.

### Definitions

- 6. In this Part, -
  - (1) "commercial production" means production as determined by the Commissioner; and
  - (2) "petroleum" has the same meaning as in clause (4) of rule 6 of Part I.

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# THE SIXTH SCHEDULE

# PART I

RECOGNISED PROVIDENT FUNDS

[See sections 2( <sup>1</sup>[48] ) and 21(e)]

1. **Recognition of provident funds.**— (1) The Commissioner may accord recognition to any provident fund which, in his opinion, complies with the requirements of rule 2, and may at any time, withdraw such recognition if, in his opinion, the circumstances of the fund cease to warrant the continuance of the recognition.

(2) An order according recognition shall take effect on such date as the Commissioner may fix in accordance with such rules as the <sup>2</sup>[Board] may make in this behalf, such date not being later than the last day of the financial year in which the order is made.

(3) An order according recognition to a provident fund shall not, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be affected by the fact that the fund is subsequently amalgamated with another provident fund on the occurrence of an amalgamation of the undertakings in connection with which the two funds are maintained or that it subsequently absorbs the whole or a part of another provident fund belonging to an undertaking which is wholly or in part transferred to, or merged in, the undertaking of the employer maintaining the first-mentioned fund.

(4) An order withdrawing recognition shall take effect from such date as the Commissioner may fix.

(5) The Commissioner shall neither refuse nor withdraw recognition of any provident fund, unless he has given to the trustees of the fund a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

2. Conditions for approval. — (1) In order that a provident fund may receive and retain recognition it shall satisfy the conditions hereinafter specified and any other conditions which the  ${}^{3}$ [Board] may, by rules, prescribe -

(a) all employees shall be employed in Pakistan , or shall be employed by an employer whose principal place of business is in Pakistan:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The figure "49" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

Provided that the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, and subject to such conditions, if any, as he thinks proper to attach to the recognition, accord recognition to a fund maintained by an employer whose principal place of business is not in Pakistan, provided the proportion of employees employed outside Pakistan does not exceed ten *per cent*;

(b) the contributions of an employee in any year shall be a definite proportion of his salary for that year, and shall be deducted by the employer from the employee's salary in that proportion, at each periodical payment of such salary in that year, and credited to the employee's individual account in the fund:

Provided that an employee, who retains his employment while serving in armed forces of Pakistan or when taken into, or employed in, the national service under any law for the time being in force, may, whether he receives from the employer any salary or not contribute to the fund during his service in the armed forces of Pakistan or while so taken into, or employed in, the national service a sum not exceeding the amount he would have contributed had he continued to serve the <sup>1</sup>[employer];

(c) the contributions of an employer to the individual account of an employee in any year shall not exceed the amount of the contributions of the employee in that year, and shall be credited to the employee's individual account at intervals not exceeding one year:

Provided that, subject to any rules which the <sup>2</sup>[Board] may make in this behalf, the Commissioner may, in respect of any particular fund, relax the provisions of this clause —

- so as to permit the payment of larger contributions by an employer to the individual accounts of employees whose salaries do not, in each case, exceed five hundred rupees per month;
- so as to permit the crediting by employers to the individual accounts of employees of periodical bonuses or other contributions <sup>3</sup>[] of a contingent nature, where the calculation and payment of such bonuses or other

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "employers" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "is provided for on definite principles by the regulations" omitted by the Finance Act, 2003.

contributions is provided for on definite principles by the regulations of the fund;

(d) the employer shall not be entitled to recover any sum whatsoever from the fund, save in cases where the employee is dismissed for misconduct or voluntarily leaves his employment otherwise than on account of ill-health or other unavoidable cause before the expiration of the term of service specified in this behalf in the regulations of the fund:

Provided that in such cases the recoveries made by the employer shall be limited to the contributions made by him to the individual account of the employee, and to interest credited in respect of such contributions in accordance with the regulations of the fund and accumulations thereof;

- the fund shall be vested in two or more trustees or in the Official Trustees under a trust which shall not be recoverable save with the consent of all the beneficiaries;
- (f) the fund shall consist of contributions as above specified, received by the trustees, or accumulations thereof, and of interest credited in respect of such contributions and accumulations, and of securities purchased therewith and of any capital gains arising from the transfer of capital assets of the fund, and of no other sums;
- (g) the accumulated balance due to an employee shall be payable on the day he ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the <sup>1</sup>[fund]:

Provided that notwithstanding anything contained in clause (f) or (g):—

- (i) at the request made in writing by the employee who ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the fund, the trustees of the fund may consent to retain the whole or any part of the accumulated balance due to the employee to be drawn by him at any time on demand;
- (ii) where the accumulated balance due to an employee who has ceased to be an employee is retained in the fund in accordance with the preceding clause, the fund may

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "funds" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

consist also of interest in respect of such accumulated balance;

- (iii) the fund may also consist of any amount transferred from the individual account of an employee in any recognised provident fund maintained by his former employer and the interest in respect thereof;
- (h) save as provided in clause (g) or in accordance with such conditions and restrictions as the Central Board of Revenue may, by rules, specify, no portion of the balance to the credit of an employee shall be payable to him:

Provided that in order to enable an employee to pay the amount of tax assessed on his total income as determined under sub-rule (4) of rule 7, he shall be entitled to withdraw from the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund a sum not exceeding the difference between such amount and the amount to which he would have been assessed if the transferred balance referred to in sub-rule (2) of rule 7 had not been included in his total income.

**3.** Employer's annual contributions, when deemed to be income received by employee. —That portion of the annual accretion in any year to the balance at the credit of an employee participating in a recognised provident fund as consists of -

- (a) contributions made by the employer in excess of <sup>1</sup>[one-tenth of] the salary <sup>2</sup>[or Rs.<sup>3</sup>[150,000], whichever is low] of the employee; and
- (b) interest credited on the balance to the credit of the employee in so far as it exceeds one-third of the salary of the employee or is allowed at a rate exceeding such rate as may be fixed by the Federal Government in this behalf by notification in the official Gazette, shall be <sup>4</sup>[treated]to have been received by the employee in that year and shall be included in his total income for that year and shall be liable to income tax.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "one-twelfth of" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The figure "100,000" substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "deemed" substituted by the Finance Act, 2002.

**4.** Exclusion from total income of accumulated balance. — (1) Subject to such rules as may be made by the <sup>1</sup>[Board] in this behalf, the accumulated balance due and becoming payable to an employee participating in a recognised provident fund shall be excluded from the computation of his total income.

(2) The provisions of sub-rule (1) shall also apply where, on the cessation of his employment, the employee obtains employment with any other employer and the accumulated balance due and becoming payable to him is transferred to his individual account in any recognised provident fund maintained by such other employer.

**5. Tax on accumulated balance.** — Where the accumulated balance due to an employee participating in a recognised provident fund is included in his total income, the Commissioner shall calculate the total of the various sums of tax which would have been payable by the employee in respect of his total income for each of the years concerned if the fund had not been a recognised provident fund and the amount by which such total exceeds the total of all sums paid by, or on behalf of such employee by way of tax for such years shall be payable by the employee in addition to any other tax for which he may be liable for the income year in which the accumulated balance due to him becomes payable.

6. Deduction at source of tax payable on accumulated balance.— The trustees of a recognised provident fund, or any person authorised by the regulations of the fund to make payment of accumulated balance due to employees shall, in cases where rule 5 applies, at the time an accumulated balance due to an employee is paid, deduct therefrom the amount payable under that rule and the provisions of Part V of Chapter X shall, so far as may be, apply as if the accumulated balance were income chargeable under the head "Salary".

**7. Treatment of balance in newly recognised provident fund.** — (1) Where recognition is accorded to a provident fund with existing balance, an account shall be made of the fund up to the day immediately preceding the day on which the recognition takes effect showing the balance to the credit of each employee on such day and containing such further particulars as the Central Board of Revenue may prescribe.

(2) The account referred to in sub-rule (1) shall also show in respect of the balance to the credit of an employee the amount thereof which is to be transferred to that employee's account in the recognised provident fund, and such amount (hereinafter called his `transferred balance') shall be shown as the balance to his credit in the recognised provident fund on the date on which the recognition of the fund takes effect, and the provisions of sub-rule (4) and the proviso to clause (h) of rule 2 shall apply thereto.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

(3) Any portion of the balance to the credit of an employee in the existing fund which is not transferred to the recognised fund shall be excluded from the accounts of the recognised fund and shall be liable to income tax in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, other than this Part.

(4) Subject to such rules as the <sup>1</sup>[Board] may make in this behalf, the Commissioner shall make a calculation of the aggregate of all sums comprised in a transferred balance which would have been liable to income-tax if this Part had been in force from the date of the institution of the fund, without regard to any tax which may have been paid on any sum, and such aggregate, if any, shall be deemed to be income received by the employee in the income year in which the recognition of the fund takes effect and shall be included in the employee's total income for that year, and, for the purposes of assessment, the remainder of the transferred balance shall be disregarded, but no other exemption or relief, by way of refund or otherwise, shall be granted in respect of any sum comprised in such transferred balance:

Provided that, in cases of serious accounting difficulty, the Commissioner may, subject to the said rules, make a summary calculation of such aggregate.

(5) Nothing in this rule shall affect the rights of the persons administering an unrecognised provident fund or dealing with it, or with the balance to the credit of any individual employees, before recognition is accorded, in any manner which may be lawful.

8. Accounts of recognised provident funds. — (1) The accounts of a recognised provident fund shall be maintained by the trustees of the fund and shall be in such form and for such periods, and shall contain such particulars, as may be prescribed.

(2) The accounts shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by income tax authorities, and the trustees shall furnish to the Commissioner such abstracts thereof as may be prescribed.

**9.** Treatment of fund transferred by employer to trustee. — (1) Where an employer, who maintains a provident fund (whether recognised or not) for the benefit of his employees and has not transferred the fund or any portion of it, transfers such fund or portion to trustees in trust for the employees participating in the fund, the amount so transferred shall be deemed to be of the nature of capital expenditure.

(2) When an employee participating in such fund is paid the accumulated balance due to him therefrom, any portion of such balance as represents his share

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

in the amount so transferred to the trustees (without addition of interest, and exclusive of the employee's contributions and interest thereon) shall, if the employer has made effective arrangement to secure that tax shall be deducted at source from the amount of such share when paid to the employee, be deemed to be an expenditure by the employer, within the meaning of section <sup>1</sup>[20], incurred in the <sup>2</sup>[tax] year in which the accumulated balance due to the employee is paid.

**10.** Particulars to be furnished in respect of recognised provident funds.— The trustees of a recognised provident fund and any employer who contributes to a recognised provident fund shall, when required by notice from the Commissioner, within such period (not being less than twenty one days from the date <sup>3</sup>[of service] of the notice), as may be specified in the notice, furnish such return, statement, particulars or information, as the Commissioner may require.

**11. Provisions of this Part to prevail against regulations of the fund.** — Where there is a repugnance between any regulations of a recognised provident fund and any provision of this Part or of the rules made thereunder, the regulation shall, to the extent of the repugnance, be of no effect, and the Commissioner may, at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the regulations of the fund.

**12. Appeals.**— (1) An employer objecting to an order of Commissioner refusing to recognise, or an order withdrawing recognition from a provident fund may appeal, within sixty days of the <sup>4</sup>[service] of such order, to the <sup>5</sup>[Board].

(2) The <sup>6</sup>[Board] may admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in sub-rule (1), if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting it within that period.

(3) The appeal shall be in such form and shall be verified in such manner and shall be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed.

**13. Provisions relating to rules.** — In addition to any power conferred by this Part, the <sup>7</sup>[Board] may make rules:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figure "23" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "income" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The word "making" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007

- (a) prescribing the form of application for recognition and the statement and other particulars and documents to be submitted therewith;
- (b) limiting the contributions to a recognised provident fund by employees of a company, who are shareholders in the company;
- (c) providing for the assessment by way of penalty of any consideration received by an employee for an assignment of, or creation of a charge upon, his beneficial interest in a recognised provident fund;
- (d) determining the extent to, and the manner in, which exemption from payment of tax may be granted in respect of contributions and interest credited to the individual accounts of employees in a provident fund from which recognition has been withdrawn;
- (e) regulating the investment of the moneys of a recognised provident fund; and
- (f) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Part and to secure such further control over the recognition of provident funds and the administration of recognised provident funds as it may deem requisite.
- 14. Definitions. -In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires ,
  - "accumulated balance due to an employee" means the balance to his credit, or such portion thereof as may be claimable by him under the regulations of the fund, on the day he ceases to be an employee of the employer maintaining the <sup>1</sup>[fund];
  - (b) "annual accretion" in relation to the balance to the credit of an employee, means the increase to such balance in any year, arising from contributions and interest;
  - (c) "balance to the credit of an employee" means the total amount to the credit of his individual account in a provident fund at any time;
  - (d) "contribution" means any sum credited by or on behalf of, any employee out of his salary or by an employer out of his own

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "fund**s**" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

money, to the individual account of an employee, but does not include any sum credited as interest;

- (e) "employee" means an employee participating in a provident fund, but does not include a personal or domestic servant;
- (f) "employer" means any person who maintains a provident fund for the benefit of his or its employees, being an individual, a company or an association of persons engaged in any business the profits and gains whereof are chargeable to income tax under the head "Income from Business";
- (g) "regulations of fund" means the special body of regulations governing the constitution and administration of a particular provident fund; and
- (h) "salary" includes dearness allowance, if the terms of employment so provide, but excludes all other allowances and perquisites.

**15. Application of this Part.** — This Part shall not apply to any provident fund to which the Provident Funds Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925) applies.

# PART II

[See sections<sup>1</sup> [12](5) and 21(e), and the Second Schedule]

## APPROVED SUPERANNUATION FUNDS

**1. Approval of superannuation funds.**— (1) The Commissioner may accord approval to any superannuation fund or any part of a superannuation fund which, in his opinion, complies with the requirements of rule 2, and may, at any time withdraw such approval if, in his opinion, the circumstances of the fund or the part, as the case may be, cease to warrant the continuance of the approval.

(2) An order according approval or withdrawing approval shall take effect from such date as the Commissioner may fix.

(3) The Commissioner shall neither refuse nor withdraw approval to any superannuation fund or any part of a superannuation fund unless he has given the trustees of that fund a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

**2.** Conditions for approval. — In order that a superannuation fund may receive and retain approval, it shall satisfy the conditions hereinafter specified and any other conditions which the <sup>2</sup>[Board] may, by rules prescribe -

- (a) the fund shall be a fund established under an irrevocable trust, in connection with a trade or undertaking carried on in Pakistan, and not less than ninety *per cent* of the employees shall be employed in Pakistan;
- (b) the fund shall have for its sole purpose the provision of annuities for employees in the trade or undertaking on their retirement at or after a specified age or on their becoming incapacitated prior to such retirement, or for widows, children or dependants of persons who are or have been such employees on the death of these persons;
- (c) the employer in the trade or undertaking shall be a contributor to the fund; and
- (d) all annuities, pensions and other benefits granted from the fund shall be payable only in Pakistan.

**3. Application for approval.**— (1) An application for approval of a superannuation fund, or part of a superannuation fund, shall be made in writing by the trustees of the fund to the Commissioner by whom the employer is assessable,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The figure "2" substituted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007

and shall be accompanied by a copy of the instrument under which the fund is established and by two copies of the regulations and, where the fund has been in existence during any year or years prior to the financial year in which the application for approval is made, also two copies of the accounts of the funds relating to such prior year or years (not being more than three years immediately preceding the year in which the said application is made) for which such accounts have been made up, but the Commissioner may require such further information to be supplied as he thinks proper.

(2) If any alternation in the regulations, constitutions, objects or conditions of the fund is made at any time after the date of the application for approval, the trustees of the fund shall forthwith communicate such alteration to the Commissioner mentioned in sub-rule (1), and, in default of such communication, any approval given shall, unless the Commissioner otherwise directs, be deemed to have been withdrawn from the date on which the alteration took effect.

4. Contributions by employer, when deemed to be his income. — Where any contributions by an employer (including the interest thereon, if any), are repaid to the employer, the amount so repaid shall be deemed for the purpose of tax to be the income of the employer of the income year in which it is so repaid.

**5.** Deduction of tax on contributions paid to an employee. — Where any contributions made by an employer (including interest on contributions, if any), are repaid to an employee during his life-time in circumstances other than those referred to in clause (25) of Part I of the Second Schedule, tax on the amount so repaid shall be deducted by the trustees <sup>1</sup>[at the rate applicable to the year of withdrawal] and shall be paid by the trustees to the credit of the Federal Government within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed.

6. Deduction from pay of and contributions on behalf of employees to be included in a statement under section 165. — Where an employer deducts from the emoluments paid to an employee or pays on his behalf any contributions of that employee to an approved superannuation fund, he shall include all such deductions or payments in a statement which he is required to furnish under section 165.

7. Liability of trustees on cessation of approval. — If a fund, or a part of a fund, for any reason ceases to be an approved superannuation fund, the trustees of the fund shall nevertheless remain liable to tax on any sum paid on account of returned contributions (including interest on contributions, if any), in so far as the sum so paid is in respect of contributions made before the fund or part of the fund, as the case may be, ceased to be an approved superannuation fund under the provisions of this Part.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words and commas "at the average rate of tax at which the employee was liable to tax during the preceding three years or during such period, if less than three years, as he was a member of the fund," substituted by the Finance Act, 2008.

8. Particulars to be furnished in respect of superannuation fund. — The trustees of an approved superannuation fund and any employer who contributes to an approved superannuation fund shall, when required by notice from the Commissioner, within such period (not being less than twenty-one days from the date <sup>1</sup>[of service] of the notice), as may be specified in the notice, furnish such return, statement, particulars or information, as the Commissioner may require.

**9.** Provisions of the Part to prevail against regulations of the fund. — Where there is a repugnance between any regulation of an approved superannuation fund and any provision of this Part or of the rules made thereunder the regulation shall, to the extent of the repugnance, be of no effect ; and the Commissioner may, at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the regulations of the fund.

**10. Appeals.** —(1) An employer objecting to an order of the Commissioner refusing to accord approval to a superannuation fund or an order withdrawing such approval may appeal, within sixty days of the <sup>2</sup>[service] of such order, to the <sup>3</sup>[Board].

(2) The <sup>4</sup>[Board] may admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in sub-rule (1), if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting it within that period.

(3) The appeal shall be in such form and shall be verified in such manner and shall be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed.

11. Provisions relating to rules. —(1) In addition to any power conferred by this Part, the  ${}^{5}$ [Board] may make rules -

- (a) prescribing the statements and other information to be submitted along with an application for approval;
- (b) prescribing the returns, statements, particulars, or information which the Commissioner may require from the trustees of an approved superannuation fund or from the employer;
- (c) limiting the ordinary annual contribution and any other contributions to an approved superannuation fund by an employer;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "making" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

- (d) regulating the investment or deposit of the moneys of any approved superannuation fund;
- (e) providing for the assessment by way of penalty of any consideration received by an employee for an assignment of, or creation of a charge upon, his beneficial interest in an approved superannuation fund;
- (f) providing for the withdrawal of approval in the case of a fund which ceases to satisfy the requirements of this Part or of the rules made thereunder; and
- (g) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Part and to secure such further control over the approval of superannuation funds and the administration of approved superannuation funds as it may deem requisite.

**12. Definitions.**— In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires "contributions", "employee', "employer", "regulations of a fund" and "salary" have, in relation to superannuation funds, the meanings assigned to those expressions in rule 14 of Part I in relation to provident funds.

# PART III

[See sections 2(4) and 21(e), and the Second Schedule]

## APPROVED GRATUITY FUNDS

1. Approval of Gratuity Funds. — (1) The Commissioner may accord approval to any gratuity fund which, in his opinion, complies with the requirements of rule 2 and may, at any time, withdraw such approval if, in his opinion, the circumstances of the fund cease to warrant the continuance of the approval.

(2) An order according approval or withdrawing approval shall take effect from such date as the Commissioner may fix.

(3) The Commissioner shall neither refuse nor withdraw approval to any gratuity fund unless he has given the trustees of that fund a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

**2.** Conditions for approval. — In order that a gratuity fund may receive and retain approval, it shall satisfy the conditions hereinafter specified and any other conditions which the <sup>1</sup>[Board] may, by rules, prescribe –

- the fund shall be a fund established under an irrevocable trust in connection with trade or undertaking carried on in Pakistan, and not less than ninety *per cent* of the employees shall be employed in Pakistan;
- (b) the fund shall have for its sole purpose the provision of a gratuity to employees in the trade or undertaking on their retirement at or after a specified age or on their <sup>2</sup>[becoming incapacitated prior to] such retirement, or on termination of their employment after a minimum period of service specified in the regulations of the fund or to the widows, children or dependents of such employees on their death;
- (c) the employer in the trade or undertaking shall be a contributor to the fund; and
- (d) all benefits granted by the fund shall be payable only in Pakistan.

**3. Application for approval.** — (1) An application for approval of a gratuity fund shall be made in writing by the trustees of the fund to the Commissioner by whom the employer is assessable and shall be accompanied by copy of the instrument under which the fund is established and by two copies of the rules and, where the fund has been in existence during any year or years prior to the financial year in which the application for approval is made, also two copies of the accounts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "employment after" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

of the fund relating to such prior year or years (not being more than three years immediately preceding year in which the said application is made) for which such accounts have been made up, but the Commissioner may require such further information to be supplied as he thinks proper.

(2) If any alteration in the rules, constitution, objects or conditions of the fund is made at any time after the date of the application for approval, the trustees of the fund shall forthwith communicate such <sup>1</sup>[alteration] to the Commissioner mentioned in sub-rule (1), and in default of such communication, any approval given shall, unless the Commissioner otherwise orders, be deemed to have been withdrawn from the date on which the alteration took effect.

**4. Gratuity deemed to be salary.** —Where any gratuity is paid to an employee during his life-time, the gratuity shall be treated as salary paid to the employee for the purposes of this Ordinance.

**5.** Liability of trustees on cessation of approval. —If a gratuity fund for any reason ceases to be an approved gratuity fund, the trustees of the fund shall nevertheless remain liable to tax on any gratuity paid to any employee.

6. Contributions by employer, when deemed to be his income. — Where any contributions by an employer (including the interest thereon, if any,) are repaid to the employer, the amount so repaid shall be deemed for the purposes of tax to be the income of the employer of the income year in which they are so repaid.

**7. Particulars to be furnished in respect of gratuity funds.** — The trustees of an approved gratuity fund and any employer who contributes to an approved gratuity fund shall, when required by notice from the Commissioner, furnish, within such period not being less than twenty-one days from the date <sup>2</sup>[of service] of the notice as may be specified in the notice, such return, statement, particulars or information, as the Commissioner may require.

8. Provisions of the Part to prevail against regulations of the fund. — Where there is a repugnance between any rule of an approved gratuity fund and any provision of this Part or of the rules made thereunder the said rule shall, to the extent of repugnance, be of no effect and the Commissioner may, at any time, require that such repugnance shall be removed from the rules of the fund.

**9.** Appeals. — (1) An employer objecting to an order of the Commissioner refusing to accord approval to a gratuity fund or an order withdrawing such approval may appeal, within sixty days of the <sup>3</sup>[receipt] of such order, to the <sup>4</sup>[Board].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "alterations" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The word "making" substituted by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

(2) The <sup>1</sup>[Board] may admit an appeal after the expiration of the period specified in sub-rule (1), if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting it within that period.

(3) The appeal shall be in such form and shall be verified in such manner and shall be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed.

**10.** Provisions relating to rules. -(1) In addition to any power conferred in this Part, the <sup>2</sup>[Board] may make rules –

- (a) prescribing the statements and other information to be submitted along with an application for approval;
- (b) limiting the ordinary annual and other contributions of an employer to the fund;
- (c) regulating the investment or deposit of the moneys of an approved gratuity fund;
- (d) providing for the assessment by way of penalty of any consideration received by an employee for an assignment of, or the creation of a charge upon, his beneficial interest in an approved gratuity fund;
- (e) providing for withdrawal of the approval in the case of a fund which ceases to satisfy the requirements of this Part or the rules made thereunder; and
- (f) generally, to carry out the purposes of this Part and to secure such further control over the approval of gratuity funds and the administration of gratuity funds as it may deem requisite.

**11. Definitions.**—In this Part, unless the context otherwise requires, "contribution", "employee", "employer", "regulations of a fund" and "salary" have in relation to gratuity funds, the meaning assigned to those expressions in rule 14 of Part I in relation to provident funds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The words "Central Board of Revenue" substituted by the Finance Act, 2007.

# <sup>1</sup>[THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE]

(See section 100A)

#### RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE PROFITS AND GAINS OF A BANKING COMPANY AND TAX PAYABLE THEREON

<sup>1</sup> The Seventh Schedule substituted by the Finance Act, 2007. The substituted "The Seventh Schedule" read as follows:

#### "THE SEVENTH SCHEDULE EXPORTED GOODS

[See Division IV of Part III of First Schedule]

#### PART I

	[Specified goods manufactured in Pakistan]	
S. No.	Description	Description
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	[ ] <sup>A</sup>	
2.	Engineering goods, including electrical goods	
3.	<sup>B</sup> []	
4.	Jewellery, pharmaceuticals, <sup>c</sup> [], durries, horticultural products	
5.	Ceramic <sup>D</sup> [tiles] and wares	
6.	Cutlery	
7.	Engineering goods manufactured in Pakistan as specified in the	
	Engineering Goods (Control) Order, 1983	
8.	Wooden furniture and wooden doors and windows	
9.	Goods specified under Chapters, Heading and Sub-Heading Nos. of the	
	Pakistan Custom Tariff	
⁼[]		
10.	Vegetables, fresh fruit and cut flowers	
<sup>F</sup> [11.	Processed poultry meat]	
AC orlige the	words "I eather and taxtile made ups" emitted by the Finance Act 2005	

<sup>A</sup>Earlier the words "Leather and textile made ups" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

- <sup>B</sup> Earlier the words , figures, brackets and comma "Goods specified under heading No.90.18of the Fifth Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969) omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.
- <sup>C</sup> Earlier the words "Sports goods, toilet linen including terry towels" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.
- <sup>D</sup> Earlier substituted the word "tiples" by the Finance Act, 2003.

<sup>E</sup> Earlier omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>F</sup> Earlier added by the Finance Act, 2002.

#### PART II

#### [Goods manufactured in Pakistan]

S.	Description	Description
No.		
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Export of goods manufactured in Pakistan subject to other provisions	
	of <sup>A</sup> [this] Schedule	
<sup>в</sup> [1A	(1) Leather and textile made ups	
•	(2) Goods specified under heading No.90.18 of the First	
	Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969 (IV of 1969).	
	(3) Sports goods, toilet linen including terry towels.	
	(4) Goods specified under Chapters, Heading and Sub-	
	Heading Nos. of The Pakistan Customs Tariff.	
	(i) 42.05	Other articles of leather
	(ii) 57.01	Hand-knitted carpets and rugs
	(iii) 61.01	Men and boys overcoats, jackets knitted or crocheted

	(iv)	61.02	Women and girls overcoats, jackets knitted or crocheted
	(v)	61.03	Men and boys suits, jackets, trousers, shirts knitted or
	(vi)	61.05	crocheted Men and boys shirts knitted or crocheted
	(vii)	61.06	Women and girls blouses, shirts knitted or crocheted
	(viii)	61.09	T-shirts knitted or crocheted
	(ix)	61.12	Tracksuits, swimwear knitted or crocheted
	(x)	63.01, 2000, 3000, 4000	Blankets, wool, cotton and MMF.
	(xi)	63.02	Bed linen, table linen and kitchen linen]
2.	(i) Refined/tre	ated salt	
	(ii) Ground bai	rytes	
	(iii) Granite blo	cks and slabs	
	(iv) Heat insula	ting bricks	
	(v) Magnesite	refractory	
3.	international te	an of goods manufactured in Pakistan against an nder, where the contract under which such sale is	
		ed by the Commissioner	
		d by the Finance Act, 2003.	
	<sup>B</sup> Earlier inserte	ed by the Finance Act, 2005.	
		PART III	

[Goods not covered l	y Part I ^[, I	'  or IV]   ]	
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S. No.	Description
1.	All other goods not covered under Part I <sup>B</sup> [, ] Part II <sup>C</sup> [and Part IV] of this Schedule

- All other goods not covered under Part 1 [, ] Part 1 [and Part 10] of this Schedule
   The following goods or class of goods produced or manufactured in Pakistan, namely: -
  - $^{\text{D}}$  []
    - (ii) rice
    - (iii) rice bran
    - (iv) wheat bran
    - (v) lamb skin
    - È(́)

F[2A. Following types of goods not covered by other provisions of this Schedule, namely:-

- (i) leather and articles thereof
- (ii) textile and textile articles
- (iii) carpets
- (iv) surgical goods

3. Such other goods as may be notified by the Central Board of Revenue

<sup>A</sup> Earlier the word "or" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>B</sup> Earlier the word "and" substituted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>c</sup> Earlier inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>D</sup> Earlier the figure and word "(i) raw cotton" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>E</sup> Earlier the bracket, figures and words "(vi) cotton yarn" omitted by the Finance Act, 2005.

<sup>F</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2005.

#### <sup>A</sup>[PART IV

#### [goods not covered by Part I, II and III]

- S.No. Description
  - (i) raw cotton
  - (ii) Cotton yarn
- such other goods as may be notified by the Central Board of Revenue]"
  - <sup>A</sup> Earlier added by the Finance Act, 2005.

**1.** <sup>1</sup>[Subject to the provisions of Chapter VII and VIII, income], profits and gains of a banking company shall be taken to be the balance of the income from all sources before tax, disclosed in the annual accounts required to be furnished to the State Bank of Pakistan subject to the following provisions, namely:—

- (a) Deduction shall be allowed in respect of depreciation, initial allowance and amortization under sections 22, 23 and 24 provided that accounting depreciation, initial allowance or amortization deduction shall be added to the income. No allowance or deduction under this rule shall be admissible on assets given on finance lease.
- (b) Section 21, sub-section (8) of section 22 and Part III of Chapter IV shall, mutatis mutandis, for computation of a banking company apply.
- <sup>2</sup>[(c) Provisions for advances and off balance sheet items shall be allowed upto a maximum of 1% of total advances; <sup>3</sup>[and provisions for advances and off-balance sheet items shall be allowed at 5% of total advances for consumers and small and medium enterprises (SMEs) (as defined under the State Bank Prudential Regulations)] provided a certificate from the external auditor is furnished by the banking company to the effect that such provisions are based upon and are in line with the Prudential Regulations. Provisioning in excess of 1% <sup>4</sup>[of total advances for a banking company and 5% of total advances for consumers and small and medium enterprises (SMEs)] would be allowed to be carried over to succeeding years:

<sup>5</sup>[Provided that if provisioning is less than 1% of advances, for a banking company then actual provisioning for the year shall be allowed:]

<sup>6</sup>[Provided further that if provisioning is less than 5% of advances for consumers and small and medium enterprises (SMEs)

"(c) Provisions for classified advances and off balance sheet items shall be allowed in accordance with the provisions of sections 29 and 29A."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "Income" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Substituted by the Finance Act, 2009. The substituted sub-rule (c) read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2011. The substituted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that if provisioning is less than 1% of the advances, then actual provisioning for the year shall be allowed."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2011.

then actual provisioning for the year shall be allowed and this provisioning shall be allowable from the first day of July, 2010.]

<sup>1</sup>[Explanation.- For removal of doubt, it is clarified that-

- provision for advance and off balance sheet items allowed under this clause, at the rate of 1 percent or 5 percent, as the case may be, shall be exclusive of reversals of such provisions;
- (ii) reversal of "bad debts" classified as "doubtful" or "loss" are taxable as the respective provisions have been allowed under this clause; and
- (iii) with effect from tax year 2020 and onward; reversal of "bad debts" classified as "loss" are taxable as the respective provisions have been allowed under this clause.]
- <sup>2</sup>[(d) The amount of "bad debts" classified as "sub-standard" <sup>3</sup>["or doubtful"] under the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan shall not be allowed as expense.]
- <sup>4</sup>[(e) Where any addition made under sub-rule (d) is reclassified by the taxpayer under the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP, <sup>5</sup>[] 'loss', provision of sub-rule (c) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply in computing the provision for that tax year.]
- <sup>6</sup>[(f) Where any addition made under sub-rule (d) is reclassified by the taxpayer in a subsequent year as 'recoverable', a deduction shall be allowed in computing the income for that tax year.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Explanation added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009. Earlier sub-rule (d) was omitted by the Finance Act, 2008 which read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(d) The amount claimed as expense, on account of "irrecoverable debt" classified under the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan as "substandard", shall not be allowed."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Words "or doubtful" inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009. Earlier sub-rule (e) was omitted by the Finance Act, 2008 which read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(e) Where any addition made under paragraph (d) is reclassified by the taxpayer as 'doubtful' or 'loss', under the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan, a deduction shall be allowed in computing the income for that tax year."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Words "as 'doubtful' or" omitted though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009. Earlier sub-rule (f) was omitted by the Finance Act, 2008 which read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(f) Where any addition made under paragraph (d) is reclassified by the taxpayer in a subsequent year as 'recoverable', a deduction shall be allowed in computing the income for that tax year."

(g) Adjustment made in the annual accounts, on account of application of international accounting standards 39 and 40 shall be excluded in arriving at taxable income.

<sup>1</sup>[*Explanation.*— For removal of doubt, it is clarified that nothing in this clause shall be so construed as to allow a notional loss, or charge to tax any notional gain on any investment under any regulation or instruction unless all the events that determine such gain or loss have occurred and the gain or loss can be determined with reasonable accuracy.]

(h) An adjustment shall be made for exclusions from income on account of paragraph (g) for determining the cost of related item in the financial statement in the year of disposal of such item or asset or the discharge of the liability, as the case may be.

<sup>2</sup>[*Explanation.*- For removal of doubt, it is clarified that nothing contained in this Schedule shall be so construed as to restrict power of Commissioner, while conducting audit of the income tax affairs under section 177, to call for record or such other information and documents as he may deem appropriate in order to examine accounts and records to conduct enquiry into expenditure, income, assets and liabilities of a banking company and all provisions of this Ordinance shall be applicable accordingly.]

- 2. (i) Where a deduction is allowed for any expenditure (other than on account of charge for irrecoverable debt) in the manner referred to in rule 1 and the liability or a part of the liability to which the deduction relates is not paid within three years of the end of the tax year in which the deduction was allowed, the unpaid amount of the liability shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" in the first tax year following the end of three years.
  - (ii) Where an unpaid liability is chargeable to tax as a result of the application of sub-rule (i) and such liability or a part thereof is subsequently paid, a deduction shall be allowed for the amount paid in the tax year in which the payment is made.
  - (iii) Loss on sale of shares of listed companies, disposed of within one year of the date of acquisition, shall be adjustable against business income of the tax year. Where such loss is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Explanation added through Finance Act, 2019.

not fully set off against business income during the tax year, it shall be carried forward to the following tax year and set off against capital gain only. No loss shall be carried forward for more than six years immediately succeeding the tax year for which the loss was first computed.

### 3. Treatment for shariah compliant banking.—

- (1) Any special treatment for 'Shariah Compliant Banking' approved by the State Bank of Pakistan shall not be provided for any reduction or addition to income and tax liability for the said 'Shariah Compliant Banking' as computed in the manner laid down in this schedule.
- (2) A statement, certified by the auditors of the bank, shall be attached to the return of income to disclose the comparative position of transaction as per Islamic mode of financing and as per normal accounting principles. Adjustment to the income of the company on this account shall be made according to the accounting income for purpose of this schedule.

### 4. Head office expenditure.—

 In case of foreign banks head office expenditure shall be allowed as deduction as per the following formula, namely:— Head office expenditure = (A/B) XC

### Where---

- A. is the gross receipts of permanent establishment in Pakistan;
- B. is the world gross receipts; and
- C. is the total Head Office expenditure.
- (2) The head office expenditure shall have the meaning as given in sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 105.
- (3) The head office expenditure shall only be allowed if it is charged in the books of accounts of the permanent establishment and a certificate from external auditors is provided to the effect that the claim of such expenditure:
  - (i) has been made in accordance with the provision of this rule; and
  - (ii) is reasonable in relation to operation of the permanent establishment in Pakistan.

### 5. Advance tax.—

- (1) The banking company shall be required to pay advance tax for the year under section 147 in twelve <sup>1</sup>[] installments payable by 15th of every month. Other provisions of section 147 <sup>2</sup>[] shall apply as such.
- <sup>3</sup>[(1A) A banking company required to make payment of advance tax in accordance with sub-rule (1), shall estimate the tax payable by it for the relevant Tax Year, at any time before the installment payable on 15<sup>th</sup> June, of the relevant year is due. In case the tax payable is likely to be more than the amount it is required to pay under sub-rule (1), the banking company shall furnish to the Commissioner an estimate of the amount of tax payable by it and thereafter pay in the installment due on 15<sup>th</sup> June the difference, if any, of fifty per cent of such estimate and advance tax already paid upto 15<sup>th</sup> June, of the relevant tax year. The remaining fifty per cent of the estimate shall be paid after 15<sup>th</sup> June in six equal installments payable by 15<sup>th</sup> of each succeeding month of the relevant tax year.]
  - (2) Provisions of withholding tax under this Ordinance shall not apply to a banking company as a recipient of the amount on which tax is deductible.

**6. Tax on income computed**—Income computed under this Schedule shall be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from Business" and tax payable thereon shall be computed at the rate applicable in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule. <sup>4</sup>[ ]

<sup>5</sup>[] <sup>6</sup>[]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The word "equal" omitted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The expression "except sub section (4A) and (6)" omitted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Inserted by S.R.O. 561(I)/2012, dated 29.05.2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The expression omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted expression read as follows:-"The net income from "Dividend" and net income from "Capital Gains on sale of shares of listed companies" shall be taxed at the rate of ten <sup>4</sup>[and twelve and a half, respectively:"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>First proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-"Provided that where the shares of listed companies are disposed of within one year of the date of acquisition, the gain shall be taxed at the rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule:"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Second proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-"Provided further that the "Dividend" received by a banking company from its asset management company shall be taxed at the rate of 20%:"

<sup>1</sup>[] <sup>2</sup>[] 3[]

<sup>4</sup>[6C. Enhanced rate of tax on taxable income from Federal Government securities.- (1) The taxable income arising from additional income earned from additional investment in Federal Government securities for the tax years 2020 and <sup>5</sup>[2021], shall be taxed at the rate of 37.5% instead of the rate provided in Division Il of Part I of the First Schedule.

(2) A banking company shall furnish a certificate from external auditor along with accounts while e-filing return of Income certifying the amount of the money invested in Federal Government securities in preceding tax year, additional investments made for the tax year and mark-up income earned from the additional investments for the tax year.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the (3) Commissioner may require the banking company to furnish details of the investments in Federal Government securities to determine the applicability of the enhanced rate of tax.

(4) "Additional income earned" means mark-up income earned from additional investment in Federal Government securities by the bank for the tax vear.

 $(A/C) \times B$ 

Where-

is the total amount of expenditure as per this Schedule; Α в

is the gross amount of dividend received: and

С is the gross amount of receipts including dividend."

<sup>3</sup>Rule (6B) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted rule (6B) read as follows:-

"6B. For the purpose of rule 6, net income from capital gains shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:

Where-

 $(A/C) \times B$ 

- is the total amount of expenditure as per this Schedule; А
- is the gross amount of capital gains; and В
- is the gross amount of receipts including capital gains." С

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Third proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted proviso read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided also that the dividend received from Money Market Funds and Income Funds shall be taxed at the rate of 25% for tax year 2013onwards."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Rule (6A) omitted by the Finance Act, 2015. The omitted rule (6A) read as follows:-

<sup>&</sup>quot;6A. For the purpose of rule 6, net income from dividend shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>New rule (6C) inserted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The word "onwards" substituted by the Finance Act. 2021.

(5) "Additional investments" means average investment made in Federal Government securities by the bank during the tax year, in addition to the average investments held during the tax year 2019.

(6) The taxable income arising from additional investment under subrule (1) shall be determined according to the following formula, namely:-

Table income subject to enhanced rate of tax = A x B/C

Where –

- A. is taxable income of the banking company;
- **B.** is mark up income earned from the additional investment for the tax year; and
- **C.** is the total of the mark-up income and non-make-up income of the banking company as per accounts.]

### <sup>1</sup>[]

 $^2\![(6A)$  For tax year 2022 and onwards, the taxable income attributable to investment in the Federal Government securities shall be taxed at the rate of—

- (i) 55% instead of rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if the gross advances to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year is upto 40%;
- (ii) 49% instead of rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if the gross advances to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year exceeds 40% but does not exceed 50%; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-rules (6A) inserted by the Finance Act, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Sub-rules (6A) substituted by the Finance Act, 2022. The substituted sub-rule read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;(6A) For tax year 2022 onwards, the taxable income attributable to investment in the Federal Government securities shall be taxed at the rate of—

 <sup>(</sup>i) 40% instead of rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if the assets to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year is upto 40%;

<sup>(</sup>ii) 37.5% instead of rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if the assets to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year exceeds 40% but does not exceed 50%; and

 <sup>(</sup>iii) at the rates provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if assets to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year exceeds 50%."

(i) at the rates provided in Division II of Part I of the First schedule if gross advances to deposit ratio as on last day of the tax year exceeds 50%.

**Explanation.-** For the removal of doubt it is clarified that the tax rate under this sub-rule is applicable to total income attributable to total investment in Federal Government securities.]

<sup>1</sup>[]

<sup>2</sup>[**7A.** The provisions of section 113 shall apply to banking companies as they apply to any other resident company.]

<sup>3</sup>[(7B) From tax year 2015 and onwards, income from Dividend and income from Capital Gains shall be taxed at the rate specified in Division II of Part I of First Schedule.

(7C) For tax year 4[years 2015 5[] 6[and onwards]] the provisions of section 4B shall apply to banking companies and shall be taxed at the rate specified in Division IIA of Part I of First Schedule 7[:]]

<sup>8</sup>[Provided that brought forward losses, if any, shall be excluded from income computed under this Schedule for the purpose of section 4B of this Ordinance.]

<sup>9</sup>[(7CA) The provisions of section 4C shall apply to the taxpayers under this schedule and shall be taxed at the rates specified in Division IIB of Part I of the First Schedule from tax year <sup>10</sup>[2023] onwards.]

<sup>11</sup>[(**7CB**) The provisions of section 99D shall apply to the taxpayers under this Schedule.]

<sup>6</sup> The expression "to 2021" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this expression was substituted through Tax Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rule 7 omitted by the Finance Act, 2008. The omitted rule 7 read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;7. The provisions of section 113 shall apply to banking companies as they apply to any other resident company."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2009.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sub-rules (7B) and (7C) inserted by the Finance Act, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The expression "year 2015, 2016 and 2017" substituted by the Finance Act, 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The figure "2020" substituted by "2021" through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Full stop substituted by "colon" though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> New proviso added through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Rule (7CA) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The figure "2022" substituted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Rule (7CB) added by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>1</sup>[7D. Reduced rate of tax on additional advances for micro, small and medium enterprises.- (1) The taxable income <sup>2</sup>[] arising from additional advances to micro, small and medium enterprises, for the tax years 2020 to 2023, shall be taxed at the rate of 20% instead of the rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule-

(2) A banking company shall furnish a certificate from external auditor along with accounts while e-filing return of Income certifying the amount of such advances made in preceding lax year, additional advance made for the tax year and net mark-up earned from such additional advances for the tax year.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the Commissioner may require the banking company to furnish details of the advances to micro, small and medium enterprises to determine the applicability of the reduced rate of tax.

(4) For the purposes of this rule, the term "micro, small and medium enterprises" shall have the same meaning as provided in Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

(5) "Additional advances" means any average advances disbursed in addition to average amount of such advances made in such sector by the bank for the tax year.

(6) The taxable income arising from additional advances under sub-rule (1) shall be determined according to the following formula, namely:-

Taxable income subject to reduced rate of tax = **A x B/C** 

Where-

A. is taxable income of the banking company;

**B** is not mark up income earned from such additional advances for the tax year as declared in the annual accounts; and

**C** is total of the net mark-up and non mark-up income of the banking company as per accounts.

**7E.** Reduced rate of tax on additional advances for low cost housing.- (I) The taxable income arising from additional advances for low cost housing, for the tax years 2020 to 2023, shall be taxed at the rate of 20% instead of the rate provided in Division II of Part I of the First Schedule<sup>3</sup>[:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-rule (7D, 7E & 7F) inserted by through Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Act, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Words "interest income" omitted through Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Full stop substituted by colon thereafter new proviso inserted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

Provided that the taxable income arising from additional advances to Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority for low cost housing schemes shall be taxed at the rate of 10%.]

(2) A banking company shall furnish a certificate from external auditor along with accounts while e-filing return of income certifying the amount of such advances made in preceding tax year, additional advance made for the tax year and net mark-up earned from such additional advances for the tax year.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the Commissioner may require the banking company to furnish details of the advances made for low cost housing to determine the applicability of the reduced rate of tax.

(4) For the purposes of this rule, the term "low cost housing" shall have the same meaning as provided in Prudential Regulations issued by the Stare Bark of Pakistan.

(5) "Additional advances" means any average advances disbursed in addition to average amount of such advances made in such sector by the bank for the tax year 2019.

(6) The taxable income arising from additional advances under sub rule.(1) shall be determined according to the following formula. namely:-

Taxable income subject to reduced rate of tax = **A x B/C** 

Where-

A. is taxable income of the banking company;

**B.** is net mark-up income earned from such additional advances for the tax year as declared in the annual accounts; and

**C.** is total of the net mark-up and non mark-up income of the banking company as per accounts.

**7F. Reduced rate of tax on additional advances as Farm Credit.--** (1) The taxable income arising from additional advances for Farm Credit in Pakistan for the tax years 2020 to 2023, shall be taxed at the rate of 20% instead of the rate provided in Division II of Part 1 of the First Schedule.

(2) A banking company shall furnish a certificate from external auditor along with accounts while e-filing return of income certifying the amount of such advances made in preceding tax year, additional advance made for the tax year and net mark-up earned from such additional advances for the tax year. (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance, the Commissioner may require the banking company to furnish details of the advances made for Farm Credit to determine the applicability of the reduced rate of tax.

(4) For the purposes of this rule, the term "Farm Credit" shall have the same meaning as provided in Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan for agriculture financing excluding such advances made to a company as defined in section 80.

(5) "Additional advances" means any average advances disbursed in addition to average amount of such advances made in such sector by the bank for the tax year 2019.

(6) The taxable income arising from additional advances under sub-rule (1) shall be determined according to the following formula namely:-

Taxable income subject to reduced rate of tax = A x B/C

Where-

- A. is taxable income of the banking company;
- **B.** is net mark-up income earned from such additional advances for the tax year as declared in the annual accounts: and
- **C**. is total of the net mark-up and non mark-up income of the banking company as per accounts.

**8. Exemptions**—(1) Exemptions and tax concessions under the Second Schedule to this Ordinance shall not apply to income of a banking company computed under this Schedule.

<sup>1</sup>[(1A) The accumulated loss under the head "Income from Business" (not being speculation business losses) of an amalgamating banking company or banking companies shall be set off or carried forward against the business profits and gains of the amalgamated company and vice versa, up to a period of six tax years immediately succeeding the tax year in which the loss was first computed in the case of amalgamated banking company or amalgamating banking company or companies.]

(2) The provisions relating to group relief as contained in section 59B shall be available to the banking companies provided the holding and subsidiary companies are banking companies. The accounts of the group companies shall be audited by the chartered accountants firm on the panel of auditors of the State Bank of Pakistan. The surrender and claim of loss would be subject to the approval of the State Bank of Pakistan.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2008.

(3) The holding and subsidiary companies of 100% owned group of banking companies may opt to be taxed as one fiscal unit as per the provisions of section 59AA relating to group taxation subject to the approval of the State Bank of Pakistan.

<sup>1</sup>[(4) Profit on debt and capital gains from Federal Government's sovereign debt or a sovereign debt instrument shall be exempt from tax chargeable under this Ordinance, derived by any non-resident banking company approved by the Federal Government under a sovereign agreement for the purpose of this sub-rule.

(5) The provisions of sub-rule (6A) of rule 6C shall not apply to a banking company for tax year 2024.]

<sup>2</sup>[8A. *Transitional provisions.*— (1) Amounts provided for in the tax year 2008 and prior to the said tax year for or against irrecoverable or doubtful advances, which were neither claimed nor allowed as a tax deductible in any tax year, shall be allowed in the tax year in which such advances are actually written off against such provisions, in accordance with the provision of section 29 and 29A.

(2) Amounts provided for in the tax year 2008 and prior to the said tax year for or against irrecoverable or doubtful advances, which were neither claimed nor allowed as a tax deductible in any tax year, which are written back in the tax year 2009 and thereafter in any tax year and credited to the profit and loss account, shall be excluded in computing the total income of that tax year under rule 1 of this Schedule.

(3) The provisions of this Schedule shall not apply to any asset given or acquired on finance lease by a banking company up to the tax year 2008, and recognition of income and deductions in respect of such asset shall be dealt in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance as if this Schedule has not come into force:

Provided that un-absorbed depreciation in respect of such assets shall be allowed to be set-off against the said lease rental income only.]

**9. Provision of Ordinance to apply—** The provisions of the Ordinance not specifically dealt with in the aforesaid rules shall apply, *mutatis mutandis,* to the banking company.

**10.** The Federal Government may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, amend the schedule so as to add any entry therein or modify or omit any entry therein.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sub-rules (4) and (5) added by the Finance Act, 2023. Earlier theses sub-rules were added through S.R.O Nos. 213(I)/2023 dated 22.02.2023 and 226(I)/2023 dated 27.02.2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Added by the Finance Act, 2010.

# **[THE EIGHTH SCHEDULE**

[Section 100B]

### RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF CAPITAL GAINS ON LISTED SECURITIES

**1. Manner and basis of computation of capital gains and tax thereon.**— (1) Capital gains on disposal of listed securities, subject to tax under section 37A, and to which section 100B apply, shall be computed and determined under this Schedule and tax thereon shall be collected and deposited on behalf of taxpayers by NCCPL in the manner prescribed.

<sup>1</sup>["(1A) Capital gains on disposal of units of open ended mutual funds and to which section 100B apply, shall be computed and determined under this Schedule and tax thereon shall be collected and deposited by NCCPL in the prescribed manner:

Provided that second and third proviso in Division VII of Part I of the First Schedule regarding capital gains arising on redemption of securities shall continue to apply.]

<sup>2</sup>[(1B) Gain or loss arising to persons through trading of future commodity contracts on Pakistan Mercantile Exchange, subject to tax under section 37A and to which section 100B apply, shall be computed and determined under this Schedule and tax thereon shall be collected and deposited on behalf of taxpayers by NCCPL in the manner prescribed."]

(2) For the purpose of sub-rule  $(1)^{3}[,(1A) \text{ and } (IB)]$ , NCCPL shall develop an automated system.

(3) Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited shall furnish information as required by NCCPL for discharging obligations under this Schedule<sup>4</sup>[:]

<sup>5</sup>["Provided that if the said information is not furnished under this subrule or sub-rule (3A), NCCPL shall forward the details to the Commissioner who shall exercise powers under the Ordinance to enforce furnishing of the said information including all penalty provisions."].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Full-stop substituted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>1</sup>[(3A)The Asset Management Companies, Pakistan Mercantile Exchange and any other person shall furnish information when required by NCCPL for discharging obligations under this Schedule.]

(4) NCCPL shall issue an annual certificate to the taxpayer on the prescribed form in respect of capital gains subject to tax under this Schedule for a financial year:

Provided that on the request of a taxpayer or if required by the Commissioner, NCCPL shall issue a certificate for a shorter period within a financial year.

(5) Every taxpayer shall file the certificate referred to in sub-rule (4) along with the return of income and such certificate shall be conclusive evidence in respect of the income under this Schedule.

(6) NCCPL shall furnish to the Board within <sup>2</sup>[forty-five] days of the end of each quarter, a statement of capital gains and tax computed thereon in that quarter in the prescribed manner and format.

(7) Capital gains computed under this Schedule shall be chargeable to tax at the rate applicable in Division VII of Part I of the First Schedule.

<sup>3</sup>[(8) The provisions of section 4B shall apply to the taxpayers under this schedule and taxed at the rates specified in Division IIA of Part I of the First Schedule.]

**2. Sources of Investment**.— (1) Where a person has made any investment in the listed securities, enquiries as to the nature and source of the amount invested shall not be made for any investment made prior to the introduction of this Schedule, provided that —

- (a) a statement of investments is filed with the Commissioner along with the return of income and wealth statement for tax year 2012 within the due date as provided in section 118 of this Ordinance and in the manners prescribed; and
- (b) that the amount remains invested for a period of forty- five days upto 30th of June 2012, in the manner as may be prescribed.

(2) Where a person has made any investment in the shares of a public company traded at a registered stock exchange in Pakistan from the date of coming into force of this Schedule till June 30, 2014, enquiries as to the nature and sources of amount invested shall not be made provided that —

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the Finance Act, 2016.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word "thirty" substituted by the Finance Act, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Added by the Finance Act, 2015.

- (a) the amount remains invested for a period of one hundred and twenty days in the manner as may be prescribed ;
- (b) tax on capital gains, if any, has duly been discharged in the manner laid down in this Schedule; and
- (c) a statement of investments is filed with the Commissioner along with the return of income and wealth statement for the relevant tax year within the due date as provided in section 118 of this Ordinance and in the manner prescribed.

(3) For the purpose of this rule, amount of investment shall be calculated in the prescribed manner, excluding market value of net open sale position in futures and derivatives, if such sale is in a security that constitutes the said investment.

**3. Certain provisions of this Ordinance not to apply.**— The respective provisions for collection and recovery of tax, advance tax and deduction of tax at source laid down in the Parts IV and V of Chapter X shall not apply on the income from capital gains subject to tax under this Schedule and these provisions shall apply in the manner as laid down in the rules made under this Ordinance, except where the recovery of tax is referred by NCCPL to the Board in terms of rule 6(3).

**4.** Payment of tax collected by NCCPL to the Board.— The amount collected by NCCPL on behalf of the Board as computed in the manner laid down under this Schedule shall be deposited in a separate bank account with National Bank of Pakistan and the said amount shall be paid to the Board along with interest accrued thereon on yearly basis by July 31st next following the financial year in which the amount was collected.

<sup>1</sup>[**4A. Computation, collection and payment of tax under section 4C. –** In addition to capital gains tax, NCCPL shall also compute and collect tax under section 4C at the rates specified in Division IIB of Part I of the First Schedule on the amount of capital gains computed under this Schedule in the manner specified in this Schedule and rules made thereunder.]

**5. Persons to whom this Schedule shall not apply.**— If a person intends not to opt for determination and payment of tax as laid down in this Schedule, he shall file an irrevocable option to NCCPL after obtaining prior approval of the Commissioner in the manner prescribed. In such case the provisions of rule 2 shall not apply.

**6. Responsibility and obligation of NCCPL**.— (1) Pakistan Revenue Automation Limited (PRAL), a company incorporated under the <sup>2</sup>[Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)] or any other company or firm approved by the Board and any authority appointed under section 209 of this Ordinance, not below the level of an Additional

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rule 4A inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984)" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021.

Commissioner Inland Revenue, shall conduct regular system and procedural audits of NCCPL on quarterly basis to verify the implementation of this Schedule and rules made under this Ordinance.

(2) NCCPL shall implement the recommendations, if any, of the audit report under sub-rule (1), as approved by the Commissioner, and make adjustments for short or excessive deductions. However, no penal action shall be taken against NCCPL on account of any error, omission or mistake that has occurred from application of the system as audited under sub-rule (1).

(3) NCCPL shall be empowered to refer a particular case for recovery of tax to the Board in case NCCPL is unable to recover the amount of tax.

**7. Transitional Provisions.**— In respect of tax year 2012, for the period commencing from coming into force of this Schedule till June 30, 2012, the certificate issued by NCCPL under rule 1(4) shall be the basis of capital gains and tax thereon for that period.]

## <sup>1</sup>[THE NINTH SCHEDULE

(See section 99A)

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance or any other law for the time being in force, a trader qualifying under this Schedule shall have the option to be assessed including for filing of return, either-

- (a) under the provisions of this Ordinance, other than this Schedule; or
- (b) under the provision of this Schedule.

### PART I

# RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE TAX PAYABLE ON PROFITS AND GAINS OF A TRADER FALLING UNDER SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 99A

1. The tax payable on profits and gains of a trader falling under subsection (1) of section 99A in respect of trading activities chargeable under the head "income from business" shall be computed in the manner hereinafter provided.

2. For trader qualifying under this Part, working capital for tax year 2015 shall not exceed rupees fifty million and tax at the rate of one per cent of the working capital shall be the tax payable on profits and gains from the trading activity.

3. For tax years 2016, 2017 and 2018, trader qualifying under this Part and who has paid tax for the tax year 2015 under rule 2 of this Part shall pay tax specified in rule 4 of this Part subject to the following conditions, namely:-

- (a) for tax year 2016, the trader shall declare turnover at least three times of the working capital declared during tax year 2015; and
- (b) for tax years 2017 and 2018 the trader shall declare turnover on which tax paid is at least twenty-five per cent more than the tax paid for the preceding tax year.

4. For the purpose of rule 3 of this Part, the following shall be tax rate on turnover:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the National Assembly Secretariat's O.M. No.F.22(2)/2016-Legis dated 29.01.2016.

Turnover	Rate
(1)	(2)
Where turnover does not exceed 50 million	0.2%
rupees	
Where turnover exceeds 50 million rupees but	Rs 100,000 plus 0.15% of the
does not exceeds 250 million rupees	amount exceeding 50 million
	rupees
Where turnover exceeds 250 million rupees	Rs 400,000 plus 0.1% of the
	amount exceeding 250 million
	rupees

5. Trader qualifying under this Part shall be entitled to take credit of imputable income as defined in clause (28A) of section 2, for tax years 2016 to 2018, in relation to tax paid under rule 3 of this Part for the purpose of section 111.

### PART II

# RULES FOR THE COMPUTATION OF THE TAX PAYABLE ON PROFITS AND GAINS OF A TRADER FALLING UNDER SUB-SECTION (2) OF SECTION 99A

1. The tax payable on profits and gains of a trader falling under subsection (2) of section 99A in respect of trading activities chargeable under the head "income from business" shall be computed in the manner hereinafter provided.

2. For tax year 2015, the tax payable on profits and gains of a trader qualifying under this Part shall be higher of the following:

- (a) 25% higher tax than paid for tax year 2014 or for the latest tax year for which return has been filed on the basis of taxable income;
- (b) tax on turnover at the rates specified in rule 4 of Part I; or
- (c) rupees thirty thousand.

3. For tax years 2016 to 2018, the tax payable on profits and gains of a trader qualifying under this Part shall be higher of the following:

- (a) 25% higher tax on the basis of taxable income than tax paid for the preceding tax year; or
- (b) tax on turnover at the rates specified in rule 4 of Part I.

4. Trader qualifying under this Part, who has filed return for tax year 2015 before the due date of filing of return under this Schedule, may file a revised return subject to the condition that the tax paid is higher of the following:

(a) tax as per rule 2 of this Part on the basis of revised return; or

(b) 10% higher tax than the tax paid as per original return.

5. For tax year 2015, the provisions of clause (ba) of sub-section (6) of section 114 shall not apply to a trader who has revised the return under rule 4 of this Part before the due date of filing of return under this Schedule.

6. Where the imputable income as defined in clause (28A) of section 2 in relation to tax on turnover at the rates specified in rule 4 of Part I is higher than the taxable income declared, the trader qualifying under this Part may opt to take the credit for the purpose of section 111, of the difference between the said imputable income and taxable income, provided that tax at the rate of one per cent of the difference is paid along with the return.

### PART III

### GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR THE TRADERS UNDER PART I AND PART II

1. Traders deriving income other than from trading activities chargeable under the head "income from business" shall not qualify under this Schedule.

2. The provisions of sections 177 and 214C shall not apply to a trader qualifying under this Schedule, for tax years 2015 to 2018.

3. Trader qualifying under Part I of this Schedule shall file a return as specified in Form 'A" to rule 17 of this Part and trader qualifying under Part II of this Schedule shall file a return as prescribed under the Income Tax Rules, 2002.

4. A trader qualifying under this Schedule shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of withholding tax collected or deducted under this Ordinance, against tax payable in respect of profits and gains relating to trading activity.

5. A trader qualifying under this Schedule shall not be entitled to claim any adjustment of refund due against taxpayable under rule 2 or 3 of Part I or rule 1, 3, or 4 of Part II.

6. A trader qualifying under this Schedule shall not be entitled for any tax credit under this Ordinance.

7. If a trader fails to furnish a return for any of the tax years 2016, 2017 or 2018 after having furnished a return for tax year 2015 shall not qualify under this Schedule for any of the tax years 2015 to 2018 notwithstanding the fact that the return for tax year 2015 stood qualified under this Schedule at the time of furnishing of such return and all the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply.

8. Where it is subsequently discovered by the Commissioner that the trader was not eligible to be qualified under this Schedule or became ineligible to be qualified under this Schedule during any time between tax years 2015 to 2018 due to non-payment of tax or filing of return or otherwise, the trader shall be treated to have exercised the option to be assessed under the provisions of this Ordinance, other than this Schedule and all this provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

9. Tax payable under rule 2 or 3 of Part I or rule 1, 3, or 4 of Part I shall be paid in the State Bank of Pakistan or authorized branches of National Bank of Pakistan and evidence in the form of a copy of computerized tax payment receipt (CPR) shall be provided along with the specified or prescribed return, as the case may be, by the due date.

10. A trader qualifying under this Schedule shall not be a prescribed person for the purpose of section 153.

11. For the income relating to trading activity and qualifying under this Schedule-

- (a) the Commissioner shall be deemed to have made an assessment of income for that tax year and the tax due thereon as equal to those respective amounts computed under rules 2 or 3 of Part I or rule 1, 3, or 4 of Part II; and
- (b) the specified or prescribed return, as the case may be, shall, for all purposes of this Ordinance, be deemed to be an assessment order including the application of section 120.

*Explanation.-* For removal of doubt and for the purpose of this rule, it is declared that income means taxable income or imputable income as the case may be.

12. The Federal Government may, from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, amend the Schedule so as to add any rule therein or modify or omit any rule therefrom.

13. The provisions of sub-section (2) of section 116 shall not apply for the tax year 2015 to the trader qualifying under this Schedule if the declared income for the year is less than one million rupees.

14. Notwithstanding anything contained in aforesaid rules, a return qualifying under this Schedule may be subject to amendment under section 122 where definite information, as defined in sub-section (8) of section 122, comes into the knowledge or possession of the Commissioner in which case all the provisions of the Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

- 15. In this Schedule,-
  - (a) 'due date' means the date as specified by the Federal Government <sup>1</sup>[\*] for tax year 2015 and for the tax years 2016, 2017 and 2018 the date specified in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 118.
  - (b) 'turnover' means turnover as defined in clause (a) of sub-section(3) of section 113.

16. Persons convicted under Control of Narcotics Substances Act, 1997 (XXV of 1997), Anti-Terrorism Act, 1997 (XXVII of 1997) and Anti-Money Laundering Act, 2010 (VII of 2010) shall not be eligible to qualify under this Schedule.

17. Return for the trader qualifying under Part I of this Schedule shall be on Form A as specified below:-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inserted by the notification dated 30.01.2016.

<sup>[&</sup>quot; \*Notification

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (a) of Rule 15 of Part III of the Ninth Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, the Federal Government, is pleased to specify the due date as twenty ninth February, 2016 for filing of income tax returns for the tax year 2015 under rule 3 read with rule 17 of Part III of the Ninth Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001."]

### Form A RETURN FOR TRADER QUALIFYING UNDER PART I OF THE SCHEDULE FOR THE TAX YEARS 2015 TO 2018

Name of propr CNIC: (please Business (es)	attach copy o	of CNIC)					
Phone:	Em	ail:		Mobile			
Residential Ad							
Name(s) and	Residential	address(es)	of Member	rs of	AOP	(if	applicable)
(1) Amount of (2) Tax payabl (3) Total Turno (4) Tax payabl (5) Amount of (6) CPR No:	over e on (3) abov Tax [(2) or (4)	e (for tax year ]	s 2016, 201 <sup>°</sup>	7 and	2018 (	only	)
Declaration:							
I							
capacity as se declare that to simplified return I of the Ninth S	o the best of m is correct a	my knowled	ge and belien accordance	ef the e with	inforr the pr	nati ovis	on given in ions of Part

Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Date : \_\_\_\_\_"]

## <sup>1</sup>[THE TENTH SCHEDULE

(See section 100BA)

### RULES FOR PERSONS NOT APPEARING IN THE ACTIVE TAXPAYERS' LIST

**1.** Rate of deduction or collection of tax. – Where tax is required to be deducted or collected under any provision of this Ordinance from persons not appearing in the active taxpayers' list, the rate of tax required to be deducted or collected, as the case may be, shall be increased by hundred percent of the rate specified in the First Schedule to this Ordinance <sup>2</sup>[:

Provided that the tax required to be collected under section 231B shall be increased by two hundred percent of the rate specified in First Schedule in case of persons not appearing in the active taxpayers' list:

Provided further that the tax required to be collected under section 236K shall be increased by two hundred and fifty percent of the rate specified in Division XVIII of Part IV of the First Schedule in case of persons not appearing in the active taxpayers.]

**2.** Persons not required to file return or statement. – (1) Where the withholding agent or the person from whom tax is required to be collected or deducted is satisfied that a person not appearing in the active taxpayers' list was not required to file a return of income under section 114,  ${}^{3}$ [] as the case may be, he shall before collecting or deducting tax under this Ordinance, furnish to Commissioner a notice in writing electronically setting out -

- (a) the name, CNIC or NTN and address of the person not appearing in the active taxpayers' list'
- (b) the nature and amount of the transaction on which tax is required to be collected or deducted; and
- (c) reason on the basis of which it is considered that the person was not required to file return or statement, as the case may be.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New "Tenth Schedule" inserted though Finance Act, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The full stop substituted with a colon and two provisos added by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The expressions "or a statement under sub-section (4) of section 115, omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

(2) The Commissioner, on receipt of a notice under sub-rule (1), shall within thirty days pass an order accepting the contention or making the order under sub-rule(3).

(3) Where the withholding agent or the person from whom tax is required to be collected or deducted has notified the Commissioner under sub-rule(1) and the Commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe that the person not appearing in the active taxpayers' list was required to file return or statement, as the case may be, the Commissioner may, by an order in writing, direct the withholding agent to deduct or collect tax under rule 1:

Provided that in case the Commissioner does not pass any order within thirty days or receipt of notice under sub-rule(1), the Commissioner shall be deemed to have accepted the contention under sub-rule (2) and approval shall be treated to have been granted.

**3. Provisional assessment.** (1) Where for a tax year person's tax has been collected or deducted in accordance with rule 1 and the person fails to file return of income <sup>1</sup>[] for that tax year within the due date provided in section 118 or as extended by the Board, the Commissioner shall notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 114 <sup>2</sup>[], within sixty days of the due date provided in section 118 or as extended by the Board make a provisional assessment of the taxable income of the person and issue a provisional assessment order specifying the taxable income assessed and tax due thereon.

(2) In making the provisional assessment under sub-rule (1), the Commissioner shall impute taxable income on the amount of tax deducted or collected under rule 1 by treating the imputed income as concealed income for the purposes of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 111:

Provided that the provision of section 111 shall be applicable on unexplained income, asset or expenditure in excess of imputed income treated as concealed income under this rule."

**"Explanation.-** For the removal of doubt it is clarified that the imputable income so calculated or concealed income so determined shall not absolve the person so assessed, from requirement of filing of wealth statement under subsection (1) of section 116, the nature and source of amounts subject to deduction or collection of tax under section 111, section of audit under section 177 or 214C or subsequent amendment of assessment as provided in rule 8 and all the provisions of the Ordinance shall apply."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The expressions "or statement, as the case may be, omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expressions "or sub-section (5) of section 115" omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30th June, 2020

**4. Finalization or abatement of provisional assessment.-**(1) The provisional assessment under rule 3, shall be treated as the final assessment order after the expiry of forty-five days from the date of service of order of provisional assessment and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accordingly.

(2) The provisional assessment shall stand abated and shall be taken be assessment finalized under sub-section (1) of section 120 where the returns of income and wealth statement for the relevant tax year and the preceding tax year along with prescribed form, statements or documents are filed by the person within a period of forty-five days of receipt of provisional assessment order.

(3) Where returns have been filed before provisional assessment or under sub-rule (2), the tax deducted or collected under rule 1 shall be adjustable against the tax payable in the return filed for the relevant tax year.

**5.** Where the provisional assessment has been treated as final assessment under sub-rule (1) of rule 4, the Commissioner may within thirty days of the final assessment initiate proceedings for imposition of penalties under section 182 on account of non-furnishing and concealment of income.

6. For the purposes of this Schedule, imputed income means- (a) income for individuals and association of persons which have resulted in the amount of tax given in paragraph (1) of Division I of the First Schedule equal to the tax collected or deducted under rule 1 for not appearing in the active taxpayers' list; or

(b) income for companies which would have resulted in the amount of tax given in Division II of the First Schedule equal to the tax collected or deducted at the higher rate under rule 1 for not appearing in the active taxpayers' list.

**7.** Where the withholding agent fails to furnish in the withholding statement complete or accurate particulars of persons not appearing on active taxpayers' list, the Commissioner shall initiate proceedings under sections 182 and 191 against the withholding agent within thirty days of filing of withholding statement under section 165.

8. Amendment of assessment.-(1) The Commissioner may amend an assessment order where the imputed income is less than the amount on which tax was deducted or collected under rule 1 or on the basis of definite information acquired from an audit or otherwise, the Commissioner is satisfied that-

- (a) any income chargeable to tax has escaped assessment; or
- (b) total income has been under-assessed, or assessed at too low a rate, or has been the subject of excessive relief or refund; or
- (c) any amount under a head of income has been misclassified.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (1), where a provisional assessment has been treated as final assessment or where in response to the provisional assessment, return has been filed within forty-five days or where assessment has been amended under sub-rule (1) and the assessment order is considered erroneous in so far it is prejudicial to the interest of revenue, the Commissioner may, after making or causing to be made, such enquiries as he deems necessary, amend the assessment order.

(3) For the purposes of sub-rule (1), "definite information" shall have the same meaning as defined in sub-section (8) of section 122.

**9. Provisions of Ordinance to apply.-** The provisions of this Ordinance not specifically dealt with in the aforesaid rules shall apply, *mutatis mutandis,* in the case of proceedings against the persons not appearing on active taxpayers' list.

**10.** The provisions of this Schedule shall not apply on tax collectible or deductible in case of the following sections:-

- (a) tax deducted under section 149;
- (b) tax deducted under section 152 other than sub-section <sup>1</sup>[(2A)(a),] (2A)(b) and (2A)(c) of section 152;
- <sup>2</sup>[(ba) Tax deducted under clause (5A) of Part II of the Second Schedule read with sub-section (2) of section 152.]
- <sup>3</sup>[(bb) tax deducted under sub-section (2) of section 152 to the extent of clause (5AA) of Part II.
  - (c) tax collected or deducted under section 154;
- <sup>4</sup>[(ca) tax collected or deducted under section 154A;]
  - <sup>5</sup>[] Omitted
  - (d)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Clauses (d), (f), (g), (h), (j), (m), (r) and (s) omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. The omitted clauses read as follows:

(d)	tax deducted under section 155;
(f)	tax deducted under section 231A;
(g)	tax deducted under section 231AA;
(h)	tax deducted under section 233AA;
(j)	tax deducted under section 235A;
(m)	tax collected under section 236B;
(r)	tax collected under section 236L;
(S)	tax collected under section 236P;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expressions "(1), (1AA), (2)" substituted by Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Clause (ba) inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance 2019, dated 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New sub rule (bb) inserted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New sub-rule (ca) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

- (e) <sup>1</sup>[Omitted]
- (f) Omitted
- (g) Omitted

<sup>2</sup>[(ga) tax deducted under section 231AB;]

- (h) Omitted
- <sup>3</sup>[(ha) tax collected under section 234 during the period starting from the date of commencement of the Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 and ending on the 30th day of June, 2023 in respect of goods transport and passenger transport vehicle.]
- (i) tax deducted under section 235;
- (j) Omitted
  - 4[]
- (I) tax collected under section 236;
- (m) Omitted
- 5[]
- 6[]
- (p) Omitted
- 7[]
- (r) Omitted
- (s) Omitted
- (t) Omitted
- []<sup>8</sup>
- <sup>1</sup> Sub-rule (e), (p) and (t) omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted sub-rules read as follows: "(e) tax deducted under section 156B;
  - (p) tax deducted under section 236l;
  - (q) tax deducted under section 236Q;"

<sup>2</sup> Sub-rule (ga) inserted by the Finance Act, 2023.

- <sup>3</sup> Clause (ha) inserted by the Tax Laws (Amendment) Act, 2023 (XVI of 2023) dated 20.04.2023. Earlier this clause was inserted through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2022 (VI of 2022) dated 23.08.2022.
- <sup>4</sup> Sub rule (k) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted rule read as follows: (k) tax collected under section 235B;.
- <sup>5</sup> Sub rule (n) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted rule read as follows: "(n) tax collected under section 236D;"
- <sup>6</sup> Sub rule (o) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted rule read as follows: "(o) tax collected under section 236F;"
- <sup>7</sup> Sub rule (q) omitted through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted rule read as follows: "(q) tax collected under section 236J;"
- <sup>8</sup> Sub rules (u),(v),(w) and (x) omitted though Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020 the omitted rules read as follows :
  - (u) tax collected under section 236R;
  - (v) tax collected under section 236U;

## <sup>1</sup>[ELEVENTH SCHEDULE [See section 100D]

# RULES FOR COMPUTATION OF PROFITS AND GAINS OF BUILDERS AND DEVELOPERS AND TAX PAYABLE THEREON

**1. Eligibility.**–These rules shall apply to projects undertaken by builders and developers under section 100D.

**2.** Scope and payment of tax.—(1) Income computed and tax payable thereon shall be on Project-by-Project basis which shall be computed and paid at the rates provided in rule 10.

(2) (a) The above-referred rates shall be applicable for computing tax liability for the project on annual basis. The annual tax liability shall be worked out as under:

Tax liability as per the rates in rule 10

Estimated project life in years

(b) The estimated project life for tax purposes shall not exceed <sup>2</sup>[three] and a half years:

<sup>3</sup>[Provided that in case of existing incomplete projects, the estimated project life shall be treated as four years maximum from tax year 2020 through tax year 2023 and the tax payable shall be reduced by the percentage of completion up to the last day of accounting period pertaining to tax year 2019 or tax year 2020 as declared in the registration form.]

<sup>(</sup>w) tax collected under section 236V;

<sup>(</sup>x) tax collected under section 236X;"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>New Eleventh Schedule added through Finance Act, 2020 dated 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "two" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The first proviso substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The substituted proviso read as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Provided that in case of existing incomplete projects, the estimated project life shall be treated as three years from tax year 2020 through tax year 2022, and the tax payable shall be reduced by the percentage of completion up to the last day of the accounting period pertaining to tax year 2019 as declared in registration form:"

<sup>1</sup>[]

**3.** Registration and filing of return.— (1) A builder or developer shall electronically register a project on Iris through FBR website on or before the <sup>2</sup>[31st day of December, 2021] through submission of—

(a) registration form as may be prescribed which shall include, *inter alia*, details of a member or shareholder of a builder or developer, as the case may be:

Provided that a developer who is also a builder in case of a project shall submit two separate forms for registration as a developer and as a builder <sup>3</sup>[:

Provided further that where benefit of sub-section (3) of section 100D is required to be claimed by builder or developer, the project shall be registered latest by 30th day of June, 2021; and]

(b) an irrevocable option to be assessed under this Schedule in respect of each project.

(2) A builder or developer availing this scheme shall electronically file a return of income and wealth statement as may be prescribed accompanied with evidence of payment of due tax which shall be taken for all purposes of this Ordinance to be an assessment order issued to the taxpayer by the Commissioner to the extent of income computed under these rules.

4. Certification.—Every builder or developer shall be required to obtain and provide to the Board in the prescribed manner a certificate from approving authority or map approving authority or NESPAK, as the case may be, to the following effect, namely:—

- (a) 'total land area' in square yards;
- (b) 'covered area' in square feet;
- (c) 'saleable area' in square feet; and
- (d) type (commercial, residential or industrial) of saleable area or the total land area, as the case may be.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The second proviso omitted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this omission was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021. The omitted proviso read as follows:

Provided further that tax liability of tax year 2020 shall be paid along with return.

<sup>(</sup>b) Year shall include fraction of a year; and

<sup>(</sup>c) The tax liability so calculated and paid shall be final tax.".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "31st day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Semi colon and the word "and" substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution and addition was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

**5.** Advance tax.—A builder or developer falling under this scheme shall pay advance tax equal to one-fourth of the tax liability for the year as determined in accordance with sub- rule (1) of rule 2 in four equal installments in the manner laid down in section 147.

6. Incorporation of profits and gains for computation of income.—A builder or developer opting for taxation under section 100D shall not be allowed to incorporate profits and gains accruing from such projects in his books of account or wealth statement, as the case may be, in excess of ten times of the tax paid under rule 2:

Provided that such builder or developer shall not be allowed to incorporate profits and gains accruing from a low cost housing project as defined in clause (f) of rule 9 in excess of ten times of the tax liability under rule 2:

Provided further that where profits and gains accruing from a project are in excess of ten times of the tax paid under rule 2, such excess profits and gains shall be incorporated in the books of account or wealth statement, as the case may be, and taxed under Part I of the First Schedule <sup>1</sup>[:

Provided that profits and gains accruing from such projects in excess of ten times of tax paid under Rule (2) shall be incorporated by paying tax at the rate of 20% on profits and gains which are in excess of said limit.]

**7.** Exemption from withholding of tax under sections 150 and 153.—(1) The provisions of section 153 shall not apply to builders and developers on—

- (a) the purchase of building material except steel and cement;
- (b) services of plumbing, electrification, shuttering and other similar services other than those provided by companies.

(2) The provisions of section 150 shall not apply to payment of dividend exempt under sub-section (7) of section 100D.

8. Restriction on change in pattern of ownership of a builder or developer before completion of a project.—Where exemption from the provisions of section 111 has been claimed under sub-section (3) of section 100D, the following restrictions shall apply, namely:—

(a) a shareholder or a partner of a builder or developer shall not be allowed a change in ownership of an incomplete project except where at least fifty percent of the total project cost, as certified by a firm of chartered accountants having an ICAP QCR rating of 'satisfactory' notified by the Board for this purpose, has been incurred up to the date of change of ownership;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Full stop substituted and proviso added by the Finance Act, 2021.

- (b) The succession to legal heirs in case of deceased shareholder or a partner shall be allowed;
- (c) The additional partners or shareholders in a builder or developer after the <sup>1</sup>[30<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2021] may join but additional partners or shareholders shall not be eligible for exemption provided under subsection (3) of section 100D.

**9. Definitions.**—(1) In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,

- (a) "area" means
  - (i) in case of a builder,—
    - (a) in case of a commercial or a residential building excluding a house, the saleable area of the building; and
    - (b) in case of a house, the covered area of house;

(ii) in case of a developer, the total land area of the project;

- (b) "building" means a residential or commercial building or unit thereof;
- (c) "commercial building" includes any building or part thereof which is to be used for commercial purposes in accordance with the relevant laws;
- (d) "commencement of project" means,-
  - (i) in case of a construction project, when layout plan is approved by the concerned authority; and
  - (ii) in case of a development project, when the development plan is approved by the concerned authority:

Provided that where the building or developer has taken all actions and done all things which are required and necessary to procure any approvals but any such approval is delayed beyond a period of 30 days from date of relevant application and the cutoff date of <sup>2</sup>[31st day of December, 2021] is not adhered to by the builder or developer, the Board

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The expression "31st day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The expression "31st day of December, 2020" substituted by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this substitution was made through Income Tax (Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

may provisionally accept commencement of such project on a case to case basis;

#### (e) "completion of project" means.-

(i) in the case of a builder, the date on which the grey structure is completed:

Provided that such grey structure shall only be considered as completed when the roof of the top floor has been laid as per the approved plan;

- (ii) in the case of a developer, the date on which—
  - (A) at least 50% of the total plots have been booked in name of buyers;
  - (B) at least 40% of the sale proceeds have been received;
  - (C) landscaping has been completed; and
  - (D) at least 50% of the roads have been laid up to sub-grade level as certified by the approving authority or NESPAK;
- (f) '**low cost housing**' means a housing scheme as developed or approved by NAPHDA or under the Ehsaas Programme;
- (g) "NAPHDA" means Naya Pakistan Housing and Development Authority;
- (h) "NESPAK" means National Engineering Services Pakistan (Private) Limited;
- (i) **"residential building"** means a building which is not a commercial building but does not include buildings used for industrial purposes;
- (j) "saleable area" in case of buildings, means saleable area as determined by the approving authority or map approving authority or NESPAK under the relevant laws;
- (k) "**unit**" means a self-contained or independent building or part thereof including houses, apartments, shops, offices, etc.

(2) All other expressions used but not defined in these rules shall have the same meaning as assigned to them under this Ordinance.

**10.** Rate and computation of tax liability.–(1) The rate of tax under section 100D shall be computed in accordance with the Table below, namely:—

#### TABLE

Rate in respect of					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Area in	Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad	Hyderabad, Sukkur, Multan, Faisalabad, Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Sahiwal, Peshawar, Mardan, Abbottabad, Quetta	Urban Areas not specified in columns (2) and (3)		
	TAX ON BUILDERS				
	FOR CON	IMERCIAL BUILDINGS	-		
Sq. Ft.	-	-	-		
Any size	Rs.250 per Sq. ft	Rs.230	Rs.210		
		per Sq. ft	per Sq. ft		
	FOR RES	SIDENTIAL BUILDINGS			
Sq. ft.	-	-	-		
upto 3000	Rs.80 per Sq. ft	Rs.65 per Sq. ft	Rs.50 per Sq. ft		
3000 and above	Rs.125 per Sq. ft	Rs.110 per Sq. ft	Rs.100 per Sq. ft		
	TAX ON DEVEL	OPERS (ENTIRE PROJECT	<u>)</u>		
Sq. Yds.	-	-	-		
Any size	Rs.150 per Sq. yd	Rs.130 per Sq. yd	Rs.100 per Sq. yd		
	FOR DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AREA				
Sq. Yds.			-		
Any size	Rs.20 per Sq. yd	Rs.20 per Sq. yd	Rs.10 per Sq. yd		

(2) In case of mixed use buildings having both commercial and residential areas, respective rates mentioned above shall apply.

(3) In case of development of plots and constructing buildings on the same plots as one project, both rates shall apply:

Provided that in the case of 'low cost housing and all projects developed by NAPHDA, the higher rates shall apply.

### THE TWELFTH SCHEDULE [See Section148] PART I

PCT CODE	DESCRIPTION		
(1)	(2)		
<sup>1</sup> [07.01	Potatoes, fresh or chilled.		
0702.0000	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled.		
07.03	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or		
	chilled.		
1006.1010	Seed for sowing.		
27.01	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal.]		
2711.1100	Natural Gas		
3102.1000	- Urea, Whether Or Not In Aqueous Solution		
31.04	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, potassic.		
52.01	Cotton, not carded or combed.		
52.02	Cotton waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock).		
5203.0000	Cotton, carded or combed.		
71.08	Gold (including gold plated with platinum) unwrought or in semi- manufactured forms,		
2	or in powder form.		
	Nuclear reactors fuel clamante (contridence) non investigated for successors		
84.01	Nuclear reactors; fuel elements (cartridges), non-irradiated, for nuclear reactors; machinery and apparatus for isotopic separation.		
84.02	Steam or other vapour generating boilers (other than central heating hot water boilers capable also of producing low pressure steam); super- heated water boilers.		
84.03	Central heating boilers other than those of heading 84.02.		
	Auxiliary plant for use with boilers of heading 84.02 or 84.03 (for example,		
84.04	economisers, super- heaters, soot removers, gas recoverers); condensers for steam		
	or other vapour power units.		
84.05	Producer gas or water gas generators, with or without their purifiers; acetylene gas		
••	generators and similar water process gas generators, with or without their purifiers.		
84.06	Steam turbines and other vapour turbines.		
84.10	Hydraulic turbines, water wheels, and regulators therefor.		
84.11	Turbo- jets, turbo- propellers and other gas turbines.		
84.12	Other engines and motors.		
84.16	Furnace burners for liquid fuel, for pulverised solid fuel or for gas; mechanical stokers,		
•	including their mechanical grates, mechanical ash dischargers and similar appliances.		
84.17	Industrial or laboratory furnaces and ovens, including incinerators, non- electric.		

Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 07.01, 0702.0000, 07.03, 1006.1010 and 27.01 and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The PCT Code 72.04 and entry relating thereto omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted PCT Code read as follows:

84.19	Machinery, plant or laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated (excluding furnaces, ovens and other equipment of heading 85.14), for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature such as heating, cooking, roasting, distilling, rectifying, sterilising, pasteurising, steaming, drying, evaporating, vaporising, condensing or cooling, other than machinery or plant of a kind used for domestic purposes; instantaneous or storage water heaters, non-electric.
84.20	Calendering or other rolling machines, other than for metals or glass, and cylinders therefor.
84.21	Centrifuges, including centrifugal dryers; filtering or purifying machinery and apparatus, for liquids or gases.
8422.3000	<ul> <li>Machinery for filling, closing, sealing, or labelling bottles, cans, boxes, bags or other containers; machinery for capsuling bottles, jars, tubes and similar containers; machinery for aerating beverages</li> </ul>
8422.4000	- Other packing or wrapping machinery (including heat- shrink wrapping machinery)
84.23 (Except 8423.1000)	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of 5 cg or better), including weight operated counting or checking machines; weighing machine weights of all kinds.
84.26	Ships' derricks; cranes, including cable cranes; mobile lifting frames, straddle carriers and works trucks fitted with a crane.
84.27	Fork- lift trucks; other works trucks fitted with lifting or handling equipment.
84.28 (Except 8428.1010 and 8428.4000)	Other lifting, handling, loading or unloading machinery (for example, lifts, escalators, conveyors, teleferics).
84.29	Self- propelled bulldozers, angledozers, graders, levellers, scrapers, mechanical shovels, excavators, shovel loaders, tamping machines and road rollers.
84.30	Other moving, grading, levelling, scraping, excavating, tamping, compacting, extracting or boring machinery, for earth, minerals or ores; pile- drivers and pile- extractors; snow- ploughs and snow- blowers.
84.31	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the machinery of headings 84.25 to 84.30.
84.32	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation; lawn or sports- ground rollers.
84.33 (Except 8433.1100 and 8433.1900)	Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, atter than machinery of bacding 84.27
84.34	produce, other than machinery of heading 84.37. Milking machines and dairy machinery.
84.35	Presses, crushers and similar machinery used in the manufacture of wine, cider, fruit juices or similar beverages.
84.36	Other agricultural, horticultural, forestry, poultry- keeping or bee- keeping machinery, including germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders.
84.37	Machines for cleaning, sorting or grading seed, grain or dried leguminous vegetables; machinery used in the milling industry or for the working of cereals or dried leguminous vegetables, other than farm- type machinery.
84.38	Machinery, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter, for the industrial preparation or manufacture of food or drink, other than machinery for the extraction or preparation of animal or fixed vegetable fats or oils.
84.39	Machinery for making pulp of fibrous cellulosic material or for making or finishing paper or paperboard.
84.40	Book- binding machinery, including book- sewing machines.
84.41	Other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard, including

	cutting machines of all kinds.
84.42	Machinery, apparatus and equipment (other than the machines of headings 84.56 to 84.65), for preparing or making plates, cylinders or other printing components; plates, cylinders and other printing components; plates, cylinders and lithographic stones, prepared for printing purposes (for example, planed, grained or polished).
8443.1100	Offset printing machinery, reel-fed
8443.1200	Offset printing machinery, sheet-fed, office type (using sheets with one side not exceeding 22 cm and the other side not exceeding 36 cm in the unfolded state)
8443.1300	Other offset printing machinery
8443.1400	Letterpress printing machinery, reel fed, excluding flexographic printing
8443.1500	Letterpress printing machinery, other than reel fed, excluding flexographic printing
8443.1600	- Flexographic printing machinery
8443.1700	Gravure printing machinery
8443.1910	Hot stamping machines
8443,1920	Label printing/embossing machines
8443.1930	Flat bed printing presses
8443.1940	Proof presses
8443.1951	On cotton textile
8443.1959	Other
8443.1990	Other
8444.0000	Machines for extruding, drawing, texturing or cutting man- made textile
8444.0000	materials.
84.45	Machines for preparing textile fibres; spinning, doubling or twisting machines and other machinery for producing textile yarns; textile reeling or winding (including weft- winding) machines and machines for preparing textile yarns for use on the machines of heading 84.46 or 84.47.
84.46	Weaving machines (looms).
84.47	Knitting machines, stitch- bonding machines and machines for making gimped yarn, tulle, lace, embroidery, trimmings, braid or net and machines for tufting.
84.48	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading 84.44, 84.45, 84.46 or 84.47 (for example, dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions, shuttle changing mechanisms); parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of this heading or of heading 84.44, 84.45, 84.46 or 84.47 (for example, spindles and spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds and heald- frames, hosiery needles).
8449.0000	Machinery for the manufacture or finishing of felt or nonwovens in the piece or in shapes, including machinery for making felt hats; blocks for making hats.
84.51	Machinery (other than machines of heading 84.50) for washing, cleaning, wringing, drying, ironing, pressing (including fusing presses), bleaching, dyeing, dressing, finishing, coating or impregnating textile yarns, fabrics or made up textile articles and machines for applying the paste to the base fabric or other support used in the manufacture of floor coverings such as linoleum; machines for reeling, unreeling, folding, cutting or pinking textile fabrics.
84.53	Machinery for preparing, tanning or working hides, skins or leather or for making or repairing footwear or other articles of hides, skins or leather, other than sewing machines.
84.54	Converters, ladles, ingot moulds and casting machines, of a kind used in metallurgy or in metal foundries.
84.55	Metal- rolling mills and rolls therefor.

04 56	Machine- tools for working any material by removal of material, by laser or other
84.56	light or photon beam, ultrasonic, electro- discharge, electro- chemical, electron
84.57	beam, ionic- beam or plasma arc processes; water- jet cutting machines. Machining centres, unit construction machines (single station) and multi- station
04.07	transfer machines, for working metal.
84.58	Lathes (including turning centres) for removing metal.
04.00	
84.59	Machine- tools (including way- type unit head machines) for drilling, boring, milling, threading or tapping by removing metal, other than lathes (including
04.09	
	turning centres) of heading 84.58. Machine- tools for deburring, sharpening, grinding, honing, lapping, polishing or
84.60	otherwise finishing metal or cermets by means of grinding stones, abrasives or
04.00	polishing products, other than gear cutting, gear grinding or gear finishing
	machines of heading 84.61.
	Machine- tools for planing, shaping, slotting, broaching, gear cutting, gear
84.61	grinding or gear finishing, sawing, cutting- off and other machine- tools working
•	by removing metal or cermets, not elsewhere specified or included.
	Machine- tools (including presses) for working metal by forging, hammering or
84.62	die- stamping; machine- tools (including presses) for working metal by bending,
	folding,
	straightening, flattening, shearing, punching or notching; presses for working
	metal or metal carbides, not specified above.
84.63	Other machine- tools for working metal or cermets, without removing material.
84.64	Machine- tools for working stone, ceramics, concrete, asbestos- cement or like
	mineral materials or for cold working glass.
04.00	Machinery and apparatus for soldering, brazing or welding, whether or not
84.68	capable of cutting, other than those of heading 85.15; gas- operated surface
	tempering machines and appliances.
	Machinery for sorting, screening, separating, washing, crushing, grinding,
84.74	mixing or kneading earth, stone, ores or other mineral substances, in solid (including powder or paste) form; machinery for agglomerating, shaping or
07.77	moulding solid mineral fuels, ceramic paste, unhardened cements, plastering
	materials or other mineral products in powder or paste form; machines for
	forming foundry moulds of sand.
84.75	Machines for assembling electric or electronic lamps, tubes or valves or
	flashbulbs, in glass envelopes; machines for manufacturing or hot working glass
	or glassware.
84.77	Machinery for working rubber or plastics or for the manufacture of products from
	these materials, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter.
84.78	Machinery for preparing or making up tobacco, not specified or included
	elsewhere in this Chapter.
84.79 (Except	Machines and mechanical appliances having individual functions, not specified
8479.8960 and	or included elsewhere in this Chapter.
8479.8990)	Mandalian hawaa ƙarmanta ƙarmaliyo mandul barara waxidili a waxidili a sa 1977
84.80	Moulding boxes for metal foundry; mould bases; moulding patterns; moulds for
	metal (other than ingot moulds), metal carbides, glass, mineral materials,
	rubber or plastics. Machines and apparatus of a kind used solely or principally for the manufacture.
84.86	Machines and apparatus of a kind used solely or principally for the manufacture of semiconductor boules or wafers, semiconductor devices, electronic
01.00	integrated circuits or flat panel displays; machines and apparatus specified in
	Note 9 (c) to this Chapter; parts and accessories.
8501.3300	Of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW
8501.3400	Of an output exceeding 375 kW
8502.1190	Other
8502.1200	Of an output exceeding 75 kVA but not exceeding 375 kVA
8502.3100	Wind-powered
0002.0100	wind-powered

8502.3900	Other
8503.0090	Other
8504.2100	Having a power handling capacity not exceeding 650 kVA
8504.2200	Having a power handling capacity exceeding 650 kVA but not exceeding 10,000
	kVA
8504.2300	Having a power handling capacity exceeding 10,000 kVA
8504.3400	Having a power handling capacity exceeding 500 kVA
8504.5000	Other inductors
85.14	Industrial or laboratory electric furnaces and ovens (including those functioning by induction or dielectric loss); other industrial or laboratory equipment for the heat treatment of materials by induction or dielectric loss.
85.15	Electric (including electrically heated gas), laser or other light or photon beam, ultrasonic, electron beam, magnetic pulse or plasma arc soldering, brazing or welding machines and apparatus, whether or not capable of cutting; electric machines and apparatus for hot spraying of metals or cermets.
8543.3000	- Machines and apparatus for electroplating, electrolysis or electrophoresis
85.45 (Except	Carbon electrodes, carbon brushes, lamp carbons, battery carbons and other
8545.1100 and	articles of graphite or other carbon, with or without metal, of a kind used for
8545.9020)	electrical
85.46	purposes. Electrical insulators of any material.
00.40	Insulating fittings for electrical machines, appliances or equipment, being fittings
	wholly of insulating material apart from any minor components of metal (for
85.47	example, threaded sockets) incorporated during moulding solely for purposes of
	assembly,
	other than insulators of heading 85.46; electrical conduit tubing and joints
	therefor, of base metal lined with insulating material.
89052000	- Floating Or Submersible Drilling Or Production Platforms

PCT CODE	DESCRIPTION
(1)	(2)
05.05	Skins and other parts of birds, with their feathers or down, feathers and parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) and down, not further worked than cleaned, disinfected or treated for preservation; powder and waste of feathers or parts of feathers.
05.06	Bones and horn- cores, unworked, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut to shape), treated with acid or degelatinised; powder and waste of these products.
05.07	lvory, tortoise- shell, whalebone and whalebone hair, horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of these products.
05.08	Coral and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells of molluscs, crustaceans or echinoderms and cuttle- bone, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, powder and waste thereof.
0510.0000	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; glands and other animal products used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products, fresh, chilled, frozen or otherwise provisionally preserved.
05.11	Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter 1 or 3, unfit for human consumption.

# Part II

Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh or chilled.
Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh or chilled.
Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots,
fresh or chilled.
Cucumbers and gherkins fresh or chilled.
Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled.
Vegetables provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption.
Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split.
Rye.
Barley.
Oats.
Maize (corn).
Starches; inulin.
Soya beans, whether or not broken.
Rape or colza seeds, whether or not broken.
Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken.
Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken.
Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing.
Hop cones, fresh or dried, whether or not ground, powdered or in the form of pellets; lupulin.
Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not cut, crushed or powdered.
Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading 15.03.
Soya-bean oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified.
Palm oil and its fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified.
Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, boiled, oxidised, dehydrated, sulphurised, blown, polymerised by heat in vacuum or in inert gas or otherwise chemically modified, excluding those of heading 15.16; inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this Chapter, not elsewhere specified or included.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 07.01, 0702.000, 07.03, 1006.1010 and 27.01 and entries relating thereto omitted by the Finance Act, 2022. The omitted PCT Codes read as follows:

"07.01	Potatoes, fresh or chilled.
0702.0000	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled.
07.03	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled.
1006.1010	Seed for sowing
27.01	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal."

18.03	Cocoa paste, whether or not defatted.
	Oil- cake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of
23.06	pellets, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils, other than those of
0500.0000	heading 23.04 or 23.05.
2502.0000	Unroasted iron pyrites.
2503.0000	Sulphur of all kinds, other than sublimed sulphur, precipitated sulphur and
25.04	colloidal sulphur. Natural graphite.
25.05	Natural sands of all kinds, whether or not coloured, other than metal bearing
20.00	sands of chapter 26.
	Quartz (other than natural sands); quartzite, whether or not roughly trimmed or
25.06	merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a rectangular
	(including square) shape.
2507.0000	Kaolin and other kaolinic clays, whether or not calcined.
25.08	Other clays (not including expanded clays of heading 68.06), and alusite,
	kyanite and sillimanite, whether or not calcined; mullite; chamotte or dinas
0500.0000	earths.
2509.0000	Chalk.
25.10	Natural calcium phosphates, natural aluminium calcium phosphates and phosphatic chalk.
25.11	Natural barium sulphate (barytes); natural barium carbonate (witherite), whether
	or not calcined, other than barium oxide of heading 28.16.
2512.0000	Siliceous fossil meals (for example, kieselguhr, tripolite and diatomite) and
	similar siliceous earths, whether or not calcined, of an apparent specific gravity
05.40	of 1 or less.
25.13	Pumice stone; emery; natural corundum, natural garnet and other natural abrasives, whether or not heat- treated.
2514.0000	Slate, whether or not roughly trimmed or merely cut, by sawing or otherwise,
2011.0000	into blocks or slabs of a rectangular (including square) shape.
	Dolomite, whether or not calcined or sintered, including dolomite roughly
25.18	trimmed or merely cut, by sawing or otherwise, into blocks or slabs of a
	rectangular (including square) shape; dolomite ramming mix.
	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite); fused magnesia; dead- burned
25.19	(sintered) magnesia, whether or not containing small quantities of other oxides
25.20	added before sintering; other magnesium oxide, whether or not pure. Gypsum; anhydrite; plasters (consisting of calcined gypsum or calcium
25.20	sulphate) whether or not coloured, with or without small quantities of
	accelerators or retarders.
2521.0000	Limestone flux; limestone and other calcareous stone, of a kind used for the
_0	manufacture of lime or cement.
25.25	Mica, including splittings; mica waste.
	Natural borates and concentrates thereof (whether or not calcined), but not
2528.0000	including borates separated from natural brine; natural boric acid containing not
	more than 85
	% of H3BO3 calculated on the dry weight.
25.29	Feldspar; leucite; nepheline and nepheline syenite; fluorspar.
25.30	Mineral substances not elsewhere specified or included.
26.01	Iron ores and concentrates, including roasted iron pyrites.
0000 0000	Manganese ores and concentrates, Including ferruginous manganese ores and
2602.0000	concentrates with a manganese content of 20 % or more, calculated on the dry
2603.0000	weight. Copper ores and concentrates.
2003.0000	סטיף אויד אויד אויד אויד אויד אויד אויד אויד

2604.0000	Nickel ores and concentrates.
2605.0000	Cobalt ores and concentrates.
2606.0000	Aluminium ores and concentrates.
2607.0000	Lead ores and concentrates.
2608.0000	Zinc ores and concentrates.
2609.0000	Tin ores and concentrates.
2610.0000	Chromium ores and concentrates.
2611.0000	Tungsten ores and concentrates.
26.12	Uranium or thorium ores and concentrates.
26.13	Molybdenum ores and concentrates.
2614.0000	Titanium ores and concentrates.
26.15	Niobium, tantalum, vanadium or zirconium ores and concentrates.
26.16	Precious metal ores and concentrates.
26.17	Other ores and concentrates.
2618.0000	Granulated slag (slag sand) from the manufacture of iron or steel.
2619.0000	Slag, dross (other than granulated slag), scalings and other waste from the
2619.0000	manufacture of iron or steel.
26.20	Slag, ash and residues (other than from the manufacture of iron or steel)
20.20	containing metals, arsenic or their compounds.
[]	
27.02	Lignite, whether or not agglomerated, excluding jet.
2703.0000	Peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated.
27.04	Coke and semi- coke of coal, of lignite or of peat, whether or not agglomerated;
	retort carbon.
2705.0000	Coal gas, water gas, producer gas and similar gases, other than petroleum
	gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons.
27.07	Oils and other products of the distillation of high temperature coal tar; similar
27.07	products in which the weight of the aromatic constituents exceeds that of the non-
	aromatic constituents.
27.08	Pitch and pitch coke, obtained from coal tar or from other mineral tars.
2709.0000	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude
28.03	Carbon (carbon blacks and other forms of carbon not elsewhere specified or
	included).
28.04	Hydrogen, rare gases and other non- metals.
28.05	Alkali or alkaline- earth metals; rare- earth metals, scandium and yttrium,
	whether or not intermixed or inter- alloyed; mercury.
28.08	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids.
28.09	Diphosphorus pentaoxide; phosphoric acid; polyphosphoric acids, whether or not chemically defined.
28.11	Other inorganic acids and other inorganic oxygen compounds of non- metals.
28.14	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution.
28.15	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash);
	peroxides of sodium or potassium.
2817.0000	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide.
28.18	Artificial corundum, whether or not chemically defined; aluminium oxide; aluminium hydroxide.
28.19	Chromium oxides and hydroxides.
28.20	Manganese oxides.
28.21	Iron oxides and hydroxides; earth colours containing 70 % or more by weight of
20121	non exace and hydroxidee, earth eeleare containing is to of more by weight of

	combined iron evaluated as Fe2O3.
2822.0000	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides.
28.23	Titanium oxides.
28.23	
	Lead oxides; red lead and orange lead.
28.25	Hydrazine and hydroxylamine and their inorganic salts; other inorganic bases; other metal oxides, hydroxides and peroxides.
28.26	Fluorides; fluorosilicates, fluoroaluminates and other complex fluorine salts.
28.27	Chlorides, chloride oxides and chloride hydroxides; bromides and bromide oxides; iodides and iodide oxides.
28.28	Hypochlorites; commercial calcium hypochlorite; chlorites; hypobromites.
28.29	Chlorates and perchlorates; bromates and perbromates; iodates and periodates.
28.30	Sulphides; polysulphides, whether or not chemically defined.
28.31	Dithionites and sulphoxylates.
28.32	Sulphites; thiosulphates.
28.33	Sulphates; alums; peroxosulphates (persulphates).
28.34	Nitrites; nitrates.
28.35	Phosphinates(hypophosphites), phosphonates (phosphites) and phosphates;
	polyphosphates, whether or not chemically defined.
28.36	Carbonates;peroxocarbonates (percarbonates); commercial ammonium carbonate containing ammonium carbamate.
28.39	Silicates; commercial alkali metal silicates.
28.40	Borates; peroxoborates (perborates).
28.41	Salts of oxometallic or peroxometallic acids.
28.42	Other salts of inorganic acids or peroxoacids (including aluminosilicates
20.42	whether or not chemically defined), other than azides.
28.43	Colloidal precious metals; inorganic or organic compounds of precious metals,
20.40	whether or not chemically defined; amalgams of precious metals.
	Radioactive chemical elements and radioactive isotopes (including the fissile or
28.44	fertile
	chemical elements and isotopes) and their compounds; mixtures and residues
	containing these products.
28.45	Isotopes other than those of heading 28.44; compounds, inorganic or organic, of such isotopes, whether or not chemically defined.
28.46	Compounds, inorganic or organic, of rare- earth metals, of yttrium or of
	scandium or of mixtures of these metals.
28.49	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined.
2850.0000	Hydrides, nitrides, azides, silicides and borides, whether or not chemically defined, other than compounds which are also carbides of heading 28.49.
28.52	Inorganic or organic compounds of mercury, whether or not chemically defined, excluding amalgams.
28.53	Phosphides, whether or not chemically defined, excluding ferrophosphorus; other inorganic compounds (including distilled or conductivity water and water of similar purity); liquid air (whether or not rare gases have been removed); compressed
	air; amalgams, other than amalgams of precious metals.
29.01	Acyclic hydrocarbons.
29.02	Cyclic hydrocarbons.
29.03	Halogenated derivatives of hydrocarbons.
29.04	Sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of hydrocarbons, whether or not halogenated.

29.05	Aqualia alaphala and their hologonated outphanated nitrated or nitraacted
	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.06	Cyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.07	Phenols; phenol- alcohols.
29.08	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of phenols or
	phenol- alcohols.
	Ethers, ether- alcohols, ether- phenols, ether- alcohol- phenols, alcohol
29.09	peroxides, ether peroxides, ketone peroxides (whether or not chemically defined), and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.10	Epoxides, epoxyalcohols, epoxyphenols and epoxyethers, with a three-
	membered ring, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
2911.0000	Acetals and hemiacetals, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.12	Aldehydes, whether or not with other oxygen function; cyclic polymers of
<i></i>	aldehydes; paraformaldehyde.
2913.0000	Halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives of products of heading 29.12.
29.14	Ketones and quinones, whether or not with other oxygen function, and their
	halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.15	Saturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids and their anhydrides, halides,
	peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or
	nitrosated derivatives.
	Unsaturated acyclic monocarboxylic acids, cyclic monocarboxylic acids, their
29.16	anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated,
	sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.17	Polycarboxylic acids, their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
	Carboxylic acids with additional oxygen function and their anhydrides, halides,
29.18	peroxides and peroxyacids; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.19	Phosphoric esters and their salts, including lactophosphates; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.20	Esters of other inorganic acids of non- metals (excluding esters of hydrogen halides) and their salts; their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives.
29.21	Amine- function compounds.
29.22	Oxygen- function amino- compounds.
29.23	Quaternary ammonium salts and hydroxides; lecithins and other
	phosphoaminolipids, whether or not chemicallydefined.
29.24	Carboxyamide- function compounds; amide- function compounds of carbonic acid.
29.25	Carboxyimide- function compounds (including saccharin and its salts) and imine- function compounds.
29.26	Nitrile- function compounds.
29.27	Diazo-, azo- or azoxy- compounds.
29.28	Organic derivatives of hydrazine or of hydroxylamine.
29.29	Compounds with other nitrogen function.
29.30	Organo- sulphur compounds.
29.30	
	Other organo- inorganic compounds.
29.32	Heterocyclic compounds with oxygen hetero- atom(s) only.

29.33	Heterocyclic compounds with nitrogen hetero- atom(s) only.
29.34	Nucleic acids and their salts, whether or not chemically defined; other
2010 1	heterocyclic compounds.
29.35	Sulphonamides.
29.36	Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent.
29.37	Hormones, prostaglandins, thromboxanes and leukotrienes, natural or reproduced by synthesis; derivatives and structural analogues thereof, including chain
29.38	modified polypeptides, used primarily as hormones. Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.
29.39	Alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.
29.41	Antibiotics.
2942.0000	Other organic compounds.
30.01	Glands and other organs for organo- therapeutic uses, dried, whether or not powdered; extracts of glands or other organs or of their secretions for organo- therapeutic uses; heparin and its salts; other human or animal substances prepared for therapeutic or prophylactic uses, not elsewhere specified or included.
31.02 (except 3102.1000)	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, nitrogenous.
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilisers, phosphatic.
31.05	Mineral or chemical fertilisers containing two or three of the fertilising elements nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium; other fertilisers; goods of this Chapter in tablets or similar forms or in packages of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg.
32.01	Tanning extracts of vegetable origin; tannins and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives.
32.02	Synthetic organic tanning substances; inorganic tanning substances; tanning preparations, whether or not containing natural tanning substances; enzymatic preparations for pre- tanning.
<sup>1</sup> [3204.1100	Disperse Dyes And Preparations Based Thereon
3204.1200	Acid dyes, whether or not premetallised, and preparations based thereon; mordant dyes and preparations based thereon
3204.1300	Basic dyes and preparations based thereon
3204.1400	Direct Dyes And Preparations Based Thereon
3204.1510	Indigo Blue
3204.1590	Other Vat dyes (including those usable in that state as pigments) and preparations based thereon:
3204.1600	Reactive Dyes And Preparations Based Thereon
	Pigments and preparations based thereon:
3204.1710	(a) Powdered
3204.1720	(b) Liquid
3204.1790	(c) Other
3204.1910	Dyes, Sulphur

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 3204.1100, 3204.1200, 3204.1300, 3204.1400, 3204.1510, 3204.1590, 3204.1600, 3204.1710, 3204.171, 03204.1790, 3204.1910, 3204.1990, 3204.2000, 3204.9000, 3206.1900 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

3204.1990	Dyes, Synthetic
3204.2000	Synthetic Organic Products Of A Kind Used As Fluorescent Brightening Agents
3204.9000	Other Synthetic organic colouring matter
3206.1900	Pigments and preparations based on titanium dioxide]
32.14	Glaziers' putty, grafting putty, resin cements, caulking compounds and other mastics; painters' fillings; non- refractory surfacing preparations for facades, indoor
	walls, floors, ceilings or the like.
33.02	Mixtures of odoriferous substances and mixtures (including alcoholic solutions) with a basis of one or more of these substances, of a kind used as raw materials in industry;
	other preparations based on odoriferous substances, of a kind used for the manufacture of beverages.
<sup>1</sup> [3402.1220	Cationic surface active agents
3402.1300	Non-ionic surface active agents
3402.9000	Surface active preparations and cleaning preparations excluding detergents]
34.03	Lubricating preparations (including cutting- oil preparations, bolt or nut release preparations, anti- rust or anti- corrosion preparations and mould release
34.03	preparations, based on lubricants) and preparations of a kind used for the oil or grease treatment of textile materials, leather, furskins or other materials, but excluding
	preparations containing, as basic constituents, 70 % or more by weight of
<sup>2</sup> [3404.9090	petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals. Other artificial waxes]
3504.0000	-
	Peptones and their derivatives; other protein substances and their derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included; hide powder, whether or not chromed.
35.05	Dextrins and other modified starches (for example, pre- gelatinised or esterified starches); glues based on starches, or on dextrins or other modified starches.
<sup>3</sup> [3506.9110	Hot melt adhesive
3506.9190	
3507.9000	Enzymes]
37.02	Photographic film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or textiles; instant print film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed.
37.03	Photographic paper, paperboard and textiles, sensitised, unexposed.
3704.0000	Photographic plates, film, paper, paperboard and textiles, exposed but not developed.
3705.0000	Photographic plates and film, exposed and developed, other than cinematographic film.
37.07	Chemical preparations for photographic uses (other than varnishes, glues, adhesives
	and similar preparations); unmixed products for photographic uses, put up in measured portions or put up for retail sale in a form ready for use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 3402.1220, 3402.1300, 3402.9000 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The PCT Code 3404.9090 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The PCT Codes 3506.9110, 3506.9190, 3507.9000 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

38.01	Artificial graphite; colloidal or semi- colloidal graphite; preparations based on graphite or other carbon in the form of pastes, blocks, plates or other semi-manufactures.
3803.0000	Tall oil, whether or not refined.
3804.0000	Residual lyes from the manufacture of wood pulp, whether or not concentrated, desugared or chemically treated, including lignin sulphonates, but excluding tall oil of heading 38.03.
38.06	Rosin and resin acids, and derivatives thereof; rosin spirit and rosin oils; run gums.
38.09	Finishing agents, dye carriers to accelerate the dyeing or fixing of dyestuffs and other products and preparations (for example, dressings and mordants), of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries, not elsewhere specified or included.
38.10	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding electrodes or rods.
38.12	Prepared rubber accelerators; compound plasticisers for rubber or plastics, not elsewhere specified or included; anti- oxidising preparations and other compound stabilisers for rubber or plastics.
38.15	Reaction initiators, reaction accelerators and catalytic preparations, not elsewhere specified or included.
3816.0000	Refractory cements, mortars, concretes and similar compositions, other than products of heading 38.01.
3817.0000	Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes, other than those of heading 27. 07 or 29. 02.
3818.0000	Chemical elements doped for use in electronics, in the form of discs, wafers or similar forms; chemical compounds doped for use in electronics.
3821.0000	Prepared culture media for the development or maintenance of micro- organisms (including viruses and the like) or of plant, human or animal cells
38.23	Industrial monocarboxylic fatty acids; acid oils from refining; industrial fatty alcohols.
38.24	Prepared binders for foundry moulds or cores; chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included.
39.01	Polymers of ethylene, in primary forms.
39.02	Polymers of propylene or of other olefins, in primary forms.
39.03	Polymers of styrene, in primary forms.
39.04	Polymers of vinyl chloride or of other halogenated olefins, in primary forms.
<sup>1</sup> [3905.3000	Polymers in vinyl alchol
3906.9030	Other acrylic polymers]
39.07	Polyacetals, other polyethers and epoxide resins, in primary forms; polycarbonates, alkyd resins, polyallyl esters and other polyesters, in primary forms.
39.08	Polyamides in primary forms.
3910.0000	Silicones in primary forms.
39.11	Petroleum resins, coumarone- indene resins, polyterpenes, polysulphides, polysulphones and other products specified in Note 3 to this Chapter, not elsewhere specified or included, in primary forms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 3905.3000, 3906.9030 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

39.12	Cellulose and its chemical derivatives, not elsewhere specified or included, in primary forms.
<sup>1</sup> [3912.2010	Cellulose Nitrates Nonplasticised
3912.2090	Other cellulose Nitrates
3912.3100	Carboxymethylcellulose And Its Salts]
39.14	lon-exchangers based on polymers of headings 39.01 to 39.13, in primary forms.
<sup>2</sup> [3919.9020	PVC electric insulation tapes in logs exceeding 100 cm.]
40.01	Natural rubber, balata, gutta-percha, guayule, chicle and similar natural gums, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip.
40.02	Synthetic rubber and factice derived from oils, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip; mixtures of any product of heading 40.01 with any product of this heading, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip.
4003.0000	Reclaimed rubber in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip.
40.04	Waste, parings and scrap of rubber (other than hard rubber) and powders and granules obtained therefrom.
40.05	Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip.
41.01	Rawhides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment- dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split.
41.02	Raw skins of sheep or lambs (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment- dressed or further prepared), whether or not with wool on or split, other than those excluded by Note 1 (c) to this Chapter.
41.03	Other raw hides and skins (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment- dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split, other than those excluded by Note 1 (b) or 1 (c) to this Chapter.
41.04	Tanned or crust hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals, without hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared.
41.05	Tanned or crust skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on, whether or not split, but not further prepared.
41.06	Tanned or crust hides and skins of other animals, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared.
41.07	Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting, including parchment- dressed leather, of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals, without hair on, whether or not split, other than leather of heading 41. 14.
4112.0000	Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting, including parchment- dressed leather, of sheep or lamb, without wool on, whether or not split, other than leather of heading 41.14.
41.13	Leather further prepared after tanning or crusting, including parchment- dressed leather, of other animals, without wool or hair on, whether or not split, other than leather of heading 41.14.
41.14	Chamois (including combination chamois) leather; patent leather and patent laminated leather; metallised leather.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 3912.2010, 3912.2090, 3912.3100 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.
 <sup>2</sup> The PCT Code 3919.9020 and entry relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

41.15	Composition leather with a basis of leather or leather fibre, in slabs, sheets or strip, whether or not in rolls; parings and other waste of leather or of composition leather, not suitable for the manufacture of leather articles; leather dust, powder and flour.
42.05 (Except 4205.0090)	Other articles of leather or of composition leather.
43.01	Raw furskins (including heads, tails, paws and other pieces or cuttings, suitable for furriers' use), other than raw hides and skins of heading 41.01, 41.02 or 41.03.
43.02	Tanned or dressed furskins (including heads, tails, paws and other pieces or cuttings), unassembled, or assembled (without the addition of other materials) other than those of heading 43.03.
44.01	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms.
44.02	Wood charcoal (including shell or nut charcoal), whether or not agglomerated.
44.03	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared.
44.04	Hoopwood; split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise; wooden sticks, roughly trimmed but not turned, bent or otherwise worked, suitable for the manufacture of walking- sticks, umbrellas, tool handles or the like; chipwood and the like.
4405.0000	Wood wool; wood flour.
44.06	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross- ties) of wood.
<sup>1</sup> [4407.1100	Of Pine (Pinus Spp.)
4407.1200	Of Fir (Abies Spp.) And Spruce (Picea Spp.)
4407.1900	Other - Coniferous:
4407.2100	Mahogany (Swietenia Spp.)
4407.2200	Virola, Imbuia And Balsa
4407.2500	Dark Red Meranti, Light Red Meranti And MerantiBakau
4407.2600	White Lauan, White Meranti, White Seraya, Yellow Meranti And Alan
4407.2700	Sapelli
4407.2900	Other - Of tropical wood:
4407.9100	Of Oak (Quercus Spp.)
4407.9200	Of Beech (Fagus Spp.)
4407.9300	Of Maple (Acer Spp.)
4407.9500	Of Ash (Fraxinus Spp.)
4407.9700	Of Poplar And Aspen (Populus Spp.)
4407.9900	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planned, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6mm. – Other]
4701.0000	Mechanical wood pulp.
4702.0000	Chemical wood pulp, dissolving grades.
47.03	Chemical wood pulp, soda or sulphate, other than dissolving grades.
47.04	Chemical wood pulp, sulphite, other than dissolving grades.
4705.0000	Wood pulp obtained by a combination of mechanical and chemical pulping processes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 4407.1100, 4407.1200, 4407.1900, 4407.2100, 4407.2200, 4407.2500, 4407.2600, 4407.2700, 4407.2900, 4407.9100, 4407.9200, 4407.9300, 4407.9500, 4407.9700, 4407.9900 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

	Pulps of fibres derived from recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard or of
47.06	other fibrous cellulosic material.
47.07	Recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard.
48.04	Uncoated kraft paper and paperboard, in rolls or sheets, other than that of heading 48.02 or 48.03.
48.10	Paper and paperboard, coated on one or both sides with kaolin (China clay) or other inorganic substances, with or without a binder, and with no other coating, whether or not surface- coloured, surface- decorated or printed, in rolls or rectangular (including square) sheets, of any size.
48.13	Cigarette paper, whether or not cut to size or in the form of booklets or tubes.
48.22	Bobbins, spools, cops and similar supports of paper pulp, paper or paperboard (whether or not perforated or hardened).
4823.9040	Double Side Adhesive Tapes
5001.0000	Silk- worm cocoons suitable for reeling.
5002.0000	Raw silk (not thrown).
5003.0000	Silk waste (including cocoons unsuitable for reeling, yarn waste and garnetted stock).
5004.0000	Silk yarn (other than yarn spun from silk waste) not put up for retail sale.
5005.0000	Yarn spun from silk waste, not put up for retail sale.
51.01	Wool, not carded or combed.
51.02	Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed.
51.03	Waste of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair, including yarn waste but excluding garnetted stock.
5104.0000	Garnetted stock of wool or of fine or coarse animal hair.
51.05	Wool and fine or coarse animal hair, carded or combed (including combed wool in fragments).
51.06	Yarn of carded wool, not put up for retail sale.
51.07	Yarn of combed wool, not put up for retail sale.
51.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale.
52.05	Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing 85 % or more by weight of cotton, not put up for retail sale.
52.06	Cotton yarn (other than sewing thread), containing less than 85 % by weight of cotton, not put up for retail sale.
53.01	Flax, raw or processed but not spun; flax tow and waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock).
53.02	True hemp ( <i>Cannabis sativa L.</i> ), raw or processed but not spun; tow and waste of true hemp (including yarn waste and garnetted stock).
53.03	Jute and other textile bast fibres (excluding flax, true hemp and ramie), raw or processed but not spun; tow and wastes of these fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock).
53.05	Coconut, abaca (Manila hemp or <i>Musa textilis Nee</i> ), ramie and other vegetable textile fibres, not elsewhere specified or included, raw or processed but not spun; tow, noils and waste of these fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock).
53.06	Flax yarn.
53.07	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading 53.03.
54.02	Synthetic filament yarn (other than sewing thread), not put up for retail sale, including synthetic monofilament of less than 67 decitex.

<sup>1</sup> [5403.3100	Viscose Rayon, Untwisted Or With A Twist Not Exceeding 120 Turns Per Metre
5403.3910	Cuprammonium Rayon]
55.01	Synthetic filament tow.
55.02	Artificial filament tow.
55.03	Synthetic staple fibres, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning.
<sup>2</sup> [5403.2010	Synthetic staple fibres, not carded, combed or otherwise]
55.04	Artificial staple fibres, not carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning.
55.05	Waste (including noils, yarn waste and garnetted stock) of man- made fibres.
55.06	Synthetic staple fibres, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning.
5507.0000	Artificial staple fibres, carded, combed or otherwise processed for spinning.
55.08	Sewing thread of man- made staple fibres, whether or not put up for retail sale.
55.09	Yarn (other than sewing thread) of synthetic staple fibres, not put up for retail sale.
55.10	Yarn (other than sewing thread) of artificial staple fibres, not put up for retail sale.
55.11	Yarn (other than sewing thread) of man-made staple fibres, put up for retail sale.
55.12	Woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres, containing 85 % or more by weight of synthetic staple fibres.
55.13	Woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres, containing less than 85 % by weight of such fibres, mixed mainly or solely with cotton, of a weight not exceeding 170 g/m <sup>2</sup> .
55.14	Woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres, containing less than 85 % by weight of such fibres, mixed mainly or solely with cotton, of a weight exceeding 170 g/m <sup>2</sup> .
55.15	Other woven fabrics of synthetic staple fibres.
55.16	Woven fabrics of artificial staple fibres.
56.01	Wadding of textile materials and articles thereof; textile fibres, not exceeding 5 mm in length (flock), textile dust and mill neps.
56.08	Knotted netting of twine, cordage or rope; made up fishing nets and other made up nets, of textile materials.
59.02	Tyre cord fabric of high tenacity yarn of nylon or other polyamides, polyesters or viscose rayon.
63.10	Used or new rags, scrap twine, cordage, rope and cables and worn out articles of twine, cordage, rope or cables, of textile materials.
68.15	Articles of stone or of other mineral substances (including carbon fibres, articles of carbon fibres and articles of peat), not elsewhere specified or included.
70.02	Glass in balls (other than microspheres of heading 70.18), rods or tubes, unworked.
71.05	Dust and powder of natural or synthetic precious or semi- precious stones.
72.01	Pig iron and, spiegeleisen in pigs, blocks or other primary form.
72.02	Ferro- alloys.
72.03	Ferrous products obtained by direct reduction of iron ore and other spongy ferrous products, in lumps, pellets or similar forms; iron having a minimum purity by weight of 99.94 %, In lumps, pellets or similar forms.
<sup>3</sup> [72.04	Ferrous waste and scrap; remelting scrap ingots of iron or steel.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 5403.3100, 5403.3910 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.
<sup>2</sup> The PCT Code 5503.2010 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.
<sup>3</sup> The PCT Code 5503.2010 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted through S.R.O.1240(I)/2020 dated 20.11.2020.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  The PCT Code 72.04 and entry relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

72.05	Granules and powders, of pig iron, spiegeleisen, iron or steel.
	Iron and non- alloy steel in ingots or other primary forms (excluding iron of heading
72.06	72.03).
72.08	Flat- rolled products of iron or non- alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, hot- rolled, not clad, plated or coated.
72.09	Flat- rolled products of iron or non- alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, cold-rolled (cold- reduced), not clad, plated or coated.
72.10	Flat- rolled products of iron or non- alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more, clad, plated or coated.
72.11	Flat- rolled products of iron or non- alloy steel, of a width of less than 600 mm, not clad, plated or coated.
72.12	Flat-rolled products of iron or non-alloy steel, of a width of less than 600 mm, clad, plated or coated.
72173010	Of A Kind Used In Manufacture Of Pneumatic Tyres(Bead Wire)
72.18	Stainless steel in ingots or other primary forms; semi- finished products of stainless steel.
72.19	Flat- rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of 600 mm or more.
72.20	Flat- rolled products of stainless steel, of a width of less than 600 mm.
72.25	Flat- rolled products of other alloy steel, of a width of 600 mm or more.
72.26	Flat- rolled products of other alloy steel, of a width of less than 600 mm.
72.27	Bars and rods, hot- rolled, in irregularly wound coils, of other alloy steel.
7315.1920	Other For Motor Cars And Vehicles
7401.0000	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper).
7402.0000	Unrefined copper; copper anodes for electrolytic refining.
74.03	Refined copper and copper alloys, unwrought.
74.03	Copper waste and scrap.
7405.0000	Master alloys of copper.
74.06	Copper powders and flakes.
74.00	Copper bars, rods and profiles.
74.07	Copper wire.
74.09	Copper plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.15 mm.
74.10	Copper foil (whether or not printed or backed with paper, paperboard, plastics or similar backing materials), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm.
74.11	Copper tubes and pipes.
7413.0000	Stranded wire, cables, plaited bands and the like, of copper, not electrically insulated.
75.01	Nickel mattes, nickel oxide sinters and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy.
75.02	Unwrought nickel.
7503.0000	Nickel waste and scrap.
7504.0000	Nickel powders and flakes.
75.05	Nickel bars, rods, profiles and wire.
75.06	Nickel plates, sheets, strip and foil.
76.01	Unwrought aluminium.
76.02	Aluminium waste or scrap.
76.03	Aluminium powders and flakes.
76.06	Aluminium plates, sheets and strip, of a thickness exceeding 0.2 mm.
76071100	Rolled But Not Further Worked
10011100	Relied But Not Fullion Worked

76.08	Aluminium tubes and pipes.
78.01	Unwrought lead.
7802.0000	Lead waste and scrap.
78.04	Lead plates, sheets, strip and foil; lead powders and flakes.
79.01	Unwrought zinc.
7902.0000	Zinc waste and scrap.
79.03	Zinc dust, powders and flakes.
79.04	Zinc bars, rods, profiles and wire.
79.07	Other articles of zinc.
80.01	Unwrought tin.
8002.0000	Tin waste and scrap.
8003.0000	Tin bars, rods, profiles and wire
81.01	Tungsten (wolfram) and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.02	Molybdenum and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.03	Tantalum and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.04	Magnesium and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
	Cobalt mattes and other intermediate products of cobalt metallurgy; cobalt and
81.05	articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
8106.0000	Bismuth and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.07	Cadmium and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.08	Titanium and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.09	Zirconium and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.10	Antimony and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
8111.0000	Manganese and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
81.12	Beryllium, chromium, germanium, vanadium, gallium, hafnium, indium, niobium (columbium), rhenium and thallium, and articles of these metals, including waste and scrap.
8113.0000	Cermets and articles thereof, including waste and scrap.
83.09	Stoppers, caps and lids (including crown corks, screw caps and pouring stoppers), capsules for bottles, threaded bungs, bung covers, seals and other packing accessories, of base metal.
83.11	Wire, rods, tubes, plates, electrodes and similar products, of base metal or of metal carbides, coated or cored with flux material, of a kind used for soldering, brazing, welding or deposition of metal or of metal carbides; wire and rods, of agglomerated base metal powder, used for metal spraying.
84.07	Spark- ignition reciprocating or rotary internal combustion piston engines.
84.08	Compression- ignition internal combustion piston engines (diesel or semi- diesel engines).
84.09	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the engines of heading 84.07 or 84.08.
8414.1000	Vacuum pumps
8414.3010	Used with HCFC and non-CFC gases
8414.9010	Of machines of heading 8414.1000 and 8414.3010
84.65	Machine- tools (including machines for nailing, stapling, glueing or otherwise assembling) for working wood, cork, bone, hard rubber, hard plastics or similar hard materials.

84.66	Parts and accessories suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of headings 84.56 to 84.65, including work or tool holders, self- opening dieheads, dividing heads and other special attachments for the machines; tool holders for any type of tool for working in the hand.
84.67	Tools for working in the hand, pneumatic, hydraulic or with self- contained electric or non- electric motor.
8479.8990	Other
84.82	Ball or roller bearings.
84.84	Gaskets and similar joints of metal sheeting combined with other material or of two or more layers of metal; sets or assortments of gaskets and similar joints, dissimilar in composition, put up in pouches, envelopes or similar packings; mechanical seals.
8501.1000	Motors of an output not exceeding 37.5 W
8501.2000	Universal AC/DC motors of an output exceeding 37.5 W
8501.3110	Photovoltaic generators consisting of panels of photocells combined with other apparatus
8501.4010	Of an output not exceeding 60 watts
8501.4090	Other
8501.5120	AC clutch motors for industrial sewing machine
8501.5310	Of an output exceeding 75 kW but not exceeding 375 kW (500 HP)
85.03 (except	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the machines of heading 85.01 or
8503.0090)	85.02.
<sup>1</sup> [8504.3100	SMD Inductors for LED Bulb and Lights.
8504.4090	Constant Current Power Supply of LED Lights and Bulbs.]
8504.9010	On load-tape changer for power transformers
8504.9020	Bushings for power transformers
8504.9030	Of machines of heading 8504.4090
8504.9040	Toroidal cores and strips
8504.9090	Other
85.05	Electro- magnets; permanent magnets and articles intended to become permanent magnets after magnetisation; electro- magnetic or permanent magnet chucks, clamps and similar holding devices; electro- magnetic couplings, clutches and brakes; electro- magnetic lifting heads.
85.11	Electrical ignition or starting equipment of a kind used for spark- ignition or compression- ignition internal combustion engines (for example, ignition magnetos, magneto- dynamos, ignition coils, sparking plugs and glow plugs, starter motors); generators (for example, dynamos, alternators) and cut- outs of a kind used in conjunction with such engines.
85.12	Electrical lighting or signalling equipment (excluding articles of heading 85.39), windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, of a kind used for cycles or motor vehicles.
8528.7213	In CKD/SKD condition
85.29	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of headings 85.25 to 85.28.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Codes 8504.3100 and 8504.4090 and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>1</sup> [8532.2200	Electrical Capacitors Aluminum Electrolytic for LED Bulbs and Lights.]
85.33	Electrical resistors (including rheostats and potentiometers), other than heating resistors.
8534.0000	Printed circuits.
85.35	Electrical apparatus for switching or protecting electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, fuses, lightning arresters, voltage limiters, surge suppressors, plugs and other connectors, junction boxes), for a voltage exceeding 1,000 volts.
85.37	Boards, panels, consoles, desks, cabinets and other bases, equipped with two or more apparatus of heading 85.35 or 85.36, for electric control or the distribution of electricity, including those incorporating instruments or apparatus of Chapter 90, and numerical control apparatus, other than switching apparatus of heading 85.17.
85.38	Parts suitable for use solely or principally with the apparatus of heading 85.35, 85.36 or 85.37.
<sup>2</sup> [8539.9020	Base Cap for all Kinds of LED Bulbs.
8539.9090	Bare or Stuffed Metal Clad Printed Circuit Boards (MCPCB) for all kinds of LED Bulbs.
8539.9090	Housing/Shell, Shell Cover and Base Cap for all Kinds of LED Bulbs.]
85.40	Thermionic, cold cathode or photo- cathode valves and tubes (for example, vacuum or vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes, cathode- ray tubes, television camera tubes).
85.41	Diodes, transistors and similar semi- conductor devices; photosensitive semiconductor devices, including photovoltaic cells whether or not assembled in modules or made up into panels; light-emitting diodes(LED); mounted piezo- electric crystals.
85.42	Electronic integrated circuits.
8545.1100	Of A Kind Used For Furnaces
8545.9020	For dry battery cells
85.48	Waste and scrap of primary cells, primary batteries and electric accumulators; spent primary cells, spent primary batteries and spent electric accumulators; electrical parts of machinery or apparatus, not specified or included elsewhere in this Chapter.
8701.2010	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Road Tractors For Semi-Trailers (Prime Movers), In Any Kit Form, Of Less Than 280 Hp
8701.2030	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Road Tractors For Semi-Trailers (Prime Movers), In Any Kit Form, Of 280 Hp And Above
8702.1010	Components For Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8703.2111	Components For The Assembly/Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form Excluding Those Of Headings 8703.2113 And 8703.2115
8703.2112	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Mini Van Type Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8703.2114	Components For The Assembly/Manufacture Of Auto Rickshaws, In Any Kit Form
8703.2191	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form Excluding Those Of Heading 8703.2193 And 8703.2195

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Code 8532.2200 and entry relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The PCT Codes 8539.9020, 8539.9090 & 8539.9090 and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

8703.2194	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Mini Van, In Any Kit Form
8703.2210	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form Excluding Those Of Heading 8703.2240
8703.2311	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8703.2321	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form Excluding Of Heading 8703.2323
8703.2322	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Sport Utility Vehicles 4X4, In Any Kit Form
8703.3310	Components For The Industrial Assembly/ Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8704.1010	Components For Assembly/Manufacture Of Dump Trucks Designed For Off-Highway Use
8704.2110	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8704.2211	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8704.2291	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8704.2310	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8704.3110	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture, In Any Kit Form Excluding Those Of Heading 8704.3130 And 8704.3150
8704.3120	Components For The Assembly/Manufacture Of Mini Cargo Van, In Any Kit Form
8704.3140	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of 3-Wheeler Cargo Loader, In Any Kit Form
8711.2010	Components For The Assembly / Manufacture Of Vehicles, In Any Kit Form
8908.0000	Vessels and other floating structures for breaking up.
90.32	Automatic regulating or controlling instruments and apparatus.
<sup>1</sup> [9001.9000	Lenses for LED Bulbs and Lights.]
91.04	Instrument panel clocks and clocks of a similar type for vehicles, aircraft, spacecraft or vessels.
9107.0000	Time switches with clock or watch movement or with synchronous motor.
9401.9010	Seat Parts Made Of Foam, Head/Arm Rests And Seat Frames For Motor Cars Of Heading 87.03 And Vehicles Of Sub-Headings 8703.2113, 8703.2115, 8703.2193, 8703.2195, 8703.2240,
9401.9030	Other For Motor Cars And Vehicles
<sup>2</sup> [9405.1090	Housing/Shell, Shell Cover and Base Cap for all Kinds of LED Lights.
9405.9900	Bare or Stuffed Metal Clad Printed Circuit Boards (MCPCB) for all kinds
	of LED Lights.]
96.06	Buttons, press- fasteners, snap- fasteners and press- studs, button moulds and other parts of these articles; button blanks.

#### Part III

PCT CODE	DESCRIPTION
(1)	(2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The PCT Code 9001.9000 and entry relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The PCT Codes 9405.1090 & 9405.9900 and entries relating thereto inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

Respective headings	Goods not specifically mentioned in Part I or II.

# <sup>1</sup>[THE THIRTEENTH SCHEDULE (See section 61)

S. No.	Name
(1)	(2)
1.	any Sports Board or institution recognised by the Federal Government for the
	purposes of promoting, controlling or regulating any sport or game.
2.	The Citizens Foundation.
3.	Fund for Promotion of Science and Technology in Pakistan.
4.	Fund for Retarded and Handicapped Children.
5.	National Trust Fund for The Disabled.
6.	Fund for Development of Mazaar of Hazarat Burn i Imam.
7.	Rabita-e-Islami's Project for printing copies of the Holy Quran.
8.	Fatimid Foundation, Karachi.
9.	Al-Shifa Trust.
10.	Society for the Promotion of Engineering Sciences and Technology in Pakistan.
11.	Citizens-Police Liaison Committee, Central Reporting Cell, Sindh Governor House,
	Karachi.
	ICIC Foundation.
13.	National Management Foundation.
14.	Endowment Fund of the institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network
	(Pakistan listed in Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13,
	1994, executed between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and
	Agha Khan Development Network.
15.	Shaheed Zulfigar Ali Bhutto Memorial Awards Society.
	Iqbal Memorial fund.
	Cancer Research Foundation of Pakistan, Lahore. ,
	Shaukat Khanum Memorial Trust, Lahore.
19.	Christian Memorial Hospital, Sialkot.
20.	National Museums, National Libraries and Monuments or institutions declared to be
	National Heritage by the Federal Government.
21.	Mumtaz Bakhtawar Memorial Trust Hospital, Lahore.
22.	Kashmir Fund for Rehabilitation of Kashmir Refugees and Freedom Fighters.
23.	Institutions of the Agha Khan Development Network (Pakistan) listed in
	Schedule 1 of the Accord and Protocol, dated November 13, 1994, executed
	between the Government of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan and Agha Khan
0.4	Development Network.
24.	Azad Kashmir President's Mujahid Fund, 1972.
25.	National Institute of Cardiovascular Diseases, (Pakistan) Karachi.
	Businessmen Hospital Trust, Lahore.
	Premier Trust Hospital, Mardan.
28.	Faisal Shaheed Memorial Hospital Trust, Gujranwala.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Thirteenth Schedule added by the Finance Act, 2021. Earlier this amendment was made through Tax Laws (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 2021.

29.	Khair-un-Nisa Hospital Foundation, Lahore.			
30.	Sind and Balochistan Advocates' Benevolent Fund.			
31.	Rashid Minhas Memorial Hospital Fund.			
32.	Any relief or welfare fund established by the Federal Government.			
33.	Mohatta Palace Gallery Trust.			
34.	Bagh-e-Quaid-e-Azam project, Karachi.			
35.	Any amount donated for Tameer-e-Karachi Fund.			
36.	Pakistan Red Cres-cent Society.			
37. Sank of Commerce and Credit International Foundation for Advance				
	Science and Technology.			
38.	Federal Board of Revenue Foundation.			
39.	The Indus Hospital, Karachi.			
40.	Pakistan Sweet Homes Angels and Fairies Place.			
41.	Al-Shifa Trust Eye Hospital.			
42.	Aziz Tabba Foundation.			
43. Sindh Institute of Urology and Transplantation, SIUT Trust and Society				
	Welfare of SIUT.			
44.	Sharif Trust.			
45.	The Kidney Centre Post Graduate Institute.			
46.	Pakistan Disabled Foundation.			
47.	Sardar Trust Eye Hospital, Lahore.			
48.	Supreme Court of Pakistan — Diamer Bhasha & Mohmand Dams — Fund.			
49.	Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust (LRBT).			
50.	Akhuwat.			
51.	The Prime Minister's COVIE)-19 Pandemic Relief Fund-2020.			
52.	Ghulam Ishaq Khan Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology (GIKI).			
53.	Lahore University of Management Sciences.			
54.	Dawat-e-Hadiya, Karachi.			
55.	Baitussalam Welfare Trust.			
56.	Patients' Aid Foundation.			
57.	Alkhidmat Foundation.			
58.	Alamqir Welfare Trust International.			
59.	Prime Minister's Special Fund for victims of terrorism.			
60.	Chief Ministers(Punjab) Relief Fund for Internally Displaced Persons (1DPs) of KPK.			
61.	Prime Ministers Flood Relief Fund 2010 and Provincial Chief Ministers Relief Funds			
	for victims of flood 2010.			
62.	Waqf for Research on Islamic History, Art and Culture, Istanbul.			
<sup>1</sup> [63.	All entities mentioned in Table-I of clause (66) of Part-I of the Second Schedule of			
	the Ordinance.]			

 $<sup>^{1\,}</sup>$  The S. No 63 and entry relating thereto in column (2) inserted by the Finance Act, 2022.

	The Prime Minister's Relief Fund for Flood, Earthquake and Other Calamities with
_	effect on and from the 5th August, 2022.
	Film and Drama Finance Fund.]

Provided that the Federal Government shall have the power to add, amend or omit any entry in this Schedule.]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> S. Nos. 64 and 65 and entry relating thereto in column (2) added by the Finance Act, 2023. Earlier these serial numbers were added through S.R.O. Nos. 1634(I)/2022 dated 30.08.2023 and 212(I)/2023 dated 22.02.2023 respectively.

### <sup>1</sup>[FOURTEENTH SCHEDULE (See section 100E)

### RULES FOR COMPUTATION OF PROFIT AND GAINS FOR SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

- 1. **Application.-** These rules shall apply to small and medium enterprises as defined in Clause (59A) of Section 2 of the Ordinance.
- Registration.- Small and medium enterprise shall be required to register with FBR on its Iris web portal or Small and Medium Enterprises Development Authority on its SME registration portal (SMERP).
- 3. Categories and tax rates.- There shall be following two categories of small and medium enterprises and tax on their taxable income shall be computed at the tax rates given in the table below, namely:-

Sr. No.	Category	Turnover	Rates
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Category-1	Where annual business turnover	7.5% of taxable
		does not exceed Rupees 100 million	income
2.	Category-2	Where annual turnover exceeds Rupees 100 Million but does not	
		exceed Rupees 250 Million	

4. **Option for Final Tax Regime.-** (1)The small and medium enterprises may opt for taxation under final tax regime at the rates given in the table below:

Sr. No.	Category	Turnover	Rates
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Category-1	Where annual business turnover does	0.25% of gross
		not exceed Rupees 100 million	turnover
2.	Category-2	Where annual business turnover exceeds Rupees 100 million but does not exceed Rupees 250 million	0.5% of gross turnover

(2) Option under sub-rule (1) of this rule shall be exercised at the time of filing of return of income and option once exercised shall be irrevocable for three tax years.

(3) The provisions of section 177 and 214C shall not apply to SME who opts for taxation under sub-rule (1) of this rule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Fourteenth Schedule added by the Finance Act, 2021.

5. Audit.- (1) SMEs who opt for taxation under normal law under rule 3 may be selected for tax audit through risk based parametric computer ballot under section 214C of the Ordinance if its tax to turnover ratio is below tax rates given in rule 4 of these rules.

(2) The cases selected under sub-rule (1) of this rule shall not exceed 5% of the total population of SMEs whose tax to turnover ratio is below tax rates given in rule 4 of these rules.

- 6. **Exports.-** The export proceeds of SMEs shall be subject to tax as per rates prescribed in Rule (4) under final tax regime.";
- 7. **Exclusion from Minimum Tax on Turnover.-** The provisions of section 113 of the Ordinance shall not apply to SMEs.
- 8. **Tax on Supply of Goods.-**The tax deductible under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 153 shall not be minimum tax where payments are received on sale or supply of goods by SMEs.
- 9. **Provisions of Ordinance to apply.-** The other provisions of the Ordinance shall apply mutatis mutandis to the SMEs.]

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